"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Rain probably, and late to-day colder; fair, colder to-morrow.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,990. *** NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

THIRD FIRM FALLS BY HOCKING BUBBLE

Roberts, Hall & Criss Suspend, and the Whole Pool Scandal Is to be Investigated.

WALL STREET AROUSED

Many Brokers Will Demand Radical Reforms—Exchange Sanctioned Pool Last Fall.

One more casualty was added to the list of Hocking bubble victims when the suspension was announced yesterday of Roberts, Hall & Criss, the Cincinnati house, whose New York partner had been the specialist in the stock since last November.

The failure of this firm had been considered a certainty since the previous afternoon, when the various houses concerned in the Hocking manipulation repudiated the orders executed by the specialist in their name, and this third failure in the Hocking crowd had rather a tonic effect than otherwise on the market, although there was a nervous and uncertain tone in the day's rallies and declines.

President R. H. Thomas of the Stock Exchange himself announced from the rostrum the suspension of the specialist's firm, and in doing so said informally that there were special circumstances surrounding the case which would need investigating. The Governing Committee would take action immediately, he added.

President Thomas's promise of an investigation was no more than Wall Street had looked for, and underlying all of the interest in how the disputes over responsibility for Wednesday's repudiated business by the specialist would be settled was uneasiness over the lengths to which the Exchange authorities might be forced to go by this culminating manipulative scandal coming so soon after the Rock Island affair and while the Legislature has yet to act on the report of last year's investigation of Wall Street.

A Case of Whitewashing.

The fact that the whole Hocking Coal & Iron manipulation had been called to the attention of the Exchange authorities as an open scandal as long ago as last November, and practically whitewashed by them became generally known yesterday, and, although the case had been gossiped about freely among brokers before Wednesday's events focussed attention on it, the laxity of the Exchange authorities in the matter came as something of a shock to the Street.

It added force to the arguments of the already considerable element who are for radical changes in the management of the Exchange and widened the breach between this camp and those who fought successfully for a stand-pat policy when the whole matter of reform was thrashed out following the several disgraceful failures of a year and a half ago.

One of the changes which may result from the pricking of the Hocking bubble, it was freely predicted yesterday, is a modification of the make-up of the Governing and other committee, so as to exclude from them men who do business for other brokers on the floor.

These so-called "two-dollar" brokers and specialists, who depend on manipulation and pools for the bulk of their business, are too heavily indebted to the class of men who come to grief, the conservatives hold, to have any proper place on the disciplinary and managing bodies of the Exchange.

It is to these men that the old-line commission houses and the powerful banking interests attribute the blocking of reforms which were suggested at the time of the investigation by the Hughes committee—reforms looked upon as necessary to convince the public and the legislators that the Stock Exchange has been in earnest in its efforts at reform from the inside.

The Pool's Operations.

The whitewashing of the Hocking Coal manipulation on which so much stress was laid yesterday occurred last Fall when the stock had been put up to 70 by operations of the pool. It was stated by those in a position to know yesterday that at that time the operations of the manipulators had been denounced to the Exchange authorities as the most flagrant campaign of price-washing that had occurred since the International Power and Eastern Elevator stock-washing scandals.

The men who made complaint of the goings on in Hocking Coal put the whole matter up to the authorities. It is said they went further than merely denouncing the operations of the pool and pointed out how a collapse and a scandal was inevitable.

Up to that time a group of men about the post where some of the most respectable of the guaranteed dividend railroad stocks are traded in had been specialists in Hocking. One at least of these men withdrew entirely from the stock and joined in the complaint to the Governors. He said he had been willing to handle the shares around 15, 20, or 30, which he thought might represent something like real value, but when he saw the price go to 70, he explained yesterday, the manipulation had gone to absurd lengths, in his opinion, and became a real danger to the market.

The only tangible result of these complaints was the removal of the stock from the post of its respectable old neighbors and its establishment in another part of the room. The exchange authorities meanwhile had made an investigation, it was learned, but as no action was taken and the shares continued uninterruptedly on their way up toward 92½, their sanction of the pool's proceedings was generally accepted. It was stated yesterday that the pool managers who are closely identified with the Hocking properties made representations to the exchange authorities of vast potential values in the property and showed to their satisfaction that a dividend would soon be earned.

Criss the Specialist.

It was after the whitewashing of complaints against the pool that Hugh F. Criss of Roberts, Hall & Criss was induced to take the post of specialist in the stock which had been thrown overboard by those who had handled it at the lower prices. His friends, who have stood by him since the smash on Wednesday, were almost as bitter yesterday in their complaints against the Stock Exchange as they were against the members of the pool who were the direct cause of his failure by their refusal to accept the shares he bought in their name on the decline.

One of these men explained that Mr. Criss took the investigation by the Stock Exchange as equivalent to a clean bill of health for the manipulation, and became the specialist in the stock with the belief that he was fully justified.

That there was some lurking uneasiness in his mind, however, may be inferred from the fact that he insisted on receiving from the pool a guarantee in the shape of a fund deposited with a local

Continued on Page 2.

THREE WEEKS' CRUISE TO PORTO RICO. Best sight-seeing, attractive rate, all expense tour of the season is to and around Porto Rico. S. S. Coamo, (all outside rooms,) Feb. 5th., N. Y. & Porto Rico S. S. Co., ask for booklet, 12 & 290 Broadway.—Adv.

OCEY SNEAD WAS DRUGGED.

Morphine in the Stomach of Woman Found Dead in a Bathtub.

The theory that Ocey W. M. Snead was helpless from the effects of a drug when she was put in the bathtub in which her dead body was found in East Orange, N. J., on Nov. 29, is said to have been strengthened by the analysis of her stomach made by Dr. William H. Hicks of Newark.

Dr. Hicks, who was retained immediately after the finding of the body, has not quite finished his analysis, and has not made a definite statement, but he has reached a point, it is known, where the presence of morphine in the dead woman's stomach has been established to a certainty.

Prosecutor Wilbur A. Mott of Essex County said that he could not discuss the matter at present. Dr. Hicks said last night that the first statement would have to come from Mr. Mott.

The analysis has shown, it is reported, that the drug was either administered or taken on more than one occasion, possibly at intervals of days. The prosecution's theory, which is expected to form the basis of its case against Mrs. Caroline B. Martin and Miss Virginia Wardlaw and Mrs. Mary W. Snead, accused mother and aunts of the dead woman, is that when she was put in the bathtub she was unconscious of what was occurring.

Not only has the examination by William H. Kinsley, the State's handwriting expert, shown that the suicide note found beside the body was genuine, but that all the suicide notes, of which there were a large number among Mrs. Martin's effects at the time of her arrest, were also written by the dead woman. The theory of the Prosecutor in regard to these notes is, it is said, that they were written in periods of depression caused by the drug.

EDISON BATTERY A SUCCESS.

Inventor and Others Satisfied After Street Car Test of Storage System.

A test made at noon yesterday of Thomas A. Edison's storage battery car on the tracks of the Public Service Company at West Orange, N. J., seemed to indicate that the inventor has achieved another success, and that the overhead trolley system is certain to be displaced. Knowing men of the trolley system agreed with Edison that he had at last found the means of running a street car cheaply without the use of wires.

So confident was the inventor that he would get a favorable report from the men who ran the car that he told them to go ahead with the test while he remained at work in his laboratory. Edison witnessed subsequent experiments, however, and took a ride in the car himself.

When his eye lighted on two youngsters curiously observing a car going without a trolley pole he smiled and turning to a man at his side said:

"When you were a kid like that your eyes were just as big when you saw your first car going along the street without horses. Those youngsters will live to see the day when there are no cars but this kind on the tracks of street railways."

The experimental trip was made with Benjamin Beach, nephew of Ralph H. Beach, who helped Edison on the battery. The car attained a maximum of twenty miles an hour and responded to every test.

This car is 26 feet long and 7 feet 6 inches wide. It is equipped with two 7½ horse power motors, and was charged at 110 volts, the full capacity of the batteries. It will run 150 miles at an average speed without needing a renewal of the charge. It weighs about five tons, or half that of the ordinary trolley car.

Further trials will be made. Edison hoped to make a test run to Philadelphia, and was disappointed to learn that it would be impossible, as the gauge of the tracks south of Trenton is wider than the standard in the northern part of the State.

Edison is working now on a patent heater, which, he says, will surpass in radiating power and cheapness any that have yet been produced.

The cost of operating the new car is estimated by Edison at one cent a mile.

EIGHT FIREMEN OVERCOME.

One to Hospital, Fire Chief Protesting —Doctor Indignant.

Four firemen of Engine Company 41 were overcome by smoke at a small fire at 2,901 Third Avenue, the Bronx, last night, and one was taken to Lebanon Hospital. The fire was caused by defective insulation in the furnishing store of Abrams & Bandet, on the ground floor. Smoke began to creep upstairs with the flames, and the fifty or more members of the Union Republican Club, on the floor above, made a scramble to get to the street, leaving behind their dominoes and cards.

Capt. Behler of Engine Company 41 and his men went into the smoke-filled store. He and three of his men—Thomas Bergen, John Reilly, and Charles Schreiber—were overcome and had to be dragged to the street by their comrades.

Bergen, who was suffering the most, went to Lebanon Hospital. When the ambulance surgeon returned Deputy Chief Ahearn told him he had done wrong, as he had issued orders that none of the men be removed to the hospital. The surgeon responded that he did it to save the man's life, and would do it again under similar circumstances. The other firemen were revived in the street where they lay under blankets. The damage was about $1,000.

Four more firemen were overcome in another Bronx fire late last night. The blaze was in the cellar of a store occupied by a firm selling fireworks at 2,560 Third Avenue, and these combustible materials made a spectacular blaze. The men overcome were James Craven, Frank Hehn, Frank Lynch, and William McTeague, of Engine 60. They were removed to their engine house.

HARRIMAN SUIT TO GO ON.

Government to Press for Decision on Merger of Pacific Railways.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Government's suit looking to the dissolution of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific merger will go on, it can now be stated. Officials of the road have been in several conferences here with Mr. Taft and the Attorney General and sometimes with Frank B. Kellogg, the Government's special counsel in trust cases, but so far no arrangements have been made that will satisfy the Government. President Lovett of the Harriman lines was also here yesterday.

At the first conferences several weeks ago the President and Mr. Wickersham made it plain that one way for the roads to secure lenient treatment at the hands of the Government was for them to get within the law. The railroad men are said to have told the President that they were within the law, and that the friendly termination of the suit out of court now would save much expense and also save the Government a defeat in the long run.

These arguments have had no effect on the President. The Government's victories in the lower courts against the Tobacco Trust and the Standard Oil have encouraged the Administration much, and the determination now is to carry all these cases to an end.

AIKEN & AUGUSTA SPECIAL. To resorts South, via Southern Railway. Lv. N. Y., 10:25 A. M. daily. Drawing-room and Stateroom sleeping cars. Dining car service. N. Y. Office, 1200 Broadway.—Adv.

MORE CITIES JOIN IN MEAT BOYCOTT

Thousands Signing Abstinence Pledges in Middle West—South Also Taking a Hand.

UNIONS BACK MOVEMENT

Office Workers Sign in St. Louis—Cleveland List Grows to 25,000—Slight Drop in Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—The meat boycott is growing among the Kansas City labor unions. The members of Bricklayers' Union No. 1 were the first to pledge themselves to abstain from meat for the next thirty days, and indications to-day are that the movement recently started in Cleveland will become general among the organized labor bodies of Kansas City. Martin F. Ryan, General President of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America, has declared that his organization will join it. The railway carmen have a membership of 1,200 in Kansas City. With their families they will number rather more than 4,000, Mr. Ryan thinks.

The Carpenters' Union comprises in this district about 1,200 members.

A representative of the Armour Packing Company gave out the following statement:

Matter of Supply, Say Packers.

"It is the old question of supply and demand. Packers would not be paying 8 and 9 cents a pound for hogs if they could be purchased for 6 or 7 cents. Skilled labor is receiving high wages, and the purchasing power is larger. Any general movement to keep from buying meat would ultimately affect prices if long continued."

This was the only admission on the part of any local packing house representative that prices of meat might be affected by the boycott.

Retailers put all the blame for the high prices on the farmer. "The man who feeds us all," they say, "is getting all the rake-off, and causing boycotts in various parts of the country." Of Kansas City meat retailers, some regard the threatened boycott with gravity, and others more lightly. All disclaim any part in the gradual increase of prices.

25,000 Signed in Cleveland.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 20.—The action of many other cities in following the lead of Cleveland in the anti-meat movement has added impetus here, and to-day nearly 10,000 more men employed in the big railroad shops of the Lake Shore & Erie attached their names to pledges of a meat boycott for at least thirty days. Workmen in other factories joined to-day, making a total of 25,000 up to date. That means at least 75,000 people here who are abstaining from meat.

That meat sales have fallen off very perceptibly already is shown by the fact that a third of the wagon drivers for the Cleveland Provision Company, the largest independent meat dealers, were laid off to-day. Eggs also took a drop to-day, owing to the boycott movement against them started by the "30-cents a dozen egg club," started yesterday. It is admitted by grocers that a further drop will come if the anti-egg movement shows any strength.

The packers insist that prices will remain firm, and that the only effect of the boycott will be the ruin of small dealers. That the big houses are underselling, however, was testified to by a downtown restaurant keeper.

"All the veal I wanted was offered to me at 11 cents a pound to-day," he said. "I have been paying 14 cents. I buy more than a ton of meat a day, but the demand has fallen 25 per cent. since Monday, when the strike started. Half-and-half and rice, with other cereals, make up the popular dishes in my place now. That means that office men and clerks downtown, who have not been asked to sign the petitions, are cutting out meat in sympathy."

Small dealers to-day expressed the suspicion that the movement would result in a demand by the packers that the little fellows pay cash for their meats, for the fear that the dealers would not be able to sell what they order, and would not be able to pay the packers.

The United Trades and Labor Council has attempted to halt the meat strike by declaring against it, but the thousands of workmen who pledged themselves to abstain from meat before the action of the labor body was made known, are not asked to break their promises. The ground on which the labor body objects to the meat boycott is that it hits the retailer and does not get to the packer, who is really held to be the one responsible for the high prices.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 20.—With the declaration in debate that the movement is "an insidious attempt to reduce the wages of working men by lowering the standard of living," the Toledo Central Labor Union to-night adopted a resolution severely condemning the meat boycott started in Cleveland. The resolution declares that the movement is "an attack upon one of our most important industries."

St. Louis Joins Boycott.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20.—The meat strike, started as a labor union movement, is being rapidly taken up by office men and all kinds of salaried workers in St. Louis, and the prediction was made to-day that within a week one-half of the city's population would have joined in total abstinence from meat as a means of smashing trust prices.

The Executive Committee of the Central Trades Labor Union will take the matter up at a meeting to-morrow night. James Conroy and Eugene Sarber, leading union men, are urging official action. Meantime informal clubs are being formed by employes of various business houses, the members pledging themselves to buy no meat for thirty days or until prices are lowered.

Fred S. Detrich, a city employe, is organizing the 600 employes of the Water Department to start a meat strike as part of a plan for a "consumers' trust," the latter to be made a permanent movement. Employes of the United States Sub-Treasury have signed a pledge to abstain from meat for a month.

Figures indicating that the present unprecedented high prices for beef are not based on actual shortage in the number of cattle being sent to the shambles are furnished by Dr. A. D. Melvin, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington, D. C. These figures show that while there is a slight shortage in hogs there are more cattle, calves, and sheep being sent to the stock yards for slaughter now than were being marketed for the corresponding months a year ago.

Chicago, which leads all American cities in the packing industry, is reported as killing 161,328 cattle under Government inspection in November of 1908, while in the corresponding month in 1909 175,920 beeves were slaughtered. Thus 14,601 more cattle were killed in Chicago during the month of November last year than

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DEWEY'S AMERICAN WINE HOUSE. Only half block east of Fulton St. Sub. Station. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York. —Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

DRESSED AS A MAN TO EARN HER LIVING

Ten Years' Masquerade of 19-Year-Old Marion Hamilton-Grey Exposed by Her Arrest.

MAGISTRATE SETS HER FREE

No Evidence at Hand That She Professed to be Heir to the Dukedom of Hamilton, as Detectives Alleged.

Inspector McCafferty received word recently that a young man calling himself "Marion Hamilton-Grey," had appeared in various places in the State and represented himself to be heir to the Dukedom of Hamilton in Scotland. The Inspector learned also that the young man had recently come to this city, and succeeded in tracing him to the Hotel Latham.

The management there recalled having had the man as a guest, and said that a bill of $10.50 he had incurred had been settled by the St. George's Society when it developed that the young man was without funds.

E. D. Langley of the St. George's Society recalled the visit of Marion Hamilton-Grey. He said the young man represented himself as a nephew of Col. Hamilton-Grey of the British Army in India, and had declared that he had an allowance of $4,000 a year, but that this was being held up temporarily abroad because of trouble he had had with the executors of his father's estate. Therefore he needed help. The St. George's Society paid his hotel bill and provided him with a furnished room in West Twenty-fourth Street.

With this tip Detectives McKenna and Cassassa went up to Twenty-fourth Street and encountered their quarry near Eighth Avenue.

"Come with us. We want to talk to you," said the detectives.

"What do you want?" replied their prisoner.

"Why, you're no man. You're a girl," exclaimed Cassassa at the sound of the voice.

"Well, what's the harm in that?" responded Miss Marion Hamilton-Grey. "I never said I wasn't."

The detectives took their prisoner to Headquarters, where, having no other charge to make, they charged her with masquerading in men's clothing. She refused to say anything about herself except that her father had been Col. Hamilton-Gray, and that he had died when she was 4 years old. She had been born in Ferozepore, in the Punjab. She said she was 19 years old. An old friend in India had advised her to adopt men's clothes as an easier means of making her living, and she had followed his advice for the last ten years.

The girl was taken to the Night Court but refused to tell Magistrate Kernochan any more about herself than she had told the police. The Magistrate would not hold her and the girl left the court room and took a car to her furnished room at 308 West Twenty-fourth Street.

The detective had clippings from a Watertown, N. Y., newspaper, to show that the girl had pretended to be a nobleman there and in Ogdensburg, N. Y., while working as a menial in several hotels and as cook in a hotel in the Thousand Islands.

The sole thing that Miss Hamilton-Gray had to say about her arrest was:

"I wouldn't be surprised to learn that a wealthy widow of Newark was behind this. She fell in love with me and never forgave me when I wouldn't marry her."

The girl made a handsome youth in her boy's clothing. Her brown hair was clipped short like a man's, and she wore a gray suit, gray slouch hat, and gray overcoat with a gray stock. She had black patent leather shoes and wore blue spats over them.

Several letters were found in Miss Hamilton-Grey's pockets. One or two were from men who, evidently believing the girl to be a man also, advised her that they could no longer assist her financially and suggested that she apply for aid to her Consul. This letter, however, the police were unable to explain:

> Inver Lochria, Jan. 8, 1909.
>
> Dear Dalrymple: I hear you are mixed up in some disgraceful affair with some woman old enough to be your grandmother. Surely if you have no respect for yourself you might have for your family. To say I am surprised at you is a mild way of expressing my utter disgust, but I want you clearly to understand me. I shall not forward your allowance until May 1. I will not have you throwing your name and your money away in such a manner. Yours in great respect, DANIELSON.

A receipt was found in the girl's pocket showing that as a man she had bought for $3,500 on Jan. 18, 1907, fifty acres of land from the California Fruit Company of this city.

GIVES $60,000 TO THE ZOO.

Col. Kuser of Newark the Backer of World-Wide Bird Expedition.

Col. Anthony R. Kuser of Newark, N. J., well known as an expert rifle shot and sportsman, announced yesterday that he was the donor of the $60,000 which the managers of the New York Zoological Society recently said had been given as a fund to pay the expenses of an expedition around the world under the auspices of the society for the purpose of studying the varieties of pheasants in their native environments.

The expedition has already started under the leadership of C. William Beebe, Curator of Birds.

Head of Boston University Resigns.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—Dr. William Huntington, President of Boston University, who has been connected with the institution for twenty-eight years, will give up his work in June. He has been Dean of the college for twenty-one years, and President seven years. He has told the Trustees that he needs rest and a change.

CALIFORNIA BOOK. An unusually handsome book on California has just been published by the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY. It will be sent to any address for three cents postage. Geo. A. Blair, General Eastern Agent, 381 Broadway, New York, N. Y.—Adv.

THREE FOUND KILLED IN EAST SIDE FLAT

Italian Barber, His Young Wife, and an Aged Woman Friend, Beaten to Death.

THEIR HOME A SHAMBLES

Shrieking Relatives Forced by Police to Look Upon Scene of Crime—No Clue to Murderer.

Mrs. Esther Kupfermann, the janitress of the six-story tenement house at 10-12 Jefferson Street, two blocks from the Madison Street Police Station, had occasion to go to the sixth floor yesterday morning and was surprised to see that a quart bottle of milk that had been left there for Salvatore Scalpones, a barber of 265 East Broadway, was still in the hall. Mrs. Kupfermann did not attach much importance to this discovery at the time and went about her work in other parts of the house. She did not visit the sixth floor again until between 3 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The milk bottle was still in front of the door of the Scalpones flat.

Soon after this and while Mrs. Kupfermann was still trying to solve the puzzle of the unused milk Philip Affronti, a barber employed by the Scalpones, came to the house to find out why he had not been to the shop all day.

"I feel there is something wrong," Mrs. Kupfermann said. "Let's find out what it is."

Affronti and the janitress went to the door of the Scalpones apartment, and Affronti knocked long and loud, but no sound but the bark of Pete, the dog, came from within. Then the man and the woman shouted and still the only reply was the angry yelp of Pete, the barber's bull-dog.

Climbed to Fire Escape Window.

"Let's look through the window from the fire escape," Mrs. Kupfermann said, and then followed by Affronti, she led the way through the hall to a window opening on a fire escape, from which a view could be had of the interior of the Scalpones apartment.

Affronti crawled out on the fire escape and then looked through the window. Right behind crawled Mrs. Kupfermann. One look was enough for them. With a cry of horror they scrambled back into the hall, and then Mrs. Kupfermann told Affronti to run for a policeman while she went around the corner and got more policemen from the station house.

Affronti met Policeman Dugan and told him that murder had been done in the Scalpones apartment. Mrs. Kupfermann ran as fast as she could to the station and told the Lieutenant behind the desk what she and Affronti had seen. Policeman Goss had just entered the station, and the Lieutenant told Goss to run as fast as he could to the Jefferson Street address.

Dugan and Goss got to the sixth floor about the same time. Pete the dog was barking furiously now, and Dugan asked Goss how he expected to get Scalpone's bulldog, for this dog is noted in the neighborhood for his viciousness.

"He'll try to chew us up," Dugan said, "but it's up to us to get in, and I am ready when you are."

The two policemen tried to break down the door by throwing themselves against it, but the door did not give, and they decided to enter by the fire escape. Goss led the way and broke a glass, and then unlocked the window sash and jumped in. Dugan, the woman, and the barber followed.

Pete, the bulldog barked and growled, but he could not get to the intruders for he was tied to the wall with his leash running the length of the hall on a trolleylike arrangement.

Goss and Dugan and those with them ran through the kitchen into the dining room. Near the centre of the room lay the dead body of Scalpones.

"This is the worst case I have ever seen," said Goss turning to Dugan. "Run and get the reserves." Goss realized that a terrible murder had been committed. The back of Scalpones head was battered in, and it looked as if some blunt weapon had been used to crush the skull.

In the next room, the parlor, were the bodies of Scalpone's young wife, and of Conchetta Martini, an old woman, who recently came to live with the couple. Mrs. Scalpone was only partly dressed, and across her face had been thrown a white silk handkerchief that the murderer had evidently put there to hide the terrible wounds he had inflicted on her. The old woman was lying close by, and she was fully dressed. Her head had been crushed in.

Capt. Schlottmann at the head of the entire reserve force of the Madison Street Police Station soon came to the house, followed by a score of detectives form Headquarters, including practically the entire Italian squad, all under command of Capt. Arthur Carey of the Homicide Bureau.

Thousands of persons congregated in front of the house, and Capt. Schlottmann ordered that everybody who had no business in the immediate vicinity should be made to move on. Carey and his men went to the apartment that had been occupied by the Scalpones and closed the doors to all except the police and the Coroner.

For five hours Carey and his men investigated. But the investigation did not develop any clues of much promise, it was said. They looked everywhere for finger prints, and ransacked the apartment from end to end in the hope of finding a letter or something that might lead to results.

They found a lot of illuminated post cards, all of them addressed to the dead wife and all signed, "Your loving Salvatore," the woman's husband. They found a letter or two from some member of the dead woman's family, but they only contained expressions of affection from the young woman's old father, Michael Fosco, of 313 East Forty-fifth Street. The murderer had taken away the spike or blunt instrument with which the crime had been committed.

Hold Barber's Employes.

The police, although they did not suspect Affronti, ordered him detained as a witness. Then they sent for a bootblack, who is nearly 60 years old and who polishes shoes in the Scalpones barger shop, and held him for future questioning. Affronti declared he could tell nothing to explain the crime, while the old bootblack kept begging to be released. All he knew, he said, was what the police told him.

Then the detectives sent men scurrying all over the city to round up the families of the murdered persons. The detective sent to the Fosco flat found only the old mother of the dead wife there, and he brought her down to Jefferson Street. The elderly woman screamed with horror and grief so that she could be heard a block away. She fought for an hour to get into the room where Felice, the daughter, lay dead.

Several of those in the hall where the

Continued on Page 2.

PINEHURST—CAMDEN—FLORIDA. Seaboard Air Line shortest, quickest, most attractive route. Office, 1183 B'way.—Adv.

HOOKWORM IN NEW ENGLAND.

Springfield Woman Who Has Never Been South Has the Disease.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 20.—Miss Louisa Johnson, a Swedish woman, 40 years old, is in the Mercy Hospital for treatment for a fully developed case of hookworm. In the past year Miss Johnson had been to many physicians, and all were puzzled by her case, until about two weeks ago. Miss Johnson has never lived in the South.

Doubt had been expressed among physicians whether the hookworm was ever found in the northern States where conditions are not favorable to the disease. The discovery of this case leads local physicians to believe, however, that cases may exist in New England, which have generally passed hitherto as anemia or intestinal trouble.

HAMILTON AFIRE AGAIN.

Old Dominion Liner Enters Norfolk for Second Time with Burning Cargo.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 20.—The Old Dominion Steamship Company's steamer Hamilton arrived here from New York to-day with another fire in her cargo. After vain efforts to extinguish the flames by the use of steam the City Fire Department took a hand and at 9 o'clock to-night the fire was out. The loss was $20,000.

The Hamilton on her last trip from New York arrived with a fire in her cargo after meeting rough weather at sea. Damages at that time also amounted to $20,000. The steamer Princess Anne of the same line, ten days ago, came into port with a cargo fire, which did about the same amount of damage. The frequency of these fires on Old Dominion ships has aroused suspicion, but there is nothing yet to indicate that their coming together was not a coincident.

MRS. MORSE AT ATLANTA.

Living Under Assumed Name, Visits Husband in Prison Daily.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 20.—Mrs. C. W. Morse came to Atlanta Monday night, registered under an assumed name at the Piedmont Hotel, and has been going to the Federal penitentiary every day to see her husband. Mrs. Morse's presence here was not generally known until this afternoon.

She said that the fight for the release of her husband will be resumed shortly, probably next week, when Martin Littleton of New York will arrive here. Ex-Gov. Hoke Smith will be associated with Mr. Littleton., and the first step will probably be habeas corpus proceedings.

Mr. Morse is greatly cheered by visits of his wife. He has not yet been put to work.

NEW THEORIES OF SLEEP.

Prof. Wenley Says Blood Goes to the Brain and Extremities.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 20.—An outline of the results of experiments now being conducted in the University of Michigan with the object of solving the mysteries of sleep was made public to-day by Prof. R. M. Wenley.

According to his statement one long accepted theory is overturned. It has been accepted as a fact that the loss of consciousness was due to a lessened flow of blood to the brain. Prof. Wenley says his experiments show that the size or volume of the brain increases when the individual goes to sleep and decreases when he awakens, and the same is true of the hands and feet.

It was noted that in some cases the brain became smaller at first, and then increased as sleep became deeper.

One of the delicate devices used recorded a "breathing wave" from both the brain and hands and feet. The fall of circulation corresponded very closely to an inspiration and rise to an expiration.

SEEK HEIR TO A FORTUNE.

Wilson Shannon Sherman Dropped Out of Sight Years Ago.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 20.—A fortune is awaiting Wilson Shannon Sherman, formerly a member of Newport's Summer colony, who dropped out of sight of his relatives here several years ago. Chief of Police Crowley to-night received a communication from a Washington attorney, asking for news of the whereabouts of Sherman, and stating that a large sum of money was being held for him.

The missing man was the only heir of his father, Gen. West Sherman, whose death many years ago was followed shortly by that of his wife. The son inherited all of the Sherman estate, which was large. Since his departure from here nothing has been heard of him. He is believed to have gone South.

FEAR VAUGHN WAS POISONED.

Missouri Grand Jury Would Exhume Body of Noted Educator.

Special to The New York Times.

KIRKSVILLE, Mo., Jan. 20.—A Grand Jury, which is investigating the death on Oct. 14 last of Prof. John Thomas Vaughn, widely known as an educator and author, has asked Judge Shelton for an order to exhume his body in order to make an examination for poison. Judge Shelton expressed doubt as to his authority, as the body is buried in Monroe County.

Prof. Vaughn died in convulsions with symptoms indicating strychnine poisoning. He is survived by his widow, who is a member of one of the wealthiest families in Monroe County. She is a sister of David Proctor, a graduate of Columbia University, New York. Her father, James M. Proctor, is a Director of the Monroe City Bank, and is reputed to be worth $300,000. Prof. Vaughn left an estate of $300,000, and his life was insured for $7,000.

The vault in which Prof. Vaughn is buried fits about the coffin and is of steel with a rim of concrete which seals it.

ERIE WILL CUT RATES.

Reduction of About Six Cents on Freight of All Classes.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The Erie Railroad announced to-day that on April 1 it would file a new tariff on freight between Chicago and the Atlantic seaboard.

It will make a reduction of an average of 6 cents per hundred pounds in all the class rates.

FLORIDA, NASSAU, CUBA, SOUTH. Four Limited Trains Daily. Superior Roadway, Equipment, Service via Penna. and Atlantic Coast Line. Leave W. 23rd St. Ferry 9:55 A. M., 1:25, 3:25 and 9:25 P. M. 1218 B'way. —Adv.

POSTAL BANK LAW THIS YEAR

Aldrich Also Promises Taft Adoption of His Conservation and Commerce Plans.

BOMBSHELL AT THE CAPITOL.

Regulars and Insurgents Expected None but Conservation Bill to Pass, as Aldrich Hinted.

CHANGES IN TRUST PLAN

Compulsory Federal Incorporation and Complete Government Domination Are Now Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The reception accorded the special message of the President has put Mr. Taft into high good humor over the political outlook for the session. From the first it has been a foregone conclusion that the Western Senators and Representatives would do all in their power to push forward the President's conservation bills, and there is no let-up in that direction. In other quarters the President finds equal encouragement, and his callers to-day received the impression that he looked forward for much legislation from Congress at this session leading to further lawmaking next year.

In the last few days the President has had assurances that his commerce bill will go through, and along with it, according to the pleges given the President, will go a law modeled on his suggestions for a postal savings bank system.

The President's information on the subject of postal bank legislation at this session will come as a bombshell in many quarters, and the fact that the President bases his hopes on statements made him by Senator Aldrich will not make the fireworks less startling to some Senators who thought they were in the confidence of the Chairman of the Finance Committee.

The impression has steadily gained credence on the Hill that on the passage of some sort of commerce bill and some compromise conservation bills, Congress would be allowed to adjourn, postponing even the consideration of the President's other proposals until next year.

Surprise to Both Sides.

This impression has been steadily circulated in certain quarters, and has emanated from one of no less authority than Mr. Aldrich himself. At least, that is what many Senators say to-day, and it is well understood that these hints from Mr. Aldrich roused the insurgents to the point of planning to offer to force through Mr. Taft's programme against the Aldrich followers by the extreme tactics of holding up indefinitely the annual Appropriation bills.

Mr. Aldrich's remarks on the subject went far toward reassuring those who were in a state bordering on panic on account of the drastic measures fathered by the President. Ever since the National Monetary Commission, of which Mr. Aldrich is Chairman, had its preliminary meetings here before the convening of Congress, it has been definitely known that no action looking to the reorganization of the monetary system of the country would be undertaken this year.

Hard on the heels of this announcement came the equally authoritative announcement that, as postal savings banks necessarily dovetail very closely with the existing system of money, nothing would be done for the establishment of these banks for fear of complicating still further the work ahead of the National Monetary Commission. This phase of the situation was commented on at great length without denial from any source and had come to be considered as undisputed truth.

It is this general impression that the postal savings bank proposition had been definitely postponed that gives the chief interest to the pledges the President believes he has received from Mr. Aldrich for the passage of the Postal Savings Bank bill. As matters stand now, the President is confidently looking forward to the enactment of his recommendations on commerce, conservation, and the postal banks. If the President has not misinterpreted the assurances he has received they mean that about three times the amount of expected legislation is ahead for this session of Congress.

Corporations Plan Changed.

The confidence the President feels on these matters has given him time to return to consideration of the Federal Incorporation bill. That bill is still unintroduced in either house, but since its publication in full in THE NEW YORK TIMES a kind of criticism has been directed against its major provisions that is leading to two sorts of revision.

On the one hand the Administration is already preparing to meet some of the criticism with an amendment providing court proceedings for the forfeiture of a charter, once violation of the law is proved against a corporation. That amendment is expected to meet the objections of those radicals who have declared that the administration in fathering such a bill offers for lawbreaking corporations a refuge from which the whole legal machinery of the Government will not be able to pull them, once they are safely intrenched behind their Federal charters. It is explained that the reason why the bill at first did not carry a provision for the dissolution of the corporations is that it was thought that a charter once granted, is property, and therefore could not be taken away. It is now suggested, on the other hand, that as the charter is the gift of the Government, the Government can limit or condition that gift as it sees fit.

The other proposed amendment or ma

fication of the Administration's bill comes from the camp of the insurgents, who fear that the incorporation bill would supply simply an easy escape for corporations. The amendment proposed by the Administration itself as a possible remedy was first suggested in insurgent quarters, but the new proposal goes further and looks to driving all inter-State corporations of certain specifications into Federal incorporation, with an accompanying statute, however, that will put them completely under the domination of the Government.

On this bill, which is more like a substitute for the Administration measure than an amendment to it, Senator Cummins, is already working.

Insurgents Feared Result.

The feeling of many insurgents on Federal incorporation seems to be that, if enacted now as a separate measure, the Administration bill would save many corporations now liable under the Sherman act, while it would provide no means for keeping them in order after their salvation has been secured. From that point of view the effect of Federal incorporation would be, so far as these insurgents are concerned, to carry back the whole matter of corporation control to the stage of its development before the passage of the Sherman bill. To make legal Federal incorporation without at the same time providing full control over Federal incorporation would be, they say, to turn a horse loose in a cornfield before putting on the halter. Their idea is to put the halter on the animal first and then take him out to graze.

There seems to be some reason to believe, however, in spite of the general opinion that nothing will be done this session looking to the passage of such a law, that pressure will come from many corporate interests in an attempt to force quick action. It is reported here that many of the biggest inter-State concerns are viewing with the utmost alarm the progress of the Government's suits looking to their dissolution. The decision of the Supreme Court in the Tobacco Trust case may be handed down any Monday, while the appeal of the Standard Oil case will not be long delayed. Both these cases look to the dissolution of the defendants under injunction proceedings, and the idea seems to be that unless Federal incorporation or license is provided the handing down of those decisions may mean death blows to far-reaching combinations.

It is known that the President is not unaware of the importance of the preliminary decisions already won against the two trusts, and that the dissolution of Standard Oil ordered by the United States Circuit Court of St. Louis had great influence in deciding him not to amend the Sherman law, but to offer Federal incorporation to concerns in the predicament of the oil company. His idea was to lead up to Congress's full and direct control over the big corporations, and he thought this could be accomplished by offering in the form of a Federal charter the right to practice those "business methods" that technically are unlawful under the anti-trust act.

It is expected that the amendments the Administration is now considering will go far toward increasing the popularity of the measure. It has been stated that the drafting of the bill and the sending in of the special message on the subject were intended primarily as educational moves paving the way to legislation next year. The storm of opposition that followed the publication of the bill in THE NEW YORK TIMES, however, showed that the education was running in the wrong direction. It is believed that amendments along the line now proposed will have some effect, in the insurgent States at least, in turning the tide the other way.

SPRAGUE OPPOSES PLAN.

Union Dime Savings President Hopes Law Will Not Be Passed.

Charles H. Sprague, President of the Union Dime Savings Bank, when informed last night of Senator Aldrich's word to President Taft that the postal savings bank plan would be adopted by Congress at this session, expressed the hope that Congress would take no such action. He declared that the necessity for postal savings banks does not exist.

"There is no popular demand for such a system—or none but a very slight demand," he said. "It is purely among editors and Postmasters—an artificial party cry, for the people at large do not want it at all.

"The origin of it was a piece of misinformation on the part of ex-Postmaster General Meyer, who based his whole advocacy of the system on the assumption that there were 1,453 savings banks in this country. As a matter of fact, there are about 18,000 real savings institutions, such as trust companies, State banks, and other institutions which accept savings. Mr. Meyer based his opinion on the report of the Controller of the Currency, but the Monetary Commission has since investigated and changed his figures.

"Editors base their arguments for the system on absolute misstatements which are fictitious. As in the case of most exploded theories, they nevertheless keep on making the same misstatements.

"If there are any merits in the system it ought to be tried out gradually where it is needed. Its advocates, however, propose to start forty new banks in this borough, where already we have twenty-five savings institutions. Even the advocates of the system admit that there is no need in New York State and New England for it.

"But whether or no, they propose to start these forty new banks here, creating several hundred needless public offices, with salaries attached, and with safes costing $1,000 for each bank.

"Where savings banks exist in a country it means the keeping of the people's money as a perpetual loan. If we are to be free from debt in this country, as we have been a number of times, there will be nothing to do with the people's money deposited in these institutions.

"The post office can be used to send money to the savings banks, and it is used to-day by thousands of people to place their money in distant banks. A man can buy a postal money order for a few cents.

"There is as little red tape in the system as it exists as there would be under the postal savings bank plan, and no advantage would be gained by any change.

"I do not believe we could get the Governor of any State or the chief banking official to admit that there are not sufficient bank facilities in his State. The postal savings bank system is only a political argument supposed to be based on a popular want which has not been demonstrated. I am not in favor of the new system unless certain localities can be found which have no savings institutions, a condition which I deny exists."

SUES A PROSECUTOR-ELECT.

West Virginia Lawyer Wants $24,000 for Injury in Courtroom.

Special to The New York Times.

ROANOKE, Va., Jan. 20.—Ex-Judge Joseph Sanders of Bluefields, West Va., has filed suit against Samuel W. Williams, Attorney General-elect of this State, asking $24,000 for injuries which the jurist received when struck by an inkwell hurled at him by Mr. Williams after the lie had been passed in the courtroom at Welch, West Va. Mr. Williams has been indicted by a West Virginia Grand Jury for felony, but the case has not come to trial.

Judge Sanders is said to be threatened with paralysis as a result of the blow. He was formerly a member of the Supreme Court of West Virginia. Mr. Williams is now in the city, but refused to discuss the suits further than to say that he would be on hand to answer the felony charge and had no fear of the result.

High-class Rooms and Board, see Page 17.

DEMOCRATS RESENT REMOVAL OF RAINEY

Caucus Insists on Naming Democrats for Land Inquiry, Despite Adverse Vote in House.

LLOYD DECLINES TO SERVE

Republican Insurgents, with One Exception, Vote with the Regulars in Keeping Rainey Off Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The House to-day ratified the substitution by the Republican caucus of Mr. Lloyd for Mr. Rainey as one of the Democrats on the Ballinger-Pinchot Investigating Committee, and the result is concerted opposition from the Democrats.

Mr. Lloyd announced that he would decline to serve and at a caucus late this afternoon the Democrats provided for the appointment of a committee to map out a plan of campaign whereby they can name another Democrat in Mr. Lloyd's place to serve with Mr. James of Kentucky. Such a plan was rejected by the Republican caucus last night. The committee will look up the law and the precedents regarding the rights of the minority in refusing to serve on committees and report to another caucus to-morrow night. In the meantime it has been decided by the Democrats that Mr. James will serve, and that Mr. Rainey shall not be considered further.

The inclusion of Mr. James on the committee, however, prevented an awkward political situation, which would have resulted if he as well as Mr. Rainey had been rejected. The Democrats could have made much out of the rejection of both. As it is, the rejection of Mr. Rainey will be understood even by those who do not indorse it, and the retention of Mr. James robs the Democrats of a chance to make political capital out of the affair.

The committee provided for by the Democratic caucus is to consist of seven members appointed by the Chairman, Mr. Clayton. The Democrats have no lack of faith in Mr. Lloyd's ability to represent them properly on the investigating committee. This was shown by the adoption of a resolution of confidence offered by Champ Clark. Mr. Lloyd's objection to serving is based on the fact that he already has onerous duties as Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, and the minority members contend that the Republicans named him simply to deprive them of his services in that capacity.

The day's session of the House started with a full membership on both sides. Both whips had seen to it that there should be as few absentees as possible. Immediately on the completion of the reading of the journal Mr. Dalzell presented a report from the Committee on Rules providing that the House proceed with the election of the Investigating Committee. Mr. Currier of New Hampshire, Chairman of the Republican caucus, then offered a resolution naming as the House quota Messrs. McCall, Olmstead, Denby, Madison, James, and Lloyd.

Mr. Lloyd made a brief statement in which he announced that if elected he would feel that it was his duty to his party to resign, inasmuch as he had not been considered in the Democratic caucus. He declared that the majority should respect the right of the minority to name their members.

Representative Clayton offered a resolution in which Mr. Rainey was substituted for Mr. Lloyd. Mr. Clayton said he desired to address himself to that sense of decency and fair play which he was satisfied resided in many of those on the other side of the house. It may be said that if such a sense existed on the other side, it failed to show itself in response to the Democrat's appeal.

Mr. McCall of Massachusetts, then rose to make a personal statement. He said that he was a shareholder, though a small one, in a company engaged in mining precious metals, and he thought it was his duty to make that fact known to the House in advance, inasmuch as necessity had dictated his serving on the committee, as he felt that his position might be misunderstood if he did not. He was applauded when he concluded.

As the mouthpiece of the insurgents who bolted the Republican caucus last night Representative Cooper of Wisconsin explained why he intended to vote against the Democrats. He explained that his action in the caucus had been taken because he believed the minority should be allowed to name their two members. Now, however, he was influenced by his feeling with regard to the fitness of Mr. Rainey, whose opposition to the last Administration was a matter of record.

The only other speech was made by Champ Clark, leader of the Democrats. He maintained that the minority had chosen competent men as investigators.

"The charge," he said, "was made that they are partisan. Mr. Speaker, neither your past record nor mine is such that we can consistently entertain that charge. You are setting a very dangerous precedent by this action you now contemplate. I am not making threats, but it may react on you."

The vote on the amendment to replace Rainey was strictly partisan with a single exception. All the insurgents remained with the organization except Mr. Poindexter of Washington. He explained his vote in a statement issued later in the afternoon in which he declared that it was not the part of the Republicans to assume a censorship over the selection the Democrats made of their members of the Investigating Committee, and that if the majority assumed such a censorship it would defeat the idea of bi-partisan representation with which the inquiry should be carried on. He declared that the attitude of the Rules Committee gave the impression that what was wanted was a vindication rather than an investigation of Mr. Ballinger, and that the Republican Party could not afford to encourage such a suspicion.

The amendment was lost by a vote of 192 to 147. In the vote on the original resolution the Republicans won, 186 to 145. In this vote the insurgents who bolted the caucus, and who were with the organization on the previous count, replied: "Present." On behalf of Mr. Parsons of New York Representative Bennet announced that he would have voted with the Republican organization.

With the announcement of the final vote the House quietly resolved itself into the committee of the whole to consider the urgent deficiency bill, and except for the animated conference in the corridors quiet was restored.

The affair was revived again, however, most unexpectedly in the last moments of the session. The Democrats had made an arrangement with Mr. Tawney, who was conducting the debate on the Appropriation bill, to adjourn at 4:30 o'clock in order that they might hold their caucus. The minority therefore remained in their seats, while only those Republicans remained who were especially interested in urgent deficiencies. At about 4:30 o'clock Mr. Lloyd, apparently without announcing his intention to any of his party, submitted his resignation from the investigating committee.

Immediately a Parliamentary wrangle was precipitated. Sereno Payne, who had been dozing undisturbed waiting to make his usual motion to adjourn, struggled up into action. Mr. Tawney made a point of order that Mr. Lloyd could not resign, and beat Mr. Payne with a motion to adjourn. The Democrats, who were many times in the majority, defeated the motion, and a couple of others from the Republican side. Mr. Douglas's call of no quorum led to a roll call, and while it was going on the Republican leaders seized the delay to get their forces back on the floor.

According to Mr. Underwood, the under minority leader, he did not realize how events were going until a newspaper man asked him if this were a coup to catch the Republicans off their guard and force the acceptance of Mr. Lloyd's resignation. He denied emphatically that he or his Democratic friends had any such intention. At all events, about the time the Republicans came trooping in on the floor Mr. Underwood rose and asked five minutes to make an explanation, saying he would then agree to the motion to adjourn. He explained that a mistake had been made, and that the resignation of Mr. Lloyd had been offered ahead of time. The House adjourned immediately, with Mr. Lloyd's refusal to serve on the committee pending, and with Mr. Tawney's point of order still against it.

Commenting upon the choice of the committee by the House, Mr. Murdock of Kansas, a leading insurgent, said:

"The real issue in the matter of the selection of an investigating committee was whether the House could select a committee at all, and whether, when selected, it would be a better committee than one selected by the Speaker.

"The House has proved that it can select its own committee, and it has selected a committee on which all elements of the House and country are represented, whereas if the Speaker had selected it, it would have been made up of his personal favorites. Committeemen appointed by the Speaker would have owed their places to him. The men now named owe their places to the House.

"This makes all the difference in the world, and it is the first substantial step in the direction of correcting present legislative procedure and marks an epoch. Legislative aristocracy is on the run. Its chief exponent, Joseph G. Canon, has lost his power, and every effort will be made to see that his legislative system goes with him."

It is known that President Taft is satisfied with the action of the House in leaving Mr. James on the committee, in view of the fact that Mr. Rainey was removed.

Vice President Sherman to-day announced the following as the Senate members of the Ballinger-Pinchot Committee: Senators Nelson, Minnesota; Flint, California; Sutherland, Utah; Root, New York, Republicans, and Paynter, Kentucky, and Fletcher, Florida, Democrats.

THIRD FIRM FALLS BY HOCKING BUBBLE

Continued from Page 1.

trust company. The amount of this fund was said yesterday to be $30,000.

Believing that this was ample protection for any contingency, Mr. Bliss, after a personal inspection of the company's coal, iron, and clay properties, and after being fully primed with the optimism of the leaders in the matter of the possible oil and gas developments, started to pilot the shares upward in the movement which ended in Wednesday's smash.

The suspension of the specialist's firm did not come until after a heated discussion between him and the Committee on Insolvencies over his responsibility for the orders repudiated by the members of the pool.

The whole matter had been held up over night by the action of President Thomas in ordering all comparison slips in Hocking Coal to be held up pending the decision of the authorities. If they decided that his purchases of the stock on the slump under the orders of the pool manager, Henry S. Haskins, to apportion his buying among the several firms who had been regularly clearing his operations for the pool, had been part of a binding agreement, his responsibility would have ended. It was on this point that his suspension hinged, and the argument behind the closed doors of the committee room was long and hot.

Walker P. Hall of Cincinnati, one of the four members of the firm, had come on to New York post haste overnight, and was with the specialist in his conference with the committee.

Criss Near Collapse.

The heat of the argument left Mr. Criss in a state of high nervous tension, and when he came down to the New Street lobby of the Exchange after his suspension had been ordered he was apparently in a state bordering on collapse. His face was flushed and he seemed in a daze.

He hesitated in the corridor, surrounded by a throng of messengers and telephone clerks until a friend took him by the arm and led him across the street. He paid several other visits to the Exchange during the day, and was before other committees.

Notwithstanding the decision of the authorities that the firm should suspend, the matter of responsibility for the orders of Wednesday was left open. The announcement was made from the rostrum calling on all brokers who had outstanding contracts against the firm to close them out at the market as "witnessed transactions," following the usual procedure.

This action involved the sale of the stock bought by the floor traders to cover their short sales on the decline, and at the low level of prices in Hocking yesterday left some of these men with heavy losses instead of the profits they expected before they found that the shares they had unloaded on the specialist on Wednesday could not be delivered.

It was impossible to obtain anything like a reliable estimate of the liabilities of any of the three firms carried under by the collapse. There is a possibility that the question of the responsibility for the 11,000 shares which Mr. Criss is said to have bought on the decline will be thrashed out in the courts no matter how the Stock Exchange authorities may settle the dispute.

In deciding that the specialist's firm was held by his contracts, the matter was only settled for the time being, it is understood, and the responsibility to him of the pool members is still to be decided. Of the five houses involved in the pool manipulation, the failure of Lathrop, Haskins & Co. and J. M. Fiske & Co. leaves only three who are now financially responsible for the contracts which Mr. Criss insists he was authorized to make for them. All of these houses are equally insistent that they had no agreement with the pool manager or the specialist to take the stock he bought.

The contention of Mr. Criss is substantiated to some extent by the statement made by Receiver Hotchkiss of Lathrop, Haskins & Co. that he had in his possession the original pool agreement and that it bound the several houses concerned by the usual provisions in such cases that they were all obligated in writing to take up at the close of each day the stock apportioned to them by the pool manager and to divide the trading expenses. Mr. Hotchkiss said that the pool consisted of twenty or twenty-five members.

Say the Agreement Has Lapsed.

It was stated in another quarter that the pool agreement had existed but expired on Monday. This theory was used to explain the stories that the collapse was due to selling by a former manager of the pool. None of the houses involved in the dispute with Mr. Criss had any knowledge of the workings of the pool. Each house insists so far that their part in the manipulation was limited to the execution of orders for customers.

The Stock Exchange member of one of these houses undertook yesterday to explain their side of the controversy. He said his house had dealt with a specialist only from day to day. They had accepted from him orders to be cleared on the payment of the usual fee of $1.12½, but were under no obligation to continue clearing when he got into difficulties.

All of the purchases of the specialist cleared through this firm were for Lathrop, Haskins & Co., its floor member explained yesterday, and after the suspension they would, of course, accept no more stock for them. As far as his firm was concerned, he continued, there was no dispute for the Stock Exchange authorities to settle, and he was confident that it could be demonstrated he had no legal responsibility.

Mr. Criss left no doubt of his understanding of the matter. He told reporters in the afternoon that his position depended entirely on whether the Stock Exchange Governors were willing to allow the pool members to "welch."

"If they take up my orders," he said, "I will pay every cent. If they welch on me I can't tell how I stand or what my creditors will get. It is up to the Governing Committee to decide whether these gentlemen will be permitted to welch or not."

Mr. Criss called his suspension "a $3,000,000 failure" earlier in the day.

James R. Keene, who has been credited by every one concerned with having been the manager of the manipulation in Hocking, was at Cedarhurst yesterday, according to employes in his Broad Street offices. His interview with Mr. Criss on Wednesday afternoon during the height of the dispute over the responsibility for pool orders was the main topic of discussion before the market opened yesterday. Just what happened no one who witnessed the row would say, but a friend of Mr. Criss admitted that it was "violent."

It is understood that when the broker appealed to Mr. Keene to stand by him he was met with a complete denial that the famous manipulator had any interest in the matter. This attitude on Mr. Keene's part so enraged the already overstrained broker that according to the stories yesterday the two men had to be kept apart by Mr. Keene's employes.

Receiver Ernst of J. M. Fiske & Co. put that firm's liabilities yesterday at $2,000,000. He could not approximate the assets as yet, he said. The bank loans, which totaled about $1,000,000, were scattered among about a dozen banks and trust companies and one private banking house.

Receiver Hotchkiss of Lathrop, Haskins & Co. put that firm's excess liabilities at from $750,000 to $1,000,000.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM Cures, Coughs, Colds or Grippe. 10cts.—Adv.

PARSONS RESIGNS; FIGHT IN PROSPECT

Republican County Chairman Quits and a Row Starts in the County Committee.

EXPLAINS WHY HE STEPS OUT

Secretary and Treasurer Also Retire at the Same Time and Reorganization Will Follow.

There was a sudden revival of interest in local and State Republican politics yesterday afternoon when Congressman Herbert Parsons resigned as President of the Republican County Committee, a place which he has held for the last four years, which practically carried with it State Republican leadership. To many his retirement portends a merry war of factions.

Thomas W. Whittle, Secretary, and James R. Sheffield, Treasurer of the committee, also sent in their resignations, thus assuring almost a complete rehabilitation of the local organization.

Mr. Parsons timed his action so that it would fall on the very eve of the regular monthly meeting of the County Committee as well as the regular meeting of the Executive Committee. A few hours after the latter had held a session at its rooms in the Metropolitan Building a meeting of the County Committee was held at the Murray Hill Lyceum, where, amid scenes of some disorder, a committee composed of seven prominent city Republicans was appointed to select a successor to Mr. Parsons. This special committee will report back to the County Committee at its next meeting on Jan. 31.

Several names were mentioned last night for the vacancy, but no one stood out more than any other. Moreover those most prominently mentioned were selected to serve on the committee which is to name Mr. Parsons's successor, and it was stated on good authority that none of these would be selected.

They are Otto T. Bannard, District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, Congressman William S. Bennet, S. S. Koenig, Secretary of State; Sheriff John S. Shea, Douglas Mathewson and Ezra P. Prentice. With these names eliminated speculation concerning Mr. Parsons's successor became more hopeless than ever.

Mr. Parsons's action came with such suddenness that it took the politicians by complete surprise. With his resignation he sent a long letter to Collin H. Woodward, Vice Chairman of the committee, in which he set forth in detail his reasons.

Accomplished His Purpose.

Summed up these are that he had accomplished the four things he set out to do—to keep the county committee loyal to Theodore Roosevelt, to keep the party organization out of the control of lobbying interests, to procure the nomination and election of William H. Taft as President of the United States, and to defeat Tammany Hall.

Mr. Parsons elaborated but little upon his letter, and without waiting to attend the meeting of the county committee he took an early afternoon train to Washington. Here is his letter:

> My Dear Collin: In sending in my resignation as President of the Republican County Committee I have taken action long contemplated by me and from time to time foretold to some of my friends. Never had I intended to remain at the head of the committee longer than the recent municipal campaign, and I am now resigning more than two months after the date that for the best part of a year I had set before myself. Nothing was to be gained by spreading the news of this intention in advance, and so I confined it to a very few.
>
> When I first became President of the committee in December, 1905, there were four specific ends that I wished my administration to accomplish. One was that the committee should be substantially loyal to the National Administration of Theodore Roosevelt. The success of the severe primary fight of September, 1906, effectively established this. Another was that the party organization should not be in control of lobbying interests. This result was effectively consummated when those interests were decisively defeated in that 1906 primary.
>
> The third was to do all I could for the nomination and election of William H. Taft as President of the United States. I did until Mr. Taft requested that his friends here be for the nomination of Gov. Hughes, a request that we met, the only delegates in the National Convention from this county who did not vote for Gov. Hughes being the delegates then factionally opposed to me.
>
> We made an energetic campaign for Mr. Taft's election, with most gratifying results. Not since 1906, when the circumstances were exceptional, had the Republican Party in a National election ever made such a splendid showing in this county.
>
> My fourth object was the defeat of Tammany Hall and the election of men wholeheartedly devoted to good government for the City of New York. That happened substantially in the last campaign.
>
> Thus all the things that I had specifically in mind have been accomplished. It was only because of them that I was ever capable of being or willing to be President of the committee. With their accomplishment no reason remains for my being President. The work has been very engrossing, and I have therefore longed for the opportunity to hand it over to another, and give the time and effort it has taken to my other interests, Congressional, professional, and personal.
>
> **Quits With Regret.**
>
> It is not without regret, however, that I leave the position. Though strenuous, it has been enjoyable and satisfactory because of the straightforward and loyal cooperation that I have had from you and so many other leaders, workers and members of the party.
>
> The friendships that I have made—and they are many, in all parts of the county and among all classes of Republicans—will not cease on my part with my resignation. They are the richest treasures of the experience. To you and those many others I give my most heartfelt thanks for the cooperation given and the service rendered.
>
> We can all be proud of the record that we have made, for, in addition to the objects that I had in mind originally, the county organization in these years has twice been the instrument in State Conventions that has accomplished the nomination of Gov. Hughes, has made intelligent and effective effort toward honest elections—a work that will not be dropped—has relentlessly fought Tammany Hall, has substantially removed Tammany influence from our party, such of that as remains being in isolated spots, and its existence there possible only because of our failure to secure an official primary ballot, which we sought, and in State politics has no longer been a pawn to be used by the State Chairman as he pleased, but has been a force at least equal to its voting strength.
>
> In the future I hope that the party organization will continue to realize that its reason for existence lies in its being the fighting force to make the party's principles and candidates victorious, that it will be absolutely anti-Tammany, that it will maintain its independent and self-dependent position in State politics, that it will itself decide local matters free from any outside interference, and that in National matters it will be loyal to President Taft, the National leader, who is deliberately and determinedly trying to carry out the new and old doctrines that the party now proclaims as its own.
>
> With best wishes for the party's continued success, with renewed thanks for all that you and the other active men and party members have done to aid my administration, and in the hope that the party organization will ever be forward in standing for what it believes to be right, I am, sincerely yours,
>
> HERBERT PARSONS.

Row in the Committee.

At the Executive Committee meeting, at which all the thirty-five district leaders were present, a fight developed when Abraham Gruber offered a resolution that the name of the person to be selected as Chairman should be submitted to the Executive Committee five days before the meeting of the County Committee.

Leader Koenig vigorously opposed the resolution, contending that Mr. Gruber should not be allowed even twenty-four hours. His attitude was sustained by a vote of 28 to 8. Mr. Gruber then prepared to make a hot fight at the County Committee meeting when it was called to order by Chairman Woodward at 8:30 o'clock last night.

On behalf of the Executive Committee Mr. Koenig introduced a resolution that Mr. Parsons's resignation be referred to the committee of the seven above named, and that they report back at the special meeting of Jan. 31. Mr. Gruber than offered his amendment asking for the five days' grace. His speech stirred the gathering to some enthusiasm.

"My objection must be evident to every member here," said Mr. Gruber. "When I asked this afternoon that I be allowed to know the name of the person selected five days before the meeting of the County Committee, the members apparently failed to grasp the situation and refused. They did not seem to realize that the man they selected would in all probability be the man the committee would select.

"In the language of Epictetus they replied that they would be hanged if we would get it an hour before the committee meets. I am not here to find fault, but I dare the Secretary of State to pass this resolution."

Mr. Koenig did not seem to take the dare very seriously. He said there was no desire anywhere to betray Mr. Taft. The name of the President, he said, should not be dragged into local matters. When he declared that he knew that the friends of Mr. Parsons would stand together in the committee his further remarks were drowned in cheers.

Mr. Gruber then asked for twenty-four hours' time, but the Koenig resolution was carried with a whoop.

It was decided that action on the resignations of Secretary Whittle and Treasurer Sheffield should be postponed until the special meeting on Jan. 31.

UP-STATE LEADERS PLEASED.

Glad to See Parsons Out Because They Couldn't Handle Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—The information that Herbert Parsons had resigned as Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee reached the Capitol in dispatches this afternoon. The news took the politicians by surprise and gave rise to much speculation as to what could have prompted Mr. Parsons to give up the leadership at a time when the defeat sustained by Tammany Hall in the recent municipal campaign made it more worth having than at any time since he became County Chairman.

Of the Senators from Mr. Parsons's bailiwick all had left for New York except Senator Agnew when the news came. He was as much at sea as anybody as to Mr. Parsons's reasons for resigning.

"No County Chairman in New York has had a firmer hold on his organization than Mr. Parsons, and he was never more secure in his leadership than at the present moment," said Senator Agnew. "I have had no intimation that he intended to get out and I regret sincerely that he is going."

There is no doubt that the up-State leaders will hail with delight the exit of Mr. Parsons as leader of the organization in New York County, with its large delegation to the State Conventions. At the two last conventions it was chiefly through the instrumentality of Mr. Parsons that the schemes to defeat Gov. Hughes were frustrated.

THREE FOUND KILLED IN EAST SIDE FLAT

Continued from Page 1.

old woman was held for over two hours waiting the pleasure of the police suggested that it would be better to take her to a hospital and let her identify the bodies after an undertaker had cared for them. The police would not let her go. After an hour, the rest of the Fosco family began to arrive, first two young sisters, then two brothers, and finally the gray-haired father of Mrs. Scalpones.

The grief of the old man was even more pathetic than that of his wife. He wept pitifully and took a vow to avenge his daughter's murder. Finally about 8 o'clock in the evening a detective put his head out of the door and told another detective to bring the family in. The scene that followed was so harrowing that even policemen years in the service shook their heads over a proceeding that to the outsiders at least seemed unnecessary.

Shown Their Murdered Relatives.

All of the Foscos except the father went into the rooms where the dead were. He was so frantic that it was decided that he had better be kept out. The police did not tell what happened when the mother and sisters and brothers saw their dead. Only the heartrending screams as they entered the rooms indicated how terrible was their agony.

After some ten minutes the family was brought out, the men members carrying the limp form of the moaning mother. They were taken to the Madison Street Police Station, where their addresses were taken for future use as witnesses.

No sooner were the Foscos gone than the wail of other women announced the arrival of another grief-stricken family. This time it was the sons and daughters of the Martine woman. They came from Twenty-seventh Street and Eighth Avenue, where, until a few days ago, the old woman had lived with her son Feluccio. Feluccio, it was said, had quarreled with his mother, and she had left him suddenly. The man denied the quarrel, but admitted the sudden departure of his old mother.

"I did not know she was gone until I came home from work," he said. "I did not know why she left, did I?" he asked, turning to one of the women of his family. She upheld his story.

The grief of the Martini women was just as great as that of the Foscos, and one of them fainted while waiting for the policeman at the door to let her in. The Martinis were sent to the Madison Street Station to have their names and addresses recorded.

Five minutes after the Martinis left the Scalpones family arrived. Once again was the pitiful scene in the flat enacted, the Italians screaming in their grief and tearing their hair.

Never were the police more uncommunicative in regard to a crime than last night. Many requests were sent to Capt. Carey for a statement, but he would not respond. He entered the apartment about 5 P. M., and five hour later he and most of his men were still in there. They took photographs of the rooms and made a minute examination of everything in the rooms, even down to taking up the carpets.

Seeking a Motive for the Crime.

Many theories as to the motive for the crime were in the air. At first it was thought to be the work of a burglar, but this was apparently exploded after a careful examination of the bodies of the dead women. In a chamoiskin bag tied around Mrs. Scalpones's neck, Carey's men found $227 in bills, while in her ears were diamond earrings. In a bag on Mrs. Martini they found $27 in Italian money. The only thing unaccounted for was a hundred-and-fifty-dollar diamond ring that, it was said, Mrs. Scalpones wore. The detectives were still looking for this ring late last night.

It was pointed out by some of the neighbors that Mrs. Scalpones was noted in that section of the east side for her beauty, and that before she married Scalpones she had many suitors. The affection existing between the couple, who had been married only eight months, was referred to by many in the neighborhood. The father of the wife was asked if he could throw any light on the murder based on the theory of jealousy, but he declared that so far as he knew, neither his son nor his wife had an enemy in the world.

Finally after five hours had been spent in ransacking the apartment for a clue of some sort the police admitted that they were baffled. Coming right on the heels of the Lomas-Shibley murders in the Bronx the police were stirred to unusual activity.

One fact that was commented on was that no one in the tenement, which is a crowded one, had heard any struggle in the Scalpones flat Wednesday night or early yesterday morning, the time when the murders must have been committed.

Mrs. Kupfermann, the janitress, said that she had not heard a sound all night, and that had it not been for the milk bottle in the hall she would not have thought anything was wrong. The family of Isidor Freedman, who lives on the sixth floor in the flat that adjoins that occupied by the Scalpones, were all questioned, and though the family is a large one none had heard suspicious sounds from their neighbors' apartment.

The person who committed the murders left the apartment by the regular stairway. This was proved by the finding of bloodstains on the banisters leading from the sixth to the fifth floor.

At 12:10 o'clock this morning the members of the Scalpones, Fosco, and Martini families were being questioned at the Madison Street Station by Capt. Carey and the detectives from Headquarters. It was said then that the inquisition might last until morning. Feluccio Martini was questioned at length concerning the reason why his mother left his home to go live with the Scalpones. He maintained that her departure was unexpected, and that he knew no reason for her leaving him.

JEWELER SHOT DOWN; ROBBER A SUICIDE

Brooklyn Man Fired on While Showing Diamond Rings to a Stranger.

THIEF HOLDS MOB AT BAY

Then Takes Poison Just as the Police Capture Him—Deed Done in Broad Day.

Attempting to rob a jeweler's shop in one of Brooklyn's busiest streets, Myrtle Avenue, late yesterday afternoon, a desperate thief shot and probably fatally wounded the proprietor, and then, when cornered by the police, swallowed poison, dying after being taken to Police Headquarters. The identity of the robber-suicide had not been established last night. Frederick Boettcher of 85 Myrtle Avenue, in the Borough Hall district, the jeweler, is in a precarious condition in the Brooklyn Hospital.

Myrtle Avenue, which is called the Bowery of Brooklyn, was crowded with vehicles and pedestrians, when a man entered the jewelry store and asked to see some diamond rings. While the jeweler did not know him the man had been in the place several times looking at jewelry, saying he intended to purchase. When he appeared yesterday afternoon Mrs. Boettcher had just gone upstairs to the living apartments of the family and Mr. Boettcher was in the store alone.

"I've decided as to the kind of ring I want," announced the stranger; "show me one for about $150."

Jeweler Struck Down from Behind.

Unsuspecting, the jeweler showed the man a tray of rings, and he selected one. He said he would take it if Mr. Boettcher would make certain changes in the setting. The jeweler agreed to do so, and led the stranger into his work room in the rear.

The jeweler was bending over his workbench when the stranger struck him a heavy blow on the head with a sandbag made of chamois and filled with sand and bullets. Mr. Boettcher reeled against the wall. The robber drew a pistol and pressing the muzzle of the weapon to the jeweler's head, shot him behind the left ear. With a groan, the wounded man fell to the floor.

Mrs. Boettcher, hearing the shot, ran down stairs and into the shop screaming. The stranger, who had run out into the store, turned and fired back several shots. It is not known whether he aimed to hit the jeweler again or to shoot Mrs. Boettcher. Tossing aside the pistol, the thief dashed through a group of people attracted to the front door by the shooting.

Holds Crowd at Bay.

A husky teamster and two other men attempted to stay his flight, but he broke from them, and drawing another revolver from his pocket threatened to kill any one who attempted to seize him. The fellow then ran down Myrtle Avenue to Jay Street, throwing away the second pistol, and then down the latter thoroughfare to Tillary Street, with a yelling mob in pursuit. Patrolmen Malahen and Haggerdon of the Adams Street Police Station joined in the chase, and as the fugitive was turning into Tillary Street overhauled him.

As soon as the patrolmen caught up with him the man took something from a pocket and seemed to swallow it. The policeman thought nothing of this at the time. The robber seemed glad to be taken away from the crowd, which was threatening him.

On the way to the Adams Street Station the policemen took their prisoner back to the jewelry store in Myrtle Avenue. There Mr. Boettcher, who was lying on the floor and being cared for by his wife and Ambulance Surgeon Isquith of the Brooklyn Hospital, identified the man as his assailant.

Robber Dies of Poison.

After the prisoner had been taken to the station, Borough Inspector Holohan ordered that he be removed to Headquarters, in State Street. While being taken there in a patrol wagon the prisoner became violently ill, and his captors then found that he had apparently swallowed carbolic acid. Reaching Headquarters, the man had to be carried from the wagon.

In the Detective Bureau his condition was such that he was unable to give his pedigree to Lieut. Duane. He was carried into a sitting room and Ambulance Surgeon Loehr of the Cumberland Street Hospital was called. The man died before the surgeon arrived.

The stranger appeared to have been about 32 years old. There was a growth of brown stubble on his face. He wore shabby gray clothes and his hands showed signs of hard manual labor. In his pockets were found a pair of kid gloves, three soiled handkerchiefs, a briarwood pipe, a gold-filled watch, and a silver tie clasp, gold banded and bearing the initials "V. W. V."

In order to aid them in tracing a possible criminal record the police photographed the dead man, took his finger prints, and applied the Bertillon measurement system to his body. The body was then removed to the Morgue.

ARREST MRS. WOLF IN STORE.

Wife of a Song Writer Is Charged with Shoplifting.

A woman who said she was Mrs. Emily Wolf was arrested yesterday in a downtown department store charged with having stolen $14 worth of small articles. When she went into the store she left her eight-year-old daughter, Marie, with a matron. When the mother did not return the little girl began to cry for her. She was turned over to the care of the police without being told her mother had been arrested.

In the Night Court last night Mrs. Wolf said she lived at 1,019 179th Street, the Bronx, and that her husband was John Wolf, a writer of popular songs. She was held in $500 for further examination to-morrow.

The Metropolitan Life to Celebrate.

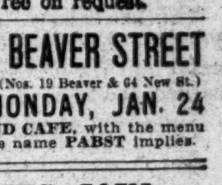
A dinner will be held at the Hotel Astor to-morrow night to commemorate the completion of the home office of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, with its tower, and also as a compliment to Pierre and Michel Le Brun, the architects, who designed the structure. The dinner also will mark the completion of thirty years of the company's industrial operations. The company's Field Superintendents, numbering more than 500, whose annual convention ends to-morrow, will attend.

Justice Patterson's Condition.

There was no improvement yesterday in the condition of Justice Edward Patterson, Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, who was reported Wednesday night to be dying at his residence, 124 East Thirty-ninth Street. Drs. Coakley and Lambert were with Justice Patterson until after midnight. They said their patient had spent a restless night Wednesday, and his condition had not improved any yesterday.

Greatest English Doctors
Recommend
Whitbread's
Real English Ale and Stout
Brewed and matured in bottles by Whitbread, London. The largest house of its kind in the world.
St. James Importing Co., Sole Agts.

The best way to keep away from the crowd is to lead it.
LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES
of a "vintage"



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OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

PABST BEAVER STREET
(Nos. 19 Beaver & 64 New St.)
WILL OPEN MONDAY, JAN. 24
RESTAURANT AND CAFE, with the menu and services that the name PABST implies.

MORE CITIES JOIN IN MEAT BOYCOTT

Continued from Page 1.

during November a year ago. The cattle receipts at East St. Louis have been steadily increasing since 1873. The receipts for 1909 were 1,240,798 head, an increase of 95,333 head over 1908.

The hog receipts for 1909 at East St. Louis were 2,473,425, a decrease of 86,782 from the figures of 1908. The sheep business also has not been so dependable as cattle, and consequently the figures vary from year to year. In the last five years, however, there has been a steady increase in the number of sheep marketed.

Milwaukee Joins the Boycott.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 20.—Plans for a boycott of meat here to bring down prices are progressing rapidly.

Following last night's meeting of the Federated Trades Council, at which representatives of the 20,000 union workmen in the city demanded a mass meeting for the pushing of the war against the high prices, the committee assigned to prepare for the meeting has set Feb. 15 as the date. Agitation will proceed in the meantime. William Griebling, business agent of the Building Trades Council, is Chairman of the committee.

In recognition of the activity displayed by Milwaukee women in the meat fight, one of the four speakers at the mass meeting will be a woman.

Pittsburg Raises Board Rate.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 20.—The meat situation took another turn to-day, when fashionable boarding houses, which could not boycott meat unless all their boarders consented, decided to raise rates for board 20 per cent. Boarders who have been in the habit of getting breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner daily and three meals on Sunday, at the average price of 50 cents, found a note at their plates this evening stating that, beginning with Sunday morning's breakfast the rate for home meals would be 60 cents.

In the cheaper boarding houses, where the price is $22.50 per month for two meals daily and three Sunday, the rates will on Sunday be raised to $25 per month. The boarding housekeepers have decided that the price of meat is so high that they cannot run boarding houses at the old rates and make a living.

The street car motormen of Pittsburg to-day started a move to boycott the butcher. This was pay day on the lines, and certain employes followed the pay car, and as an employe would draw his pay he would be requested to sign an agreement that he and his family would refrain from buying meat for at least thirty days. It is estimated that the heads of 1,000 families signed this agreement among street car men alone to-day. At New Castle and other points the anti-meat crusade was started.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 20.—Baltimore has gone into the anti-meat boycott, and, led by the Federation of Labor, which took action last night, a campaign of protest at the high prices of meat has been started. President Hirsch to-day placed an order for 50,000 buttons inscribed: "I don't buy meat; do you?" These are to be distributed to the various unions in the city, where they will be given to the members who desire to take the meat boycott pledge.

Hundreds of persons outside the labor unions are enlisting in the movement. The women are in it, too.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 20.—A boycott of the so-called meat trust is imminent in Richmond. Most dealers who are dependent on the big fellows for their supplies are outraged at the treatment they are receiving, and will take action. The smaller dealers will not talk, but A. J. Warren, the largest customer the trust has locally is authority for the statement that conferences have been held, having in view slaughtering all beef used locally in this city.

Omaha Plans Mass Meeting.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 20.—The ranks of the abstainers from meat eating were augmented to-day by 500 Omaha workmen, who pledged themselves to a vegetable diet. The Central Labor Union to-night took up the campaign, and it is said that several thousand workmen will join the boycott of retail meat dealers.

NAUGATUCK, Conn., Jan. 20.—A recent advance in the cost of butter has led a number of the employes of a local rubber goods factory, it is said, to sign an agreement among themselves to refrain from its use until the price is lowered. A movement is on foot to include many table luxuries, the cost of which is considered excessive.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—The meat packers here have refused to take any notice of the boycotts reported from many cities and decline to be interviewed on the subject.

Local commission men predict that the price of butter soon will fall to 40 cents a pound. The fact that butter of the first quality is coming into the local market in excess of the present demand is given as the reason for anticipating a lower price. The amount of butter in storage is said to be normal for this season of the year.

UNITED AGAINST OUR MEAT.

German States Unanimously Support Attitude of Imperial Government.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—The Imperial Ministry from time to time has communicated to the Governments of the Federated German States the progress of the tariff negotiations with the United States. All of the Governments have indicated their approval of the imperial position that no concession can be made concerning the importation of American meats, and are in full accord with the terms and spirit of Germany's recent and definite reply to the American request.

In view of the fact that American exports of meats are declining because of the high prices prevailing in the United States, it is regarded as unreasonable that Washington should insist upon concessions which must be extended to Germany's neighbors.

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Broadway, 34th & 35th Streets.
Representative on premises.
Or your own Broker.

DOWN GO THE PRICES.

Without reserve every mixed Worsted and Cheviot and Cassimere Suit in this store is now marked down to

$15.

Some were only $18.00, most were $20, $22 and $25—many were $30 and $35. All are as big a bargain as was ever offered in Men's fine Suits. During this sale

20% Reduction

from the regular price of all Overcoats, including the Men's Convertible Collar—two-in-one Coats, Ulsters, Cravenettes, Fur Coats, Fur Lined Coats.

A. Raymond & Co.
MEN'S OUTFITTERS
Nassau & Fulton Sts.
For 52 Years
On the same spot and still there.

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PERFECT
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has been prepared by an American dentist since 1866. It cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

LOANS Lowest Rates

If you want ready money, we'll advance liberal amounts on diamonds and precious jewels. Rates, the lowest. Loans good for one year. Goods kept in burglar and fireproof vaults, assuring perfect safety.

Diamonds For Sale

Our collection of forfeited diamond jewelry is large and varied, and our prices are 40% less than jewellers' prices. We guarantee every article to be as we represent it or we'll refund your money. Dealers' Trade Solicited.

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The Silent Servant

In addition to the full equipments for lighting and heating all kinds of buildings in the improved BOHN way, we sell every good kind of electrical device at lowest prices.

C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

GOVERNORS TO MEET ANNUALLY

Permanent Organization Is Formed on the Lines Suggested by Mr. Jordan.

GOV. HUGHES DRAWS PLAN

Meetings Hereafter Will Be Held at Various State Capitals, Instead of at Washington.

NO RESOLUTIONS PASSED

Decide Not to Commit Themselves on Propositions Advanced for the Present—New York Women Make Appeal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The conference of Governors took a long step forward to-day in adopting a plan for permanent organization. The plan was drafted by a committee headed by Gov. Hughes, and followed closely in important particulars the suggestions made by William George Jordan, whose articles on the subject have appeared at intervals in THE NEW YORK TIMES. The plan of permanent organization was adopted unanimously just before the conference closed its last session at the New Willard late this afternoon.

The report of Gov. Hughes's committee provides for annual meetings, for a permanent secretary to hold the records of all meetings and insure the continuity of its work, and what is considered by the organizers of the movement to be a most important matter—it declares that meetings hereafter shall be at State capitals instead of at Washington. To carry on the work of the House of Governors, a committee of arrangements, consisting of three Governors, is to have power to prepare a budget of expenses to be apportioned among the States according to population

Plan of Organization.

Following is the text of the plan for the permanent organization, as adopted by the unanimous vote of the Governors:

1. That conferences of Governors of the States be held annually.

2. That the next conference be held at a time to be fixed between Thanksgiving and Christmas in the year 1910.

3. That the next conference be held at a State capital.

4. That a Committee of Arrangements, three in number, be appointed to fix the specific date and place of the next conference, and to make necessary arrangements and to provide a programme therefor. That said Committee of Arrangements have power to appoint such sub-committees as may be deemed advisable in connection with said arrangements and said programme, and also for the purpose of collecting information and digesting the same, and making such recommendations for the consideration and action of the next conference as may be thought proper. That said Committee of Arrangements also have power to employ a secretary to aid said Committee of Arrangements and said sub-committees in their work.

5. That said Committee of Arrangements shall prepare a budget of the expenses of the next conference and of the preparation therefor, and shall apportion the total amount therefor among the States according to population, and communicate said budget and said apportionment to the Governors of the States, to the end that they may recommend to their respective Legislatures the making of such appropriations as may be required to pay such apportioned share.

6. That said Committee of Arrangements consist of Gov. Willson of Kentucky, Gov. Hadley of Missouri, and Gov. Ansel of South Carolina.

7. That said Committee of Arrangements shall have power to fill vacancies in its own membership or in that of the sub-committees which it appoints.

Before adjourning the conference unanimously voted to Mr. Jordan its thanks for his enterprise in initiating the movement and carrying it to an organization. Mr. Jordan is of the opinion that the form of organzation adopted to-day will go far toward making the House of Governors a real force in the country. The meeting of the House hereafter at the State capitals, he thinks, will add to the public interest, while it emphasizes, too, the distinction between the work of the Governors and the work of the National Congress.

Time of Meeting Advanced.

The time of the meeting is advanced under the new plan so that the report of the Governors can be presented to the State Legislatures at the session soon after Christmas instead of waiting a whole year, as now On motion of Gov. Hughes it was also decided that the continued life of the House of Governors would be fostered by admitting to the sessions Governors-elect before they are sworn into office.

The final sessions of the conference were marked by the expression of a divergence of views among the Governors as to whether the State Executives as a body should pass resolutions for or against any given proposition. Several Governors maintained that the greatest good would be accomplished by a courageous and definite stand upon great public questions, while others held that the conferences were in the nature of a school for the Governors, where each learned the experience of his fellows. Eventually all resolutions calling for a formal expression of opinion by the Governors as a body were left in abeyance.

A sub-committee of the League of Self-supporting Women of New York submitted a statement to the conference recommending that the political status of women in the separate States be made the topic for full discussion at the next meeting of the Governors. The committee consisted of Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, Mrs. Francis Higginson Cabot, and Mrs. John Brannan.

The committee appointed yesterday to consider the resolution introduced by Gov. Eberhart of Minnesota, relative to recommendations to Congress in regard to the jurisdiction of Federal and State courts, reported that such recommendations came within the province of the President of the United States and were not within the scope of the conference. No action was taken upon the report of the committee.

Gov. Shafroth of Colorado introduced a resolution stating that it was the sense of the conference that the control and regulation of water powers should rest in the State. This was referred to a committee consisting of Govs. Shafroth, Hughes of New York, and Weeks of Connecticut, which, however, was unable to report, and the matter probably will be taken up at the next conference.

Gov. Brady of Idaho addressed the conference on "Irrigation." Gov. Ansel followed with an address on "Extradition," while "Mining" was the topic of Gov. Sloan of Arizona. Gov. Davidson told the conference of Wisconsin's efforts to conserve its natural resources. Gov. Draper of Massachusets spoke on the subject of developing a discussion of wide range in regard to good roads.

Ex-Senator Dryden of New Jersey read a resolution adopted by the Association of Life Insurance Presidents requesting the conference of Governors to give its attention to uniformity in State insurance laws.

Gov. Carroll of Iowa read a paper on "Divorce." He had little hope, he said, of ever living to see absolute uniformity in laws on this or any other subject, but he thought some points in regard to divorce laws could be made uniform, such as length of residence necessary to obtain a divorce, length of time before remarriage, and the causes for divorce. As corrective measures he recommended education and better marriage laws.

Governors Shallenberger, of Nebraska, thought the conference should give expression to its views by means of resolutions. This provoked a lengthy discussion, in the course of which numerous remarks were made relating to the lack of power of the Governors of several States over such officers as sheriffs and State attorneys, it being said that governors in such cases were placed in the embarassing position of being responsible for the proper administration of the law without any authority to compel these officials to do their duty.

Governor Spry of Utah presided at the morning session, while Governor Davidson occupied the chair in the closing session.

WOMEN WIN A CONCESSION.

Governors to Study Suffrage, Returning Delegation Reports.

The committee of New York women which presented a paper to the Governors' conference in Washington yesterday returned last night. The members of the committee said that Gov. Willson of Kentucky, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements of the next conference, had promised that he would appoint a committee to study and report on the matter of the political status of woman in the various States.

It was the Votes for Women Sub-Committee of the Equality League of Self-Supporting Women that went to Washington. It was made up of Mrs. Frances H. Cabot, Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, and Mrs. John W. Brannan. Mrs. Clarence Mackay sent word to Gov. Hughes that the sub-committee was coming. Mrs. Oswald Alexander wired the same news to Gov. Fort of New Jersey, and Mrs. Brannan so notified Gov. Shafroth of Colorado. And so the conference was not taken by surprise.

The sub-committee had asked for five minutes in which to read the paper. Gov. Hughes moved that that amount of time be granted, and the motion was seconded by Gov. Shafroth. Mrs. Blatch read the address, and then sat down, the reading having occupied only three minutes. The paper was applauded by the Governors.

The address noted that the conference of Governors had been called to take action looking to the enactment of uniform laws. It declared that the Equality League of Self-Supporting Women believed that the question of woman suffrage was one that would be finally dealt with by the individual States, and not by the Federal Government. And for that reason the sub-committee had addressed itself to the conference.

Views and legislation upon the question differed greatly in the various States, it was declared, ranging from complete exclusion of women in some States to full adult suffrage in four States. In Kansas, it was pointed out, women vote on municipal matters, while in many sections of the country women have long voted on school matters. There was bound to be discontent among citizens of a country some of whom had political privileges denied to others. New York women, for instance, looked with emotions of unrest upon the full political privileges accorded to the women of Colorado.

The address, therefore, in view of woman's present political position, and in view of one of the chief objects for which the Conference of Governors was called, asked that a committee be appointed to make an exhaustive study of woman's part in the politial life of the various States and to make a report upon it at the next meeting. The paper was signed by Mrs. Cabot, Mrs. Blatch, and Mrs. Brannan.

Mrs. Cabot was asked last night if one of the woman suffrage organizations was not preparing a huge petition to be presented to Congress. She said she thought that was the case, but that the organization with which she was connected thought the States ought to attend to the matter.

RAILROADS REJECT DEMANDS OF THE MEN

New York Central Leads Opposition to Wage Increase on All Lines East of Chicago.

LITTLE DANGER OF A STRIKE

As the Companies Ask for Meetings with Their Workers to Compromise the Issue.

The New York Central, as expected by persons in touch with the railroad situation, rejected yesterday the demand of the trainmen and conductors for an increase in wages, but proposed a conference with a committee representing the trainmen and conductors to talk matters over. It was also said that similar action was decided upon by the other thirty-one roads east of Chicago.

The Central's decision was made known in the following letter sent to the representatives of the employes by General Manager A. H. Smith:

> On Jan. 3 a committee representing the conductors and trainmen of the New York Central presented a request for an increase of wages, that has been carefully gone over. This demand for an increase was found to be in such amount that we could not consistently accept it and it therefore was declined with the suggestion to the men that the company's officers will meet with a committee representing the New York Central men to discuss and negotiate the question, as has been customary for a great many years.

This communication was discussed by the trainmen in Tecumseh Hall, Forty-second Street, near Eighth Avenue, and dispatches were sent at once to A. B. Garretson, Grand Master of the conductors at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and W. G. Lee, Grand Master of the trainmen, at Cleveland, Ohio, asking if the conference proposed by the railroad would be sanctioned. Garretson and Lee are expected here within forty-eight hours.

General Chairman Slattery of the Grievance Committee of the conductors said last evening that the refusal of the demand by the New York Central meant nothing alarming.

"In all probability," he said, "the heads of the two organizations of trainmen and conductors will sanction the conferences. We believe the New York Central no more wants a strike than we do. These things take time, and if we do not get all we want we will get something. The railroad officials will concede that we are right when we confer with them."

He said that while the same demands had been made on all the thirty-two Eastern lines a general strike, or even a single one was beyond the range of probabilities.

The trainmen and conductors will send a committee to the Erie Railroad Company to-day, to ask for a reply to the demands. At the Erie offices yesterday it was said that the demands were for increases ranging from 10 to 60 per cent.

"The demands could not possibly be conceded," said an official, "and it is likely that the men are asking for more than they expect to get. At all events, there are a great many forms to go through before anything is done, and it will be two months, anyway, before there is any cause for alarm if there is to be any cause."

CLEVELAND, Jan. 20.—Not one railway in the eastern section of the United States or Canada accepted the demand made by the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen or the Order of Railway Conductors for an increase in wages and uniform working conditions. This statement was made by W. G. Lee, head of the trainmen, at the headquarters of the trainmen here to-day.

While the trainmen say they are ready to strike if necessary, yet it is a general opinion among their officers that there will be no occasion for drastic measures. The trainmen are merely attempting to establish on the Eastern railways the same wage and working conditions they obtained in the West two years ago. A similar movement is on foot as affecting the Southern railways.

NEW ENGLAND ROADS FIRM.

Also Refuse to Raise Trainmen's and Conductors' Wages.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—A conference between officials of the Boston & Albany and a committee of its employes was held to-day at the South Station. W. J. Fripp, General Superintendent, and J. H. Hustis, General Assistant Manager, who received the committee declared that at present it would be impossible to grant the requests.

Later G. A. Merrill of South Framingham, Chairman of the Trainmen's committee, said:

"The company has refused our requests as a whole, but as our relationship with the company has always been amicable we have every hope of the matter being adjusted satisfactorily by further conference."

Mr. Merrill also said that this refusal of the management to-day does not mean a strike, and that the committee had not taken a vote of "yes" or "no" on the strike question.

Following the conference of representatives of the Brotherhood of Trainmen and Conductors with the Boston & Maine Railroad officials, General Supt. C. E. Lee gave out a statement to the effect that the conference had been a most pleasant one, but that no definite agreement had been reached. Another conference will be held in the near future, he said.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 20.—It is stated here to-night officially that General Manager Higgins of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company will meet to-morrow the sub-committee of the grievance committees of the Brotherhoods of Railway Conductors and Trainmen, who are asking for an increase in wages. In railroad circles here it is regarded as practically certain that their demands will not be granted.

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street.

ANNOUNCE, BEGINNING THIS MORNING, THEIR

Semi-Annual Sale of

Neckwear for Men

4552 Scarfs Selected from Our Regular Stock

Formerly 50c & 55c at 35c (3 for 1.00)

Formerly 1.00 to 2.50 at 65c

The Neckwear included in this offering is of rich silks in beautiful color combinations and patterns as well as plain effects.

Large open end 4-in-hands, narrow 4-in-hands, Knitted or Crocheted Silk Scarfs—plain or striped.

The man of limited means

need not consider a fur-lined overcoat as a luxury "beyond him." A luxury, yes; but the luxury of warmth, of bodily comfort, of elegance. Extravagant? No. Of course one may spend a thousand dollars, or more. But that is left to the man who reckons not of cost. A good Fur-lined Overcoat, dependable in quality and satisfying in appearance, may be bought for as little as $50. After that, pay as much more as your fancy prompts—and your purse permits. But do not overlook this all-important fact—it is unsafe to buy Fur-lined Overcoats of any but thoroughly reputable dealers. As for ourselves, the garments we sell are made by our own craftsmen. Even the outer cloths are produced by our own tailormen. The finished garment having met *our* critical standard *you* are safe in purchasing.

High grade, ready-for-service

Fur-lined Overcoats for Men

at $50, $65, $95, $125 to $1450

The Tonic External

Few men are careless of their physical selves. When a man "runs down" he "tonics up." But a man may "run down" externally as well.

As the season progresses, clothes which have served their wearer faithfully begin to show evidences of use. They can be "rested" by laying them aside for a time and replacing them with bright, fresh garments the very wearing of which will revivify and put new ambition into the wearer.

For a decidedly modest amount you can buy a distinctively elegant Overcoat or Suit which will not only "see you through" the current season but give you good service in the coming Fall.

Attention is directed to the completeness of our assortments. Your selections can be made from varieties not to be matched in extent anywhere else. The garments are our own exclusive models, produced by our designers and tailormen with that infinite care for detail which is part of the secret of distinctive craftsmanship.

Suits & Overcoats for Men

at $15, $17.50, $20, $22 & $25

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street

Franko Concerts, Daily, in Restaurant, Eighth Floor.

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Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK

10,000 Pairs Lace Curtains at Less Than Factory Prices To-day

☞ Fourth Floor.

AN extraordinary purchase from one of America's best mills brings beautiful new Scotch and Nottingham Lace Curtains to to-day's sale at half price. Hotel owners, small dealers and all will find this an opportunity to buy that may not occur again. The patterns are the choicest produced this season. Extra space and extra salespeople for this sale.

Curtains that usually sell at $1.95, 85c

Curtains that usually sell at $3.00, $1.45

Curtains that usually sell at $4.00, $1.95

Curtains that usually sell at $5.00, $2.50

Curtains that usually sell at $5.90, $2.94

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160 Lace Bed Sets at $2.35

Values up to $4.50; hand-made Renaissance motifs and insertions; mounted on heavy French bobbinets with deep full valance all around and bolster top to match.

65 sets, values up to $7.90, at.............$4.85
47 sets, values up to $12.75, at.............$6.90

1,000 pairs Portieres at Less Than ½ Price

All odd lots in stock—one or two pairs of a style—now priced for quick clearance:

$4.75 Portieres are now........ $2.35
$11.50 Portieres are now........ $6.90
$16.50 Portieres are now........ $9.85
$21.75 Portieres are now........$13.85

500 Couch Covers Must Be Closed Out

Rearrangement of stock demands it, therefore these tremendous reductions to-day:

$2.15 Couch Covers now........ 97c
$3.50 Couch Covers now........$1.75
$5.90 Couch Covers now........$3.75
$10.00 Couch Covers now........$5.85

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FREE
EXCHANGE OFFER

The Makers of Durham-Duplex Razors are desirous that every user of their razors should try their very latest blades. These

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are produced by perfected machinery that in addition to giving edges superior to any that have been made in the past assures an absolute uniformity in temper and cutting edge. If you are a user of a Durham-Duplex Razor return to us before February 1st, your old blades, and we will exchange them, free of all charges. Address Durham Duplex Razor Co., 111 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

These new blades are now on sale at all the better stores

LIBERAL SETBACK IN LATEST RETURNS

Losses Unexpectedly Heavy and Irish Nationalists May Hold Balance of Power.

COUNTRY DISTRICTS VOTE

Their Rebuke to Socialism Cheers the Unionists—Americans, a Woman, and Two Boys Permitted to Vote.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The old-fashioned English country people, with their rock-ribbed conservatism, their reverence for the nobility, and their prejudices against the new-fashioned Socialism, were heard from to-day, and they gave a decided boom to the Conservative stock. To-night the Unionists have everywhere taken cheer. The National Liberal Club, which has been the centre of Liberal activity, has a less jubilant atmosphere than at any time since the election began.

The Liberal Government will return to power with a less convincing mandate from the country than it counted on, if the present tendency prevails among the constituencies which are still to vote. Its allies, the Laborites and Nationalists, will practically hold the balance of power, and the Irish Party particularly will be in a position to dictate legislation. If the Unionists gain twenty-two of the 168 remaining seats, the Government will be dependent on the votes of the Nationalists for its majority.

The proposal to reform the House of Lords counted strongly among the country people, perhaps more strongly than did tariff reform. Respect for old institutions and forms of government is more deeply rooted there than in the cities, with their labor union following and Socialistic innovations.

Scotland and Wales Liberal.

Scotland and Wales, where Non-Conformists abound, stood by the Liberal Party, but the counties have given general Unionist gains, which have wiped out the small Liberal majorities in most of the doubtful boroughs.

Elections were held to-day for 47 seats—1 in London, 3 in English provincial boroughs, 26 in English counties, 8 in Scotland, 3 in Wales, and 6 in Ireland. Reports from only 12 of these were received to-night.

The returns received during the day from 68 seats, of which 56 were polled Wednesday and 12 Thursday, show the following results:

Unionists, 34; Liberals, 18; Laborites, 7; Nationalists, 9. Gain—Unionists, 15.

Thirteen of the Unionist gains were in county seats, one in Scotland, and one in Wales

The status of the parties, according to the returns received up to date, is as follows:

Unionists, 163; Liberals, 137; Laborites, 29; Nationalists, 53.

Gains—Unionists, 71; Liberals, 10; Laborites, 1.

London Strongly Unionist.

London's last borough gave its verdict in favor of a Unionist, Westminster reelecting W. L. A. B. Burdett-Coutts, with his majority nearly doubled. The metropolis will be represented by 34 Unionists, 26 Liberals, and 2 Laborites, whereas in 1906 it elected 38 Liberals, 21 Unionists, and 3 Laborites. The popular vote in London in 1906 was: Unionist, 268,167; Liberal, 258,810; Labor, 25,472. The popular vote this year in London is: Unionist, 338,773; Liberal, 251,261; Labor, 30,046.

J. Henniker Heaton, the "Father of Penny Postage," retained his Canterbury seat by only 21 votes. Sir James H. Dalziel, Liberal, keeps his seat by a largely increased majority. Arthur H. Lee, Unionist, formerly military attaché of the British Embassy at Washington, retains his seat. Capt. H. Spender Clay, Unionist, whose wife is a daughter of William Waldorf Astor, defeated the Liberal, A. P. Hodges.

Attorney General Ure Elected.

The Right Hon. A. Ure, Attorney General, who has been the most severely attacked candidate in the campaign since Mr. Balfour denounced him as a liar for questioning whether the Conservatives would maintain the old age pensions, was indorsed by his Linlithgowshire constituents by a strong vote. Leif Jones, Liberal, leader of the Extreme Temperance Party, and largely responsible for the recent Licensing bill, was defeated.

The Secretary of the Tariff Reform League issued a proclamation to-night, saying:

> To-day's Uninoist victories conclusively prove that free trade is losing its hold on the country. In a straight contest between tariff reform and the present system, tariff reform would triumph. The political fight of the future will be between tariff reform and Socialism.

Rioting in Some Places.

Exciting scenes followed the declaration of the poll at Buckingham, where the Liberal candidate, F. W. Verney, son of Lord Verney, won by a narrow margin. The enraged Unionists chased several prominent Liberals, who took refuge in houses near by. A stone broke the glass in a motor car, in which Lady Verney and Miss Verney were driving.

There was rioting at Belfast, where fifty-four persons were arrested on the charge of impersonating. According to the English law, all persons whose names appear on the registers may vote. One woman and two fourteen-year-old boys, who were thus registered, voted. Numbers of American citizens residing in London were notified that their names were on the registers, and they voted unchallenged.

An enormous placard was displayed at Hampton, with the inscription:

"If the Radical-Socialist Government is retained, in fifteen years England will be under the power of Germany. You may be forced into the German Army."

Conservative Press Jubilant.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A chorus of jubilation arises from the Conservative journals this morning. The Daily Telegraph says:

"With one splendid blow the counties have changed the whole situation in a way which promises to smash the hopes of the radical coalition to pieces and to leave the Government, at the best, utterly dependent upon the Irish and Socialist vote and confronted by an adverse majority of the British people. Throughout the country the Unionists in a most remarkable manner have increased their own and decreased the Liberal majorities. All this assures the Unionists that whether they triumph outright now or a little later the future is their own, if they only know how to play the greatest of games. We have now reached the most dramatic moment of the greatest electoral conflict in living memory."

The Standard, similarly commenting upon the increasing force of Unionist reaction and the enormous increase in the Unionist voting, puts its finger upon the curious fact that, while the bulk of the large manufacturing districts oppose tariff reform, the agricultural districts appear to favor it.

The Morning Post, a protectionist organ, in a less confident frame of mind, says:

"All signs point to the two parties as being of about equal strength. It would seem that the nation as a whole has not as yet made up its mind as to the course it wishes to follow. There has been no decisive movement of opinion either on one side or the other, such as was seen in 1895, 1900, and 1906. The nation stands at the parting of the way, and must soon decide between two widely diverging paths."

The editorials in the Liberal papers take a very subdued tone, but still are full of hope. The Chronicle says: "At the worst, the Liberal majority may be reduced to seventy or eighty."

The Daily News attributes the country reverses to systematic intimidation by the great landlords over the village communities ever since the Chancellor introduced his budget.

MADRIZ TO FIGHT ESTRADA.

Nicaraguan Peace Negotiations Fail and Hostilities Will Be Resumed.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Jan. 20.—President Madriz announced to-day that Gen. Estrada's reply had served to end the peace negotiations abruptly, and that reinforcements had been ordered to the front with the purpose of striking a decisive blow at the insurgent army.

Gen. Estrada's reply was to the President's message inviting the insurgent leader to send peace commissioners to meet representatives of the Government at Greytown. The communication, which was signed by Estrada and Gen. Chamorro, stated that they would accept Greytown as a meeting place for peace commissioners provided Madriz would recognize the revolutionists as constituting a provisional government.

President Madriz declared to-day that the insurgent terms were preposterous, and their acceptance by him would be tantamount to illegitimatizing his own Government.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Jan. 20.—Salomon Selva, who appeared as prosecuting attorney before the court-martial that sentenced Groce and Cannon, the Americans who allied themselves with the insurgent cause, and Gen. Medina, who was charged by President Zelaya with the execution of the sentences, were arraigned in court to-day accused of having convicted the prisoners illegally.

SAYS CHINA INSPIRED KNOX.

Japan Attributes to Her the Manchurian Railway Proposal.

PEKING, Jan. 20.—Japan has notified China informally through the Japanese Legation here that Japan and Russia, by concerted action, will decline the proposal of the United States for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways.

Japan charges China with having been responsible for the proposal, and thus of having committed an act unfriendly to her.

MINERS PLAN BIG UNION.

Alliance Between the Coal and Metal Workers Is Favored.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 20.—A unified and aggressive organization of the metal and coal miners of North America is the design of the leaders of the Western Federation of Miners and of the United Mine Workers of North America, presented to the convention of the United Mine Workers in this city to-day.

Committees of the two organizations will draw up a plan of alliance, which is expected to be either an amalgamation or a working agreement, and it will be offered to this convention for ratification. The coal miners' committee will be named to-morrow. Charles H. Moyer, President, and C. E. Mahoney, Vice President, of the Western Federation of Miners, which is composed chiefly of metal miners, made speeches urging the formation of a league of all miners.

The projected merger was unanimously approved by the convention.

President Lewis announced the committees when the convention opened today. That on wage scale will formulate the demand of the bituminous coal miners for an increase of from 10 to 20 per cent. The committee consists of twenty-two members, with W. P. Rollins of District 11, as Chairman.

BANK OFFICERS INDICTED.

Accused of Perjury After Failure of Cleveland Concern.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 20.—U. G. Walker, President, and W. D. Duncan, Secretary of the South Cleveland Banking Company, which recently failed for more than $1,000,000, were indicted by the Grand Jury to-day charged with perjury.

It is alleged in the indictments that Walker and Duncan made false statements to the State Bank Examiner as to the financial condition of the bank, covering up the bulk of the loan to the Werner Company of Akron, Ohio. The loan to the Werner Company was for $1,144,000. Walker was a Director in the company.

MRS. LEISHMAN WINS CASE.

French Court Decides for Her in Dispute Over Curtains.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The court to-day dismissed the case growing out of the attempted seizure of lace curtains furnished for the residence in the Avenue due Bois de Boulogne of Mrs. John G. A. Leishman, wife of the United States Ambassador to Italy.

The court decided that it was simply a question of a disputed bill, and that the standing of Mrs. Leishman should have protected her against seizure.

Mrs. Leishman was not in the city when a tradesman sought to take from her home goods which he valued at $1,800, and for which he had not been paid. In the absence of Mrs. Leishman the correctness of the bill was questioned and the seizure resisted.

ARCHBISHOP A DEFENDANT.

First Suit Growing Out of French School Fight on Trial.

RHEIMS, France, Jan. 20.—The first of the suits brought by the Public School Teachers' Association against the Bishops who signed the episcopal letter warning Catholic parents that the teaching in the public schools jeopardized the religious belief of their children came to trial today.

The defendant, Cardinal Ludovic Henry Lucon, Archbishop of Rheims, attired in his ecclesiastical garments, and wearing the scarlet beretta, was present.

BRYAN ARRIVES IN PERU.

Met at Callao by Representative of President Leguia.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 20.—William Jennings Bryan arrived here to-day. He was landed at Callao from his steamer by a Government launch, and was met by a large number of prominent persons, including a representative of President Leguia.

Mr. Bryan proceeded here and dined at the American Legation to-night. The working classes are arranging special honors for him.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

MADRID, Jan. 20.—The organisers of the amnesty movement in Barcelona, the object of which is to secure the liberation of political prisoners, are planning to extend the campaign throughout Catalonia, and a general strike may be declared.

CZAR'S SPIES HERE, SAYS BOURTSEFF

Ranks of the Revolutionists Full of Them, and Exposures Are to Come.

DEFENDS BOMB THROWING

Asserts That He Himself Was Marked for Assassination—Blames the Throne for All.

Friends of Vladimir Bourtseff of the Russian revolutionary propaganda learned from him yesterday of startling exposures to be made by him while in this country.

Since his arrival on Wednesday night on the Oceanic, Bourtseff has met many of the leaders of the Social-Revolutionary and the Social-Democratic Parties in this country at the house of Dr. Paul S. Kaplan, 230 East Broadway, himself a Russian exile for his political faith.

To trusted men in the movement here for Russian freedom he is said to have disclosed that the Czar's secret agents were in every meeting the revolutionists held in this and every other city of this country; that, in fact, the ranks here are filled with traitors to the cause.

The names of many of these men, he said, were known to him. Not many days will elapse before they are summoned before the leaders of the two principal parties to stand trial. Bourtseff is said to have obtained his information about the duplicity of these men who have been high in the revolutionary counsels here, strange to say, from the Russian police themselves.

To testify against Alexander M. Evalenko of 102 West Thirty-eighth Street, already on trial on charges said to have originated from information from Bourtseff, and to unmask many other spies here, was frankly admitted yesterday as the chief reason for his coming here at this time, though it is expected that he will use the opportunity to do everything in his power to bring the two parties, the Social-Revolutionary and the Social-Democratic, into a closer union.

It was also said that he had brought over with him letters and documents to be used against Evalenko. Some of these letters are said to be attributed to Evalenko, but the nature of these and the testimony he is expected to give before the Evalenko Trial Committee he would not discuss. Dr. Kaplan said, however, that the expected trial of Evalenko, with Bourtseff as the chief witness, would be of minor importance in comparison with the unmasking by him of those against whom not a word of suspicion has been uttered on this side.

It was reported by cable to THE TIMES last Sunday that Bourtseff expected to speak more freely in American regarding the Czar and the Russian Government than he dared even in Paris. He seemed yesterday to be living up to that expectation, for he declared that the Czar was the worst enemy the Russian people have.

"The Czar," said he, "is the strongest opponent in Russia of liberty and justice. The terrible reactionary policies of the Government are not dictated by his relatives, the Grand Dukes, but are the ideas of Nicholas himself. I have studied his character intimately for fifteen years, and know him not to be the plastic putty he shows to the outside world, but the real power on the throne.

"He is not shielded from knowledge of happenings or conditions, as some suppose. All the massacres of the Jews were with his connivance and by his actual orders. Azeff was a friend of the Czar. Azeff was in the plots which ended in the deaths of Von Plehve and the Grand Duke Sergius. The Czar protected the slayer of Poloneff, member of the First Russian Duma from Poland. When extradition of the murderer was asked the Czar refused.

"The Czar inspired the torture of poor Marie Spirindova, who was put under the care of Abramoff, special servant of the Czar, and driven almost to a maniac's cell by ill treatment at his hands. He knows everything evil done in Russia.

"I have evidence that there are hundreds in this city active in the service of the Russian Government, and many within the circles of professed revolutionists. Five were on the ship with me, who watched every movement. When I went on deck there was one. By my stateroom door was another; a third got a seat by me at the table. There are Russian spies on every ship, especially every ship bound for this country, paid to watch and warn.

"On information given by spies in Paris I was marked for assassination months ago, but it was then seen that my death would cause more harm at that time than my living, and that is why I am here to-day.

"I look at bomb-throwing as a historian who regrets now the overthrow and death of a tyrant of a thousand years ago as a deed which must be abhorred. If assassination shocks you today by its nearness wait five years and judge. Bomb-throwing is a prudent and inevitable weapon by which oppressed humanity must win freedom, and is no more atrocious than the weapons of the rich and noble."

Bourtseff said he expected to be under the espionage of the Czar's agents all the time he was in this country. A reception for him will be given this evening at the Grand Central Palace. He and half a dozen others will speak. Bourtseff will take up his residence at 46 Fifth Avenue this morning, that he may have the freedom from interruption necessary for his work.

NEW YORK NEEDS JUDGES.

Mr. Moot Thinks More Should Be Assigned to Courts Here.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Keen interest was aroused at the annual meeting of the New York State Bar Association this afternoon when the retiring President, Adelbert Moot of Buffalo, digressing from the manuscript of his annual address, severely criticised what he considered the inadequate assignment of twenty-nine Supreme Court Justices to New York City, while forty-two were assigned to what he termed the "country districts."

The New York City Justices, said Mr. Moot, were overworked and the courts from three to five years behind their schedules. Up-State, in some districts, Justices were not doing one-tenth the work of their brethren in the metropolis, and they should be required to share the burden in the congested districts.

Politics should be entirely eliminated from the election of Judges, Mr. Moot held. At the close of his address the Committee on Judiciary was instructed to prepare a memorial and present it to the present Legislature, asking that a way be devised to remove judicial nominations from the party columns in the ballots.

WALSH CHEERFUL IN PRISON.

Former Chicago Banker Sleeps Well and Enjoys Plain Fare.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 20.—"I slept very well, thank you," replied John R. Walsh, the former Chicago banker, in response to the greeting of a guard this morning at the Federal prison here. Mr. Walsh had arisen after his first night as "Convict 6,861" had made up the little cot in his cell and stood, as did the other 900 prisoners, awaiting the order to march to breakfast.

It is intended that for several days the aged prisoner be permitted to rest before entering upon the regular routine of penitentiary life. His chief concern seems to be that he shall violate none of the rules of the institution. He is eager to carry out to the letter every order given to him, and he displays a cheerfulness that surprises his keepers.

When the prisoners formed in line at 6:30 A. M., at the gong for breakfast, Mr. Walsh stepped into place. He partook of the plain prison fare apparently with enjoyment. After breakfast he was taken to the prison physician, where he had a brief preliminary examination. Here, also, he maintained his composure, answered all questions readily, and gave the doctors whatever help he could in determining his physical condition.

Mr. Walsh was then taken to the office of William McClaughy, son of the Warden, and special agent of the Department of Justice, in charge of the Bertillion system. There Mr. Walsh spent the day under observation. Later this week a more thorough examination will be made by the physician, and then, if the prisoner is found fit he will be assigned to work, probably next week.

DAY ANSWERS SCHURMAN.

Chancellor Can't See Why Cornell Should Be Only Agricultural College.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse University takes strong exception to the statement made by President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell in his speech before the State Agricultural Society last night to the effect that in the State of New York there is room for only one genuine college of agriculture.

"It will not surprise any one," said the Chancellor, "that Dr. Schurman thinks there is room for only one agricultural college in New York, and that he should think he ought to have it. But why should there be only one agricultural college any more than there should be only one law college or one medical college? There are only a few hundreds seeking medical or legal education. There are hundreds of thousands of farmers, every one of whom should be educated in agriculture and horticulture. It is absurd to say that all these boys will go to Ithaca. It is a mistake for the State to keep pouring money into one university to differentiate and segregate a few farmboys from other college students."

To Settle Yerkes Estate.

Answers by the heirs and executor under the will of Charles T. Yerkes in the suit of the Underground Electric Railways Company of London were filed yesterday in the United States Circuit Court. The defendants say that it is necessary to sell the property to pay Yerkes's debts and to assure the dower to the widow, who has agreed to accept a gross sum in settlement. Mrs. Yerkes is to get 20.18 per cent. of the net amount received from the sale of the real estate.

EXHIBITION OF
PAINTINGS
By Modern Masters
"The Coast of Brittany"
By Whistler
exhibited at
Whistler Memorial Exhibition, London.
EXAMPLES BY
Weissenbruch and Van Marcke,
from the Alexander Young Collection
also works of
L'Hermitte, Mauve, Israels,
Jacob Maris, Monticelli and Fantin.
JANUARY 17th to 31st
AT GALLERIES OF
C. W. Kraushaar
260 Fifth Ave., Near 29th Street.

ROCKEFELLER, JR., SEES MAYOR

Urges Him to Get an Appropriation to Further the White Slave Inquiry.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., foreman of the Special Grand Jury which is investigating the so-called "white slave" traffic in New York, called on the Mayor and other members of the Board of Estimate yesterday to urge the granting of an appropriation to allow further inquiry into the matter.

Mr. Rockefeller was with the Mayor some time. Then he called on Borough President McAneny of Manhattan and Controller Prendergast. As he left the Mayor's office he said he did not wish to go into the details of their conversation, as in doing so he might defeat the ends for which the Special Grand Jury is working.

"It is not quite time for me to talk yet," said he. "When our work is completed we will have much to say. We have certain matters before us which we wish to investigate. When we have done this we will talk readily enough."

Mr. McAneny and the Controller were equally reticent about the visit of Mr. Rockefeller to City Hall, but the Mayor gave an inkling of what the Special Grand Jury wishes to do. He said it is proposed to hire a sociological expert to make an investigation in this city similar to that which Prof. Jenks conducted for the Government. He gave the reporters to understand that the board will look favorably on the request, and that when the matter is brought formally before it the necessary funds will be voted.

Congressman William S. Bennet will go before the "white slave" Grand Jury to-day. After he has given what material he has gathered as a member of the Federal Immigration Commission the Grand Jury will adjourn until next Thursday, the investigation continuing in the meantime.

On account of the unpredecented number of callers at the Mayor's office an extra policeman was assigned there yesterday. He is James J. McKetrick of the West Twentieth Street Station.

THE fundamental reason why our Evening Clothes Department has attained its wonderful success is because it can serve 99 out of every 100 men properly—men who are of regular size or unusually large or small—men who are extremely critical—men who want the best they can buy for their money. Dress Suits from $30 to $55. Tuxedo Coats from $14 to $30.

Dress Suits, Special at $30

Here's one of the specials that has made our Evening Clothes Department famous.—Dress Suits of imported black Whipcord-style points as shown in the illustration. Very special at $30.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

Trust the Maker

What makes a good piano? Good materials, good workmanship and the right intent. Can you easily determine these factors in the finished product? No, you have to trust the maker. The Esteys have been worthy of every trust for 60 years.

¶In a general way most people already know this, but we should like an opportunity to tell you more. Come in some day, take an easy chair and hear an Estey piano. Let us assist (not insist) in the wise choice of a good instrument.

THE ESTEY COMPANY
7 West 29th Street
Sixty years of honor
in musical instrument making.

Think Right about an
ESTEY PIANO

B. Altman & Co.

DIRECT ATTENTION TO THE "MARVEX" KID GLOVES,
FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
THESE GLOVES ARE GUARANTEED AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY
BY B. ALTMAN & CO., AND ARE MANUFACTURED BY
TRÉFOUSSE & CIE., CHAUMONT, FRANCE.

ALSO GLOVES OF VARIOUS LEATHERS AND FABRICS, IN
STYLES AND WEIGHTS FOR DRESS, WALKING
AND MOTOR WEAR.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."
Its pure Natural Carbonic Acid Gas
acts as a Gastric Stimulant and Tonic
and promotes the Digestion and Assimilation
of even the Richest Food.

Frederick Loeser & Co.
In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.
The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store
Within 17 Minutes of Forty-second Street.

To-Day Brings the Important Disposal of
Women's Costumes,
Evening and Opera Wraps
AT EXACTLY HALF FORMER PRICES.

STEP FROM THE ELEVATORS to the second floor to-day and you will think you are visiting a fashion show.

Grouped before you on forms will be a great company of the season's most beautiful evening Gowns and Wraps. There is the choicest work of the foremost American makers. There are reproductions and modifications of the best Gowns and Wraps from the famous French dress designers.

But the important fact that makes this occasion of special interest to every woman who reads is that, without a single exception, these garments are marked at half of their former prices.

It seems to us an opportune time to make this disposal. The social season is at its height. These beautiful Dresses will give the greatest pleasure if worn now. And so, without waiting until the season's end, we propose to give to those who come here now the opportunity to add new beauty to their wardrobes at a price that will scarcely pay for the materials used in the garments.

It is impossible to list the entire stock. The Costumes were $45 to $200—and are half priced. The Wraps were $50 to $250—and are half priced. But in few cases are there duplicates, and so, just to give some indication of the variety, we print this very small list from the stock:

$97.50 From $195.
Satin meteor Gowns, with chiffon over trimming, including coat cape.
$100 From $200.
Three piece Gown of satin meteor, fancy trimmings; Cape to match.
$97.50 from $195.
Three piece Gown of biscuit colored broadcloth, trimmed with hand embroidered net; Cape to match.
$75 From $150.
Costume of messaline with overskirt of silver lace.
$37.50 From $75.
Costume of white messaline, short sleeves, low neck, trimmed with lace and embroidery.
$55 From $110.
White embroidered net costume with bead trimming.
$50 From $100.
Spangled net Robe, low neck, short sleeves.
$30 From $60.
White crepe de chine Gown, plaited bodice, square neck, half sleeves.
$125 From $250.
Opera Cloak of silk velvet with trimming of Adelaide chinchilla (opossum).
$125 From $250.
Opera Cloak of silk with Alaska sable, full shawl collar and cuffs.
$87.50 From $175.
Opera Cloak of silk moire with Alaska sable (skunk) collar and cuffs.
$55 From $110.
Coat of imported homespun, fur lined to waist and Alaska (skunk) top collar.
$37.50 From $75.
Evening Coat of broadcloth, leather collar, satin revers, cuffs and linings.
$32.50 From $65.
Evening Cape of broadcloth trimmed with shirred satin.
$37.50 From $75.
Evening Cape with new draped effect, finished with satin scarf.
$34 From $67.98.
Black chiffon cloth Costume with crepe trimming.
$37.50 From $75.
Mourning Costume of crepe de chine, trimmed with crepe and net.
$43.75 From $87.50.
Costume of crepe de chine with draped overskirt, lace yoke and full sleeves.
$27.50 From $55.
Costume of crepe de chine, old rose color.
$62.50 From $125.
Costume of satin meteor, raisin color, fancy net sleves and yoke, bodice heavily embroidered.

NONE SENT C. O. D., CREDITED OR EXCHANGED.
Second Floor, Front.

Men's $1 to $2.50 Winter Underwear
at 79c. and $1.19 a Garment.

AT THE END OF THE SEASON you might expect to buy Underwear at a reduced price. But this opportunity came our way, and now, at a time when most men need new supplies to tide them over the winter, we make it possible to buy garments of a standard make, subject to insignificant imperfections, at these greatly reduced prices:

$1 and $1.50 Underwear at 79c. a Garment.
"Seconds" of the Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company, of merino in medium and winter weight in the natural gray color and white.
$1.50 to $2.50 Underwear at $1.19 a Garment.
"Seconds" of the Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company, of merino in medium and winter weights in white and natural color.

Seasonable Underwear for Women.
25c. and 35c. Underwear at 19c. Of medium weight cotton, bleached white; Vests and French band Drawers in regular and extra sizes.
50c. to $1 Underwear at 35c. Swiss ribbed imported Vests, low neck, sleeveless and crocheted tops.
50c. and 65c. Underwear at 39c. Ribbed shaped fleece lined cotton Vests and French band Drawers in regular and extra sizes.
75c. and $1 Underwear at 49c. Ribbed shaped merino Vests and French band Drawers in a range of broken sizes.

Men's Underwear, Main Floor, Elm Place Entrance.
Women's and Children's Underwear on the Second Floor.

$4.50 to $6 White Irish Point Curtains, $2.98.
$8 to $10 White Irish Point Curtains, $5.98.

JANUARY HAS FOR YEARS been noted as the month of opportunity for home furnishers in the Upholstery Store. And this year it is passing all former records.

Take these two special lots of fine white Irish Point Curtains as examples of the money-saving possibilities which this month is bringing. They are all imported Curtains of good qualities, and come in a range of twenty-five patterns.

And here are other equally remarkable values:

$2 to $3 White Nottingham Lace Curtains, $1.69.
$3 to $3.75 White Nottingham Curtains, $2.25.
There are many one, two and three pair lots in this offering. Brussels, novelty and cable net styles.
$2.50 to $3 White Arab Ruffled Net Curtains, $1.75.
Made with wide English Cluny insertions and edges.
$7 to $8 Lacet Arabian Curtains at $5.98.
$14 to $18.50 Lacet Arabian Curtains at $9.98.
Made with artistic lace insertions.
$5.50 Mercerized and Bordered Portieres at $2.75.
$6 to $8 Mercerized and Bordered Portieres at $3.98.
A quantity of one and two pair lots of fine mercerized and bordered Portieres.

Third Floor, Front.

Lawn and Batiste Robes,
$10.98—Values $13 to $20.

THEY ARE A PART of a maker's sample line and include some of the most beautiful Robes we have ever seen.

Made of the sheerest of lawns and finest of batistes in a variety of pretty styles; some are neatly embroidered, combined with hemstitching; others are made with flounces and hemstitched. Some are all white, others are in colors, such as champagne with white and lavender and white.

There is ample material in each Robe for a full gown and sufficient insertion to complete the waist.

Main Floor, Rear.

$2 Metal Frame Hand Bags, 98c.

ONE OF A HALF DOZEN special Hand Bag values, each of which is distinguished by its good quality and good style, as well as its little price.

These Bags, which are marked at 98c. to-day, are of black walrus grain leather, in the round bottom effect, lined with leather, with gilt frames, studded with jewels and finished with top handle.

Main Floor.

FULL SENATE TO TRY CASE AGAINST ALLDS

Brackett, Grady, and Meade Appointed to Fix Plan and Scope of Inquiry.

LID MAY BE CLAMPED DOWN

Strong Sentiment Among Politicians Favors Confining Investigation to Charges Made by Senator Conger.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—By unanimous vote in the upper house it was decided to-day that the charges of official corruption made against Senator Jotham P. Allds of Chenango County by his colleague, Senator Benn Conger of Tompkins County, shall be investigated before the full Senate. Interest at the Capitol to-night centres in the scope this investigation is likely to assume. This question remains in the balance.

It has been left for a committee composed of Senators Edgar T. Brackett of Saratoga, Thomas F. Grady of New York, and George L. Meade of Rochester to suggest whether the lid shall be pried off and the secrets of the system hinted at in the interview with Senator Conger printed in THE TIMES, under which legislative measures were made merchandise, shall be laid bare or whether the lid shall remain on. A decided difference of opinion is expressed among the legislators here with reference to the forthcoming recommendations of this committee.

Under the resolution which created it the committee must report back to the Senate on Tuesday the conclusions it has reached on the question of plan and scope. The committee, of course, is supposed to eliminate all personal or political considerations in the task allotted to it. Nevertheless the personnel of the committee figured largely in the guessing as to what the inquiry will bring forth which was going on briskly among the legislators to-night over dinner tables and in hotel lobbies.

Of the three, Brackett, while a Republican, has practically been beyond the organization breastworks for years. He has no love for the leadership of the present or of the last decade. He was one of the insurgent Senators who failed to enter the Republican caucus and support Allds for the majority leadership, and he was present in the room at the Ten Eyck when Conger made the statement that furnishes the basis for the prospective investigation.

Grady, while Democratic leader, has made common cause with the Republican machine in the Senate for years, and is very friendly to Allds. As for Senator Meade, it has been suggested that George W. Aldridge, the Republican boss of Monroe County, could make him sneeze by taking snuff himself. Meade was appointed on the committee over his own protest after Senator George H. Cobb of Jefferson had declined point blank to serve.

The committee held a meeting this afternoon, but adjourned until Monday evening without reaching any conclusion or making any official statement of what had occurred at the meeting. One of the three Senators was asked by the correspondent of THE TIMES what his views were.

"I can speak only for myself," was the reply. "Personally, I am in favor of giving this investigation the widest possible scope. If the name of some person not mentioned in the allegations made by Senator Conger, who is at present a member of the Legislature, should be dragged in, I presume the Legislature must take official cognizance of such testimony. If some man not a member should be implicated, I believe an opportunity should be afforded him to come before the Senate and explain or reply."

The report of the Committee on Plan and Scope will come before the full Senate, which may adopt or reject it. In that body there is unquestionably a preponderance of sentiment in favor of confining the investigation to the immediate accusations made against Senator Allds.

"If we should open the gates wide the names of men now dead who could not come here and defend themselves might be dragged in," said one Senator. "That would be an outrage and a misfortune. I don't think we want any of that. We want to maintain the dignity and honor of the Senate, but we are not ghouls."

The question of whether the inquiry should be held before the full Senate or before a special committee was thrashed out in a conference of the Republican Senators at the Capitol which even the insurgents entered. Twenty-nine of the thirty-four Republican Senators were present.

As soon as the conference had organized with Senator White of Rochester as Chairman and Senator Schlosser of Dutchess as Secretary, Senator Cobb of Jefferson made a motion that the investigation be in open Senate.

Senator Hill of Buffalo offered an amendment providing for a hearing before a special committee of seven Senators. Senator Brackett expressed himself as in sympathy with Senator Hill's plan and with Senators White and Schlosser failed to vote either for or against the Cobb motion. The latter was adopted, however, by a vote of 17 to 9.

Senator Brackett then drafted a resolution which was agreed to by the conference and was presented to the Senate. It reads as follows:

> Resolved, That the investigation asked for by the Senator from the Thirty-seventh District, (Senator Allds's,) involving charges made against his integrity and the dignity of the Senate, be conducted by the Senate itself or acting as Committee of the Whole, and that a committee of three Senators be named by the presiding officer to formulate methods and rules of procedure and report the same to the Senate at its regular session, Jan. 25, inst., (next Tuesday.)

In the Senate the resolution was adopted without a dissenting vote.

The nine Senators who voted at the conference against an inquiry before the full Senate were Agnew, Alt, Cordts, Davis, Hill, Holden, Meade, Rose, and Witter. It was said that their objections were purely on the ground that a committee could get through with the work quicker and without retarding the ordinary work of the Senate. With the full Senate investigation it is predicted that all the work in that branch, with the exception of the introduction of bills, will come to a standstill until after a decision shall have been reached with reference to the Allds charges. The Senate leaders will try hard to cut the inquiry short and have it over with in a couple of days.

Both Senators Allds and Conger—under pressure it was said—asked "to be excused" from further participation in the deliberations of that body until after the investigation. This was granted without delay. Senator Davis of Buffalo, who has served longer in the Senate than any of his Republican colleagues, assumed the duties of President pro tem. in the absence of Lieut. Gov. White, and Senator Hill, also of Buffalo, in his capacity as Chairman of the Finance Committee, acted as Republican leader on the floor.

Immediately after being excused from further attendance, Senator Allds went into conference with three prominent lawyers, whom he consulted about his case. They were Lewis E. Carr, counsel for the Delaware & Hudson Railroad; Danforth E. Ainsworth, former majority leader of the Assembly, and ex-Judge Lewis E. Griffith of Troy. All are intimate friends of Senator Allds. Mr. Ainsworth was associated with ex-Justice Edward Hatch in the defense of Otto Kelsey, when he was up on charges before the Senate. After the conference Senator Allds said he had not yet settled on any one to conduct his defense.

Senator Conger reiterated to-day his assertion that he would be prepared to substantiate his statement that to his knowledge Mr. Allds, while majority leader of the Assembly, had accepted a "retainer" to defeat legislation distasteful to certain bridge companies in which Conger was financially interested. He left for his home in Groton this afternoon to prepare his evidence. What witnesses he intended to call, or what evidence he was prepared to present to the Senate in substantiation of his charges, Senator Conger would not say. Senator Allds did not seem to worry very much.

It was said here to-night that Senator Conger would make no direct charge against Senator Allds, but merely repeat in his own way what he had said at the insurgent conference. The insurgents, of course, will have the fullest opportunity to cross examine him, but it is not believed that any of the six Senators who attended the insurgent meeting will be called as witness.

CUT-RATE SALOON LICENSE.

Fee of $350 for Exclusive Sale of Domestic Wines Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Assemblyman Harry Kopp of New York, one of the new members of the Legislature, introduced to-day a bill to provide a cheap license tax for the exclusive sale of domestic wines. The rate of tax provided in the bill is $350 a year for New York City, instead of $1,200, the amount now exacted for saloon licenses.

Maynard N. Clement, State Excise Commissioner, said to-day that he knew of no organization that had asked for this legislation. Several years ago, he said, the grape growers of Chautauqua County had favored such a tax. The Excise Department at that time took the view that the policy of the excise law was to make no concession for any form of intoxicants. Prior to the enactment of the existing law there was provision for a special license for the exclusive sale of beer, but that section of the law was not re-enacted.

TO GUARD STATE'S FORESTS.

Commissioner Whipple Urges Adoption of Methods to Preserve Them.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Commissioner James S. Whipple of the Forest, Fish and Game Department has written to virtually every sawmill operator, pulpwood manufacturer, and consumer of wood material in the State, calling attention to the necessity for forest conservation. He has requested co-operation with the department by the adoption of modern methods of bettering forest conditions, improvement of the use of woodlands, and, in general, the adoption of steps to place the forests under a more productive and profitable management.

Statistics gathered by the commission for nearly twenty years indicate that the consumption of wood products is about five times greater than the production.

"This means," says the Commissioner, "exhaustion of wood supplies, closing of mills, large financial losses through depreciation of mill properties, unemployed labor, scarcity of forest products, and higher prices for all wood materials. Unless we repair this constant depletion of forest growth twenty years will see the culmination of an economic crisis in this State. Every commercial tree will have disappeared by that time."

LICENSE FOR PRODUCE MEN.

May Be Required to File Bonds to Compel Fair Dealing.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20—A bill introduced to-day by Assemblyman John M. Lupton of Suffolk County, if enacted, will compel produce commission merchants of the State to procure licenses from the State Controller and file bonds of $10,000 each. Mr. Lupton is a seed grower in Mattituck, and his measure is in the interest of the farmers who send garden produce to the cities.

The bond would be required to compel commission merchants to make a true accounting to their consigners of all produce received and sold, and to remit to the consigners full net returns from the sale of all such products within ten days of the sale.

WOULD AMEND CONSTITUTION.

Changes Affecting New York City Are Proposed to Legislature.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Three concurrent resolutions proposing amendments to the Constitution were introduced in the Senate to-day. One, presented by Senator Robert F. Wagner of New York, affects condemnation proceedings in New York City. It provides for the appointment of a land court, composed of three Justices of the Supreme Court, to be designated by the Governor.

Another amendment proposed by Senator Wagner would abolish the City Court of New York after Jan. 1, 1912, and would vest the jurisdiction of that court in the Supreme Court.

Senator Brough offered an amendment which would withdraw from the Appellate Division Justices power to fix the time and place for special terms and to assign the Justices for such terms.

SEEK OFFICES FOR WOMEN.

Albany Anti-Suffragists to Aid Bread Earners of Their Sex.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Active interest in the anti-suffrage cause was demonstrated to-day when scores of representative women of Albany attended the annual meeting of the Albany branch of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage. Resolutions offered by Mrs. Nelson H. Henry were adopted placing the association on record as favoring legislation for the betterment of conditions for the bread-earning women, and pledging itself to espouse energetically their cause.

The action of the State association in urging the Governor of the State and the Mayor of New York, so far as possible, to appoint women on educational, charitable, sanitary, and reformatory boards, commissions, and committees, was approved. In introducing the resolutions Mrs. Henry declared that, though opposed to the ballot for women, members of the association were negative quantities only as concerned this question; that they were with and for the women who stood for bread-winning womens' interests.

ILL HEALTH IN SCHOOLS.

Dr. Gulick Says Proper Medical Attention Should Be Provided.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 20.—That half of the children who enter the schools of American cities do not remain to graduate was the statement made to-night before the conference of the Ohio Boards of Health in a paper written by Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, Director of the Department of Child Hygiene of the Russell Sage Foundation, New York City. Dr. Gulick, on account of illness, was unable to be present, and his paper was read by Dr. C. O. Probst, Secretary of the State Board of Health.

"The data obtained by the Department of Child Hygiene shows that 25 per cent. of the children fail to attend school as much as 75 per cent. of the time," he wrote. "Our investigation also shows that 16 per cent. of the children drop out of school from ill-health. Intelligent medical inspection, with an effective school nurse system, will lower the percentages. These are as necessary in the school system as an expert engineer in a great factory."

EX-MAYOR'S SON ARRESTED.

Kingston Man Is Accused of Having Passed Worthless Checks.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 20.—Frederick J. Brinnier, who says he is a son of a former law partner of Alton B. Parker, was arrested here yesterday, chaged with having passed a worthless check. Brinnier is understood to be a son of ex-Mayor W. D. Brinnier of Kingston, N. Y. He came to Bridgeport early last month and struck up an acquaintance with A. W. Bliss, proprietor of a billiard room. It is charged that he made out a check for $75 in the name of Mr. Bliss, went to New York, and induced P. J. Gardner, a lawyer and a friend of the Brinnier family, to cash it.

The police say Brinnier admitted that he received the money from Mr. Gardner. It is regarded as probable that the trouble will be settled outside the courts, and that Brinnier will not be placed on trial.

Coachman Who Sued Mrs. Fitch Loses.

Ashbel P. Fitch, Jr., appeared before Supreme Court Justice Page yesterday as counsel for his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth A. Fitch, in the suit brought by Bernard Quinn, a coachman, for $10,000 damages for false arrest in May, 1907, following the loss by Mrs. Fitch of a diamond-studded comb in a coach Quinn was driving. At the time Quinn was discharged in court upon his employer's testimony that he had reported finding the comb. Lawyer Fitch said his mother had nothing to do with Quinn's arrest other than to report the matter to the police, and the court dismissed the complaint.

TELLS OF FINDING PEARY'S 1900 CAIRN

Report of Capt. Koch of the Mylius Erichsen Expedition Sent to the Commander.

MARKED HIS TURNING POINT

Record Peary Deposited There Had Already Been Returned to Him—Danes Discovered It in 1907.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Commander Robert E. Peary received to-day from the Danish Government, through Count Moltke, the Danish Minister here, a translation of the report made to the committee of the Denmark expedition by Capt. J. P. Koch, recounting the incidents of the recovery by the Denmark expedition of the records deposited by Commander Peary in a cairn in North Greenland, in May, 1900. The discovery was not made until seven years later, when Capt. Koch and the artist, M. Bertelsen, who took part in the expedition on which Mylius Erichsen, chief of the expedition, lost his life, came across the cairn.

The cairn discovered by the Danish expedition marked the northernmost point of the Peary sledge journey in 1900. On that expedition Peary reached the region now known as Peary Land, and shortly to the north of Cape Clarence Wyckoff came to a stop. There he made a record of his journey, wrapped it in canvas, and buried it in a tin box beneath a heap of stones five or six feet high, standing conspicuously on the coast. It was this mass of rocks with empty cans lying around it that Capt. Koch and Bertelsen discovered on their northward journey in 1907.

Capt. Koch removed the Peary record, replacing it with a memorandum of his find. Later the Captain was designated to deliver to Commander Peary the record found under the cairn, but he gave up the idea of coming to America.

The particulars incident to the finding of Commander Peary's report are as follows:

On May 12, 1907, in the evening, we came driving from the south along the east coast of Peary Land. Shortly after having passed Cape Clarence Wyckoff we discovered a dark cairn of about 1½ meters in height, which stool out prominently against the low, snow-clad shore. A number of empty cans having contained preserved food, which were scattered about, removed all doubt; we were standing before Commander Peary's cairn. Inside the cairn we found a report wrapped in canvas and inclosed in a tin box. We removed the report, in place of which we deposited the following statement:

> A sledge party of the Mylius Erichsen "Denmark expedition," Lieut. Koch, Artist Bertelsen, and the Eskimo Tobias Cabrelsen arrived here May 12, 1907, 10 P. M., on journey northward. I have taken R. E. Peary's record, which was deposited in this cairn.
> J. P. KOCH.

We had not expected to find the cairn so easily. The surprise, the consciousness of having attained the object planned for, the solemn feeling of having come across the trail of the famous American explorer, and to actually hold his autograph in our hands, all this contributed to our enthusiasm. Our little silk flag was taken out, and hoisted on the American cairn as an expression of our exaltation.

Saw Cairn Again on Return.

On May 13 we continued our journey northward to complete the American measurements between Grant B. Schley Fjord and Cape Bridgman.

When on our homeward journey we again passed Commander Peary's cairn we added to our previous statement the following lines:

> May 21, 1907, 7 A. M.—Reached Cape Bridgman. Stayed three days in the Hyde Fjord; lost here three dogs going down over a precipice in pursuit of a musk ox. We are now going southward toward Academy Land, three men, three sledges, and twenty dogs. Bertelsen and I suffer from not being able to digest the musk ox meat; for several days we have had almost no other food. I think we shall be all right again when we shall reach our depot at 82.30.
> J. P. KOCH.

On this occasion we took with us, at the suggestion of Mr. Bertelsen, the tin box and other wrappings which had protected Commander Peary's records, and which we originally had used for our report.

On May 27, quite unexpectedly, we came across the sledge party of Mylius Erichsen at Cape Rigsdagen. Mylius Erichsen asked me on this occasion what we were going to do with Commander Peary's record, and when I answered him that it was our intention to send it to the Peary Arctic Club, he signified his entire approval of the idea.

As is well known, we saw Mylius Erichsen here for the last time, and therefore had no occasion to consult him later on the subject.

With high regard, very respectfully,
J. P. KOCH.

Commander Peary has already received his own record.

COOK'S NOTEBOOK NO PROOF.

Danes Find Nothing New in It—Heidelberg Denies Cook Is There.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 20.—The report of Copenhagen University on the examination of Dr. Cook's original notebook was published this afternoon. It says the notebook contains the same material previously submitted, which means that it furnishes no proof whatever that the Brooklyn explorer reached the north pole.

Contrary to expectations, the observations fabricated by Capt. Loose are not mentioned in the report.

Mr. Lounsdale, Dr. Cook's secretary, will ask the Commission of Inquiry to give him the diary, so that he can eventually return it to Cook.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—Germany is immersed in uncertainty whether it has the doubtful honor of sheltering Dr. Cook at the present moment or not. The report that he is undergoing treatment incognito in a sanitarium near Heidelberg is resolutely denied by the management of all the known health resorts in the region of the famous university town, but the Kleine Presse of Frankfort claims to have positive information that Cook actually arrived at Heidelberg some time ago.

He is said by this paper to be very sick, recent events having told severely on him. Observers are quoted as declaring that his alleged discovery of the north pole was a figment of a diseased brain. Mrs. Cook is declared, on the same authority, to be in Heidelberg also.

The Kleine Presse alleges that the Directors of the various sanitariums who are denying Cook's presence are simply respecting his incognito. THE NEW YORK TIMES's telephonic and telegraphic inquiries throughout the Neckar Valley produce a chorus of denials of any knowledge of the Brooklyn explorer's whereabouts.

If you are looking for a Business Opportunity, see Page 17.

MRS. STETSON STILL LOYAL.

Has No Idea of Starting a New Church—Grateful for Having Built One.

Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson issued a statement yesterday to deny that she has any intention, as asserted in a morning newspaper, of "starting another church."

"I have no such intention, nor has such a step ever occurred to me," the statement said. "No body of my students has convened at my home for any such purpose, nor elsewhere, to my knowledge. I have never heard a student suggest another church. We are grateful to our God for having enabled us to build a church for the Cause of Christian Science, and as a tribute of love and gratitude to our beloved Leader, Mary Baker Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science and the author of its textbook, 'Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures.'

"This dear Church is built on the Rock of spiritual understanding—Christ, Truth, and Love. It is now passing through an experience which will unite in the bonds of spiritual love all who are willing to suffer with Christ that they may reign with Him. I declared my steadfast allegiance to Christ, to my beloved Leader, Mrs. Eddy, and to the Cause of Christian Science twenty-five years ago, and though my path has been beset by constant opposition at every step of my progress from the human to the Divine consciousness, I have never wavered in my faith in God nor in my loving loyalty to His highest manifestation of Truth in this age, Mary Baker Eddy."

EIGHT SMUGGLERS FINED.

Dressmakers Let Off Easy After Pleading Guilty—Blame Women in Society.

Eight more of the dressmakers indicted in the Government's general round-up of "sleeper trunk" smugglers pleaded guilty before Judge Hough yesterday in the United States Circuit Court. All escaped with fines. Thus far fifteen of the twenty-seven defendants named in the indictment have pleaded guilty, and fines have been imposed ranging from $500 to $7,500. In two cases sentences have been suspended.

The dressmakers who pleaded guilty yesterday and the fines were:

Ella McNamara, alias O'Connell, of 37 West Thirty-sixth Street, $2,500.
Annie E. Conlin of 55 West Thirty-eighth Street, $750.
Teresa F. Hannon of 26 West Forty-seventh Street, $1,500.
Annie E. McBirnie of 213 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, $2,000.
Augusta Wickstrom of 205 West Forty-eighth Street, $2,000.
Mary Kenny of 15 West Forty-sixth Street, $500.
Alice McAvoy of 41 West Forty-fifth Street, $1,000.
Katherine O'Connell of 73 West Forty-sixth Street, $1,000.

W. Wickham Smith, who appears in some of the custom cases as a Special Deputy Attorney General and in others as counsel for the defendants, represented the eight women who pleaded yesterday. He said in asking for clemency that the dressmakers were driven to adopt some illicit means of getting goods into this country by reason of the ease with which women in society have been able to cheat the customs on gowns and finery purchased abroad.

Assistant United States Attorney Goldthwaite Dorr reminded Judge Hough that the "sleeper trunk" conspiracy had been going on since 1904 with about 100 importations a year, averaging as much as $12,000 each.

VANDERBILTS NOT INTERESTED

Claim of London Promoter to Relationship Not Taken Seriously.

The members of the Vanderbilt family now in New York refused to discuss yesterday the assertions of the man in London calling himself Fred Vanderbilt, who obtained notes aggregating $1,625,000 from Prince Franz Josef of Braganza last November for emeralds and mining stock, and who declares that he is related to the New York Vanderbilt's. Henry B. Anderson, counsel for Frederick W. Vanderbilt said:

"The story of this man who calls himself Fred Vanderbilt is too absurd even to discuss. F. W. Vanderbilt left New York last Saturday for a trip South. George W. Vanderbilt is on his way to Europe, and W. K. Vanderbilt is now in New York. No one is taking the matter seriously."

Another representative of the family said that the Vanderbilts did no tintend to take any action regarding the man's representations. It was all too absurd, he said.

PLAN PASSIONIST CONVENT.

Nuns to Come from Italy and to Build in Pittsburg.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 20.—The first convent of the Nuns of the Passionist Order in America will be established in the Pittsburg Diocese within a short time. It will be located in Mount Oliver, some distance from the St. Paul's Monastery of the Passionist Fathers, at the head of South Eighteenth Street.

The five nuns who are to establish the order in the United States will leave Rome as soon as the property is acquired. The order of the Passionist Nuns was founded in 1770 by St. Paul of the Cross, and the first convent was established in Corneto, Italy. The nuns offer a retreat in their convent for women who seek to devote several days at a time to spiritual exercises.

Sale of Reuling Pictures To-day.

A part of the collection of George Reuling of Baltimore will be sold to-day at the Anderson Auction Rooms. The paintings are of unequal interest. Among the best is a portrait said to be of Benjamin Franklin in Court dress, a pleasant harmony in drabs delicately relieved with pale reds. It is given to Van Loo and is worthy of him.

A nice little Dutch interior, ascribed to Molenaer, has one or two passages of color that are almost good enough for Van Ostade, although the drawing is not close enough for his. "A Mishap on the Road" has more of the rich color of Old Crome than the landscape attributed to that master. Some of the more ambitious ascriptions will arouse the skepticism of the expert, but Baron Gros's "Napoleon in the Field" is a work that will interest collectors of the school of David.

A touchstone for this more or less aggressive art is provided in one of the cases in the gallery devoted to rare books, an illuminated page of a Latin Bible of the thirteenth century, the work of an English scribe, whose pure fresh color and vivaciously accurate line hold a sway over the admiration of art lovers undiminished by any ravage of time.

SPENCER TRASK LEFT HIS ESTATE IN TRUST

Did So at Request of Mrs. Trask, and Continues His Interest in Banking Firm.

PEABODY BUSINESS HEAD

Fortune Comparatively Small Owing to Benefactions Made Personally During His Lifetime.

The will of Spencer Trask, who was killed in the wreck on the New York Central Railroad near Croton, was filed yesterday at Saratoga. Its provisions were thus set forth and explained by counsel for the estate:

"The will of the late Spencer Trask is dated Jan. 24, 1900, and there is a codicil dated April 8, 1909. The executors are Mrs. Track, George Foster Peabody, a former partner of Mr. Trask, and George L. Nichols, his brother-in-law.

"Mr. Trask during his lifetime gave very liberally to charitable and philanthropic objects, and preferred to personally dispense his benefactions rather than make them by testamentary disposition. There are accordingly no charitable bequests in the will. After making ample provision for the continuance of his capital in the banking firm of Spencer Trask & Co. and bequeathing two specific amounts of $5,000 each, one to his secretary and the other to be divided among old employes, the entire residuary estate is left to the executors in trust for Mrs. Trask during her life, and upon her death is to be distributed as may be directed by her will.

"The will recites that it was Mr. Trask's desire to bequeath his property absolutely to Mrs. Trask, but that the above disposition was made entirely at her request. It is stated that it was so made with the view of having upon Mrs. Trask's death the bulk of Mr. Trask's property and the estate of Yaddo in Saratoga, which is owned by Mrs. Trask, finally dedicated to a philanthropic work which, ever since the death of their children, Mr. and Mrs. Trask have had much at heart.

"Counsel for the executors state that, although no definite estimate can be had at present, the reports in the press as to the amount of Mr. Trask's estate have been grossly exaggerated, and that, owing to the amount given away by him during his lifetime, it will prove to be comparatively small.

The fourth clause of the will reads:

> I direct that the amount of capital which at the time of my death I shall have invested in the banking firm of Spencer Trask & Co. shall be kept therein by my executors, and be subject to the contingencies for a period not extending either beyond ten years from the date of my death or beyond the lifetime of my said wife and George Foster Peabody, as George Foster Peabody, who is my partner and whom I appoint one of my executors, may determine to be for the best interests of the said business and my estate.
>
> During such period I direct that my said capital shall remain under his sole and entire management and that the share of the profits of the firm which shall, after the date of my death, be applicable to my capital therein, shall be determined absolutely by him.
>
> I direct that no part of my estate other than the capital so invested in the said firm shall be liable or made liable for any debts of said firm; and beyond the capital therein belonging to my estate and the profits thereon neither my said wife, Katrina, nor my estate shall have any interest whatsoever in said firm or be subject to any risks thereby.
>
> I further direct, in the case of the death of the said George Foster Peabody, either before the expiration of ten years after my death or before the termination of my interest in the said firm, that my said interest in the said firm shall be wound up as rapidly as may be consistent with the safety of my investment and with due regard to the rights and interests of my surviving partners, and that the net proceeds of such capital shall be received by my executors and treated as part of the principal of my residuary estate.
>
> In the event of the termination of my said interest in the said firm, either under the direction of the said George Foster Peabody or otherwise, the net proceeds thereof (except as accrued income may be applicable as aforesaid) shall be received and disposed of by my executors as part of the principal of my residuary estate.

A provision of $5,000 is made for Helen Longworthy in a codicil, if she is in the employ of the Trask family at the time of the testator's death.

TRAIN TEST BY THE CORONER

It Shows That Wreck Killing Banker Trask Might Have Been Prevented.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Coroner Squire made a test run this afternoon with a freight train as nearly identical as possible as to weight and number of cars as the one which ran into the express train at Croton on Dec. 31 resulting in the death of Spencer Trask, the banker. The same locomotive was used, and the train was stopped 714 feet back on the spot where the express train stood when it was run into by the freight. The weather conditions were nearly the same, except that it was a little more hazy, which might make it impossible to see so great a distance.

The inference drawn is that Engineer Flanagan might have stopped his train on the morning of the collision. Engineer Tully of the express testified at the inquest that under the circumstances that morning he thought he could not have stopped the freight running at thirty miles an hour in less than 2,200 feet.

Lewis H. Albers, the brake expert of the New York Central, testified that the freight ought to have been stopped in 700 feet, running thirty miles an hour. The Coroner will continue his inquest to-morrow, when he expects to finish the testimony.

To Confer on a High-Speed Railway.

Samuel Rea, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Morris R. Sherrerd, chief engineer of the Newark Board of Works, will hold a conference to-day in Jersey City, when the railroad will make clear its plans for a high-speed railway between Manhattan and Newark, as well as setting forth details hitherto withheld.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street

What Was Said

About the location of "The Store of Certain Satisfaction"—Bloomingdales'—by the Evening Mail was pertinent and interesting. It follows:

"Practically at the entrance to the new Queensboro Bridge; Elevated service from the Bronx, Harlem and the Brooklyn Bridge that is speedy; convenient by the same service and surface cars to people coming into town by the New York Central; Brooklyn Express trains by Subway to 59th Street, and thence by quick trolley service to the door; 59th Street trolley service from the west part of town that connects with all the trolley and elevated systems running north and south."

"Convenient to Everywhere."
Sayeth the Mail, it sayeth wisely.

Men's $4 Terry Bath Robes, made of very fine quality American Terry cloth in a great variety of colors and patterns; tassels, and cord to match the robe. All sizes, at......... $2.98

Men's Terry Bath Robes, of new, imported Terry cloth, in Jacquard and other neat stripes; round or shawl collar. All sizes, at........ $3.98

Men's Imported Terry Bath Robes, in many handsome and exclusive colorings and designs. All sizes, great value, at...... $5.98

Bloomingdales', Lex. to 3d Av. 59th to 60th St.

Better Jobs for Tenement Workers.

John J. Murphy, the new Tenement House Commissioner, announced yesterday the promotion of forty-four employes of his department, including inspectors, clerks, and typewriters, to fill vacancies caused by recent resignations and removals. The changes mean an increase in salary for the men and women concerned from $100 to $300 a year.

Month's Snow Bill $1,000,000.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards will ask the Board of Estimate to-day for an appropriation of $425,000 to cover the cost of the recent snow removal. The Commissioner believes that the snowfalls of the last month will cost the city nearly $1,000,000.

Theodore Roosevelt's
account of his
BUFFALO HUNT
ON THE KAMITI
in the
February Scribner

is a stirring and picturesque narrative of exciting sport and adventure.

The Buffalo is considered by many hunters the most dangerous of all African Big Game.

FREDERIC REMINGTON: A Painter of American Life. By Royal Cortissoz
Illustrated with the artist's paintings

The Story of the Life of a Locomotive Engineer.—Illustrated
ALL IN A DAY'S RUN. By W. H. Foster

An Article about
THE PROGRESSIVE PACIFIC COAST
By Henry T. Finck. The wonderful country, resources, development, and future of the Coast States

The New Serial
REST HARROW. By Maurice Hewlett

GREAT ACTING AND THE MODERN DRAMA
By Walter Prichard Eaton

Edith Wharton's Appreciation of George Cabot Lodge

The Best Aviator Story
THE HERMIT OF BUBBLING WATER
By Frederick Palmer
Danbury Rodd has one of his most thrilling adventures

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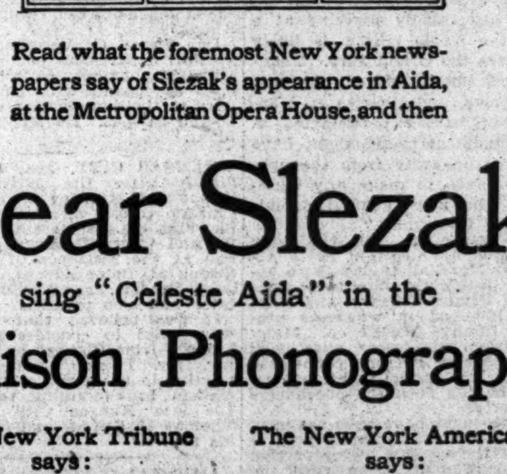

Slezak

Read what the foremost New York newspapers say of Slezak's appearance in Aida, at the Metropolitan Opera House, and then

Hear Slezak
sing "Celeste Aida" in the
Edison Phonograph

The New York Tribune says:

"Mr. Slezak dominated every scene, and his clarion voice rang out superbly in the climaxes. He sang the Celeste Aida with effectiveness, and the Nile scene with fire and passion, yet always with regard for phrase."

The New York American says:

"It is but a trifling with words, of course, to say that he was the greatest Rhadames that ever appeared on the American Stage. The house was crowded and the standees out in force; yet it was Slezak, not Caruso, who sang the principal tenor role."

These comments represent the consensus of opinion of all who heard Slezak at the Metropolitan in the role of Rhadames. Could you ask for better evidence of the fact that Slezak is the greatest lyric tenor since the days of Tamagno?

He sings the "Celeste Aida" and the great arias from Verdi's "Otello" exclusively for the Edison Phonograph. The Slezak Records are Edison Grand Opera Amberols—playing longer than any other Records made.

The AMBEROLA, the newest and highest type of Edison Phonograph

combines the rich, tonal beauty of the Edison Phonograph with a cabinet that is a masterpiece of craftsmanship. It is charmingly designed and finished and comes in either Mahogany or Oak to harmonize with surroundings in any home. It plays both Standard and Amberol Records. It has drawers for holding 100 Records. The price is $200.00. Other types of Edison Phonographs, $12.50 to $125.00.

See and hear the Amberola at your dealer's—and be sure to hear Slezak sing "Celeste Aida."

Edison Grand Opera Records..... 75c and $1.00
Edison Standard Records.......... 35c
Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long) 50c

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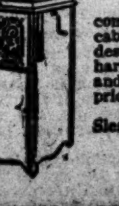


PAULHAN CAPTURES LOS ANGELES HONORS

Two World's Records in Flight and $15,000 in Prizes—Curtiss Wins in Speed.

LAST DAY SEES PAIR RACE

American Easily Overtakes French Rival, but Flies Only Thirty Miles, While Paulhan Goes Twice as Far.

AVIATION FIELD, Los Angeles, Jan. 20.—Glenn H. Curtiss and Louis Paulhan furnished the excitement on the closing day of the aviation meet. Paulhan went up at 3:25 o'clock for an endurance flight. After he had done two or three laps of the course, Curtiss started a ten-lap speed trial, half a lap, or more than three-quarters of a mile behind Paulhan. It was the first real race of the ten days' meet.

The two aeroplanes came over the grand stand with the speed of express trains. Curtiss gained swiftly on Paulhan, and on the third lap he reached Paulhan, lying above him. The Frenchman for a few seconds held even. Then Curtiss, in his American machine, forged ahead a length, and finally half a lap. The smaller American machine was the faster beyond question. As Curtiss rushed over Paulhan he received the greatest applause that any of his efforts had gained.

Paulhan continued flying until he had been in the air nearly an hour and a half, and had covered 64.4 miles. Curtiss came down after a thirty-mile trip.

This race gives the whole story of the meet. The Curtiss machines won all the prizes for speed, quick starts, perfect landings, and those events where a light swift machine showed best.

Paulhan won all the cross-country, passenger-carrying and endurance tests, having a heavier, slower machine and an engine which he trusts absolutely. Paulhan took more than $15,000 in prizes and broke the world's records for altitude and cross-country flights, alone and with a passenger.

Curtiss broke no world's records and won less than $5,000 in prizes. Charles K. Hamilton and Charles H. Willard took second and third prizes in most events. The former had an accident to-day. As Hamilton was returning from a fifteen-mile flight toward the ocean the crankshaft of his machine snapped a mile from the field. He shut off the engine and so leveled and swayed his planes that he came down gently. It was a clever emergency handling of a machine, but was not seen by the spectators.

There was an odd parade to-day, showing the evolution of traveling. It was headed by old Ezra Meeker of Oregon trail fame, seated in a prairie schooner drawn by oxen. After him came cowboys, burros, carriages, automobiles, balloons, dirigibles, and finally the various aeroplanes, ending with a multiplane that looked like a wheat harvester. Curtiss and Paulhan walked in the van like bashful schoolboys.

Then as dusk gathered over the old Dominguez Ranch, four flying machines that had been circling in the air descended, the aviators walked to their tents, the great crowd filed down the roadway, and the first international aviation meet held in America was finished.

Charles K. Hamilton in spite of his accident will go to San Diego to-morrow and attempt to get the world's record for altitude now held by Paulhan, he says. Curtiss to-morrow will leave for Hammondsport, N. Y. Willard will go to Portland, Ore.

Louis Paulhan, with Maisson and Miscarol, his assistants, will leave to-morrow for San Francisco. It is probable that Paulhan will fly in Salt Lake and Denver and at New Orleans during the Mardi Gras celebration.

Before the French aviators leave, they, with Cortlandt Field Bishop and the dirigible pilots, Knabenshue and Beachey, will go to Pasadena, where they will be the guests of Prof. Thaddeus S. C. Lowe, who made a long-distance balloon record in 1861 that still stands. Prof. Lowe is about to begin the construction of a giant dirigible of an original type, which, he asserts, will have a lifting power of twenty tons. The envelope will be spherical, but the carriage below will be shaped like a boat. There will be two propellers, one to drive the airship backward or forward, and the other to lift or lower it. Prof. Lowe has devised a fabric which he declares will retain gas sufficient to maintain the ship in the air for two months.

LOSS MAY BE $1,000,000.

Alleged Western Indiana Real Estate Frauds May Reach Grand Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Developments in the Chicago & Western Indiana real estate scandal are rapidly arriving at a point where the whole matter is likely to be laid before the Grand Jury. Meanwhile the three men, John C. Feltzer, Benjamin Thomas, and Charles B. Kappes, accused of having participated in the alleged fraudulent transactions, have shut themselves up away from the public view and refuse to make any statements except the most general denials "on the advice of counsel."

From the nature of the testimony which was taken by Assistant State Attorney Thomas Marshall to-day there appears to be a strong likelihood that others besides Fetzer, Thomas, and Kappes will be involved in whatever proceedings are finally decided on. Many of the witnesses who were questioned had no knowledge of Fetzer's connection with the deals, but named other real estate men as having been the purchasers of their property.

While the attorneys have been too busy to tabulate the amounts actually paid to the owners of the various pieces of real estate and to compare them with the amounts credited to Fetzer and others of the railroad's agents on the books of the railroad company for the same properties, there is a growing belief in the minds of the attorneys that the amount of which the railroad company has been defrauded, as alleged, will reach a higher figure than $850,000, as estimated in the civil suit. One of the attorneys for the railroad declared to-day that from a casual survey of the situation it looked to him as if the loss to the company must be more than $1,000,000.

MAY HOLD UP A LINER.

Question Whether Round-the-World Trip is a Coastwise Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—The Hamburg American Steamship Cleveland, with 660 passengers from New York, is due in this port in a few days, and customs officers have asked Washington whether the landing of her passengers here is a violation of the Coastwise Navigation act. This law prohibits, under $200 fine each, the transportation of passengers between ports of the United States in a foreign vessel. The Cleveland is a foreign vessel, and the question is whether her around-the-world cruise from New York to San Francisco brings her within the application of the law.

Ends Fight on Passaic Valley Sewer.

Opposition on the part of the United States Government to the building of the Passaic Valley trunk sewer will be withdrawn as the result of a conference held in this city yesterday, and New York City and State, as a consequence, will probably offer no further objection to the carrying out of the project which involves the expenditure of between $12,000,000 and $15,000,000.

WOMAN ROUTS NEGRO THIEF.

Night Ticket Agent on B. R. T. Fights to Save Her Cash Box.

Another attempted robbery was added early yesterday morning to the list of attacks of which women employed as night ticket agents on Brooklyn elevated railroad stations have been the victims. As in several other cases, a negro was the assailant.

The woman attacked was Mrs. Mary Pierce of 159 Himrod Street, night agent at the Navy Street station of the Myrtle Avenue line of the B. R. T. She pluckily fought off the robber, and he, frightened by her cries for help, fled without getting any booty.

The Navy Street elevated station is in what is called the "Black Belt" of Brooklyn, a neighborhood of negro population. But few passengers pass through it in the early morning hours. The collection car had passed and Mrs. Pierce had turned over to the collector all of the station money excepting about $7, which was retained for change. A few minutes later a train from Manhattan drew in and a lone passenger, a mulatto, alighted.

After the train pulled out the man entered the waiting room in which the agent was alone. Opening the door of the ticket booth, he struck Mrs. Pierce a blow in the face with his fist. She was not stunned and fought back, screaming loudly. The robber struck her again and again, but she continued to resist and call for help and he fled down the stairway and disappeared in one of the dark streets of the neighborhood.

Mrs. Pierce called up the officers of the company on the telephone and reported the attack. She was suffering from the effects of the blows she had received and another agent was sent to relieve her from duty. Word was also sent to Brooklyn Police Headquarters.

Detectives were hurried out to hunt for the negro. They obtained a good description of him from Mrs. Pierce, after which they said they thought he was a Manhattan crook who has been making a specialty of attacking and robbing women.

DON'T BELIEVE LILLEY.

Absconding Presbytery Treasurer Not Yet Arrested—Plan to Replace Theft.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 20.—The remarkable story told by William C. Lilley, the Treasurer of the Pittsburg Presbytery, temperance worker, and philanthropist, who tried to break into jail here last night after an absence of several months, and confessed to the embezzlement of $22,800 is not believed by many of the ministers of this city. They seem not to take any stock in his assertion that he distributed his stealings among broken-down pastors and friends he was anxious to help out of financial difficulties.

Lilley had an excellent opportunity to explain to-day where all of the money he admits having embezzled went, but he did not make known the names of those to whom he says he lent it. He is receiving all of his friends in the office of his attorney and no attempt has been made to place him under arrest.

Andrew Richmond, head of a large contracting firm, has proposed to a number of wealthy and influential men—Lilley's former friends—to contribute $1,000, if his business associates will do likewise, and create a general fund to wipe out the indebtedness, and indemnify the estates and church. This proposition was not officially placed before the Presbytery, but it is understood this phase of the matter will be taken up to-morrow by men prominent in the church.

Lilley's brother came here to-day from Kansas, and is arranging to save him, if possible, from going to the penitentiary. Interesting scenes are expected to-morrow, when the Presbytery board meets to take final action.

CHAUFFEURS HAVE A BILL.

Club Committee Drafts a Measure for the Amendment of the Law.

The Legislative Committee of the Chauffeurs' Professional Club of America has drafted a proposed amendment to the automobile laws, which has been submitted to the committee formed recently to suggest legislation to end speeding. The club grapples with the problem from the viewpoint of the chauffeur, and suggests strict regulations.

Among other things, the bill as drafted provides for examinations of all applicants for licenses to run motor vehicles, not only as to mechanical qualifications, but physical fitness as well. It is stipulated that a chauffeur shall be sound as to heart and sight.

The bill provides that no applicant shall receive a license who has not shown himself to be thoroughly familiar with road regulations, and that for a third violation of the speed law the license shall be forfeited. The photograph of the chauffeur on his license, together with his signature, following out the French and English laws, is provided for, and there is a stipulation that every offense against the law must be written on the license by the police.

The club favors making a penalty for a chauffeur to drink intoxicants while on duty, or to take out a car while under the influence of drink. It also wants a provision that no license shall be issued to an alien, who has not declared his intention of becoming a citizen.

DELAY IN SWOPE MYSTERY.

Another Medical Expert Called Into Consultation on Poison Feature.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—All legal action in the Swope death mystery will be postponed until next week, according to Attorney John H. Atwood, because of delay in the completion of the examination of the stomachs of Col. Swope and Chrisman Swope.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, dean of the medical department of the University of Michigan, has been asked to come to Chicago to consult with Dr. Haines in regard to the examination of the stomachs of the Swopes. He left for Chicago to-night.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—Immediately after the arrival of Thomas Swope and Attorney W. S. Fleming from Chicago to-day an important conference in which the members of the Swope family and their attorneys participated began at the residence of Mrs. Logan O. Swope at Independence, Mo., a suburb. John Paxton, executor for the Swope estate, was also present.

It was believed that this conference was called to consider the information brought from Chicago by Attorney Fleming, Mr. Paxton, and Thomas Swope relative to the work of the Chicago specialists in examining the stomachs of the late Kansas City capitalist, Col. Thomas H. Swope, and Chrisman Swope, his nephew.

HUSBAND HELD, WIFE DIES.

Expires on Hearing He Had Been Fined for Adulterating Milk.

Jacob Bolstein was arrested in his dairy, 34 Moore Street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning on the charge of selling adulterated milk. Leaving his daughter in charge of the dairy he went to the Manhattan Avenue Court. He was held in $300 bail for trial in Special Sessions. A neighbor, who was in court, hurried to 34 Moore Street with the news.

Mr. Bolstein's daughter misunderstood his report, thinking he said that her father had been fined $300. And when, a moment later, Mrs. Anna Bolstein, her mother, entered the dairy the daughter so reported to her. Mrs. Bolstein gave one deep gasp and fell dead.

"Acute dilation of the heart, due to shock," was the report of Dr. Stern from St. Catharine's Hospital.

STERN BROS. INCORPORATE

Benjamin Stern Retires from the Dry Goods Firm.

The dry goods business of Stern Brothers in Twenty-third Street, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, was incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $7,500,000. Isaac Stern and Louis Stern, two of the three brothers of the firm, will continue in active business, but with the incorporation the third brother, Benjamin Stern, retires.

As directors the articles of incorporation give B. Franklin De Frece, Theodore L. Herrman, and Alvin Untermyer, but it is understood that these names denote no change in the ownership or management of the business. They were merely set forth to answer the legal requirements of incorporation.

TOOK MISS FAURIE ON TRIAL, HE SAYS

Lazelle, Sued for Breach of Promise, Decided Not to Propose After Three Years.

NOT DRUGGIST'S DAUGHTER

Defendant Declares Woman Who Is Suing Him Isn't Related to the Man Whose Name She Bears.

In opening the defense in the suit of Edith Faurie against Harry Lazelle, the Wall Street broker, for $75,000 for alleged breach of promise, counsel for the defendant said that his client, too, had a story to tell, which was "stranger than fiction." He said the defense would prove that the plaintiff's name was Annie Edith Fleetwood; that she was not the daughter of Louis Faurie, the wealthy druggist of New Orleans, but that she worked in a department store in that city until compelled to leave New Orleans. He declared that the only daughter of Faurie was Amelia Faurie Fitzsimmons, and that when she went to visit her father she found the plaintiff there.

Mrs. Fitzsimmons, who is alleged to be Faurie's only daughter, was the first witness. She said she was born in New Orleans, and was the daughter of Louis John Faurie, a member of a firm of wholesale druggists. She testified that she had never seen the plaintiff up to the time of her marriage, but had heard of her.

"What was her name?" asked the attorney.

"Annie Edith Fleetwood."

The witness said she first saw the plaintiff when visiting her father, where she was living. She said that the plaintiff wanted her father to marry her, but that she obtained a promise from her father that he would not do it. She said she was the only child of Faurie, as far as she knew, but admitted that she was introduced to Miss Fleetwood as "my daughter" by her father, who told her that he had adopted her "to keep peace in the family."

Harry Lazelle then testified that he first met the plaintiff in the Bank of North America without introduction, learned she was an orphan from New Orleans touring the country, and when she told him she would be in this city for a couple of weeks he offered to show her around. He said he gave her a telephone number and took her out to lunch with a Mr. Decker. He said she told him she was stopping at a boarding house run by nuns. He said he took her to dinner many times, as she wanted to see different places, and he tried to oblige her. The witness denied that he ever took the plaintiff on a boat without her consent or drugged her wine. He said he was very fond of her, and at one time he thought he might marry her, but denied that there had ever been any engagement. Asked if they had ever discussed marriage he said, "Many times."

"She proposed to me several times," declared Lazelle, "but I told her I was not a marrying man. I finally got weary of her proposals of marriage and her nagging and got the idea of marriage out of my head.

"I never proposed to the plaintiff," declared Lazelle. "I wanted to be sure of her before I asked her outright. I wanted to be sure she would make a good wife."

"So you tried Miss Faurie to see if she would fill the bill?" asked the attorney for the plaintiff.

"She was probably a year or two on trial. She began to think she owned me after three years."

BERGSTROM IN THE TOILS.

Held by United States Marshal Till Purged of Contempt of Court.

Oscar B. Bergstrom, a broker of 149 Broadway, spent most of yesterday in the custody of United States Marshal Henkel. He was arrested for failure to comply with the orders of the United States Circuit Court made on Feb. 18 of last year and Jan. 5 of this year.

Bergstrom was an assignee of the Banzai Manufacturing Company, which went into bankruptcy in 1907. The company manufactured paints and varnishes at 63 William Street and 24 East Twenty-third Street. It was capitalized at $100,000. The schedules which it filed in the United States court in January, 1908, gave liabilities of $34,785, with nominal assets of $35,104.

The court ordered Bergstrom, who was Secretary of the company, to turn over to William H. Smith, the Trustee in bankruptcy, various sums of money amounting to $6,290. He did not do so, and was arrested. Late in the day he purged himself of contempt by depositing with Marshal Henkel the money demanded. He was then released.

ARABIC AWAITED PASSENGERS.

Her Anchoring Down the Bay Led to Reports of an Accident.

The White Star liner Arabic got away at daybreak yesterday morning on her cruise to the Mediteranean. Most of her 500 passengers went on board Wednesday night. The steamer reached Gravesend Bay and then stopped, setting afoot on shore all sorts of rumors. The observer on shore was sure that the vessel had met with an accident though it was announced that she had set no signals to indicate what had happened.

Four belated passengers were the cause of the delay. The big steamship had gone from her pier about half an hour when C. W. Evans, of Idaho, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Donovan of Detroit and the latter's maid appeared. They feared at first that they would be unable to make the cruise, but the officials of the line explained that Capt. Smith had been ordered to proceed slowly and to await them in Gravesend Bay.

A wireless message was sent to the skipper that his passengers were on the way down the Bay in a tug and the Arabic returned to Quarintine and there awaited their arrival. Half an hour later all were on board and the vessel resumed her trip.

WEDDED, 19-YEAR MISS SAID.

Came to Town from Flushing with Her Choice, and Returned a Mrs.

Miss Helen Holcomb, the 19-year-old daughter of R. E. Holcomb, a wealthy lumber dealer, living in Sanford Avenue and Twenty-second Street, Flushing, surprised her parents Wednesday evening by announcing that she had been married in Manhattan in the afternoon to Leon A. Birck, son of Alfred A. Birck, a real estate dealer of 623 Sanford Avenue, Flushing. Young Birck, who is just of age, was on hand with a marriage certificate showing that the ceremony was performed here in the Church of St. James.

Miss Holcomb is well known in Flushing society. It is said that the attachment between her and young Birck did not meet the entire approval of her parents.

Miss Holcomb obtained permission to attend a matinée here Wednesday, but instead of going to the theatre followed the example of Miss Marion Langdon Whipple, another Flushing girl, who came to Manhattan the day before and married J. H. W. Strong, without preliminary announcement.

The Holcomb family placed marriage notices in the newspapers yesterday. After announcing their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Birck went away on a honeymoon trip.

RESCUED FROM ICY WATER.

Ferryboat Hand Picks Up a Man Afloat in South Ferry Slip.

The Captain of the Hamilton Avenue ferryboat Brooklyn saw some one floundering in the icy water of the ferry slip at South Ferry early yesterday morning. He raised an alarm, and Eugene Van Arsdale, one of the ferrymen, climbed down from the deck of the ferryboat and succeeded in getting hold of a man in the water with a boat hook.

The man was unconscious when taken to the Hudson Street Hospital. There he was revived, and after his clothes were dried he gave his name as Christopher Jackowskie, and went home to Brooklyn none the worse for his experience.

The rescued man was said to have been a seaman on the outgoing fruit-carrying schooner Joseph L. Guinan, bound for Brazil. On the way down the East River, it was also said, Jackowskie got into an altercation with another sailor, who struck him with a belaying pin and knocked him overboard. The man then swam through the ice-filled river to the ferry slip.

There is no schooner Joseph L. Guinan in the shipping register and the dock lists of vessels at this port does not contain such a name. After Jackowskie was revived at the hospital he said he had fallen from a ferryboat in the slip.

BOY SHOT IN SNOWBALL FIGHT

Levine Got Two Bullets in Thigh and Young Blumenfield Arrested.

Henry Timis of 1,668 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, ran into the Tremont Avenue Station yesterday afternoon and told the police that in a dispute in Crotona Park, a few moments before, Harry Blumenfield, 14 years old, of 494 Wendover Avenue, had shot Joseph Levine, 16, of 490 Wendover Avenue. Young Timis said that there had been a snowball fight between half a dozen lads and that Blumenfield had pulled out a revolver and fired four shots into the crowd after he had been hit by a snowball.

The police went to the boy's home, where they found him hiding under the bed, and arrested him. Young Levine walked into Fordham Hospital for treatment. The doctors said he had two bullet wounds in his left thigh, one just opposite the other.

According to the police young Blumenfield is something of an incorrigible and has a rifle as well as the revolver with which he has been accustomed to shoot at pots and pans hung up for targets in the bathroom of his home. His parents, the police say, have been unable to control him.

$1,000,000 FOR MISS DARE.

Will Produced Leaving the Entire Rhodius Estate to Her.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 20.—Instead of cutting off Elma Dare, the woman who is now seeking to establish the legality of her alleged marriage to the late George Rhodius, he left her his entire estate valued at about $1,000,000, according to a will filed for probate to-day.

The filing of the new bill will come as a surprise. By the codicil of a will filed previously Rhodius left $500,000 to the city of Indianapolis for parks. The remainder of the Rhodius fortune was distributed among friends and relatives. Miss Dare was cut off without a cent.

The will filed to-day was executed in a hotel at Pittsburg, Penn., on Feb. 4, 1907, just a month after making the codicil bequeathing $500,000 to the City of Indianapolis. William C. Sexton, a notary public, and William Weitzel, a constable, and Cass Connaway, one of Elma Dare's attorneys, were present when Rhodius signed the latest will.

William F. Leary, a brother-in-law of Elma Dare, is said to have had the new will in his possession.

The filing of the will to-day complicated the Rhodius case. After many legal battles the marriage of Elma Dare and Rhodius was annulled by the Circuit Court at Greenfield, Ind., it being held that Rhodius was of unsound mind when the ceremony took place. Elma Dare appealed the case to the Supreme Court, where it is now pending.

THE PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Tschaikowsky's Sixth Symphony and Music by Wagner and Smetana Played

The fifth concert in the regular series of the Philharmonic Society was given last evening, and the same programme will be repeated this afternoon. The symphony was Tschaikowsky's sixth, or "Pathetic," and there were also the Prelude and Finale from "Tristan und Isolde" and the overture to Smetana's opera "The Bartered Bride." These last two numbers had been very recently played by the Philharmonic in concerts o fits other series, so that Mr. Mahler's ideas about them and the orchestra's performance of them are very familiar.

Tschaikowsky's symphony, when today's concert is ended, will have been played by the Philharmonic Society ten times in six consecutive seasons. It was one of Mr. Safonoff's battle horses, and he gave it eight times himself. There have also been performances of it by other orchestras during that period, so that New York music lovers have had abundant opportunity to test its qualities of endurance. The work does not support such frequent hearing well. It is, of course, very characteristic of Tschaikowsky, and its first and last movements contain some of his most poignant ideas, but as a whole it is not so rich in its musical inspiration nor so fine in its construction as his fifth symphony, and it is overburdened with effects more or less exterior and decorative that begin to weary.

The lavishness of instrumental color, the heaped-up climaxes pall with familiarity, and the symphony no longer stirs the blood as it once did. It would be well for the public and for the work itself if it were laid on the shelf for a season or two.

Yet Mr. Mahler gave a wonderfully fine performance of it, wholly sympathetic and appreciative. All its imposing features were brought out; every clash and climax was there, every contrast. And, furthermore, the texture of Tschaikowsky's orchestration, as well as its glowing color, was transparently set forth, clear and in fine proportion, as it has not often been in the performances that have been heard here. Mr. Mahler has discovered no new meanings or shades of meanings in the music, but there was an unfamiliar effectiveness in the tempo at which he took the quick third movement—a little slower at the beginning, allowing for a gradual quickening of the pace as the music waxes in excitement and animation.

Actors' Fair Chairmen of Committees.

Charles Burnham, general manager of the Actors' Fund Fair, that is to be held from May 9 to 16, yesterday selected the chairmen of the various committees that are to assist him. Those appointed are: Art Committee, John W. Alexander of the American Academy of Design; Society, Mrs. James Speyer; Award, Al. Hayman; Actresses, Alice Fischer; Actors, Thomas A. Wise; Authors, Augustus Thomas; Advertising, Lee Shubert; Clubs, Joseph R. Grismer; Construction, Frank McKee; Illustrators' Exhibit, Albert Sterner; Decorations, David Belasco; Finance and Donations, Henry B. Harris; Great Britain, Forbes-Robertson; Merchandise, Marc Klaw; Music, Victor Herbert; Press, Harrison Grey Fiske; Electricity, Arthur Williams of the Edison Company; Entertainment, E. F. Albee; Printing, Joseph H. Tooker; Railroads, James Buckley.

Mr. Forsell Sings Role of the Czar.

A performance of "Czaar und Zimmermann" at The New Theatre yesterday afternoon brought forward Mr. Forsell for the first time in the rôle of the Czar. Others in the cast were Messrs. Reiss, Jörn, Goritz, Muhlmann, and Blass, and Mmes. Alten and Mattfeld. Mr. Hertz conducted.

Noria to Sing in Nordica's Place.

An offical announcement was made at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening to the effect that a letter had been received from Mme. Nordica, in which she requested that, owing to her continued hoarseness, her name be taken off the bills for the present. As a result Mme. Noria will sing Marguerite in "Faust" to-morrow night in place of Mme. Nordica, and Mme. Gadski will sing Leonora in "Trovatore" on Monday evening.

Men and women in search of employment, see Page 11.

BILLINGS & SON FAIL FOR $500,000

Jewelry Firm, 70 Years Old, Had Long Struggled to Avert Bankruptcy.

ASSETS WILL COVER DEBTS

Trustees Named to Conduct the Concern's Affairs Are Forced to File a Petition in Bankruptcy.

Chester Billings & Son, dealers in diamonds and jewelry at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, one of the oldest houses in the trade, whose business has been established seventy years, made an assignment late yesterday afternoon to John S. Darcy, the Secretary of the corporation, and about the same time a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the corporation in the United States District Court.

The liabilities are reported to be $500,000 and assets are estimated between $500,-000 and $1,000,000. The business was started in 1840 by Randel & Baremore; in 1880 the name of the firm was Randel, Baremore & Billings, and in 1897 the style was changed to Chester Billings & Son, a firm. In May, 1906, the business was incorporated under the name of Chester Billings & Son, with a capital stock of $600,000.

Henry B. Billings was President and A. H. Kirkpatrick Vice President. Chester Billings died in June, 1897. The business was formerly downtown, at 58 Nassau Street, and was moved uptown to 353 Fifth Avenue in 1905, taking a nineteen-year lease of the store at a rental, it was said, of $42,000 to $45,000 a year. They formerly did a very large business up to the panic of October, 1907, but since then business has been considerably less. Bradstreet's took away their rating in June, 1908, when the affairs of the corporation were placed in the hands of three trustees to liquidate the business and save the concern from bankruptcy.

The assignment was signed by A. H. Kirkpatrick, the Vice President. The petition in bankruptcy was filed by C. H. Payne, attorney for these creditors: Sloan & Co., $1,885; A. J. Hedges & Co., $1,157, and Carrington & Co., $2,367. It was alleged that the corporation is insolvent and committed an act of bankruptcy by making an assignment. Mr. Payne said that the bankruptcy proceedings had been taken with the cognizance of the Trustees and is the culmination of a long struggle to keep the old house from going down. Business has been good this past season, but not good enough to carry them through. He estimated the liabilities at $500,000 and assets at more than that amount.

Dead Hotel Guest Was J. Fred Lees.

The man taken on Wednesday night from the Madison Square Hotel, where he had registered with a woman companion as "H. C. Smith and wife," to Bellevue Hospital with cerebral hemorrhage, of which he died, was identified yesterday as J. Fred Lees, a theatrical manager of Lawrence, Mass. The woman, who was detained by the police, told Coroner Winterbottom that she was Mrs. Effie W. Franklin, a manicurist, of 104 West 133d Street.

Brill Clothes

The men who got gold in '49 were the men who heard it was to be had and who went West and got it. Similar situation for you to-day in our

Overcoats at $17

They were formerly $30, $28 and $25; the choice of this season's favorites, in black, Oxford and attractive fancy mixtures. Collars of same material as coat, or of rich velvet; dress-cut or military button-to-the-neck. Some of them with Skinner silk lining in sleeves and shoulder.

The gray ground doesn't indicate the precious metal it hides. Nor does the revised price of our $20, $18 and $15 Overcoats express the value there is in them. Splendid selection of fabrics. Models which will be in good form for several seasons, now $12

All the $50 and $45 Overcoats we put in the $34-price column are gone. Like the miners of '49, those who get a move on first get first choice. But there are a goodly few left of the $40 and $35, silk lined, high-grade, substantial overcoats, in blue, black and Oxford. Very exceptional value at the revised price of $24

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS
4 CONVENIENT STORES
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way.
125TH STREET, cor. 3d Ave.
47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

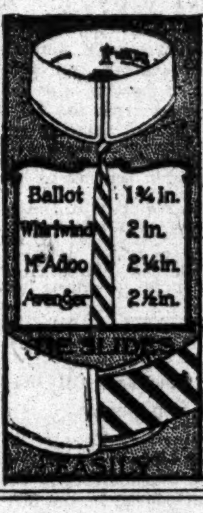
Wear "WHIRLWIND"

A comfortable Close Front style with patented "Lock that Locks." Made with the original "Easy Tie Slide" space—features of all

Lion Collars
Oldest Brand in America

2 for 25c—Quarter Sizes

United Shirt & Collar Co., Troy, N. Y.
Makers of Lion Shirts


Ballot 1¾ in.
Whirlwind 2 in.
McAdoo 2¼ in.
Avenger 2½ in.

Has America Real Knowledge of Art?

Prof. Ludwig Justi, Director of the Berlin National Gallery, has recently concluded a tour of inspection of the collections of many well-known Americans. He has returned to Europe with convictions at variance with those commonly held on the Continent. In The Times next Sunday Prof. Justi will give full expression to his opinions of the galleries of J. P. Morgan, Mrs. Havemeyer, P. A. B. Widener, Mrs. Gardner, J. G. Johnson, and other well-known collectors. The critical estimates of this authority will be found of much interest by all interested in Art. This article will be accompanied by another which will tell of the enormous importations of Art into this country since the new art clause of the tariff went into effect.

Other Features of The Sunday Times

BOURTSEFF, THE FOE OF THE CZAR—The celebrated Russian who has just arrived in New York tells of his work and conditions in Russia.

ROSTAND'S NEW PLAY, "THE CHANTECLER"—A full description of the work about to be "put on," which is the uppermost topic in Paris.

THE STORY OF SCALES'S DEAL IN COTTON—A narrative of uncommon interest describing a recent spectacular performance in Wall Street.

SENATOR BRISTOW ON THE COST OF LIVING—A contribution of views of keen interest from one of the members of the "insurgent" wing.

GRANVILLE BARKER ON THE REPERTORY THEATRE—An article by the well-known Englishman which should be read by all interested in the stage.

Making Good Soldiers Out of Schoolboys......Teaching Children to Use the Left Hand as Well as the Right......A Capital Interview with Toscanini, the Man Who Conducts Operas Without a Score...... The New Wonders of Radium, Apropos of a Radium "Bank" in New York City, and Many Other Articles.

The Picture Section

The Picture Section will contain a full-page reproduction of a charming painting, "In Fear and Trembling," a picture which was recently sold in this city for $10,000. Then there will be a full page of photographs of the recent storm, pictures of the great flooding on the Isthmus of Panama by the Chagres River; a page of pictures of women prominent in society in New York, Washington, and London; spirited fishing photographs from Florida; of Chicago High School girls who competed for a prize for the prettiest, and a large number of other timely and interesting pictures with subjects of widest variety.

Order The Sunday Times from Your Newsdealer To-day

DEARER MAGAZINES IF POSTAGE GOES UP

Publishers Say They Can't Pay the Increase at Their Present Prices.

THEY'LL GO TO WASHINGTON

Some Periodicals Would Be Forced to Suspend, They Assert—Rate High Enough Now.

Magazine owners throughout the country are aroused over the effort of the Post Office Department at Washington to bring about an increase in the postal rate for second-class mail matter, under which classification magazines come.

A committee comprising D. A. McKinley of The American Magazine, C. D. Lanier of The Review of Reviews, Harry J. Fisher of The Woman's Home Companion, and George W. Wilder of the Butterick Company of this city and Cyrus Curtis of The Ladies' Home Journal, Philadelphia, will go to Washington next Wednesday and protest to the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, which has been holding hearings as to the advisability of changing the present rate of 1 cent a pound.

The committee, which was organized by the Periodical Publishers' Association of this city, will insist that the rate of 1 cent is ample, and that any increase would be detrimental to the interests of the magazine publishers and would in the end compel them to raise the price of their periodicals.

Several magazine publishers here declared yesterday that it would be impossible to print periodicals at a profit if the advance in the postal rate as suggested by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General De Graw is voted by Congress. It was predicted that more than one magazine in that event would have to cease publication.

In his annual report Postmaster General Hitchcock said there was a deficit in the Post Office Department last year of $17,479,770, the largest in the history of the department. He put down the Government's loss in handling second-class mail matter at $64,000,000, and said that the magazines make up 60 per cent. of this class of mail.

Mr. Hitchcock estimated that it cost the Government 9.23 cents a pound to handle and transport the second-class mail. Last year the Post Office Department handled 700,000,000 pounds of that variety of mail, and while it constituted 63 per cent. of all the domestic mail, he said, it brought in a return of only 5 per cent. Mr. Hitchcock's idea was to raise the rate for carrying magazines to a considerable extent, the exact rate to be decided upon by Congress.

The message of President Taft to Congress in which he referred to the loss to the Government through the handling of the second-class mail, and cited Mr. Hitchcock's estimate that the Government had to pay 9.23 cents a pound to distribute matter which was paid for at the rate of 1 cent. The President advised Congress to look into the situation and see what could be done toward doing away with the deficit.

The Publishers Protest.

Ever since the President's message the House Committee has been holding an inquiry, and protests have been sent to it from magazine men everywhere in the country. As the Post Office Department has been active in presenting information to the committee, the magazine men decided at a hurriedly called meeting early this week to prepare some data of their own, and present them along with vigorous argument.

Mr. Wilder, who will go with the committee to Washington, said yesterday that there was a decidedly mistaken impression in Washington as to the real cost of handling magazines. As President of the Butterick Company, which recently obtained control of Everybody's Magazine, he has been gathering material which he will submit to the Congressmen.

"The committee will be prepared to show," said Mr. Wilder, "that it does not actually cost the Government any more than once cent a pound to handle magazines. Whoever got the idea into his head that it cost 9.23 cents a pound was entirely wrong. Magazines, in the first place, are handled for much longer hauls than newspapers, which also had the one-cent rate.

"There are fewer magazines to the pound than newspapers, and the magazines, once they are delivered into the hands of the postal authorities, require much less handling than newspapers. It is a false argument to say that because magazines are heavier than newspapers they cost more to handle. The reverse is true.

"It must be recalled that magazines help in the education of the public, and as such the Government years ago decided that they should have a rate that would make it possible for the publishers to charge comparatively low prices and yet make a profit. The idea was to encourage the reading of magazines. Now if the rate is raised it will be necessary for the magazine publishers to advance the price to subscribers or quit business. It is certain that if anything like the rate suggested by some of the Washington authorities is put on the magazines some of them will fail.

"The average magazine weighs 14 ounces, and it can readily be seen what an advance to 9 cents a pound for postage would mean. Would the public want to stand the extra cost? If it did not the publisher would find himself with magazines that could not be sold.

A Difference of Opinion.

"We are prepared to show that the Government is getting a fair postal rate for magazines. There is plenty of data to back it up."

S. S. McClure of McClure's Magazine said he understood that there was a disposition in Washington to raise the magazine rate to 4 or 5 cents a pound.

"Any advance would mean an increase in the price of magazines to the purchaser," Mr. McClure went on. "The distribution of magazines is a complicated matter, and the publishers are put to great expense as it is. Any slight increase in the cost for each pound of magazine matter would mean that the price would have to be put up.

"The magazine business is exactly like any other sort of business. Just in proportion to the expense of running a business are prices fixed. If a business man has to pay a large freight rate to get his goods, he has to put that price on the commodity when he offers it in the market.

"Competition has made the magazine business an ordinarily profitable one. The cost of transportation of the magazines has always been a problem. All I can say is that, if the Government is really paying out 9 cents or more for carrying each pound of second-class mail matter, of which magazines form a large part, the Government is making a bad bargain. But there are things which make me feel quite certain that the cost is not nearly so great as that.

"Three years ago a group of men in Chicago, after making an extensive inquiry into the cost of transporting mail, offered to make a contract with the Government to transport first-class mail at 1 cent an ounce and to charge for second-class mail at the rate of ½ a cent a pound. Now, if they could afford to do that and figure out a profit, I fail to see that the Government has to pay 9 cents for the handling and distribution.

"While the Government is about it, I might suggest that there be an investigation into the manner of conducting the express business of the country. I think the whole system of handling small packages by express companies ought to be looked into. Why are those companies permitted to charge such high rates for the service they render? They maintain a low rate on short hauls for small packages so as to get all the magazine traffic they can away from the Government and charge high rates for long hauls. Let the Government investigate this. It might lead to some illuminating disclosures."

Richard H. Titherington, representing Frank A. Munsey, publisher of Munsey's Magazine, agreed with the others that the public would have to be asked to pay the extra rate if it is demanded by Congress.

HUDSON-FULTON BILL UNPAID.

Medalmakers Demand $24,000, but Can't Get It, They Say.

Efforts by the Whitehead & Hoag Company of Newark, N. J., to collect a bill of approximately $24,000 against the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Commission of New York for official medals will probably result in a legal fight, according to William A. Jones, Treasurer of the company. Mr. Jones said yesterday that an attempt by Herman Ridder, Secretary and executive officer of the commission, to get the firm to reduce its charge by 10 per cent. had failed.

"We got the order from the commission for the official medals in open competition," said Mr. Jones. "Every one of the medals, gold, silver, and bronze, that was presented to warship officers, was made by us, and it was expressly stipulated in our contract that we were to get the cash on the delivery of the goods.

"We delivered the goods after working day and night because it was a rush order, and we made several changes at the last moment for the Commissioners. Our bill was presented and audited by the commission and moved for payment. Then it was discovered that the commission had not figured carefully enough and that there was not enough money to go around.

"We went to Mr. Ridder and demanded our money two months ago. He told our representative practically that if we took 10 per cent. off he would pay it at once. Otherwise we could whistle for it. We did not take the offer, but we are going to get our money. This method is merely a hold-up. It is demanding a contribution to the celebration which we do not care to make."

Mr. Jones further stated that other firms had been asked to take a discount, and that some needing the money badly had done so.

REJECT TROLLEYMEN'S OFFER.

Philadelphia Rapid Transit Refuses Arbitration Plan—Strike Precautions.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.—President and General Manager Kruger of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company to-day wrote to the Executive Committee of the Trolleymen's Union refusing to accept their proposal for arbitration. The leaders of the union, however, will make further efforts to have their grievances settled before ordering a strike.

The committee expresses its willingness to confer with the Rapid Transit officials at any hour to-morrow.

Organizer Pratt of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes was busily engaged to-day in conferring with other labor leaders to secure the support of all union men in case the strike is called.

The union men allege the company is discriminating against them in favor of members of a rival organization. The company denies this, and asserts that the union is breaking up discipline among the employes. In the event of a strike Mayor Reyburn has announced that citizens will be protected, and that street car service will not be permitted to be interrupted, even if the city itself has to run the cars.

CHICAGO TERMINAL ROAD SOLD

Court Confirms Transfer of Property to the Baltimore & Ohio.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The sale of the Chicago Terminal Transfer Railroad to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad was confirmed by Judge Kohlsaat in the United States Circuit Court to-day, objections to stockholders of the Terminal Company being overruled.

Following the confirmation of the sale it was announced that the railroad had been reorganized. It will hereafter be known as the Baltimore & Ohio Chicago Terminal Railroad. Charles D. Clark has been elected President, Edward Rawlins Secretary, and William W. Dixon Treasurer.

FOR THE TABLE.

To fry biscuit for breakfast, a light raised bread dough is made over night, as for any kind of bread. The dough is rolled out in the morning, cut with a biscuit cutter, set aside for fifteen minutes, rolled again lightly, and fried in deep fat. The same biscuit fried on a hot griddle will make English muffins. A regular soda biscuit mixture may be used in the same way to make fried biscuit.

Old-time Southern hoecake is not difficult to make. A pint of Indian meal is seasoned with a teaspoonful of salt and enough boiling water stirred in to make it of a consistency to spread. A piece of butter the size of a nutmeg is browned in a pan, and on this pan the Indian meal mixture is spread thin and then baked in a hot oven.

Another Southern dish is a rice pone, which is made of two cupfuls of boiled rice, and is seasoned with a teaspoonful of salt, three-fourths of a cup of corn meal added, and three tablespoonfuls of melted butter. These are beaten together with two cupfuls of milk, to which has been added three well-beaten eggs. The pone should be baked in a shallow, well-greased pan in a hot oven.

A delicious way to cook prunes is to put them in a covered earthen dish with a little water and very little sugar, and cook slowly in the oven until tender. A dash of some liquere, benedictine by preference, will improve them.

GAYNOR WOULD KEEP COURTS ON OLD SITE

Mayor Tells New Commission He Hopes the Legislature Will Allow the Use of More Land.

THE ONLY PRACTICAL WAY

Convenience of Lawyers and Clients Requires That New Structure Should Be in the Business District.

Mayor Gaynor appointed yesterday Morgan J. O'Brien, Edward M. Grout, Henry A. Gildersleeve, Charles Strauss, and L. Laflin Kellogg, a new commission to select a site for the long-projected new Court House for New York County, and in a letter to the members of that body said he favored a site in City Hall Park.

This question has been before the City Government for many years. The first commission was appointed by Mayor Low and continued by Mayor McClellan. It consisted of Charles S. Fairchild, William N. Cohen, David B. Ogden, Edward M. Grout, and Morgan J. O'Brien. They presented several suggestions to the Board of Estimate, including Washington and Union Squares. All of them were rejected, including the last made by them, which called for the placing of the new Court House just north of the present site, across Chambers Street. A bill was passed by the last Legislature authorizing this, but it was vetoed by Mayor McClellan on the ground that the cost of a structure there would be excessive.

In discussing the matter yesterday the Mayor declared that the present site is the only suitable one in his mind, in that it is the centre of the office building section and the legal activity of the town. He pointed out that when a new Court House was built recently in London it was put at Temple Bar, despite the growth of the city. He also declared that in Brussels a new Court House had been built outside the centre of the city on a hill, and that it has proved inconvenient and inaccessible.

In accepting the resignations of the members of the old commission and appointing their successors, the Mayor has selected men who agree with him on the selection of City Hall Park. Two of them have always been active for the designation of this site as members of the New York County Lawyers' Association, Charles Strauss and L. Laflin Kellogg, and already have a bill prepared for presentation to the present Legislature enabling the city to take more of the ground in the park for the foundation space.

The Mayor yesterday sent this letter to each of the appointees:

"City of New York, Office of the Mayor,
"Jan. 20, 1910.

"Dear Sirs: I have this day appointed you to constitute the Court House Board. In doing so, may I suggest to you, subject to correction, and to better opinion, that the best site for the new Court House is the site of the present Court House in City Hall Square? I hope that you will be able to obtain from the Legislature an act enlarging the foundation area that may be used, for the spare space about the present Court House is ample. The existing statutory restriction of the surface that may be occupied is too large. At all events, I hope that the Court House will not be taken away from this centre. To do so would injure office property, and be a needless destruction of invested capital. Moreover, this established centre is the most convenient. Sincerely yours,
W. J. GAYNOR,
"Mayor."

Gaynor in McClellan's Club Seat.

The resignation of ex-Mayor McClellan was accepted and the application for membership of Mayor Gaynor was favorably acted upon yesterday at a meeting of the Hardware Club, 253 Broadway. As a result Mayor Gaynor will occupy in the private dining room the same seat which was Mayor McClellan's during his term in office and Mayor Seth Low's before him. Ex-Mayor McClellan in resigning said that he expected to be out of the country for some time.

CUTTER TOWING A DERELICT.

Coming Into Hampton Roads with Schooner Reported Bottom Up.

The identity of the three-masted wooden schooner, which is supposed to have turned turtle off the coast in the gale of Dec. 25, is soon to be learned. Coastwise vessels reported the derelict floating bottom up, her hull in excellent condition.

Capt. H. H. Broadbent of the revenue cutter Androscoggin sent a wireless message to the revenue station here yesterday stating that he had found the derelict and was towing her into Hampton Roads.

The Androscoggin was in search of the steam lighter Columbia, which sailed from here for Haiti on Dec. 24 with eleven men on board and has not been heard from since. Capt. Broadbent's message said the cutter came across the derelict in latitude 34:11 longitude 74:17 on Tuesday. A heavy sea was running and the cutter had to stand by all night. The water about the hulk when discovered was alive with sharks, and one of them was seen eating what looked like the torso of a man.

On Wednesday it was still too rough to work, and it was not until yesterday morning that the crew succeeded in getting a hole through the after end of the wrecked schooner's keel and a line attached.

The Androscoggin was 150 miles east of Cape Hatteras at noon yesterday. She should arrive in Hampton Roads about Jan. 23, and then the derelict will be righted, and it will be possible to learn her name and perhaps get some clue as to the fate of her crew.

HIGH PRICES FOR RARE BOOKS.

C. B. Clarke Pay $1,092 for Four Volumes of Thomas Frognall Dibdin.

Two interesting sales of art objects and rare books in the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries yesterday were productive of some spirited bidding on the part of the large number of purchasers. In the afternoon the first of a three days' sale was concluded of tapestries and art objects from the Newport home of the late Col. Addison Thomas, in addition to the effects from the New York residence of Mme. Blanche Roditi, which included some objects from the late sale of the Baron Speck von Sternburg collection.

William Hall Walker paid $260 for a gilded wood and violette marble table of the Louis XV. style. He also purchased the greater part of the rare porcelain and potteries, among them being a sixteenth century Hispano-Moresque lustre plate for $81 and an antique Chinese oviform jar for $56. E. A. Carpenter obtained for $185 a small Chinese Chippendale table, and E. Isham paid $60 for three fine Cromwellian hall chairs. The proceeds of the first day's sale were $7,878.

In the evening the library of J. F. Negreen was sold. A richly bound copy of the Riverside edition de luxe of James Russell Lowell's works went for $592 to C. S. Smith. The highest price was paid by C. B. Clarke for a choice copy with extra plates of Thomas Frognall Dibdin, together with a set of illuminated miniatures, in all four volumes, which sold for $1,092. M. J. White paid $272.50 for a fine copy of Flaubert's "Madame Bovary," bound in crushed levant, with water color illustrations by Crouzat. The library brought $12,278.

HOLLAND SOCIETY DINES.

Members Drink to Queen Wilhelmina's Health—Pewter Spoon Souvenirs.

With Dutch airs and a Dutch menu the Holland Society celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary last night at the Waldorf. As the orchestra played the national air of the Netherlands, "Wilhelmus van Nassauen," the health of Queen Wilhelmina was enthusiastically drunk. The souvenirs consisted of reproductions of the curious pewter spoons, which were used by the worthy burghers in the days of New Amsterdam.

Jonkheer J. Loudoun, the Minister of the Nethelands, was unable to attend because of a cold, and Mayor Gaynor, writing at the beginning of the week, had doubted whether the snowdrifts would be sufficiently cleared away to allow two marches across Brooklyn Bridge in one day. Consul General J. R. Planton filled the place of the Minister.

William D. Murphy and Lieut. Commander Terhune, chief of staff of Rear Admiral Murdock, also spoke.

400 AT SHERIFF'S DINNER.

Shea Tells the First Panel He Is Determined to Make an Impression.

Nearly 400 members of the first panel Sheriff's Jury and their guests attended the annual dinner at the Hotel Knickerbocker in Times Square last night. The new Sheriff, John S. Shea, was the first speaker. Sheriff Shea said he had been in office long enough to appreciate its responsibilities, and while he had not yet had time to make an impression he was determined to do so before his term expired.

Other speakers were William Chilvers, the Sheriff's attorney; Frank Lawrence, President of the Lotos Club, and District Attorney Whitman. William H. McElroy was toastmaster.

The dinner was attended by several Supreme Court Justices and many well-known politicians, but Charles F. Murphy and Daniel F. Cohalan, though expected, were not present.

GIRL ATTACKED BY FIVE MEN.

Dragged Into Twelfth Street Hallway and Robbed of Diamond Ring.

Policeman Sullivan of the East Fifth Street Station heard the cries of a girl last night, and outside of 124 East Twelfth Street he found Miss Lena Miller, 19 years old, of 24 Franklin Avenue, Guttenburg, N. J., who said that she had been dragged into the hall of the house before which she stood, and there attacked by five men, who stole her diamond ring. Sullivan ran into the hall and arrested George Dobbs, 21 years old, of 63 Carmine Street. The police say the girl identified him as one of the robbers.

Miss Miller was sent to Bellevue Hospital in a hysterical condition. She sad she came from Jersey to see a moving-picture show in Fourteenth Street and lost her way going home. A man offered to direct her to the ferry, and led her to Twelfth Street.

Resists Fraternal Order Assessment.

Whether a fraternal society has the legal right to change the amount of an assessment to be paid by a member without the member's consent, has been questioned by a member of the Knights and Ladies of Honor. Frederick Enders, of Brooklyn yesterday applied to Supreme Court Justice Kelly for an injunction restraining the society from forcing an assessment, pending the determination of his suit to test the right of the Supreme Lodge to raise the rate. There are said to be about 100,000 members of the order.

Impressed an Auto as Ambulance.

A passing automobile was pressed into service as an emergency ambulance by policemen in Brooklyn last night in an effort to save the life of a little girl, who had been badly burned. The child died after being carried to a hospital. Jane Hope, 11 years old, who lived with Mrs. Annie Johnson in an apartment house at 530 Nostrand Avenue, was lighting a match, when she accidentally set fire to her clothing.

To Lecture in Seventeen Languages.

State Senator John D. Prince of Patterson, N. J., a professor of languages at Columbia, has promised to deliver a brief lecture on music in Lodi, N. J., to-morrow night in seventeen languages. He will speak at a Sunday school meeting of mill hands.

MORE CLUBBERS OUT ON GAYNOR'S ORDERS

Policeman Hanson Dismissed and Five Others Suspended After the Mayor Investigates.

HINTS OF ATTEMPT TO BRIBE

Complainants Tell of Offers to Hush Up the Charges—Two Boys Badly Beaten.

One policeman was dismissed yesterday from the force and five others suspended, pending trial, by Police Commissioner Baker at the direction of the Mayor, for connection with the recent clubbing cases.

The man who was dismissed was Patrolman George Hanson of the Adams Street Station, Brooklyn. He was found guilty at his trial before Deputy Commissioner Walsh of beating John F. Mullin, an employe at McLaughlin Park, Tillary and Jay Streets, Brooklyn, on Dec. 27, while under the influence of liquor.

The suspended policemen are Patrolmen Fred Muus and John E. Groth of the Fourth Avenue Station, Brooklyn; Charles E. Pearce of the Astoria Station; John Kelly of the Bushwick Avenue Station, Brooklyn, and Fred Gebhardt of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, Manhattan. The cases in which the last two are involved were personally investigated by the Mayor yesterday. That of Gebhardt not only involves clubbing, but the release of a witness to the alleged assault from the Tombs under peculiar circumstances.

Ernest E. Oberst, the complainant, set forth the facts yesterday in the following affidavit, which he swore to before the Mayor:

Police Club as Evidence.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

Ernest E. Oberst, being duly sworn, says: That on New Year's night last at midnight Officer Fred Gebhardt came into the saloon of John T. Moore, 259 West Thirtieth Street, Manhattan, and took hold of Mr. Moore and pushed him up against the bar, and that deponent went to help Mr. Moore, when said policeman drew a blackjack and hit deponent in the head, giving him a bad wound and cut. Thereupon deponent hit the policeman, and when the policeman attempted to hit deponent again with the blackjack Mr. Moore, the proprietor of the saloon, grabbed it away from him, and deponent now produces the said blackjack. Thereupon the said policeman drew his pistol and threatened to shoot him and Mr. Moore.

A man present went out and tried to find another officer, who took the pistol away from the said policeman and put it into his own pocket. Thereupon the two policemen took me and Mr. Moore and August Hayes, who was present to the station. Mr. Moore was bailed out, but myself and Hayes were locked up over night. The next morning myself and Hayes were put under bail by Magistrate Herrman.

On New Year's night I had bail present and offered it to the Magistrate, but he refused to take my bail. I was then kept locked up over night until the next morning, when I was brought before Magistrate Herrman and held under bail for Special Sessions.

Hayes was kept locked up in the West Fifty-fourth Street Court House until the following Monday morning, when he was taken out and locked up in the Tombs. He was released from the Tombs without any trial, in a way that I do not understand. Neither have they ever tried me, and my lawyer says the whole thing is settled. I do not know how it was settled. I never settled and never asked to have it settled, nor do I know how Hayes was let out of jail without any bail or trial.

Last Sunday Hayes informed me that some one came to him and offered him $20 to sign some paper about this case. I was laid up two weeks with the cut in my head. The doctor in the Thirty-seventh Street Station House stitched up my head where it was cut.
ERNEST E. OBERST.

Sworn to before me this 20th day of January, 1910. W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Two Boys Attacked.

Kelly is accused of assaulting two boys while attempting to break up a snowball battle in Humboldt Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon. The two lads, Henry Dickoff, 11 years old, of 161 McKibbin Street, Brooklyn, and Frank Jeny, 11, of 162 McKibbin Street, were brought to the City Hall yesterday morning by the Dickoff boy's sister, who lives at 18 West 115th Street, Manhattan.

The Dickoff boy's right eye was entirely closed, and the Jeny boy had a bandage around his head covering a cut on his right temple. The boys told their story to the Mayor, and before he let them or Oberst leave his office he sent for Commissioner Baker.

Young Dickoff declared that he was holding a horse while the snowball fight was going on, and had no part in it.

"A big policeman ran up and grabbed me," he said, "and cried, 'I've got you now.' I told him I hadn't been throwing snowballs, and he knocked me down. Then he told me to get up and struck me twice more with his fist. Frankie tried to help me get away, and the policeman hit him. Then a crowd began to collect and the policeman ran off."

Miss Dickoff said that she had gone to the police station with the two boys in an attempt to identify the patrolman guilty of the assault, and that there she had been directed to the Inspector of the district. Here she was told that "it would take two or three days to investigate the matter."

She also told the Mayor that word had been sent to her mother from a near-by saloon that a policeman had called and said that "if she wanted any money she should keep quiet and see a doctor."

Commissioner Baker was informed of all the details of this case and that of Oberst, and told by the Mayor to suspend both policemen concerned.

The Tombs end of the Oberst case will be taken up later.

Muus and Groth are accused of assaulting William Donald and his wife and James Farrell and his wife at 69 High Street, Brooklyn, last Thursday. Pearce is accused of intoxication.

When asked to comment on the clubbing cases yesterday, the Mayor declared that he will take measures at once to have all blackjacks taken away from policemen.

JAIL CHAUFFEUR ON SUSPICION

Police Think His Car Dragged Alice Mowen in November.

Frederick Haaker, 20 years old, of the Jefferson Apartments, 324 West Fifty-first Street, after a long ride in a taxicab and a long talk in the Captain's room of the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station, was finally booked as a prisoner "on suspicion of operating an automobile" that struck Alice Mowen of 612 West 135th Street at 135th Street and Broadway on Nov. 23.

Haaker was arrested at Fifty-fourth Street and Broadway last night by Policeman Hallahan of Brooklyn Headquarters in plain clothes. Instead of taking his prisoner to the station at once, Hallahan took him somewhere else, presumably to Brooklyn, for Haaker, the policeman, and Borough Inspector Houlahan of Brooklyn drove up to the West Forty-seventh Street Station in a taxicab shortly before 9 o'clock.

The Inspector hurried into the station and asked for Capt. Fennelly. Then the Inspector, the Captain, the desk Lieutenant, and three more detectives held a conference. Two of the detectives took a taxicab trip and brought with them a tall, well-dressed youth of about 19. He came out of the room in another half hour, accompanied by the detectives, who hurried him out of the station, warding off the reporters who would have questioned him.

Then, after another long wait, young Haaker was sent to a cell and the charge was entered in the blotter against him. Capt. Fennelly left the station with Inspector Houlahan and the detectives, refusing to answer questions.

The Brooklyn police have been looking for a chauffeur who struck a girl on a road near Coney Island some months ago and escaped.

Alice Mowen was knocked down and seriously hurt as she was leaving the Subway station at 158d Street and Broadway on the night of Nov. 23 by a black lomousine car, which carried her several yards after striking her, finally shook her off, and sped away.

A reward of $500 was offered for the capture of the chauffeur by the National Highways Protective Society.

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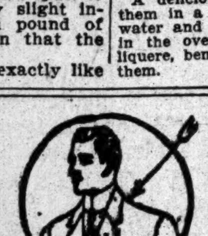

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NEW INSURANCE LAW IS FAVORED BY TAFT

Tells Presidents of Companies Uniform Measure Should Be Adopted by States.

FEDERAL CONTROL UNLIKELY

Means of Preventing Disease and Lengthening Span of Life Are Discussed by Association.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—President Taft, addressing the annual meeting of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents to-day, held out no hope for the enactment of a Federal law to govern the companies. He advised the executive officers to bend their efforts to obtain uniform legislation in the States.

"You are here to secure uniformity in insurance legislation throughout the country," said the President. "You are very sorry that the United States may not find in the Constitution the right to render uniform the insurance business throughout this country. Certainly the Supreme Court seems to have settled that question. And your only recourse, therefore, is to secure such common action by the States that the result will be similar to a single Federal act controlling the business.

"The only function that the United States can perform is to pass a model law in the District of Columbia, and there show to the world what Congress, aided possibly by a scientific commission, shall believe to be the best kind of insurance law. I shall be very glad, in so far as any power lies in me, to encourage such action.

Value of a Model Law.

"I have been on the bench and at the bar, and I have ruled that men must read their policies to know what they contain in order to have an understanding of what the contract is, and I am conscious of never having read any of the policies which I have taken out, because I trusted the man who explained it to me. But Congress, by a model law, can effect a very great purpose, and if there is anything I can legitimately do to contribute to your object, I shall be very glad to do it."

President Taft referred to the investigation of life insurance as an introspective investigation into the business of the country.

"It did show instances which aroused the business community to the need of a housecleaning," said President Taft. "I have no doubt you are glad of that examination, and its results, which was the vindication of the general honesty and integrity of American business men.

"I have no doubt that the result may have been legislation that was somewhat extreme. The public sometimes wants things done with a thump, but in the end the pendulum will swing back, and what is reasonable will prevail."

In the President's audience were a dozen or more Governors of States, and nearly 200 leaders of the life insurance business in the United States.

The association to-day discussed plans for conservation of the public health and measures which may be taken in the hope of lengthening the span of life. Dr. Walter Wyman, Surgeon General of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, Dr. M. J. Rosenau of the Harvard Medical College, Dr. Edwin W. Dwight of Boston, and others spoke on the subject.

Wants Public Health Militia.

"There is more typhoid fever in this country than in any other civilized land," said Dr. Rosenau. "The annual total is 35,000 deaths and over 350,000 cases. This is a National disgrace, and is due entirely to lack of education on the subject. We probably know more about typhoid and its methods of spread and the means for its control than we do of any other disease.

"When the people understand that typhoid fever is as preventable as are railroad accidents we shall have the courage needed for a victorious campaign. The Government now protects us from cholera, leprosy, yellow fever, and other exotic plagues; why should it not also guard us against the dangers that are present as well as those that are but remotely imminent? Present dangers such as tuberculosis, pneumonia, and typhoid fever are infections which reap the highest toll of death among us, and are foemen worthy of our best efforts. When this matter is better understood the State will be required to protect its citizens against such preventable diseases, and the officials appointed to safeguard us will be held responsible just as the law now holds employers liable for preventable accidents."

Insurance Men May Aid.

The life insurance companies of the country have a vast mine of original information that could be utilized to promote public health, and they have also an army of 100,000 trained men to make effective and widespread use of this information, according to Dr. Dwight.

"For more than sixty years the life insurance companies of this country have been storing up ammunition and developing an organization, which, if properly used, would be almost sufficient in itself to turn the tide in the battle for public health in favor of the forces of scientific effort," he said.

"It is perfectly possible to make all of this material available, and to furnish a properly controled vehicle for its transmission to your forces in the field, and through them to the people in every portion of our country without an expenditure of one dollar of a policy holder's money."

Alfred Hurrell, counsel for the Insurance Department of New York; E. B. Craig of Chattanooga, Tenn., and others addressed the association on the subjects of uniform life insurance legislation and amalgamation of companies.

Robert Underwood Johnson Is Editor.

The Century Company made formal announcement yesterday of the appointment as editor of the Century Magazine of Robert Underwood Johnson, who since 1881 has been associate editor of the magazine under the late Richard Watson Gilder. Clarence Clough Buel, who during the same period has been assistant editor, now becomes associate editor.

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ROOSEVELT FOR SPEAKER.

Congressmen Smile at Story That He Will Run for a Seat.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—A broad smile went over the House of Representatives to-day when the story was repeated that Col. Theodore Roosevelt would be a candidate for Congress from the First New York District, and that he would be the probable and logical successor of the present Speaker. No one was inclined to take the story seriously, because the ex-President has been elected to nearly every office within the gift of the people, dating from his return in June next until after the Republican nominating convention for President in 1912. The gentleman most interest was Congressman William W. Cocks, who now represents the district where it is proposed Col. Roosevelt shall be a candidate. Oyster Bay is a town in the district. Mr. Cocks is a well-known member of the Society of Friends, is one of the Board of Managers of Swarthmore College, near Philadelphia, and has an extensive acquaintance in Philadelphia. Mr. Cocks smiled as he heard the story and promptly said: "Well, if Col. Roosevelt wants to come to Congress I will step aside willingly. I will go back to the farm."

Seriously speaking, Representative Cocks, who enjoys the close friendship of Col. Roosevelt, said that so far as he knew no plans had been decided upon relative to what the ex-President would do on his return.

"Such talk as a triumphal tour across the continent and matters of that sort are bosh," said Mr. Cocks. "Before Col. Roosevelt's departure some plans were devised, but they have fallen through."

Asked for his opinion of Roosevelt as a Speaker and the part the rules would play, the Representative laughingly replied: "He would out-Cannon Cannon. He would make rules as he went along, and things would be merry."

AMERICANS MEET EMPEROR.

Gen. and Mrs. Woodford Among Many Presented at German Court.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—The Emperor and Empress held a court at the palace to-night. The number of American presentations was unusually large. In the Ambassadorial party were Ambassador and Mrs. David Jayne Hill, Miss Katherine Hill, Cyrus W. Wicker of New York, acting as Mr. Hill's private secretary; Joseph C. Grow, Second Secretary of the Embassy, and Mrs. Grow; Capt. Samuel G. Shartle, military attaché, and Mrs. Shartle; Gustave Scholle, Third Secretary, and Mrs. Scholle.

Among others presented were Gen. Stewart L. Woodford and Mrs. Woodford, of New York; Prof. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, of the University of California, and Mrs. Wheeler, Capt. D. T. Moores, U. S. A.; Mr. and Mrs. Francis Batcheller, of Boston; Mrs. Chauncey J. Blair, of Chicago; Miss Welsh, daughter of S. J. Welsh, of New York; Robert Munson and Miss Munson, of New York; Mrs. and Miss Randebrock, Americans, who are residing at the Hague; Miss Kalman, of St. Paul, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Scholle, and Mrs. Ripka, formerly of New York, but now residing in Berlin.

TRIED TWICE IN ONE DAY.

As Carrie Smith a Woman Is Acquitted, but as Anna Talbot She Goes to Jail.

Giving different names and different addresses, a woman was tried for different offenses in different parts of the Court of General Sessions yesterday. Grayhaired and clothed in black, she wept uninterruptedly through her two trials.

As Carrie Smith of 71 Post Road, Bronxville Park, she was acquitted before Judge Swann of stealing a pocketbook containing $17 from a woman in a Thirty-fourth Street department store on Dec. 14. As Anna Talbot (her real name this time) of 761 North Oak Drive, Bronxville Park, she was convicted of taking $10 that belonged to Bessie Terhune, a schoolteacher of Paterson, N. J. A Sixth Avenue store was the scene of this latter theft and Nov. 13 the date.

Judge Mulqueen sentenced her to the Penitentiary for eleven months and twenty-nine days, and the payment of a $500 fine.

$1,000 RING LOST AND FOUND.

When Mrs. Parsons Reported It Missing It Had Been Returned to Hotel Desk.

Within the short space of ten minutes a diamond and pearl ring, said to be worth $1,000, was lost at the St. Regis Hotel yesterday, found, returned to its owner, and a reward paid.

The ring was owned by Mrs. Joseph Parsons, who missed it while she was entertaining at luncheon. While Mrs. Parsons was searching for her ring in the main dining room, Bridget Conners, an attendant, brought a diamond and pearl ring to the office, saying that she had just picked it up in the corridor. When Mrs. Parsons reported her loss to the desk the ring which had just been found was shown to her. She immediately identified it as her own and paid the maid a reward.

$2,000 BAIL FOR COHEN.

Walter Who Ran Away with Miss De Janon May Gain Freedom.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.—Counsel for Ferdinand Cohen, the waiter, who is accused of kidnapping Roberta de Janon, the 17-year-old heiress, appeared before Judge Staake in Criminal Court here to-day, and after an argument of nearly two hours succeded in having bail fixed for Cohen at $2,000.

The matter came before the court in habeas corpus proceedings, and the motion to admit to bail was opposed by District Attorney Rotan. Cohen, following his arrest in Chicago, was brought here and committed to prison without bail by a magistrate for a further hearing on Jan. 28.

DERNBURG IS ACCUSED.

Investigation of Grants of African Diamond Concessions Demanded.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—Various serious statements against Herr Dernburg, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in connection with the granting of diamond concessions in Southwest Africa, are contained in a telegram from the Mayor of Luderitz Bay to the Reichstag.

The Mayor demands that a commission of inquiry be appointed.

BRONX POST OFFICE SITE.

Government Will Pay $100,000 for Plot Between 149th and 150th Streets.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Acting Secretary Hilles of the Treasury Department has accepted as a Post Office site for the Borough of the Bronx, Greater New York, the property offered by Henry L. Morris, at 32 Liberty Street, between 149th and 150th Streets.

It has a frontage of 276 feet on Spencer Place and a depth of 100 feet. The consideration was $100,000.

Standard Oil Butter Annex?

BAYONNE, N. J., Jan. 20.—The Edible Product Company and the Nucoa Butter Company have purchased the plant of the International Tin Company at Bergen Point at a figure close to $500,000. The company was formerly the New York Lard and Butter Company, and is closely connected with the Standard Oil Company. The plant of the International Tin Company is fully equipped, but was never operated because the Tin Trust prevented the company getting raw products. It included six large mills and was built in 1906.

Mrs. Belmont to Give Auto Ambulance.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Jan. 20.—Announcement was made to-day for Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont that she will give to her proposed hospital at Hempstead an automobile ambulance. The machine was formerly one of Mrs. Belmont's own. The new hospital building is progressing satisfactorily.

MORGAN OFFER DOES NOT RUSH SUBWAYS

Proposes Only to Consider Financial Terms After Shonts and Service Board Agree.

START HAS NOT BEEN MADE

Proposals of Interborough's Head So Far Not Considered Seriously by the Board.

Inquiry in well-informed financial quarters yesterday brought out the conditions on which the offer of J. P. Morgan & Co. to finance subway extensions of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company was made. President Theodore P. Shonts at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company on Tuesday asserted that J. P. Morgan & Co. were ready to provide $100,000,000 for new Interborough extensions, but upon certain conditions. The conditions Mr. Shonts did not reveal.

The speech of Mr. Shonts was not his first declaration that the Morgan firm was behind the Interborough in its subway extension programme. He repeatedly made the statement to the Public Service Commission when he was endeavoring months ago to induce them to accede to the Interborough's proposals, and at the time that Mr. Morgan bought the Equitable, it was circulated in all the newspaper offices by a press agent, who would not allow his name to be used, or give tangible authority for his assertions. There was not, however, in the press agent story, any mention of "conditions" underlying the Morgan offer.

These conditions are simple, but important. Briefly stated they require that the Interborough shall first get together with the Public Service Commission on some plan of extension, and having obtained the approval of the commission, shall submit its plan to the Morgan firm. This being done, the conditions further provide that the firm of Morgan & Co. will then take the Interborough offer under consideration, as to its financial aspects.

Service Commission Only Amused.

Members of the Public Service Commission were somewhat amused yesterday at Mr. Shont's latest move, in view of the situation between the Interborough and the commission ever since the Interborough first advertised extensively its "willingness to act" on subway and elevated extensions last Spring. They recalled, also, that the first experience the commission had with Morgan & Co. was when an appeal was made by the management of the surface traction lines, following the receiverships of the Fall of 1907, to the Morgan firm to take general charge of a reorganization. The condition then made by Morgan & Co. was that the Public Service Commission should agree in advance to give blanket approval to any kind of reorganization that the bankers might work out. The occasion for the immediate amusement of the members of the commission is the fact that the Interborough's series of offers to build new subways have been themselves so conditioned that it would not have been possible for the commission to grant them and keep within the provisions of the law.

In connection with this Chairman William R. Willcox said yesterday when asked to comment upon President Shont's statements:

"I notice that Mr. Shonts states that they have been almost begging the commission to let them spend money; that they are willing to take up the work in sections and to give partial relief at once if permitted.

"That reminds me of the offer of a man to end the congestion in the tenement districts of New York if the city would give him Central Park and allow him to put tenements thereon. Certainly that plan might end the congestion, but it would be at a terrible price for the city to pay.

"In order that there may be a clear understanding as to the rights which the company has begged the commission to give to it, the following is a brief statement of the actual request made of the commission by the company in writing:

"To allow the Interborough to build with its own money the Seventh Avenue and Madison Avenue extensions to the Subway on the following conditions:

"1. That the city pay for all real estate, easements, and damages.

"2. That the city pay all taxes upon the physical property and franchise imposed by city or State.

"3. That no rental be charged the Interborough.

"4. That the Interborough be allowed the absolute right to use these extensions until 1954, with a twenty-five-year renewal after that.

"5. On the extensions the Interborough be allowed all special privileges contained in Contract No. 1, such as open construction, &c.

Not as Good as Belmont Contract.

"In other words, the terms asked by the Interborough are not as favorable to the city as the terms of the contract made for the original Subway with Messrs. McDonald and Belmont, which the public believes was immensely profitable. But the above are not all the conditions imposed by the Interborough. That company, which Mr. Shonts says has almost begged the commission to give rights to it, says that it will not construct the above extensions, even on the conditions enumerated, unless the following are also agreed to by the commission:

"6. The right to place a third track on the Second, Third, and Ninth Avenue elevated on franchises which under their own terms would be practically perpetual.

"7. The right to extend the elevated across Macomb's Dam Bridge and up Jerome Avenue.

"8. The purchase by the city at cost of the Steinway tunnel, which is then to be leased back to the company, with the taxpayers paying interest on part or all of the cost.

"9. Elevated connections to and across the Manhattan and Queensboro Bridges.

"The commission declined the proposition to allow subway extensions to the Interborough on two main grounds: First, that the conditions attached to the proposition were entirely unreasonable, and, second, that the proposed extensions did not go sufficiently far into the territory, particularly in Brooklyn, naturally tributary to that already served by the Interoborough. We believe that our conclusion will be sustained by every person who gives consideration to the full details of the Interborough proposition.

"I notice that Mr. Shonts also states that he considers these propositions in the nature of relief measures—that is, that they form the basis for a rapidly expanding system which could keep up with the growth of the city. As I have stated, the unwillingness of the Interborough Company to consider additional extensions was one of the very reasons why the commission deemed it inadvisable to approve of their proposition.

"If Mr. Shonts is anxious, as he says, to get immediate relief, there is one thing that he can do at once. He can stop fighting the commission at every step when it tries to secure needed improvements. But, whatever Mr. Shonts's disposition, it is certain that the commission is not going to permit the necessities of the city to become the opportunity of franchise grabbers."

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Natural Alkaline Water

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities

Ask your Physician

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Not Genuine without the word

CELESTINS

MONTEFIORE HOME'S NEW SITE

Four City Blocks Purchased in the Bronx for the Institution.

A new site for the Montefiore Home has been procured in the West Bronx section between Columbia Oval and the Williamsbridge reservoir. A plot of about fourteen acres has been purchased by the committee appointed a short time ago to make arrangements for new quarters, where the increasing demands made on the home for the care of tubercular cases and other chronic diseases may be properly attended to.

The property was purchased through the brokerage firm of Hall J. How & Co. from John A. and Edwin Townsend and William Picken. It comprises the entire frontage on the south side of Gun Hill Road from Woodlawn Road to Rochambeau Avenue, intersected by Steuben Avenue, extending southerly to 210th Street, comprising four city blocks, and, in addition, the hospital has also purchased two block fronts on the southerly side of 210th Street, between Woodlawn Road on the east and Steuben Avenue on the west.

No statement regarding the price paid for the tract was made by the brokers. On the plot will be built modern hospital structures for the treatment of various diseases. The total outlay to complete the new Montefiore Home will be, it is believed, close to $2,000,000.

Montefiore Home was organized in 1884, and last December celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary, receiving at the time nearly $500,000 for the extension of its work. Its building at Broadway, between 137th and 138th Streets, has become too small for its needs.

The general plan for the improvement of the Bronx property calls for the erection of a three or four story building, with modern equipment for 600 patients, and a series of smaller buildings, including one for the general staff and nurses.

The Montefiore Home maintains, in addition to its city hospital, a country home for consumptives at Bedford. Jacob H. Schiff is President of the institution. Henry Solomon and Leopold Stern are Vice Presidents, and B. J. Greenhut is Treasurer.

BOY CONVICTED OF MURDER.

Young Sicilian Must Answer for a Vendetta Killing.

After a trial before Supreme Court Justice Goff lasting just a week, Amato Santaniello, a seventeen-year-old Sicilian boy, was found guilty yesterday of murder in the second degree. It took the jury two hours to decide the case.

Rafaelle Cascone, the man he killed, was himself convicted of murdering two of the Santaniello clan, and his acquittal came only after several years of judicial delay, ending in a second trial before Judge Charles S. Whitman. On the night of Aug. 10 last he was shot down in front of his saloon at 108 Mulberry Street, and young Santaniello was found running from the place with a revolver in his hand.

According to the story which the boy told at his trial Cascone attacked him on the street, and he fired in self-defense, but this had little corroboration, and, despite the efforts of his counsel, Charles Le Barbier, the impulse of the Sicilian vendetta supplied the probable motive of the crime.

This is the second conviction in the series of thirteen homicide cases bequeathed to District Attorney Whitman, and left by him in the hands of Frank Moss, his chief of staff. Santaniello will be sentenced a week from to-day.

CHANLER'S LAWYER CALLS SUIT A STRIKE

$20,000 Claim of Clark, Presidential Boomer, Not a Just Debt, Says Winthrop.

'WELCHER,' SHEARN RETORTS

Speaks of "a Rich Young Man Getting Himself Advertised Like a Quack Medicine"—To the Jury To-day.

The suit of William F. Clark against ex-Lieut. Gov. Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler for $20,000 for services in nursing Mr. Chanler's boom for the Presidency will go to the jury to-day. Justice Bischoff will charge the jury when court opens this morning. Bronson Winthrop summed up for Mr. Chanler yesterday morning and Clarence J. Shearn summed up for Clark in the afternoon.

Mr. Winthrop argued that the evidence showed that Clark was a salaried employe of William T. Manning, head of the Chanler press bureau, and regularly received his allowance of $50 a week. He reviewed the testimony of various witnesses who declared that Manning had told them that he was the financially responsible party behind the boom and that at no time did Mr. Chanler assume any responsibility for it.

Mr. Chanler paid the just claims against him, said Mr. Winthrop, but he had refused to pay Clark because, as he asserted, "Clark is a striker."

Mr. Winthrop poked fun at selections from the articles prepared by Clark for the newspapers, only six of which published them. "Grossly offensive," "rehash," "absurd" were some of the adjectives applied to the press notices. One quotation was, "Big Tim Sullivan has picked another live one. He has passed out the word to the boys and they are climbing on to the Chanler chariot."

"It is an insult to this jury to have this man tell you that these articles are worth $250 apiece, when he admits it took but an hour to compose them," said Mr. Winthrop, and he added that he was content to leave the case as an issue of veracity between the ex-Lieutenant Governor and Clark.

Mr. Shearn eagerly took up the gauge of veracity and attacked the credibility of Mr. Chanler. He asked why "'Big Tim" Sullivan had not been produced in court if Clark's story that Mr. Chanler had promised $20,000 to him personally was untrue. Clark had testified that "Big Tim" was at the Chanler headquarters on that day.

"Here is the spectacle of a rich young man attempting to attain the Presidency of the United States by getting himself advertised like a quack medicine, and making a fiasco, leaving behind a train of dishonored obligations and compromised claims," said Mr. Shearn.

Attacking Mr. Chanler's assertion that the original $15,000 which started the boom was a "loan to Manning," Mr. Shearn said:

"If this was a loan the purpose is as clear as day. It was made with a view that if there was any investigation by the Legislature or by the friends of Bryan, Lewis Chanler could say: 'I never subscribed anything.' There would be nothing on Manning's books but a loan from William Astor Chanler."

Mr. Shearn said he would be willing to rest his case on The Irish World incident, which occurred a month after Mr. Chanler said he had not looked at the newspaper clippings in Manning's office because he was ashamed of the boom enterprise. Mr. Shearn read the letter of Mr. Chanler's secretary, Edward T. White, instructing Clark to arrange for an article on Mr. Chanler in the anniversary number of that publication.

Clark arranged to pay $225. The bill was later paid by a $75 check from Mr. Chanler, accompanied by a letter stating that he gave the check voluntarily, and it must not be taken as any recognition of any claim, but simply as indicating that those who did work on his behalf without authority might not suffer loss on materials expended.

"This," said Mr. Shearn, "is almost the classic language of Sidney Harris. Chanler welched on that obligation and he is welching on this."

Mr. Shearn excoriated Sidney Harris for "concocting letters" and indulging in "tricks, devices, and shifty practices" for the purpose of "beating down creditors and making evidence."

In conclusion Mr. Shearn asked the jury to "render a verdict for the full amount that the word may go forth that welching is not popular or profitable in the City of New York."

The Final Clearance Sale of Suits & Overcoats For Men & Young Men

Formerly $28.00 & $30.00

Special, $19.50

To be just in your estimate of how much this offer means, you must consider first the exceptionally high character of the garments, and then, the price reductions which are extreme and *final*.

Radical and Conservative models for Men and Young Men, in sizes 32 to 44.

Medium and Heavyweight fabrics in black, blue, gray and mixtures.

Hackett, Carhart & Co

841 Broadway, at 13th St. 265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

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"Grand Central Station!"

it means to nearly every important city in America via the New York Central Lines without passing from the protection of a roof.

THIS means that you can go from any subway entrance in New York or Brooklyn to Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus, Indianapolis, St. Louis and the West via

New York Central Lines, "The Water Level Route"

the only trunk line whose trains enter Manhattan, by just passing from one platform to another at Grand Central Station.

The Best Trains West and Southwest

20th CENTURY LIMITED, leaves at 3.30 p.m., arrives Chicago 8.30 a.m.—the eighteen-hour—fastest long-distance train in the world.

SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED, leaves 2.45 p.m., arrives Cincinnati 7.27 and Indianapolis 7.55 a.m. and St. Louis 1.45 p.m. next day.

LAKE SHORE LIMITED, leaves 5.30 p.m., arrive Cleveland 7.10, Toronto 8.40 and Toledo 9.55 a.m. and Chicago 4.00 p.m. next day.

THE WOLVERINE, leaves 4.30 p.m., arrives Detroit 8.15 and Saginaw 11.37 a.m., Grand Rapids 1.00 and Chicago 3.30 p.m.

BIG FOUR LIMITED, leaves 6.30 p.m., arrives Cincinnati 1.55, Indianapolis 8.00, Chicago 5.23 and St. Louis 9.15 p.m. next day.

CLEVELAND LIMITED, leaves 8.00 p.m., arrives Cleveland 9.00 next morning—An exclusive Cleveland Train.

A Dozen Other Fast Trains at Convenient Hours

Tickets and Sleeping-Car Accommodations

Ticket offices at Grand Central Station and the Station at 125th Street are open day and night every day in the year. Principal city ticket office, 1216 Broadway, is open every day (holidays and Sundays included), from 8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES
"America's Greatest Railway System"

Other ticket offices open 8.30 a.m. to 6.00 p.m. at the following places:
NEW YORK: 149, 245 and 415 Broadway, 275 Fifth Avenue, and 121 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN: 338 and 726 Fulton Street and 954 Broadway.
Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of these offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired. Address L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway. Telephone 6310 Madison.

ATHLETIC CARNIVAL TO BE HELD IN BERLIN

Prominent Americans Are Working for Big International Meet This Year.

FEATURE OF EXPOSITION

Prince Henry, August Belmont, R. H. Sexton, and James E. Sullivan Notable Among Promoters of Event.

Chief among the features of the American Exposition that is to be held in Berlin during the months of June, July, and August of this year will be an international athletic and gymnastic meet that, on foundations already laid for it, promises to attract as much attention as the Olympic games have ever done.

This meet has already received the sanctions of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the athletic associations of Germany governing sport in that country. Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the Kaiser, is President of the German reception committee, and August Belmont, Robert H. Sexton, and James E. Sullivan are prominently identified with the American end of the sports carnival.

Mr. Belmont, in particular, is taking a very keen interest in the athletic events to be held during the exposition, and has promised the heartiest support in several branches of sport with which he is already prominently identified. It was at his suggestion that an American committee on athletics has been appointed, and this committee will work in harmony and conjunction with prominent officials of the Amateur Athletic Union. James E. Sullivan has been placed at the head of the committee as its Chairman. Mr. Sexton is in charge of the section of athletics, sporting goods, and motor boats. This committee is representative of the whole United States and its members are all very well known in the world of sport.

The programme of events is still, of course, tentative. But in its first draft it includes yachting, polo, horse racing, horse breeding, racquets, squash, court tennis, lawn tennis, golf, rowing, swimming, wrestling, skating, fencing, aeroplaning, ballooning, bicycling, shooting, gymnastics, and, of course, a very complete series of field and track events.

Inasmuch as these games will be held during college vacation time it is believed that all the leading university athletes will be able to take part. There is to be more than merely an ephemeral interest in the athletic events of the 1910 exposition. It is hoped by the institution of this year's carnival to found a series of German-American dual meets, alternating every year as to the country in which they are held, that will more than rival the British-American, Franco-British, and Norwegian-Swedish meets of the past.

Mr. Sullivan, Chairman of the Athletic Committee, said yesterday that the details of the dual meet for not only this year, but in the future were already fairly well defined. He said that before very long the exact nature of the events, the number of men to which each Nation would be limited in each event, and the number of teams to be entered in team sports, would be settled.

A sufficient amount of money is already in hand or pledged to assure the financial success of the athletic features of the exposition. On the committee in charge of the American end of the exposition are such men as J. Pierpont Morgan, John Wanamaker, David R. Francis, Dr. George F. Kunz, Herman A. Metz, and Hugh Gordon Miller. They have all placed themselves at the service of the Athletic Committee and have promised any assistance they may be called upon to render.

Mr. Sexton, who is already very well known for his work in connection with almost all of the recent large expositions held in this country, said last night that he believed that nothing would do more to cement the long-continued friendship of the people of Germany and the United States than the athletic feature of the approaching exposition. He said that so smoothly were all the preliminaries being agreed to that there was no chance of a shadow falling upon the games such as had fallen over other international contests. He added that, with the political situation in Greece being of such an exigent nature that the whole country was rather on edge, thus forbidding the holding of Olympic games in Athens, the German-American games would undoubtedly attract all the importance and take on all the dignity of an Olympic meet.

The Athletic Advisory Committee, of which James E. Sullivan is Chairman, consists of:

Everett C. Brown, President Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, Chicago; John J. O'Connor, President Western Association of the A. A. U., St. Louis; Bartow S. Weeks, former President A. A. U. and New York A. C., New York; Major John J. Dixon, former Secretary Treasurer A. A. U., Brooklyn; Edward E. Babb, a former President of A. A. U., Boston; Joseph B. MacCabe, a former President of A. A. U. and of East Boston A. A., Boston; Thomas F. Riley, Vice President of New England Association of A. A. U. and ex-champion rower of the Riverside Rowing Club, Cambridge, Mass.; Walter H. Liginger, former President of A. A. U., Milwaukee; H. W. Fitzpatrick, member of Board of Governors of A. A. U., Birmingham, Ala.; T. Morris Dunne, Chairman of Registration Committee, Pacific Northwest Association of A. A. U., Portland, Ore.; F. W. Rubien, Chairman of Championship Committee of Metropolitan Association, A. A. U., and President of Church A. L., New York; H. Obertubbesing, Chairman Registration Committee of Metropolitan Association of A. A. U., New York; George Pawling, President Middle Atlantic Association of A. A. U., Philadelphia; S. S. Peixotto, head of settlement work of San Francisco and President of Pacific Association of A. A. U., San Francisco; Dr. D. E. Wiber, President South Atlantic Association of A. A. U., Washington, D. C.; Frederick B. Pratt, Chairman of Athletic League of Y. M. C. A. of North America, New York; Gustavus T. Kirby, Chairman of the Advisory Committee of Intercollegiate A. A. A. of A.; Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, one of the organizers of the Public Schools' Athletic League and member of the Board of Governors of the A. A. U., New York; Charles H. Carter, member of Board of Governors of A. A. U., Boston; Hobert Kammerer, member of New York A. C.; A. A. Stagg, physical director of University of Chicago and member of Football Rules Committee, Chicago; Evert Jansen Wendell, Darwin R. James, Jr., James H. Haslin, President of New York A. C.; Patrick J. Conway, President of Irish-American A. C., New York; James H. Pilkington, President of National Association of Amateur Oarsmen; Otto E. Schmidt, Central Association of A. A. U.; W. F. Humphries, President of Olympic Club, San Francisco; A. S. Goldsmith, Seattle A. C., Seattle; George B. Morrison, Boston A. A., Boston; J. Walter Spalding, New York; Julian W. Curtiss, New York; R. F. Kelsey, National Cycling Association, New York; W. Scott O'Connor, Secretary of Amateur Fencers' League of America, New York; Walter Camp, New Haven; M. P. Halpin, Captain of New York A. C. and manager of Olympic teams in 1906 and 1908; James R. Hickey, Pacific Association of A. A. U., San Francisco; Dr. Gustav Scholer, President of New York Turn Verein; W. E. Weisenbach, National Turn Verein, Newark, N. J.; H. P. Burchell, sporting editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Here's a generous peeling of prices!

2603 scarfs of the highest class.

More than half sell regularly for $2.00 and $2.50.

390 are $2.50 values.
969 are $2.00 values.
1244 are $1.50 values.

Most—fancy and solid-color silk four-in-hands.

Some—knitted silks.

85c

Also we pared from $4 to $15 off of many of our Winter overcoats—including some of the finest.

Sizes still strong.

Nothing like asking!

Your size may still be among the black cheviot suits reduced to $15 and $20.

Winter weights.

"Double" shoes work both ways!

When it's dry—a smart black walking shoe.

When it's wet—a wet-proof shoe.

Double thickness of water-proofed leather—$5.50.

No weather change can catch us unprepared with proper underwear.

That's one beauty of a big variety.

Over forty different kinds and qualities.

A "Daisy" for a Dollar. Our Dollar glove.

Comparison with $1.50 gloves invited.

Isn't this impartial!

Three well known makes of Derbies to choose from—each in all their best blocks: $3.50 to $5.

Including the Stetson "Special" Derby, $6.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

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CHIRIS OLIVE OIL
The Best For Invalids

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

DERBY AND TIDAL ENTRIES.

Best Three-Year-Olds Will Be Brought Together in These Stakes.

Entries for the Brooklyn Derby at Gravesend for the coming season, and the Tidal of the Coney Island Jockey Club at Sheepshead Bay afford a very good line on just what the three-year-old crop of 1910 thoroughbred horses contains. About the only notable absentee from these two stakes is Woodford Clay's fast filly Ocean Bound, but she will have several other opportunities during the season to establish her position. On paper it is promised that both of these races will bring about first class contests. In the Brooklyn Derby the entries are:

S. C. Austin's Charlie Hargrave, John F. Bartlett's St. Regis, Milton Bates's Milton B, August Belmont's Starbottle, E. C. Budd's Sticker, Chelsea Stable's Lothario and Martinez, M. J. Crowell's Scarus, James E. Gaffney's Barleythorpe, C. L. Harrison's Waldo, James Hewitt's Pulka, S. C. Hildreth's Dalmation, Livonia, and Eddie Dugan; Idlebrook Stable's Captain Morris, James R. Keene's Sweep, Suffragist, and Grasmere, Harry La Montagne's Scarpia, Robert Forsythe Little's Prince Imperial, Mrs. James McLaughlin's Fauntleroy, James MacManus's Rocky O'Brien, John E. Madden's Naughty Boy, B. L. Marks's Turret, Mr. Earle's Cuthbert, Montpelier Stable's Candleberry and Radium Star, Quincy Stable's Everett and Sandrian, George Reif's Fighting Bob, R. L. Thomas's Polls, and William Walker's G. M. Miller.

For the Tidal, in addition to most of those that appear in the Brooklyn Derby, are:

E. R. Bradley's Colinet, Capt. E. B. Cassatt's Medallion and Brilliancy, W. H. Fizer's Boca Grande, James R. Keene's Metaphor II., C. C. Van Meter's Topland, and T. L. Watt's Uncas Chief.

OWEN LEADS SHOOTERS.

New Yorker Beats All Amateurs and Professionals at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 20.—R. M. Owen of the New York Athletic Club, shooting from the 18-yard mark, led both amateurs and professionals in this afternoon's 100-target preliminary shoot of the third annual mid-Winter handicap, with a score of 93. W. F. Clark of the Pale Face Gun Club, Boston, (18 yards,) was second, in 89; Arthur Lyon of High Point; (18 yards,) and A. W. Church of New York, (16 yards,) tied for third in 88 each. J. T. Skelly (19 yards) and J. R. Taylor (21 yards) led the professionals in a tie at 92; Guy Ward, (20 yards,) second in 90, and A. M. Hatcher, (20 yards,) third, in 89.

J. E. Crayton of Charlotte, N. C., (18 yards,) and Mr. Clarke divided honors at 94 and 93 respectively, in the morning's 100-target sweepstakes. Dr. D. L. Culver of Jersey City, and Mr. Owen (each 19 yards) scored 91. J. R. Taylor, W. Henderson and George L. Lyon led the professionals with scores of 96, 95, and 94.

Princeton Track Team Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 20.—The Princeton University track team's schedule, announced today by Manager H. K. Gilmour, 1910, is longer by one meet than that of last year, Columbia being the added feature. The trip to Annapolis will make the fifth time this college year for a Princeton team to contest with the Navy. The schedule follows:

Feb. 12, Boston Athletic Club indoor meet, at Boston; 19, annual Princeton track A. A. indoor meet, at Princeton; March 5, Georgetown University indoor meet, at Washington, D. C.; 16, New York A. C. indoor meet, at New York City; April 23, Navy at Annapolis, Md.; 30, Pennsylvania relay races at Philadelphia, Penn.; May 7, Yale at New Haven, Conn.; 10, annual Caledonian games at Princeton; 14, Cornell at Princeton; 21, Columbia at Princeton; 27 and 28, Intercollegiates at Philadelphia.

Parker Outpoints Sieger.

Charles Sieger of Hoboken met Andy Parker of New Haven in a ten-round bout last night at the Longacre Athletic Association, and before it was over wished he hadn't. Parker won in decisive fashion, and certainly inflicted the greater damage, although he could not score a knockout.

"Kid" Rose to Fight Irish Paddy.

"Kid" Rose and Irish Paddy will be the principals in the main event at the Brooklyn Athletic Club, 374 Bedford Avenue, to-night. It is the first boxing stag of the Winter for this club. The star bout is to go six rounds.

Nelson Fight for Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 20.—Thomas McCarey is preparing to stage the Nelson-Wolgast fight for the lightweight championship here on Feb. 22, Hester of San Francisco not having received a permit. McCarey is in communication with Nelson.

NEW YORK RACQUET PLAYERS IN FORM

Hoyt and Hewitt and Barger and Whitney Win in Doubles Championship.

BOSTON LOOMS UP STRONG

Scott and Fearing Dangerous Contenders for the Title—Philadelphia Out of the Running.

Racquets of an exceptional quality were witnessed yesterday in the first round of the National doubles amateur championship played on the courts of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club, West Forty-third Street. The tournament was remarkable in that for the first time in many years there was not an absentee among the list of scheduled players. Four matches were played, and among the surviving teams are two from the New York Racquet and Tennis Club and one each from the Tuxedo Racquet Club and the Boston Racquet and Tennis Club.

On the form displayed yesterday the championship will probably be contested by the New York and Boston teams, with the general sentiment favoring the New Englanders, who should win out providing they maintain the form shown in their initial contest. Hugh D. Scott, formerly of Philadelphia, but now of Boston, and his team mate, George R. Fearing, representing the Boston Racquet and Tennis Club, displayed the best form in yesterday's competitions. Although they were not compelled to meet the strongest combination in the tournament the hollow victory obtained by them would indicate that the pair, who have already three championships to their credit, will annex another one before to-morrow night.

Philadelphia, with one team represented, has been entirely eliminated from the tournament. In yesterday's matches, J. S. Hoyt and Erskine Hewitt, representing the Tuxedo Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated Quincy A. Shaw and C. Hutchins, Boston Racquet and Tennis Club, four games to two; Milton S. Barger and Payne Whitney, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, won from their club mates, Grenville Clarke and W. B. Dinsmore, four games to one; Lawrence Waterbury and Reginald R. Fincke, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, beat Wilson Potter and Dr. Miskey, Philadelphia Racquet Club, four games out of five, and former National Champions Hugh D. Scott and George R. Fearing, Boston Racquet and Tennis Club, scored a victory over George C. Clarke, Jr., and William Stackpole, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, by winning four straight games.

Two games will be played in the semi-final round to-day. At 12:30 P. M. Hoyt and Hewitt will play Barger and Whitney, while at 2 o'clock Waterbury and Fincke will cross racquets with Scott and Fearing. The scores:

J. S. Hoyt and Erskine Hewitt, Tuxedo Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated Quincy A. Shaw and C. Hutchins, Boston Racquet and Tennis Club, 18—14, 15—9, 6—15, 11—15, 18—6, 15—7.

Hewitt and Hoyt.........0 2 1 6 4 5—18
Shaw and Hutchins.......3 6 2 1 2 .—14
Hewitt and Hoyt.........1 7 4 3—15
Shaw and Hutchins.......1 5 3 .— 9
Hewitt and Hoyt.........1 5— 6
Shaw and Hutchins.......11 4—15
Shaw and Hutchins.......4 9 1 1—15
Hewitt and Hoyt.........0 2 9 .—11
Shaw and Hutchins.......1 0 5— 6
Hewitt and Hoyt.........1 4 10—15
Hewitt and Hoyt.........2 6 7—15
Shaw and Hutchins.......5 2 .— 7

Aces by service—Hewitt and Hoyt, 45; Shaw and Hutchins, 46. Aces by placing—Hewitt and Hoyt, 16; Shaw and Hutchins, 9. Aces by opponents' misses—Hewitt and Hoyt, 19; Shaw and Hutchins, 11. Referee—Morton S. Paton. Marker—Mr. Ellis.

Milton S. Barger and Payne Whitney, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated Grenville Clarke and W. B. Dinsmore, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, 15—9, 15—7, 17—15, 12—15, 15—11.

Barger and Whitney....1 2 1 3 4 2 1 1—15
Dinsmore and Clarke..0 2 3 2 2 0 0 .— 9
Barger and Whitney.........5 7 2 1—15
Dinsmore and Clarke.........0 5 2— 7
Barger and Whitney..0 1 1 4 0 5 5 1—17
Dinsmore and Clarke..1 2 2 2 2 5 1 .—15
Barger and Whitney.........0 2 5 5—12
Dinsmore and Clarke........3 2 7 3—15
Dinsmore and Clarke........1 6 1 3 0—11
Barger and Whitney.........6 2 2 3—15

Aces by service—Barger and Whitney, 26; Dinsmore and Clarke, 24. Aces by placing—Barger and Whitney, 13; Dinsmore and Clarke, 11. Aces by opponents' misses—Barger and Whitney, 35; Dinsmore and Clarke, 22. Referee—Morton S. Paton. Marker—Mr. Joyce.

Lawrence Waterbury and Reginald R. Fincke, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated Wilson Potter and Dr. Miskey, Philadelphia Racquet and Tennis Club, 15—3, 15—6, 15—0, 12—15, 15—6.

Waterbury and Fincke.........12 3—15
Potter and Miskey...............— 3
Waterbury and Fincke.....1 6 5 1 2—15
Potter and Miskey.........2 1 1 2— 6
Waterbury and Fincke...........3 12—15
Potter and Miskey...............— 0
Waterbury and Fincke......5 3 2 2—12
Potter and Miskey.......5 3 2 1 4—15
Potter and Miskey.........0 1 2 3— 6
Waterbury and Fincke......7 0 7 1—15

Aces by service—Waterbury and Fincke, 25; Potter and Miskey, 13. Aces by placing—Waterbury and Fincke, 11; Potter and Miskey, 3. Aces by opponents' misses—Waterbury and Fincke, 36; Potter and Miskey, 14. Referee—Payne Whitney. Marker—Mr. Ellis.

H. D. Scott and G. R. Fearing, Boston Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated G. C. Clarke, Jr., and W. Stackpole, 15—11, 15—12, 15—4, 15—1.

Clarke and Stackpole.........2 4 5—11
Scott and Fearing............5 2 8—15
Scott and Fearing........1 0 7 3 4—15
Clarke and Stackpole......4 0 7 1 .—12
Scott and Fearing..........1 3 10 1—15
Clarke and Stackpole.........0 2 2 .— 4
Scott and Fearing............1 3 11—15
Clarke and Stackpole.........1 0 0 .— 1

Aces by service—Scott and Fearing, 36; Clarke and Stackpole, 10. Aces by placing—Scott and Fearing, 7; Clarke and Stackpole, 8. Aces by opponents' misses—Scott and Fearing, 17; Clarke and Stackpole, 16. Referee—Q. A. Shaw. Marker—Mr. Rogger.

Will Not Bar Amateurs.

According to the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, members affiliated with that organization can properly officiate as referees of professional hockey games in the Dominion. James G. Merrick of Toronto, President of the union, has just handed down a decision to the effect that amateurs will not sacrifice their standing by officiating in such contests. The Board of Governors of the Canadian A. A. U. has recommended that amateurs shall not in any way be connected with professional sports, but at the same time they do not prohibit it.

Spanish War Veterans' Games.

The annual indoor meet of the Spanish War Veterans will be held Feb. 19, at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. An extensive programme has been arranged, and will be run off under the auspices of the Manhattan Borough Council, which is composed of delegates from the various camps of the veterans. James E. Sullivan will referee, and Amateur Athletic Union officials will be in control of the meet.

Columbia in Spring Soccer.

The schedule of the Columbia soccer team for the Spring season was announced yesterday. There are five regular contests, all of which are in the series for the intercollegiate championship. Games will also be arranged with the Springfield Training School eleven, and it is probable that practice contests will be played with local teams. The schedule:

March 12, Haverford, at Haverford; 19, Harvard at Columbia, South Field; 26, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; April 2, Cornell at Columbia, South Field; 9, Yale at New Haven.

N. Y. A. C. and Crescents in Hockey.

The New York and Crescent Athletic Clubs' hockey teams will clash to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink in one of the most important games of the Amateur Hockey League series. Both teams are tied for first place in the struggle for championship honors, and the result to-night will put one or the other to the fore.

Eastern Skaters Turned Down.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—President E. C. Brown of the Amateur Athletic Union last night refused finally, he said to interfere for the Eastern Amateur Skating Association, recently ousted from the International Skating Union of America. This action was taken on a direct appeal from the officers of the deposed Eastern Association.

SHEPPARD CASE GOES OVER.

Military Athletic League Hears Evidence, Then Adjourns.

A committee representing the Military Athletic League held a meeting last night at the Ninth Regiment Armory to investigate still further the cases of Melvin Sheppard of New York and W. J. Hayes of Philadelphia, athletes who were advertised to compete in a running race in a set of games held in Philadelphia last month, but in which they failed to compete, for which both were suspended by the Philadelphia branch of the M. A. L.

Last week both men had a trial in Philadelphia, but a further hearing was set for last night, when the chief body of the league took up the matter.

The Philadelphia body was represented by three lawyers, and Sheppard had two barristers looking out for his end of the case, and after they had spent four hours in quibbling over technicalities, in which the lawyers were the principal actors, Lieut. Garcia, the Chairman, announced that the committee of the M. A. L. would adjourn, and the case stands now about as it always has—with no indication of a settlement.

The principal point argued in the Sheppard case was the alleged exorbitant expense allowance he asked the Philadelphia parties provided he competed. It evidently was not satisfactory to the committee for adjournment was taken without naming a day when the cases will be further heard or decided. Notice of at least five days must be served upon all parties concerned before another meeting may be held.

Sheppard was present last night, but Hayes was not.

TAKE RUGBY SERIOUSLY.

That's What Daily Princetonian Wants Rules Committee to Do.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 20.—With the statement that the fate of football is sealed unless radical changes in the rules are made, so that men may take part in the game without the great liability to injury now existing, The Daily Princetonian, in an editorial this morning recommended that the English game of rugby be taken into serious consideration, with a view to either substituting it for American football, or improving the American game with the best features of the English game.

The editorial is the result of a letter published in the college daily yesterday morning, written by D. G. Herring, who played on two Princeton 'Varsity football teams, and is now a Rhodes scholar at Oxford University. Herring, who played on the Oxford rugby team last year, and is consequently well qualified to express an opinion, stated that the English game subjected the players to less danger and was at the same time more interesting, both to the player and the spectator, than the American game.

NEW YORK Y. C. MEETS.

Election of New Members Brings Total Up to 2,309.

The first general meeting of the year was held at the New York Yacht Club last night. One hundred members and nineteen yacht owners were present. Commodore Arthur Curtiss James presided.

The membership of the club has now gone over the 2,300 mark by just nine, the membership being composed of the following: Active, 1,681; life, 122; navy, 461; flag, eight; foreign, seven, and honorary, thirty. Thirteen new members were elected last night. The usual appropriations to the various committees were ordered. Outside of this and the election of new members nothing but routine business was transacted. The next general meeting of the club is on March 24.

Bayonne Y. C. Re-elects Commodore.

At the annual meeting of the Bayonne Yacht Club held last night, the internal strife which has divided the organization for the past six months came to an end, and Commodore Pratt was unanimously elected to a third term. Frank Haberer and J. Searle McDede, M. D., were appointed respectively fleet captain and fleet surgeon. The other officers are as follows: Measurer—William K. Dodd; Secretary—William V. Collins, (re-elected;) Treasurer—Arthur J. Shadek, (re-elected;) Director—Charles J. Metting; Membership Committee—Charles Henninger, Charles A. Steeler, Frank Schneider; Race Committee—Fred. U. Whitaker, P. William Vette, Armond G. Rossig.

The club's racing class of catboats was a principal subject of discussion at the meeting. The races in this series did not get under way last season because of the non-completion of some of the boats. Contracts have just been made for the building of three additional boats in the class, and lively sport is anticipated for the coming season.

Other boats being built by members are a twenty-six-foot cabin cruising launch by Commodore Pratt, a twenty-eight-foot cruising yawl by Vice Commodore Peppel and Charles Nenninger, and a forty-foot power cruiser by Charles A. Steller.

Indian Harbor Y. C. Nominations.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Jan. 20.—At the meeting of the Nominating Committee of Indian Harbor Yacht Club the following nominations were made: Commodore—Roy A. Rainey; Vice Commodore—L. D. Armstrong; Rear Commodore—Lawrence W. Darr; Secretary—George L. Slawson; Treasurer—Richard Outwater; Measurer—Morgan Barney; Directors—Charles T. Wills and John D. Chapman; Regatta Committee—E. Burton Hart, Henry C. Pelton, and Richard Outwater. The Nominating Committee consisted of E. Burton Hart, Martin J. Quinn, and George Lauder, Jr. The elections will be held next Wednesday evening.

Wainwright Buys Yacht Naulahka.

Stuyvesant Wainwright, the well-known yachtsman, has purchased the Naulahka, which was built last June by Herreshoff, and which competed successfully in the race for the Manhasset Bay Cup last Summer. Mr. Wainwright has rechristened the Naulahka, and she will hereafter be known as Cara Mia. She will be raced by her new owner during the coming season.

Cathedral College Beats Poly Prep.

In a game of basket ball, whose feature was the accurate passing of the winning five, the Cathedral College 'Varsity yesterday defeated the team of Poly Prep by a score of 36 to 24. The line-up:

Cathedral College.	Position.	Poly Prep.
Kenny	Left guard	Balfe
Brady	Left forward	Goodwin
McClain	Centre	Kline
Booth	Right guard	Anderson, Belcher
Ryan	Right forward	Sicard

Goals from floor—Kenny, (10,) Goodwin, (5,) Booth, (3,) Sicard, (3,) Kline, (2,) Ryan, (2,) McClain. Goals from fouls—Kenny, (4,) Goodwin, (4.) Referee—Mr. Digelow. Umpire—Mr. Yarwood. Timekeeper—Mr. Rush.

Basket Ball Championships in Chicago

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Charles A. Dean, Chairman of the National A. A. U. Championship Basket Ball Committee, has announced that the unlimited championships would be held at the First Regiment Armory in Chicago on March 17, 18, and 19. As an incentive to bring the best teams together in this meeting Dean has offered to pay part of the expenses of the Montreal team, champions of Canada; the Birmingham (Ala.) team, one of the strongest aggregations in the South; the Salt Lake City Y. M. C. A., which has had an unbeaten team in the last few years, and the San Francisco A. C., which is represented by one of the strongest teams on the coast.

Elementary Schools Basket Ball.

Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Secretary of the Public Schools Athletic League, has completed arrangements for the final basket ball game for the elementary school championship of Greater New York. It will be played in the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory to-morrow afternoon. Public School 62 of Manhattan and 109 of Brooklyn will meet for the championship.

Freshmen Swimmers Win.

The final swimming trials for the Trubenbach medals were run off at Columbia yesterday, and the winners of the prizes were announced. The freshmen managed to win all the places. The first place was won by W. M. Campbell, '13, with the score of 24 points; second, G. W. Dunn, '13, with 15 points, and third, F. W. Kroehle, '13, with 12 points. G. W. Dunn won the 100-yard swim, and R. C. Norton the plunge for distance.

McDonald Wins Roller Race.

The two-mile handicap roller skating race at the Metropolitan Rink last night was of unusual interest. H. McDonald, who started from the twenty-yard mark, won in fine style, with William Kirkbride of Newark, who started ten yards behind him, a close second, and G. McCormick of this city third, from the seventy-yard mark, the winner's time being 6:31 1-5.

Beside the Newark entry there were two skaters from Bridgeport, Conn., H. Burke and G. Bower. Burke was one of the three who started from scratch, and considering his handicap and not being familiar with the turns of the local rink, he put up a good race.

Best class of Business Opportunities, see Page 17.

BASEBALL MEN SPLIT ON SCHEDULE DATES

National League Divided on Proposed Increase to 168 Games.

LONG AND SHORT DRAFTS

Ebbets Favors Extended Season, While Other Club Owners See Trouble Ahead If It Is Adopted Finally.

John B. Dovey, President of the Boston National League Baseball Club, has a conference in Brooklyn with Charles H. Ebbets, Chairman of the National League Schedule Committee. The schedule was the subject of discussion, and while it is known that Mr. Dovey voted for a 168-game schedule at the league meeting in December, it is believed by many that there may be a change of front among the National League owners about the lengthened schedule. Some of the owners agree with Barney Dreyfuss that the public will get enough baseball with 154 games and the World Series. Yesterday Mr. Ebbets would not say whether the Boston owner was opposed to the long schedule, and said that he wouldn't venture to say what Mr. Dovey's stand was. Mr. Ebbets said he would rather have the Bostonian speak for himself on the subject. It was rumored, however, that Mr. Dovey came on from Boston with the opinion that the old schedule was good enough.

Mr. Ebbets has called a preliminary meeting of the Schedule Committee for Pittsburg on next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. At that time he will present his 168-game schedule that the league requested him to draft, and Mr. Dreyfuss will offer a draft of a schedule of 154 games. The matter will then be thoroughly discussed before the committee meets with the American League schedule on Monday.

There is likely to be numerous baseball doings in Pittsburg next week, for the Rules Committees of both leagues will also meet there. The American League will be represented by Charles Comiskey of Chicago, Charles Summers of Cleveland, and Thomas Noyes of Washington. The Rules Committee of the National League is composed of President Lynch, Secretary John A. Heydler, and Clarke Griffith of Cincinnati. It is not expected that any action will be taken regarding the use of spikes.

President Lynch will have several suggestions to make, one of which will be an amendment to more thoroughly cover the conduct of the players on the bench during the game. President Lynch wants to have the chronic bench orators silenced.

Each day brings more protests from ball players against the new form of contract which will be in vogue this year. It prohibits players from taking part in exhibition games, indoor baseball, basket ball, and football. Many of the players believe that it is unfair to control their actions before and after the baseball season. The new contract clause covering this point makes it possible, however, for a player to take part in outside sports if he gets the permission of the owner with whom he is under contract, and some of them believe that they will be able to make barn-storming trips with the owner's permission.

Word comes from Cincinnati that President Garry Herrmann of the Cincinnati Baseball Club has not absolutely declared himself on the length of the schedule for the coming season. At one time he was in line with Ebbets and Murphy for a 168-game schedule, but his views lately have undergone a change, it is said.

According to the Red Chief, he has always been in favor of playing as many games as possible during the time of the players' contracts, but he does not see that much advantage is to be gained by adding fourteen games in the month of October. Then, he contends, there is the more serious question of conflicts with the American League to consider.

Mr. Herrmann points out the fact that it has been declared that the addition to the schedule will mean an increase in the number of conflicting games from seventeen, the same as last year, to about sixty. "If that is so," the Cincinnatian says, "it is doubtful if the long schedule will find many supporters at the National League meeting.

"I think that schedules of both 154 and 168 games should be drawn up and the best one adopted. We are not pledged to 168 games, as the Schedule Committee was simply instructed to draw up such a schedule and see how it would work. If it occasions a larger number of conflicts I will not be in favor of it. It takes a vote of six in the League meeting to adopt any schedule, as there is no chance to get one through without nearly perfect harmony on the committee."

COLUMBIA BASEBALL DATES.

Seventeen Games Have Been Arranged for Morningside Nine.

As announced yesterday by Manager C. H. Ramsdell the Columbia baseball schedule this year is shorter than usual, containing only seventeen games. But there are two dates still open, and with several practice games to be arranged for later the list will probably be eventually filled out to its usual size. Most of the games will be played on the home field, South Field, or in the vicinity of the city. It is expected that a temporary grandstand will be erected on South Field for these contests. The regular games with Yale and Syracuse will be played during commencement week. Preliminary games will probably be held with Fordham and New York University early in March, while at the end of the home season the team will take a short trip. The schedule:

April 2—Rutgers, at South Field; 6—St. John's, at South Field; 9—City College, at South Field; 13—Pennsylvania, at South Field; 16—Princeton, at Princeton; 20—Fordham, at Fordham; 23—Cornell, at Ithaca; 27—Stevens, at South Field; 30—West Point, at West Point; May 4—New York University, at Ohio Field; 7—Georgetown at South Field; 14—Crescent A. C., at Bay Ridge; 28—Yale, at South Field; June 1—Syracuse, at South Field; 4—Trinity, at Hartford; 7—Syracuse, at South Field.

Cusack in American Association.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—President Thomas Chivington of the American Association to-day signed Umpire Steve Cusack, who was with the National League at the beginning of last season and finished the season in the New York State League.

Paterson Catcher for Pirates.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 20.—A new catcher has been signed by the Pittsburg Baseball Club. The contract signed by Edward Bridges of Paterson, N. J., was received by Barney Dreyfuss last night. Bridges is the backstop who was purchased from the Northampton team in the Connecticut League last August.

Phillies and Reds Trade Pitchers.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 20.—One of the biggest baseball trades of the Winter was closed to-day by the Cincinnati and Philadelphia National League clubs. The deal involves the trading of four pitchers, Philadelphia getting Robert Ewing and James Brennan in return for Frank Corrigan and Harry Covaleski. Ewing has been with Cincinnati since 1902. Brennan was brought from Hutchinson, Kan., last Fall.

Anson Loses First Match to Moore.

Capt. Adrian C. Anson of Chicago lost the first block of the three-cushion carrom billiard tournament for the championship of Greater New York at McGraw's billiard rooms last night, when he was defeated by George Moore by a score of 50 to 40. At one stage of the match Moore had a lead of 15 points, and then Anson showed some clever billiards and pulled up with his opponent, playing even with him for several innings. Moore finally took the lead and won. The match went 100 innings. Moore's high run was 5 and Anson's 4. The match will be resumed this evening at 8 o'clock. Tom Gallagher will be the referee.

St. John's Billiard Victory.

W. St. John, playing 200 against the 190 of C. Worcester, defeated the latter last night at the Knickerbocker billiard rooms, Brooklyn, St. John getting his total while Worcester made only 154. St. John's average was 5 40-44. His high run was 46. Worcester averaged 3 23-43, with a high run of 39. To-night F. A. Boyd and H. A. Smith will meet.

AUTO DEALERS ORGANIZE.

Distributers of Cars Licensed Under the Selden Patent.

A meeting of the automobile dealers who are to comprise the Licensed Automobile Association of New York met yesterday at the Hotel Astor to form an organization of the dealers who handle cars licensed under the Selden patent. The object of the new association is to protect the purchasers of those cars that are licensed. The meeting was an enthusiastic one and attended by twenty-six dealers representing thirty-five different makes of cars.

There was a general uniformity of sentiment among the dealers present, who believe that they are in a position to help the prospective purchasers of cars. An aggressive campaign will be waged by the association when it has been fully organized, and a determined effort will be made to compel all unlicensed manufacturers to operate under the Selden patent laws.

Percy Owen of the Chalmers-Detroit Company was elected temporary Chairman, and Sidney B. Bowman, representing the Marmon and Apperson cars, was elected temporary Secretary. The Chairman was instructed to appoint a committee on organization to draw up the by-laws of the new association. The committee will also act as a Nominating Committee.

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BRUSH	Car, $485. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN.	1619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts. Tel. 833 Col.
COLUMBIA	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3877 Columbus.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT	45 H. P. $2,500. Garage and Machine Shop. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 54th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4888 Col.
LOZIER	56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland	CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. Phone 5130 Col.
MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 4353 Col.
MOON	Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL	POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1917 B'way, (64th St.) 'Phone 3898 Col.
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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JAN. 21, 1910.

THE RAILWAY OGRE.

Much of the discussion of the railway problem proceeds upon the basis that the railway builders are actuated by an irresistible appetite to fatten upon the country through which they run their rails. It used to be thought otherwise. Once railways were invited to develop regions which thought they would languish without them. But those same regions having become developed, and the railways being irremovable, it is thought now safe to discourage construction of more roads by harrowing the old roads, which must run whatever is done to them.

In THE TIMES of Wednesday Mr. YOAKUM, the President of the St. Louis & San Francisco Company, set forth the reason why the old theory of construction still applies to large areas. They lie 100 miles from a railway, and are now in the same condition as like areas before existing railways were built. Corn then was fuel upon the treeless prairies, and at a time of scant supply of foodstuffs there are millions of acres idle because it would be useless to raise grain which could not be marketed. Transportation of the crops of a farm even ten miles from a railway necessitates a twenty-mile trip with a wagon, and a load of grain will not pay the cartage and freight. Many would be willing to continue harassing the railways who would be unwilling to make breadstuffs dear by such a policy.

Irrigation is a fad of the moment, and Mr. YOAKUM draws an interesting parallel between costs and results of agricultural development by irrigation and by railway building. The Government is building irrigation works for $114,000,000, and will reclaim 3,000,000 acres. The same amount of money spent in railway building would make 19,000,000 acres accessible within a five-mile strip on each side of the route. A system of discouragement of railway promoters which would not harm a section like the Eastern States, already supplied with 25 miles of railway to each ten square miles, would postpone indefinitely the development of another section with 9 miles of railway to each 100 square miles.

It is for such areas as these that Mr. YOAKUM puts in a plea that they shall be allowed to benefit themselves by railway construction that would also benefit those who are depriving them of the needed accommodations. Mr. YOAKUM must be allowed to testify whereof he knows when he declares that such is the effect of the pending legislation. Not that it is so very bad. Perhaps even it is good. But nobody knows. The railway promoter is in the position of the householder whose wife tells him there is a burglar down stairs, and he had better see about it. It may be only a mouse; but it may be a burglar; and the prudent man must be prepared for the worst, even though there may be truly nothing to be alarmed about.

CHAIRMAN PARSONS.

In laying down the burdens of the Republican County Chairmanship, Mr. HERBERT PARSONS reviews with justifiable satisfaction his achievements in that office. He feels that he has done some service to his party. We are also of that opinion, and it has been, in the main, a very creditable service. Some measure of its value may be had by contrasting the policy and the procedures of Chairman PARSONS with those of some of the old-time Chairmen in the days when the Republican "Boys" concerned themselves very much less about the welfare of their party than about the success of their annual "deals" with Tammany.

Mr. PARSONS deserves praise for the candid spirit in which he entered into and continued in the negotiation with the Committee of One Hundred for the nomination of Fusion candidates last Fall. We may say that his behavior in those conferences was noble, and patriotic compared with the utterly selfish, narrow, and unprincipled performances of the representatives of Kings County Republicanism. Mr. PARSONS gave the weight of his personal influence and the support of his organization, or what he could command of it, to the Fusion candidates. It is hardly too much to say that without his assent and co-operation there would have been no Fusion. He is entitled to his share of credit for wresting the power of the purse out of the hands of Tammany, and for the active though unsuccessful campaign for the election of the Fusion candidate for Mayor.

Mr. PARSONS feels that he is not "temperamentally fitted" for the Chairmanship of the Republican Committee in this county. We doubt if any man can longer be considered as temperamentally fitted for the duties of that difficult post. It was easy enough in the old days when the organization could be held together. Politics were simple then. They have come to a stage of high and bewildering complexity. Tammany alone suffers no change. There is discipline, there is obedience. Those impregnable legions heard no other voice than that of their leader, and they elected their candidate for Mayor. Mr. PARSONS is aware, of course, that some of his men got away—a good many of them. A comparison of the Fusion vote for Mayor last Fall with the Republican vote for Surrogate BECKETT in 1908, a comparison which we have no doubt Mr. PARSONS has made in tabular form and studied attentively, shows what happened to the Republican organization in a good many of the districts. The allurement of new principles, of the fashionable "policies" of the day, and the appeal of other leaders produced defections that, although plainly foreseen, could not have been prevented. That was not the fault of Mr. PARSONS, nobody could have regretted it more sincerely than himself, and, after all, he leaves the organization in better working order than it was in when he took the Chairmanship.

DON'T HAMPER THE POLICE.

The police of New York should not be hampered in their work of suppressing lawlessness and bringing criminals to justice, but helped. The humane feelings of Mayor GAYNOR deserve respect. He is right in insisting that policemen shall not use their clubs without good cause. But the patrolmen need their clubs at night, especially in bad neighborhoods, for self-defense. Policemen who misuse their clubs, who are cruel and brutal in their treatment of malefactors should be punished. The Mayor is right as to that.

As for the much-talked-of "third degree," we have a suspicion that many of the tales told about it are gross exaggerations. New York does not suffer so much from the overzeal of its police as from the immunity of many lawbreakers. Violence in the examination of prisoners and any kind of torture should not be tolerated, of course, but if we have competent law officers they should be permitted to use their judgment, and their knowledge of human nature, in the detection of crime. Rebuke them for abusing their powers, but do not hamper them in the performance of their duty.

THE BRITISH ELECTIONS.

The Conservatives and Liberal Unionists in Great Britain, though they have no prospect of getting control of the Government, are having some fun in their Parliamentary elections on the installment plan. After all there is something to be gained by extending the elections over a fortnight or so. The situation changes each day. Latterly the Unionists have been getting some sort of consolation. Wednesday was distinctly a "tariff reform" day. Thus far more Unionists have been returned than Liberals, but Mr. ASQUITH's party in coalition with Mr. REDMOND's and the Laborites is sure of a good working majority.

The Unionists have little triumphs in non-conformist Wales and ever Liberal Scotland to crow over. It is noticeable that while the Liberal majorities of 1906 are generally much reduced the advanced radicals and Laborites poll rousing votes. It is too early yet to tell just what is going to happen when Parliament convenes. Perhaps, as the Conservatives are now saying, Mr. ASQUITH did trick the Irish with his light promise of Home Rule. But what if the Nationalists, with English and Scotch aid, are able to hold him to his promise? A Home Rule bill this Summer would make the British politics of 1910 livelier than those of 1909. How the refortified Opposition benches would enjoy it!

THE COST OF LIVING.

Sometimes complex, difficult, and dangerous situations are relieved by the most simple means. We are cheered and heartened at this statement made by President HOWARD ELLIOT of the Northern Pacific Railway, as reported in The Evening Post of Wednesday:

> Farming in the West has become a business itself. * * * On five experimental farms conducted by our company such land [formerly grazing land] produces forty bushels [of wheat] to the acre. It is the right approach to the problem of feeding 90,000,000 of people.

It is, indeed, the proper approach. The trebling of the product of each acre under cultivation is easily possible. Mr. JAMES J. HILL has demonstrated again and again that any old farm may be made to double its average crops by the simple expedient of rotating them, and it is possible to teach rotation to even the most hidebound and mossbacked of farmers.

The Northern Pacific is not the only railway or other organization engaged in this propaganda. "The States, colleges, and railroads are all spreading the doctrine of modern methods for farming," says President ELLIOT, "with the result that thousands of acres of land formerly considered fit only for grazing are yielding big wheat crops."

Nothing stimulates business, fills banks, raises wages, and lowers the cost of living like big crops. In this age of scientific agriculture unfavorable weather conditions in any area need not affect the crops to bring them below the average, and the average may be increased to quite double the present output. We suggest that the members of Congress who are now investigating the rise in the cost of living inquire into the reasons why this country is living on an agricultural plane that is lower than the lowest in Europe.

$103,250.

Mr. JAMES J. STORROW, recently candidate for Mayor of Boston, has filed with the City Clerk a sworn statement that his "personal expenses" in the campaign were $103,250. The general opinion will be that if he expended all that money to be elected he accomplished his own defeat. The amount is staggering. Of course it must all have been expended for legitimate purposes, but no political system that countenances such an expenditure should prevail. It indicates that Mr. STORROW believed that without an extravagant use of money he could not possibly be elected. Until a fortnight or so before election the people of other cities, who were interested in the Boston election as a contest for good municipal government, believed that Mr. STORROW would win because of his personal character and fitness for office. It seems now that he had less faith in those qualities than outsiders.

An itemized account of his expenditures would be interesting reading. Printing, advertising, and carriage hire are expensive, of course, but a great deal can be done with $100,000. Four years of office, at a comparatively small salary, was STORROW's goal. He spent his money either for the glory of a triumph or the good of the community, or both. But it was too much money.

EXTEND THE BOYCOTT.

The boycott on meat grows in the West, and in Cleveland the Thirty-Cent Egg Club already has a large and growing membership. It is a desirable club, with few restrictions as to membership. Any one who believes that two and one-half cents is a fair price for a barnyard egg young enough to be edible can get in. The middlemen are to be brought to terms. As a general thing the boycott is a pretty poor weapon of defense. In this war on the gamblers in food who control meat and eggs the result may be to increase the price of vegetables and bread; but it is a good idea to have concerted action.

The boycott may well be extended to Broadway. Food prices on the line of that thoroughfare are too high. Somebody is making a great deal of money with lobsters. A Maine lobster about to be captured would blush if he knew the sum of money presently to be asked for him, broiled. As a matter of fact, he does blush, but that is another story. A boycott on sweetbreads and squab chicken en casserole, from the Washington Arch northward, might have a sound economic effect. Terrapin, which is often turtle meat from the Delaware River flats by way of Philadelphia markets, is sold on Broadway at a huge profit. As for the breasts of canvasback duck, broiled over a quick charcoal fire, with fried hominy and fresh endive, dressed as lightly as a heroine of musical comedy, with the juice of the lime, the oil of Lucca, and a hint of condiment, what wage-earner can afford to stay his stomach nowadays with such a simple meal? Boycott, by all means.

As for the thirty-cent egg, you can get a fairly good one now for about that price. The Cleveland economists demand a dozen for that sum. We scarcely remember when eggs were 30 cents a dozen. But if the boycott accomplishes its purpose there is a good time coming. Better still, if the agitation against the food trusts continues, New England, Long Island, and the rest of New York may go sensibly and economically into the cattle-raising, chicken, and egg industries. There is plenty of land to spare, and we might easily get our market supplies nearer home.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Likely to Remain A Mystery. With the death of the Shibley boy there probably passes away the last small chance of solving the mystery of why and by whom he and little Robert Lomas were so cruelly shot down. The police can, and doubtless will, for a while longer go on arresting shabby men with black beards, but with no one alive to identify the right prisoner they will probably all have to be discharged. The only available description is too vague to be of any value, and as the criminal has not betrayed himself in the week and more which has passed since the atrocity was committed there is little hope that he will ever emerge from his safe seclusion.

The stone wall against which the detectives have exerted themselves in vain has been the absence of a plausible, or even imaginable, motive for the shooting of these two little children. The assumption that the murderer is a maniac is only a way of admitting this fact, and its acceptance is little less than a confession of utter helplessness, for if the deed was done for no reason comprehensible to a sane mind, the theory of mania leads nowhere except to a passive watch for the perpetration of like crimes in the future. Even if these occur and the man who commits them is caught, it will not prove him guilty of killing the Shibley and Lomas boys.

And, were it not that such an act seems inexplicable except as a result of lunacy, that explanation would not be accepted, since the circumstances and details of the crime are not of the kind an alienist would expect to find. The homicidal maniac is rarely if ever moved by a simple desire to kill, and so far as known there was nothing else in this case. That is the most puzzling peculiarity of the affair, though it is not one very likely to impress itself upon Coroners and policemen, advanced psychiatry not being, more is the pity, familiar to either class of officials. More progress might have been made if the maniac theory had not been so soon adopted, for then the search for what may be called objective motives would have been keener and more prolonged.

Suggestion as an Explanation. It was certain that Prof. MUENSTERBERG would fail to find any evidence of the supernatural, or even of the supernormal, in the doings of EUSAPIA PALADINO, as it was that his associate in the Harvard Faculty, Prof. JAMES, would give her the benefit of any doubts that could be raised in her behalf. Mysticism is repugnant to one of them, while the other views it with a gentle tolerance, and nothing could be more different than the ways in which the two study the workings and peculiarities of the human mind.

In reality, of course, they are not so far apart as they seem, Prof. MUENSTERBERG's denials and Prof. JAMES's admissions coming to about the same thing in the end. The former, for instance, inclines to explain everything in the woman's performance which ordinary trickery will not account for as being the result of her highly developed powers as a suggestionist. In other words, she makes people think they see and feel things that do not exist, simply by making them expect to see and feel those things. When this is done as effectively as EUSAPIA PALADINO sometimes does it, and a dozen people agree in sincere declarations that they see floating arms in the air or feel a current of cold air coming out of the woman's forehead, whether one calls it suggestion or the exercise of a supernormal faculty makes little difference.

Little in one sense, that is. In another, that of the point of view, it is very great. Prof. MUENSTERBERG has himself often warned us against supposing that to name a thing is to explain it. One often has a strong inclination to turn the warning against all those who say "suggestion" and then lie back as if they had solved a problem instead of merely restating it. More mysterious, perhaps, than any miracle performed by EUSAPIA PALADINO is the fact that a scientist accustomed to deal with the measurable and the ponderable should find anything to interest him in futilities produced in conditions that make anything like real investigation impossible.

SECOND-CLASS MAIL RATE.

Magazine Man on Why It Should Not Be Raised.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your recent editorial article on "The Postal Deficit" touches too lightly upon the fundamental business questions involved. These questions are:

First—The excessive carriage charges paid to the railways by the Government.

It is a National scandal that the Post Office Department pays the railways more for transporting second-class mail than the railways receive from the express companies for carrying express matter, and practically as much per equal weight as a first-class passenger pays for transportation in high-class equipment.

Second—What is commonly understood to be an antiquated and unbusinesslike system of bookkeeping within the department.

It has been frequently alleged and never disproved that this lack of system in the accounting makes it practically impossible to determine the relative profits or deficiencies of the various classes of mail.

Third—The revenue creating power of second-class mail for the first and third classes.

This is the most vital principle of all. Were it not for this producing power the income of the other classes would be tremendously reduced. It is obviously difficult to measure this force closely. But every great National advertiser, and all magazine publishers, know the vast volume of business poured into the first and third classes by the second-class department. The immense proportions of this revenue can be imagined when its sources are briefly enumerated:

Copy from advertiser to publisher.
Proofs from publisher to advertiser.
Bills from publisher to advertiser.
Remittances from advertiser to publisher.
Answers from readers to advertisers.
Letters from advertisers to readers, (sometimes three or four follow-up letters.)
Orders from readers to advertisers, (in many cases by postal money orders.)
Mailing of goods from advertisers to readers.
Bills from publisher to subscriber.
Remittances from subscriber to publisher, (in many cases by postal money order.)
Letters soliciting subscriptions.
Premiums to subscribers.
Miscellaneous correspondence, &c.

These are all business reasons why the second-class rate should not be raised. If it were raised it would make the cost of producing many magazines prohibitive. It would mean an enormous loss of circulation, and consequently an enormous loss to the income of the first-class section. All these are matter-of-fact arguments, entirely separate from the educational or sentimental questions involved.

MAGAZINE MAN.

New York, Jan. 19, 1910.

REMARKS ON "GERMLETS."

A Clear Conscience Is the Most Powerful Antiseptic Known to Science.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A letter in your issue of Jan. 11, signed "Anti-Humbug," seems to have precipitated a controversy relative to the efficiency of bacillary tablets in intestinal disorders. As a man of experience, let me venture a few remarks "touchin' on and appertainin' to" germlets in general. In my understanding the theory of bacillary tablet administration is to implant in the intestinal canal a specific germ which produces lactic acid, and this in turn is supposed to conquer other and putrefactive bacteria in the canal. Very pretty—in a test-tube. While in opposition to "Anti-Humbug," I know these lactic acid germs can be administered in dry tablet form, I believe they are about as effectual as drinking a teaspoonful of buttermilk or eating a few grains of putrid meat now and then. Why? Because the human system is such a powerful organization, with its ability easily to decompose the most stable organic and inorganic compounds, such as sodium chlorid, alcohol, potassium acetate, pieces of bone, &c., assimilating what it needs and discarding what it does not, that it is preposterous to suppose that it cannot decompose and absorb a few million gentle little bacilli which are nothing but comparatively weak compounds of carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, and the like, and this solely in the process of ordinary digestion, without recourse to the wonderful antagonistic principles of the human system which conquer the most virulent germs of typhoid, yellow fever, cholera, and others.

And allow me to air a creed which is amply demonstrated in the case of every mature man, viz.: A clear conscience is the strongest antiseptic yet known to science, not excluding bi-chlorid of mercury, formaldehyde, sodium benzoate, and the rest, for all of us in our span of life have imbibed as choice an assortment of bacteria as any laboratory can disclose.

A MISSOURI CHEMIST.

New York, Jan. 19, 1910.

Who Pays the Tariff?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An Associated Press dispatch from Paris, which I find in only one New York newspaper this morning, states that Consul General Mason made a speech in Paris to show the Frenchmen that the Payne tariff is not so bad, after all. One statement in this speech attracted me particularly, and I think it should be given wider publicity. Mr. Mason is quoted as saying that the burdens of the Payne tariff are not borne by the French producer, but are paid by the ultimate consumer in America. In this country the speech runs the other way, and they tell us that the burdens are shifted to the foreign manufacturer. Which is right?

New York, Jan. 18, 1910. AMERICAN.

TRANSIT HARMONY.

At Last the Public Has a Comfortable Prospect of It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The adoption at Friday's Board of Estimate meeting of President Mitchel's resolution, providing for a committee of his board to confer with the Public Service Commission for the purpose of determining prompt relief from existing transportation conditions, indicates that the transit millenium in this city is about to be realized. The carrying out of this resolution will reduce friction and establish a common policy in the general interest.

With so many independent supervising bodies, each having its own particular interest and none with a general aim for the public at large, friction must necessarily impede any ultimate favorable result to the common good. In this regard the railroad companies may be considered with the supervising bodies, for they certainly are as much interested in developing and maintaining traffic as any one, on account of the very nature of the business. And as this is their business, it seems that their suggestions or recommendations should be given much more consideration and looked upon with as much favor as suspicion.

With new lines agitated by newer companies in the territory of existing companies, any one knowing the railroad business can understand the attitude of these companies. Unlike some other things, competition in urban railroad business is neither good for the railroads nor for the public, and, therefore, not good for the city. Competition along parallel lines not only insures poor business to each company, but, on account of this poor business, only inadequate service can be rendered, not to speak of the transfer privileges that would be denied, thereby making every section a remote one. It would seem that the people of New York would profit by the example now before them in the surface car situation in Manhattan. It is a well-known fact that travel is now restricted over these lines for a single fare, on account of their present independent operations.

Take the case of a person coming to Manhattan via the Queensboro Bridge. He is landed at Fifty-ninth Street and Second Avenue. There is a crosstown line through Fifty-ninth Street from First Avenue to Tenth Avenue, and, although this line intersects several up and down town lines, while crossing Manhattan, it transfers to but one, and that at the extreme westerly end of the line, at Tenth Avenue. The Second Avenue line transfers to Twenty-third Street only, the Third Avenue line to Forty-second Street and Grand Street. A passenger must, therefore, walk to Lexington Avenue before he can board a car that will transfer at all liberally. There are, no doubt, worse cases in the city. Compare this to the case of getting about Brooklyn for a single fare, when any section is available—even to Coney Island if one has the time.

It would seem, therefore, that existing companies should be more than favored, particularly with such a body as the Public Service Commission, with power to regulate their service. It does not seem that competition and regulation were made for each other. And there is no question that the lines of these existing companies can be developed and extended so as to give every part of the Greater City adequate service.

If the supervising bodies could look upon these facts, friction, no doubt, would be avoided and a common policy would be evolved which would result for the general good. In the past the Public Service Commission, the Board of Estimate, and the railroads seem to have misunderstood each other, and the public—the fellow who pays—has been the only sufferer. For the members of the commission and the Board of Estimate continued to draw their salaries, and the railroads kept on doing business, but in a more sardinelike and, obviously, more profitable way.

There are two available plans that will solve the situation in the quickest and most economical way, and which will give the public the most for their money. The so-called Lane plan, submitted to the Public Service Commission Dec. 28, 1909, will provide faster service and twice as much of it in the quickest time in Brooklyn, while the Interborough plan submitted to the same body last Summer will do the same for Manhattan and the Bronx and start things going in Queens.

Satisfactory arrangement of terms seems to be the stumbling block, and, no doubt, harmonious effort can arrange these. Also, the fact must not be lost sight of that, no matter what the terms are, the city must benefit financially through enhancement of taxable property, and be made a better place for its citizens to live in. For this last reason alone the city spends great sums for the public good through the development of its Health, Fire, Police, Park, Street Cleaning, Education, and Charities Departments, and with no financial return whatever. Good transportation is certainly as necessary as any of these works, and certainly has a direct bearing on them all.

Perhaps if the city was a sharer with the railroads in their net profits the whole proposition would be looked upon in a different light.

F. VAN Z. LANE.

Brooklyn, Jan. 18, 1910.

President Finley and Charity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of to-day under the heading "Too Much Machine Charity" I notice a report of remarks by President Finley. While agreeing in principle with all that he says, I beg to deprecate the impression likely to be conveyed regarding the present situation among charitable societies in this city.

Our association may be only one of many "skirmishers in the fight against human ills," but we are certainly doing all we can to meet the "need" for "a unifying of forces to attack" and to prevent "misery."

It so happens that we have now in hand a very pathetic Armenian immigrant case very like that of President Finley's imaginary Zulu; but our difficulties in dealing with it do not lead us to ask for any new society!

President Finley's appreciation of the work done through existing charitable agencies is undoubted, but sometimes a wrong and injurious inference may be drawn from the detached and briefly reported words of the wisest men.

H. INGRAM,
Superintendent of Relief New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

New York, Jan. 18, 1910.

Oleomargarine Law.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Supplementing your recent article regarding the farmers near Oswego selling their butter and buying oleomargarine, I have to say that this is also done by farmers and dairymen in the Elgin butter district.

Furthermore, I am in receipt of a letter from a publisher of several papers having circulation in dairy localities, who has frequently pointed out the injustice of the oleomargarine law, in which he says:

> I own a large farm, and have one of the best dairies in the State, yet in my papers I try to take a stand on all matters which I believe is right and fair.

How many publishers of Granger papers dare take such a stand, rather than truckle to a few Granger subscribers? Let us have a free press on this matter as well as on the right to vilify public officials.

F. A. SOUTHWICK.

New York, Jan. 17, 1910.

SOCIALISM OF JOHN BURNS.

Considers His Election No Cause for Gratification in This Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your article of Jan. 19 headed "John Burns," there are some of us who doubt whether it is "a matter for sincere gratification in this country that John Burns has retained his seat in the House of Commons, and by an unexpectedly large majority."

This doubt is entertained by certain gentlemen who heard the speech made by John Burns at one of the Economic Club dinners last Winter. Mr. Burns followed Mr. Littlefield of Maine, who made a very clear statement of the law of the United States as it stood with respect to conspiracy and boycott, and other matters of that nature. Mr. Burns stated that the Labor Party of England stood for Socialism. "Socialism in its fullest development," said Mr. Burns, "is the aim of the Labor Party of England," and for the reason that he did not wish to deceive his hearers in any respect, he made this statement. He further proceeded to lecture the labor leaders of the United States, and told them that their efforts would meet with no results until they formed a Labor Party and sent labor men to Congress and to the courts and to the Supreme bench. It was only in this way that they would get laws in favor of labor, and get decisions in favor of labor. Mr. Burns stated unequivocally that he stood for legislation pure and simple for the benefit of labor, whether it benefited anybody else or not.

Alluding to Mr. Littlefield's exposition of the law against conspiracy and boycott, Mr. Burns proceeded to say that for ages it had been the law of England, under which it was a felony for two or more persons to conspire to boycott, or to conspire to injure the business or the property of any person; but Mr. Burns proceeded to state with great force that the Labor Party of England had changed all that, and that they had actually reversed the law of England so that what was previously forbidden by law was now expressly allowed by law; whereas it was formerly a felony to boycott, or to conspire to injure another person, it was now perfectly legal to conspire for purposes of injury, and perfectly legal to conspire to boycott.

If Socialism of this character, and if laws passed for the exclusive benefit of one class of society are ends for which we should strive, and are results which are desirable, then the election of Mr. Burns as the chief exponent of these ideas may be a matter of congratulation, but to those of us who do not believe in class legislation, and to those of us who have no part in the fantastic dreams of Socialism, and to those of us who view laws in favor of conspiracy and boycotting with alarm, the election of Mr. Burns and the propagation of his ideas is very far from being a cause for congratulation.

There are many traits in Mr. Burns's character which are admirable. It is not the man we find fault with, but the principles which he advocates with all the strength of his partially educated and partially developed mind.

New York, Jan. 19, 1910. C. H. C.

Socialism of John Burns.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Eh, mon, but yon was a fine article aboot John Burns. Ah peety the Scoatch Killie, the English loon, or the Irish Kern—hailin' frae the "splendid empire"—that wadna hae been smettled by yon braw article. Nae wanner the mon on the "Fowerth Estate" said that the big things ye hae dune an' are daein' exheebit "in striking manner the extent of the resources and the all-around capacity of the editorial staff" o' yoursels, the splendid newspaper ca'ad THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUNCAN MacDONALD.

Brooklyn, Jan. 19, 1910.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN VOTES.

A Plea for the Intelligence of the Laborer and Servant Classes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of "Kinarla" in this day's TIMES affords a fair sample of the feeling entertained by the average Tory voter in England and Ireland. It is said in Ireland that the Tory is like the Bourbon, "he never learns and he never forgets."

There is little ground of comparison between the class "Kinarla" refers to here, the non-voting aliens and the farm laborers in Ireland. The laborers and male domestic servants in Ireland have not, or at all events not more than, 5 per cent. of the votes. And these must be tenants or owners of a house and premises for nearly two years before they are entitled to the franchise. And again the humblest voter is often the keenest and best-informed politician, for by the remedial legislation of Gladstone and his party the working man's position has been elevated from refined slavery to freedom, intelligence, and independence.

In Ireland political opinion with both Nationalist and Tory grows with his growth like a second religion. In America there is little or no politics, pure politics, certainly no political principle. It is the glamour of a name, influence, slander of opponents, hope of office or benefit, or of "graft." It is political zeal in Ireland, for there is no graft—generally the patriot's zeal.

"Kinarla" says Gladstone lowered the qualification of voters in England to a £10 valuation. This is not so, but the error is excusable. Indeed, it is a common error, and seeing that the great man's name has been associated with the advancement of every reform in England and Ireland and removal of every inequality and abuse for over sixty years, the error is a natural one. It was Disraeli and the Tory Party who reduced the qualifications of voters in 1867, but when the Liberals, under Gladstone, proposed the reduction of the qualifications two years before the same Tory Party opposed the extension. "Kinarla" seems to forget that this reduced franchise has been in force in England over forty years without much apparent deterioration, and, evidently, he does not know that the Tory Party has been put in power and kept there largely by the votes of the same class of voters—cajoled and induced by the "German scare," the cry of protection, and cheap beer, even at the present election. The returns of the Liberals to power now spells strength to England, her financial salvation, and a saving to the working classes of thirty millions a year—not deterioration.

A. J. QUINN.

New Rochelle, Jan. 19, 1910.

The Spluttering Red Flame.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The statement of one of your readers, A. Cochran, in yesterday's TIMES apropos gas being mixed with air deserves attention. Is there not some relation between this the spluttering red light (instead of proper blue flame) emitted from the company's gas stoves for the past few months and the undiminished gas bills?

HOUSEKEEPER.

New York, Jan. 18, 1910.

THE PLEA OF THE ABSENT.

You spoke to her of me?
Did a faint smile
Tremble upon her lips?
How did it seem to be?
Did she, a moment's while,
As one who sees far ships,
With lingering gaze
Look past you? Did her eyes
Not light a little? Or the sea
Of her blue vision dim as in a haze?
A tide of color rise,
Or ebb * * * at word of me?

She spoke to you of me?
What did she say?
Did her tongue move in doubt,
Or speak in difficulty?
Or in a hurried way,
Fearing a secret out?
And did she speak my name,
Or sudden change the theme?
Her manner did seem free,
Treating of This and That and Me the same?
Tell me * * * how did it seem,
Then * * * when she spoke of me?

STEPHEN CHALMERS.

BLAMES THE STATE FOR NARROW LIVES

Prof. Zueblin Tells a Columbia University Audience We Are Intellectual Slaves.

HE FAVORS PATERNALISM

The Very Best of Us Get a Poor Fragment of Life Under Present Conditions, He Declares.

That we are not free intellectually; that even "the very best of us are getting a poor fragment of life"; that the State is responsible for ugliness, and that various other organizations, including the Church and stage, need improving—these and many other assertions were made by Prof. Charles E. Zueblin of the University of Chicago, in a lecture at Columbia University, yesterday afternoon.

"Government and the Common Good," was the subject of Prof. Zueblin's talk, which began with a consideration of the Government's function. "It is concerned with everything in a given territory," he declared. "We are gradually getting rid of the philosophy which considered us all as atoms, and are getting some kind of an organic conception of society. The head of the body politic is government. Of course, the body politic might get along without a head, but it would behave very much as a decapitated chicken does. Yet many intelligent people are thinking that we might just as well dispense with the Government and let business interests run themselves."

Prof. Zueblin then entered upon a discussion of the Government and its deficiencies, in the course of which he suggested many possible reforms. A broadening of the suffrage, the adoption of the initiative and referendum, increased opportunities for education, the economic improvement in the status of the lower classes, a better stage, and a more useful Church, are only a few of Prof. Zueblin's practical hints calculated to bring about ideal social conditions.

Prof. Zueblin, regarding this, said:

"Some of us think we know what it is to be free intellectually, but you have only to stop and consider to see how little that is true. Most people do not think freely. They have sold themselves into intellectual servitude. It is not a very serious matter, perhaps, to be in subjection to the capitalist, because he knows how to guide business and we do not. Neither is it a very serious matter, perhaps, to be in subjection to the priest or the teacher; but it is because we are in subjection to so many that we cannot shake off the shackles and become free. We are in subjection to the physician. It is only the exceptional physician who is doing anything for the public life. We are in subjection to the artist. Most of us have so little artistic taste that we simply trail behind the critic to see what he says.

"The very best of us are getting a poor fragment of life. Let us consider the families who do not have enough to live upon. I think we will all agree that $500 is not enough to provide a family with the American standards of living, yet a majority do not get $500. If we were to divide up all that there is they would have but $600, perhaps. We must get rid of that idea, and must increase the background of their lives. It does not matter what their income is. The people with the $100,000 incomes do not get much satisfaction out of life. It is not a question of having money.

"The State is responsible for ugliness. We cannot bring beauty into the city except through the Government. Is there anybody that can preserve the sanctity of nature and prevent its being despoiled except the Government? So it is with ignorance. There are 2,000,000 white people born under the shadow of the little red schoolhouse who cannot read or write. In all probability there are 60,000,000 of ignorant people; and the educated people are overspecialized, partially educated people. The State is responsible also for immorality. You cannot legislate people into goodness, but you can do something to prevent the multiplication of institutions of vice.

"We must make it easier for will to express itself, so that force will not have to express itself. Will, not force, is the basis of the State. We can only do this by some kind of definite, practical programme, toward which we can work, in which the Government can contribute its share toward the synthesizing of human wants. Overspecialization precludes the synthesis of human wants. As an illustration, take the subject of transportation. If there was an individual whose function it was to utilize this system in order to carry the people where they could do the most good, it would be different. Is there any reason why the intelligence that has built the modern apartment house cannot be put into the transportation system? Why is it that we have so little intelligence—from the standpoint of the ideal—put into it? The trouble is that somebody is trying to get something out of it besides transportation service. If that were all he was thinking about, he would go right at it.

"In many of our cities we are getting art schools, but we have not as yet very good theatres. Yet they are among the most effective instruments of education and the higher life. Instead of many cheap theatres, suppose you had in each city a municipally subsidized theatre to set a standard. You can never do it in any other way than by State support. Our schoolhouses might be built in a great block and thrown open to the uses of the people. Then perhaps we might get hold of the newspapers. They are great educators, like the stage; but you cannot trust them. You cannot expect that now they will represent the great common life. I am afraid the same thing can be said of the churches. If you want to see an illustration of the fact that the great popular life does not throb in the Church, look at those empty, cold things, nearly all the week!

"We must not forget, either, that democratic government is not only of the people and for the people, but by the people. That is a thing we have not admitted, even in America. We do not trust the people. We do not want the initiative and referendum, and we do not want to extend the suffrage. Yet if we do not trust the people, they cannot expand. Not until we get democratic enough to get into touch with the great common life can we satisfy the wants of the common life."

TO GO 8,000 MILES TO WED.

Ithaca Girl Will Travel Alone to Manila—Met Future Husband at Cornell.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Miss Marian E. Ferrell of this city will leave her home and friends here early in February to begin an 8,000-mile journey to Manila, where she will become the bride of Carlos Lopes of Jaro, in the Philippine Islands. Miss Ferrell will make the long trip alone.

Over four years ago Lopez came to Cornell to study civil engineering. At a musical entertainment while he was a freshman he met Miss Ferrell. Lopez took his degree last Spring and went back to the islands. To-day a letter came from him asking Miss Ferrell to come to the Philippines, since he could not now get away. She cabled her consent and is now busy making plans for her journey.

DAVIS FORSAKES WAY OF MELODRAMA

Wooing the Pastoral Muse in "The Wishing Ring," Shown Yesterday at Daly's.

PLAY FOR THE VERY YOUNG

In Which Marguerite Clark and Her Company Are Much Applauded by an Audience of Professionals.

THE WISHING RING, by Owen Davis, a play in four acts, (founded on a short story by Dorothea Deakin.) Daly's.

Sally	Marguerite Clark
Giles	Robert Dempster
The Goddess Girl	Clara Palmer
William	Melville Stewart
Parson	William Norris
The Parent	Albert Gran
Martha Alice	Bessie Tannehill
Miss Peck	Rica Allen
Watts	St. Clair Bayfield
Stebbins	D. L. Don
Mrs. Plover	Louise Dempsey
The Unfortunate One	William Davis
Dick	Robert Tansey
Lucy	Pearl Egan
The Punch and Judy Man	Vincent Dusenbury

Owen Davis, author of "The Queen of the Opium Ring," "Bertha, the Sewing Machine Girl," and other classics of a like sort that now fall upon deaf ears, has apparently decided to reform, in proof of which exhibit A, "The Wishing Ring," was shown before a highly specialized assemblage at Daly's yesterday afternoon. In fact one man, familiar with most of the faces that smiled upon the actors from orchestra and boxes, remarked that if that audience didn't appreciate the play Lee Shubert should discharge it. However, on that finding, the various actors, show girls, and coryphees ought to hold their jobs. There was plenty of applause.

Mr. Davis's new muse is of a somewhat pastoral sort, partly, perhaps, because "The Wishing Ring" is founded on a short story by Dorothea Deakin, and partly because its chief rôle is supposed to be suited to a more or less airy, fairy type of little lady, such as Miss Marguerite Clark might be if her voice and temperament and manner were attuned to her daintiness of face and form. As it happens, however, Miss Clark never quite conveys the impression of ingenuousness, though it matters less in this particular case, where the lady to be enacted is assumed to be wise beyond her years. She is, in short, a practical little body who has to look after her impractical father, the Pastor, whose sense of economy and philanthropy conflict, thereby keeping the exchequer and the larder empty. However, Sally—that is the girl's name—meets the young heir of a wealthy landed proprietor, who is ultimately destined to rescue her from poverty and the care of the chickens and the ducks and place her, a jewel of a girl, of course, in a setting more fitting to her youth and beauty. This does not happen until the little lady's heart is well-nigh broken by the supposed duplicity of her lover, a misunderstanding brought about as follows:

The lover's father, being somewhat Socialistically inclined, has delivered a speech in which he has spoken of the flowers of the fields and gardens as God's gifts to the poor and needy. And so Sally makes her way into the Squire's rose garden, where the son is waiting to catch the culprit who has been stealing roses. He is mistaken for the gardener and eventually woos Sally under the guise of one who is the son of poor but honest parents and of humble occupation. A variation of the theme is provided in another pair of lovers, a disillusionized American girl, who supposes the gardener who loves her to be the Squire's son in disguise, and is naturally much perturbed when she finds out that he is no more and no less than the penniless man he pretends to be. He is the real Claude Melnotte of the tale. But both pairs of lovers are ultimately made happy, the young man, previously cut off with a shilling, being restored to his father's good graces, and all is merry as a wedding bell.

In addition to the actors the exhibit included a varied assortment of livestock, including a mongrel pup labeled the orphan, who is a born comedian and provided some of the biggest laughs of the afternoon.

Why "The Wishing Ring"? Oh!—because at one point in the proceedings Sally needs new shoes and her lover provides them, allowing her to believe for a time that they are the result of a talisman he has provided.

Miss Clark, in spite of the limitations already mentioned, has some very pleasant moments, and her company, recruited from the musical comedy in which most of them are appearing at night, did very well under the circumstances. Miss Clara Palmer, William Norris, Robert Dempster, Melville Stewart, and Albert Gran were among the principals who did their share to help.

"The Wishing Ring" has some pretty and amusing moments, but on the whole is rather juvenile entertainment. In that respect, at least, it is an improvement on Mr. Davis's previous output.

DRY NIGHT AT WEBER'S.

Both the Play and the Conditions—Niece of Ellen Terry in Cast with Dixey

MR. BUTTLES, a comedy in three acts, by Frederick Arnold Kummer. Bijou Theatre.

John Henry Buttles	Henry E. Dixey
Ralph Hemingway	Frank Goldsmith
Arthur FitzEaustace Dunmore—Earl of Everdun	Cyril Chadwick
Capt. Billy Flatsaddle	Charles Carey
Sir Percy Palmerston	Charles Alexander
James Bagshot, M. P.	W. G. Reynier
Mr. Ulysses Grant Flighter	Scott Cooper
Mrs. Flighter	Jeffreys Lewis
Miss Sally Flighter	Minnette Barrett
Mrs. Capt. Flatsaddle	Mrs. E. C. Carrington
Miss Dottie Dorrington	Olive Terry
Mrs. Violet Tipton	Helen Orr Daly
Gwendolyn Montmorency	Catharine Calhoun
Mrs. Wiggles	Mrs. Isabel Waldron
Ferguson	Charles Hayne
Grimes	Charles Fleming
Monsieur Cordonbleu	Walter Brooks
Polly	Grace Barbour
James	Jack Terry
Wilson	Wolferstan Thomas
Buttons	Clarence Rockefeller

After the first act of "Mr. Buttles" at Weber's Theatre last night it was apparent that a good comic idea was lurking in the piece. It is still lurking there, neither the efforts of the author, Frederick Arnold Kummer, nor the actors, including Mr. Dixey, being of a sufficiently heroic nature to bring it forth.

"Mr. Buttles" aims to tell how an English butler by a co-operative scheme with the other servants in the household keeps the establishment going, although the Earl, his master, is devoid of funds. The servants having had to depend upon tips in lieu of salary are much perturbed when the master decides to give up entertaining and is about to so inform his prospective guests. Thereupon the butler agrees to assume all financial responsibility, and even pay the master a sum of money for the privileges enjoyed.

This, as may be surmised, is a clever enough comic device, and under better conditions might have made a really amusing farce. Here, with complications involving a silly masquerade by a man who pretends to be the Earl, and who is consequently sought out by an American mother desirous of having her daughter wed a title, the whole affair becomes too stupid for words.

Mr. Dixey was occasionally amusing as the butler, but for the most part his performance was colorless and slow. Some of the others were competent enough for the work in hand, and some of them were dire, but there is no occasion to particularize.

Few people probably were aware of the fact that the Miss Olive Terry in the cast, and who acquitted herself creditably under the circumstances, is the niece of Ellen Terry, and was brought to this country earlier in the season under contract for The New Theatre Company to play Miranda in "The Tempest."

The fact was disclosed last night that owing to the presence of a small boy in the cast no drinks could be sold in the theatre, and therefore a Weber's Theatre audience went dry. There have been occasions when this would have been less of a calamity.

SOCIAL NOTES.

David H. King, Jr., will give a large theatre party this evening at the Knickerbocker Theatre for Miss Jeanne King, followed by a supper and informal dancing, at Sherry's.

Mrs. Lucia Ames Mead will lecture at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Herbert Carpenter, 56 West Fifty-fifth Street, on "National Dangers and Defenses." Mrs. Carpenter gave a suffrage luncheon last Wednesday.

Mrs. Edward R. Biddle and Miss Biddle will give a reception on Jan. 21 at 14 West Eleventh Street.

Mrs. Schuyler Schieffelin has invitations out for a dinner on Jan. 24. Mrs. J. Stevens Ulman will entertain with a dinner on the 25th.

Mrs. William B. Shoemaker will give a dinner on Jan. 28. A dinner will be given for Miss Helen Oakman on Jan. 27 at Sherry's.

Mr. and Mrs. Hulbert Taft arrived in town yesterday from Washington, and are stopping at the Hotel Wolcott for a few days. Mr. Taft is a nephew of the President.

Prince Henry de Ligne is stopping at the Hotel Wolcott en route for the capital.

Mrs. Daniel Judson Holden gave a luncheon of ten covers yesterday at the Hotel Wolcott. The favors for each guest were orchid bouquets.

Mrs. Wilson Shannon Dunn gave a small luncheon yesterday at her residence. Among the guests were Mrs. John Duncan Emmet, Mrs. Charles D. Stickney, Mrs. Robert McKee, and Mrs. Jacob Wendell, Jr. Several men were asked in after the luncheon for coffee and to hear Mrs. Sheridan sing.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Jr., will leave for Palm Beach about the first of February to spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Livingston Delafield received congratulations on the birth of a son, Joseph Livingston Delafield, Jr., yesterday at their home, 33 West Twelfth Street.

Mrs. Daniel Oliphant Haynes will be at home on Jan. 31 and Feb. 7 from 4 to 6:30 o'clock at 11 West Ninety-fourth Street to meet Mrs. W. W. Bellinger.

Mrs. Gilbert E. Jones will speak for the Woman's Club in Bridgeport, Conn., on Thursday, Jan. 20. Mrs. De V. H. Warners will be the hostess and will entertain the club members.

Mrs. Joseph T. Low will entertain to-morrow night with a dinner at her residence, 47 West Fifty-second Street. Mrs. Low will give several luncheons in February.

Among the patronesses of the ten lectures to be given by Merle St. Croix on Monday mornings at the Plaza from Jan. 20 to March 24 inclusive, on "Forces and Influences in Contemporary Letters," are Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Mrs. Emil L. Boas, Mrs. James W. Markoe, Mrs. Edwin T. Rice, and Mrs. Ben Ali Haggin.

Mrs. Frank K. Hays will give a bridge party on Wednesday, Feb. 2, at Delmonico's. Mrs. Frederic Bonner will give a bridge on Jan. 27, at 37 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. Sidney Lanier Smyth and the Misses Smyth will be at home on Thursday, Jan. 27, from 4 to 7 o'clock, at 105 East Thirty-ninth Street.

Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner will be at home informally on Mondays during February to meet her sister-in-law, Mrs. Taber Sears.

Mrs. William H. Schmidt of 67 Riverside Drive will give a bridge on Friday afternoon, Feb. 24, at her residence.

For the benefit of the Mary Fisher Home an authors' and composers' matinée will be held on the afternoon of Thursday, Jan. 27, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Will Carleton, Charles Battell Loomis, Marion Harland, and John Kendrick Bangs will give original readings.

Mrs. Herbert Padleford Brown will give a luncheon to-day at 21 West Thirty-first Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene de Raimbouville will entertain this evening with a bridge party for their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John Toucey.

The University of Pennsylvania Club will hold the annual concert of the combined musical clubs on the afternoon of Jan. 31 in the ballroom of the Hotel Astor.

Among the patronesses of the roller skating club recently formed to meet on ten consecutive Friday evenings, beginning Feb. 11, at the Metropolitan Roller Rink, are Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., Mrs. Samuel Wagstaff, Mrs. Lindley Tappin, Mrs. Ansel Phelps, and Mrs. Dudley Davis.

DANCE FOR DEBUTANTE.

Mrs. Thomas H. Barber Entertains for Her Daughter at Sherry's.

Mrs. Thomas H. Barber gave a dance at Sherry's last night for her débutante daughter, Miss Justine V. R. Barber. Mrs. Barber in a gown of white satin and lace and the débutante in white satin and silver received the guests in the foyer adjoining the large ball room where dancing began at 11 o'clock.

There was a seated supper in the small ball room at midnight followed by the cotillion which was led by Sydney Breese, dancing with Miss Barber. The favors were silver paper cutters, picture frames, scarfs and flowers. There were over a hundred couples.

Among those invited were the Misses Catherine Hamersley, Anita Ingersoll, Frieda Pearson, Eleanor Burrill, Jeanne King, Dolly, La Montagne, Virginia Alexandre, Leila Haven, Ruth Adams, Frances Dickey, Ursula Brown, Zelina Clark, Emily Sloane, Eleanor Steele, Alice Kortright, Joan Tuckerman, Edith Mortimer, Helene Demarest, Viola Townsend, Hilda Holmes, Elise Ladew, Mildred Poor, Lisa Stillman, Constance Perkins, Dorothy Hyde, Elizabeth Love Godwin, Marjorie Bourne, Charlotte Wyeth, Frances Burr, Marie Seton, Beulah Hepburn, Katherine Crane, Katherine Tilford, and Elizabeth Bacon.

MISS GRACE TRACY A BRIDE.

Wedded to Thomas G. Cook of Baltimore at St. George's Church.

The wedding of Miss Grace Bigelow Tracy, a daughter of Mrs. Charles Edward Tracy and a granddaughter of John Bigelow, to Thomas G. Cook of Baltimore, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, Stuyvesant Square. The Rev. Hugh Birckhead, assisted by the Rev. Herbert Shipman, performed the ceremony, which was followed by a reception at the residence of Mr. Bigelow, 21 Gramercy Park.

The bride wore a gown of white satin and point lace and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids. Her attendants were her sister, Miss Anne B. Tracy, maid of honor, and the Misses Muriel Morris, Anne Gardiner, Elinor Lee, Charlotte Harding, Jane Bigelow, and Margaret Sloane, bridesmaids. They wore large pink hats faced with black velvet and trimmed with pink tulle and roses. All carried pink satin and tulle muffs with roses. Their gowns were of pink satin veiled with pink chiffon.

Dr. Henry W. Cook was his brother's best man and the ushers were Charles A. Lindley, Alfred Macy, F. Gordon Brown, Otto Tod Mallery of Philadelphia, and Edwin W. Poe and John Marlborough Nelson, Jr., of Baltimore.

Miss Haan to Wed Armand Schulz.

The engagement is announced of Miss Helen I. Haan, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Haan of the Hotel St. Regis, to Armand Schulz of Budapest. Mr. Schulz is a civil engineer, and is also a Lieutenant in reserve in the artillery division of the Hungarian army. His family is among the best in upper Hungary, and his uncle, Dr. K. Biro, is one of the Chief Justices of Budapest. Mr. Schulz's sister was married last year to Mihaly Galler, who is a nephew of R. M. Haan, and is the manager of the Hotel St. Regis. The wedding of Mr. Schulz and Miss Haan will probably take place this Spring. They will make their home in Budapest during the Winter seasons.

SPEAKER—NEWCOMB.

The wedding of Miss Helen Morgan Newcomb and John S. Speaker took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Thomas Newcomb of 750 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. Charles H. Newcomb gave the bride in marriage. She wore ivory satin embroidered in pearls, and carried a shower bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley. Miss Newcomb was unattended. Lawrence Brown was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Speaker will live at 15 East Tenth Street.

KEATING—MURRAY.

James P. Keating announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Katharine Elizabeth Keating, to Thomas Francis Murray of New York City.

MAUD ALLAN IN GREEK DANCES

More Beautiful in Face and Figure Than Some of Her Predecessors.

Miss Maud Allan, an American girl, who has won no inconsiderable amount of fame in Europe and in England with her dances, made her initial appearance before a New York audience yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. A large and very fashionable gathering greeted the dancer. In fact it has been a long time since so many automobiles have been lined up in front of this staid concert hall. Apparently all of the seats were filled and many were standing at the back. It was an enthusiastic audience, too, and Miss Allan was forced to repeat several of the dances which particularly caught the public fancy.

Most of Miss Allan's European reputation rests on a dance which she has called "A Vision of Salome," which introduces light and scenic effects, and which was one of the earliest features of the later Salome craze which swept rapidly down from Germany across the Atlantic to New York, where it is just beginning to be brushed away.

It was not in this dance, however, that Miss Allan chose to make her first American appearance. Instead she elected to appear in another sort of dance with which New York is at present very familiar, thanks to Miss Isadora Duncan, the group of dancers which Miss Loie Fuller brought over, and finally to the ballet in Gluck's "Orfeo" as it is danced at present on the Metropolitan Opera House stage.

These dances, accomplished to music written by the great composers—it will be remembered that Miss Duncan even went so far as to use Beethoven's Seventh Symphony—show the dancer in poses presumably inspired by a study of Greek vases. Bare-limbed and scantily draped in filmy gauzes, diaphonous in texture and unvivid in color, she floats from one pose to the next, emphasizing the plastic transitions with waving arms and raised legs and sundry poses of the head.

Miss Allan in spirit and in the nature of her dances resembles her predecessors. However, she is more beautiful in face and figure than some of them, and she has a grace, a picturesque personal quality, which is all her own. Yesterday the stage of Carnegie Hall was hung in green draperies and the lights but dimly indicated pale colors. The orchestra was the Russian Symphony Society, under the direction of Modest Altschuler.

It has sometimes been complained of in these columns that dancers take great liberties in dancing to music which was never intended for that purpose. However, Miss Allan in her programme yesterday scarcely transcended the bounds of good taste in this direction. She danced to Rubinstein's Melody in F, Mendelssohn's "Spring Song," two mazurkas, and a valse of Chopin, Grieg's "Peer Gynt" suite, the Funeral March from Chopin's B flat minor sonata, and Rubinstein's "Valse Caprice."

Between these dances the Russian Symphony Orchestra was heard in the "Andante Cantabile" from one of Tschaikowsky's string quartets, Saint-Saëns's tone poem, "Le Rouet d'Omphale," the overture to "The Merry Wives of Windsor," and the Oppolitew-Ivanow "Caucasian Sketches."

Theatre Party for Miss Marjorie Noyes.

Mrs. Charles Prentiss Noyes entertained last evening with a theatre party and dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Marjorie Noyes. There were almost a hundred guests who went to see "Old Dutch" at the Herald Square Theatre and afterward to supper at Sherry's. Later there was informal dancing in the reception room, decorated with palms and American beauty roses.

Among those in the party were the Misses Elise Ladew, Hilda Holmes, Mildred Poor, Dolly La Montagne, Emily Potter, Alice Richard, Madelon Weir, Ruth Adams, Marjorie Smylie, Mildred Dodge, Eleanor Brown, Doris Dick, Vivien Gould, and Jay Gould, Harvey Ladew, Frederick Kobbe, Henry Harper, John Egmont, and Amos C. Schermerhorn.

New Farce for Hattie Williams.

Charles Frohman has selected a new farce for Hattie Williams, who is now touring in "Detective Sparkes," and has dared William Collier to take charge of the staging of the piece, a dare which Mr. Collier has accepted in the form of a contract. Miss Williams will play her tour in "Detective Sparkes," and about March 10 will begin rehearsals of the new comedy. This play is from a German source, but it has been Americanized by Sidney Rosenfeld.

Fields's Actors See Mack at Matinee.

Several hundred employes of Lew Fields, members of "Old Dutch," "The Jolly Bachelors," and "The Midnight Sons," with William Collier as a guest, occupied the Hackett Theatre yesterday afternoon to see Andrew Mack in "The Prince of Bohemia." Mr. Mack was called upon for a speech and made a fairly good effort at delivering one. He had prepared some remarks, and talked them into a phonograph, but the record proved faulty, and he had to content his audience with something impromptu. Mr. Fields and one of his stage carpenters occupied seats in the sixth row of the orchestra, and in the boxes were Nora Bayes, Eva Davenport, Stella Mayhew, Ada Lewis, Elizabeth Brice, Maud Lambert, Lillian Lee, and others. The rest of the house was filled with chorus people and principals mixed with a small sprinkling of the general public.

Lieblers Postpone "Judith Zaraine."

Liebler & Co. have indefinitely postponed the production of C. M. S. McLellan's play, "Judith Zaraine," which is to be done in London next Tuesday night. According to George C. Tyler it has been impossible to find an actor and an actress of equal strength to play the two leading rôles in the play, and until this difficulty can be overcome the production of the piece will be put off. In the London production Lewis Waller will have the principal male rôle, and the other part will be played by Dorothy Dix, a young actress who appeared with Mr. Waller in "The White Man," the London name for "The Squaw Man."

"Madama Butterfly" Sung Again.

"Madama Butterfly" was sung again at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. In the cast were Miss Farrar and Messrs. Martin and Scotti. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The annual midwinter dress rehearsal of the Green Room Club will be held at the New York Theatre on the evening of Sunday, Feb. 13.

John Mason will make his first appearance in Ernest Poole's play, "None So Blind," at the Hyperion Theatre, New Haven, Conn., on Jan. 29, and will come to New York on Jan. 31, under the direction of Harrison Grey Fiske and Lee Shubert.

The Directors of the Anthropological Department of the American Museum of Natural History will visit the Hippodrome to-night to see the Haka dances given by the New Zealand Maoris. Among those who will occupy boxes are Dr. Bumpus, director of the museum; Dr. Lowie, director of the South Sea collection, and Prof. Crampton, biological expert.

"Deuce," the horse that Frank Moulan rides in the second act of "The Arcadians," appeared last night wearing the saddle that was carried by the horse Peter Pan when it won the Realization Stakes at Sheepshead Bay.

Milton and Sargent Aborn have obtained from Victor Herbert and Henry Blossom the right to present "Mlle. Modiste," in which Fritzi Scheff was starred, and have purchased the costumes and scenery of the original production. The comic opera will be sent on tour next season, with a prominent singer in the title rôle.

Test the Rest
Then Buy the Best

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Most housewives admit that Vacuum Cleaning is a real necessity. It is now largely a question of machines. The SANTO always wins out in tests of efficiency and economy.

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A DIAMOND CROSS TO THE ARCHBISHOP

Fordham Alumni Honor Mgr. Farley at a Dinner on His Ordination Anniversary.

40 YEARS IN PRIESTHOOD

Ode to Him Predicts His Elevation to the Cardinalate—Prominent Laymen at the Feast.

Archbishop Farley was the guest of honor at the annual dinner of the Fordham Alumni Association held at Delmonico's last night. Some 150 guests were present. In presenting the Archbishop with a pectoral cross of rose gold with a diamond centre, to mark the fortieth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, Francis Dwight Dowley, President of the association, pointed out that it was also the fortieth anniversary of the founding of Fordham College.

The President told of the interest the Archbishop took in the welfare of his flock in all their pursuits. The field of athletics had not been forgotten, he said, and this was proved last Summer at Rome, Italy, when Archbishop Farley took a number of young Italian students out to the Campagna beyond the city walls and showed them how to play baseball.

In reply, the Archbishop, who was received with cheers and the Fordham College cry, said:

"This is the first time I have ever been crossed in public. The only other was the occasion when I was crossed by Leo XIII., that glorious pontiff. Fordham and the Vatican are bound now by a golden chain.

"I accept the cross with gratitude, as I know that it was presented to me as the holder of a great office in our Church. Oh that the same unity existed among the laity, clergy, and Bishops all over the world, and we should have a very different story than that which is coming over the ocean from France and Italy to-day."

An ode to the Archbishop was read by its composer, Thomas A. Daly, of the class of '91. Here is a stanza:

O! Shepherd reviewing your years,
And the promise fulfilled in your youth,
Is the vision this moment appears,
Loving fancy or a presage of truth.
Lo! the scarlet biretta, a crown,
On the time-whitened snow of your locks,
By the master for service bestwed
On the Shepherd of Flocks.

The Rev. Daniel J. Quinn, President of Fordham College, in his address said that the university needed $500,000 for the Law School and $100,000 for its Medical School. He said the university had decided in deference to the wishes of the parents of the students to drop athletics a little in order to prevent the college becoming an annex of the athletic department.

Besides the Archbishop there were seated at the guests' table, Bishop Cusack, Archbishop Farley's auxiliary; Bishops McDonnell and Mundelein, of Brooklyn; Monsignors Lavelle, Barrett, McCready, Lynch and Mooney; William S. Sterns, President of the Manhattan College Alumni Association; Thomas S. O'Brien, Joseph Healy, and John J. Barry, representing Georgetown University, Washington, Holy Cross College, Worcester, and Brooklyn College.

Other guests were Supreme Court Justices J. J. O'Brady and P. A. Hendrick, ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Joseph F. Daly, and Louis F. Haffen.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—The Assembly today adopted a resolution offered by Assemblyman James Oliver to extend its congratulations to Archbishop John M. Farley of New York upon the fortieth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood.

Miss Sarah T. P. Borst's Lecture.

Miss Sarah T. P. Borst gave a lecture yesterday morning at the home of Miss C. V. R. Robb, 23 Park Avenue. The subject of the lecture was "Blois Castle," and is the third of a course of four lectures given by Miss Borst, the first two having been given at the residence of Mrs. A. Duane Pell. Among those present were Mrs. Charles D. Stickney, Mr. and Mrs. A. Duane Pell, Mrs. J. Allen Townsend, Mrs. Daniel Butterfield, Miss Anna L. Horn, Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley, and Miss Grace Dodge.

Music School Settlement Benefit.

The musical pantomimes to be given at The New Theatre on the afternoon of Feb. 18 for the benefit of the Music School Settlement are interesting a large number of people. More than a hundred prominent young society women will take part in the three pantomimes. The first is "Anita's Dance," with music from the Peer Gynt suite by Grieg. Forty people will take part in this pantomime and thirty or more in the scene of "Jack Frost in Midsummer," which is danced to original music by Edward Burlingame Hill. The third pantomime is "Electra at the Tomb of Agamemnon," and has a Greek chorus of twenty-four besides the seven principals. This is accompanied by music by Massenet. The music will be furnished by the New York Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Walter Damrosch. The entire production is under the immediate supervision of Joseph Lindon Smith, a Boston artist, who has volunteered his services.

CONSTANCE HAMBLIN DEAD.

Former Well-Known Actress Was 54 Years Old—Retired in 1891.

Constance Hamblin, formerly a well-known actress, died at her home in this city on Monday after a long illness. She was the daughter of Thomas S. Hamblin, a well-known actor and manager, and made her début on the stage at the age of five, appearing with her father in "Hamlet" at the old Bowery Theatre in 1861. She appeared in other plays with Edwin Booth and Thomas W. Keene.

Her last appearance in this city was made in 1891, when she acted the leading rôle in "The Pillars of Society," in a stock company managed by Oscar Hammerstein at the Harlem Opera House. She was married in 1867 to Charles J. Jordan, an actor.

Mrs. Polk, 'Mother of Greenwood,' Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWOOD, Ind., Jan. 20.—Mrs. Laura Burdick Polk, aged 61, wife of James T. Polk, head of the canning industry here, and known as the "Mother of Greenwood," died at her home to-day. Mrs. Polk was born at Utica, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1849. Her father was a clergyman of the Baptist Church, and her two brothers are devoted to the same calling. The Burdick family removed from Utica to Wisconsin. In 1872 in a little kitchen, Mrs. Polk, assisted by her husband, canned tomatoes, and he drove a one-horse wagon to Indianapolis, and marketed their output. It was the beginning of what in time became a noted canning factory, with an output of hundreds of thousands of cases of peas, tomatoes, and corn. During the thirty-eight years since the beginning of the industry, Mrs. Polk has been her husband's partner in the management of the industry.

Samuel R. Probasco.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Jan. 20.—Samuel R. Probasco died at his home here yesterday. He was engineer in charge of the Brooklyn Bridge, New York, from 1898 to 1901. He had been connected with the New York Bridge Department for many years. Mr. Probasco was born in Manhattan, and educated in the public schools. He went to California during the gold fever, and on his return studied civil engineering. He entered the city's bridge department, and from 1898 to 1901 he was chief engineer of the Department of Bridges. He left a widow, two sons, and a sister. He was a member of the Brooklyn Club, American Society of Civil Engineers, Municipal Engineers, and the Long Island Historical Society, of which he was one of the regents.

OLD INDIAN SERVANT DEAD.

"Jerry," Last of Nissequogues, Served Woodhulls for Three Generations.

Special to The New York Times.

SETAUKET, L. I., Jan. 20.—"Jerry" Cuffy, or "Jerry" Woodhull, as he was better known because of his association for three generations with the old Woodhull family of this place, died yesterday. "Jerry" was the last of the now extinct tribe of Nissequogue Indians. He was 82 years of age, and was beloved by many gray-haired men whom he had taught in their boyhood to shoot and how to lure fish from the pools and such woodcraft as they needed.

The aged Indian, who died of apoplexy, showed a devotion to his friends that few servants have ever been known to equal. He was bound out to Richard Woodhull when only 3 years of age until he should be 21 years old, when he was to receive two suits of clothes, an axe, a Bible, and his liberty. He served his full time, and was presented with the articles, but declined to leave. He said he had been treated so well that he would never leave the home. And he never did.

Three generations have been born there since, but the aged Indian stayed on, acting as attendant to the boys as they grew up and serving them when they were grown. "Jerry's" grandfather was a preacher, and "Jerry" was reputed to have had no mean skill in doctoring with herbs which he gathered in the woods. His funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon in Good Templars' Hall, the Rev. H. M. Harper officiating.

Miss Maria Whitney.

Miss Maria Whitney, sister of William Dwight Whitney of Yale and the late Joseph Dwight Whitney of Harvard, and for several years a teacher herself at Smith College, died on Wednesday night of pneumonia at Cambridge, Mass. She was born at Northampton, Mass., on Nov. 12, 1830, and was graduated at Bradford Seminary in the class of 1848. When Smith College was opened in 1875 Miss Whitney was the first teacher of modern languages, and later she edited the literary columns of The Springfield Republican. When Joseph Dwight Whitney, the Harvard geologist, died he left to his sister the home which she had shared with him, 2 Divinity Avenue, Cambridge, and the rest of his property as well as the execution of certain gifts to the university which were half completed at the time of his death. She also compiled the material for the "Life and Letters" of Joseph Dwight Whitney," recently published.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN VAN SAUN, who was Mayor of Maywood Borough, N. J., and who owned extensive property in that section, died on Wednesday after a brief illness, in his seventieth year.

Col. ROBERT RAE, who was associated with Abraham Lincoln in several law suits, died on Wednesday at his home in Chicago in his eightieth year. He was born in Philadelphia and educated in Lafayette College, and went to Chicago in 1853.

GEORGE H. KENNEDY, head of the iron firm of George H. Kennedy & Co. of 68 New Chambers Street, and for many years a Republican district leader in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 713 Monroe Street, in his sixty-eighth year.

EDWARD LANGDON BOGERT, for many years connected with the Bradstreet Company, died on Wednesday in his home in Hamilton Park, New Brighton, S. I., in his fifty-sixth year.

HENRY MEADY, a retired baker, dropped dead in his home, Freeport, L. I., on Wednesday. He was 71 years old and had been in business there for more than half a century.

JOHN H. BECKER, a retired carpenter of 1,261 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, dropped dead on Wednesday afternoon as he was leaving the Subway at 145th Street and Third Avenue. His death was caused by heart disease.

Mrs. SUSAN E. NOYES WANAMAKER, wife of Lewis Cass Wanamaker, a dry goods commission merchant, who is a relative of John Wanamaker, died on Tuesday at the Hotel St. George Brooklyn. She was born in Abington, Mass., and was the daughter of Cephas Dwight Noyes, a well-known abolitionist.

THEODORE RITTER, who was a dramatic critic and book reviewer of The New York Tribune in the time of Horace Greeley, died on Wednesday at his home, 327 President Street, Brooklyn. He was born in this city in 1836, and received his early schooling at the Poughkeepsie Military School. He entered the employ of The Tribune when a young man. Leaving that newspaper, he studied law at Columbia University, and began practicing his profession in Manhattan. He was for several years President of the Southern Dispensary and Hospital. His wife and seven children survive him.

The Rev. CHARLES E. PHELPS, rector emeritus of the Church of St. John the Evangelist of New Brunswick, N. J., for the past thirteen years, and who had been its active rector for twenty-seven years, died at his home, Cherry Lawn, on Wednesday night at the age of 87 years. He suffered a stroke of paralysis five years ago. Dr. Phelps was born at Warehouse Point, Conn., and was educated at Trinity College in Connecticut. He was rector of All Angels' Church, New York City, for ten years. He went to New Brunswick in 1868. Dr. Phelps's wife, Miss Davis of New York, whom he married in 1847, died twelve years ago. Two sons, Charles E. D. Phelps of New Brunswick, author of "The Accolade" and other books, and the Rev. Arthur S. Phelps of Bound Brook survive.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

HEYSER.—Jan. 18, to Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Heyser, a daughter.

Engaged.

KLAUBER—KOPS.—Mr. Daniel Kops announces the engagement of his daughter, Helen V., to Mr. Leonard E. Klauber. At home, 904 West End Avenue, Sunday, Jan. 23, 1910, 3 to 6. No cards.

Married.

BYKEEFER—CURRY.—Jan. 18, Clara M. Curry to Frederick D. Bykeefer.

CHAMBERS—HOLLISTER.—Jan. 18, Laura T. Hollister to Frank M. Chambers.

COOK—BIGELOW.—Jan. 20, Grace Bigelow to Thomas L. Cook.

DE WITT — HACKETT. — Jan. 19, Kathryn Hackett to Frank C. De Witt.

FITZPATRICK—BYRNE.—Jan. 19, Helen M. Byrne to William A. Fitzpatrick.

WELLES—PITKIN.—Jan. 19, Marguerite Pitkin to Edward R. Welles.

Connecticut.

DREW—PRENDERGAST.—Jan. 19, New Britain, Margaret Prendergast to Edward H. Drew.

New Jersey.

BARRY—GAYNOR.—Jan. 19, Elizabeth, Margaret Gaynor to William F. Barry.

EGGER—KELLER.—Jan. 19, Jersey City, Margaret Keller to Fred Egger.

GREENBERG—LEVIN.—Jan. 18, Newark, Bessie Levin to Samuel Greenberg.

MERWIN—CAHILL.—Jan. 15, Perth Amboy, Ellen M. Cahill to Martin G. Merwin.

SEYMOUR—LAMPERT.—Jan. 18, Hoboken, Charlotte Lampert to John R. Seymour.

Died.

BOGGIANO.—Mrs. Mary Boggiano, dearly beloved wife of Peter Boggiano, mother of John, Louis, Joseph, Mary, and Charlie Boggiano. Funeral from family residence, 4,525 Gibson Av., St. Louis, Saturday, Jan. 22, at 8:30 A. M., to St. Charles Borromeo's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

DAVEY.—On Jan. 19, Susan Cisco Davey, widow of the late William Franklin Davey. Funeral services at her late residence, Hotel Endicott, 81st St. and Columbus Av., on Saturday, Jan. 22, at 11 o'clock A. M.

DAVIS.—John Parker, Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1910, at Elmhurst, L. I., aged 78 years. Funeral private.

DE BOST.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1910, of pneumonia, Louise Ludlam, widow of the late Leon D. De Bost, and daughter of the late Silas Ludlam of Brooklyn. Funeral at her residence, 269 West 79th St., on Friday, Jan. 21, at 11 A. M.

FRASER.—At her residence, Dobbs Ferry,-on-Hudson, Thursday morning, Jan. 20, Margaret S. Fraser, in the 76th year of her age. Funeral services Saturday, the 22d, at Dobbs Ferry Presbyterian Church, on arrival of train leaving Lexington Av. Terminal at 1:14 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FREY.—On Thursday, Jan. 20, Grace R. Frey, wife of Charles B. Frey. Funeral at 50 Renner Av., Newark N. J., 1:30 P. M., Saturday, Jan. 22.

GARDNER.—William, eldest son of the late William and Mary C. Gardner, in his 60th year. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services from his late residence, 464 Lorimer St., Brooklyn, Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

HART.—On Jan. 19, 1910, Helen Danforth Hart, daughter of Judge Charles and Charry Foster Danforth of Le Roy, N. Y., and widow of William C. Hart, at her residence in Williamstown, Mass., in the 78th year of her age.

HENDRICKSON.—At Deal Beach, N. J., Jan. 19, Josephine Kingsland, wife of Samuel W. Hendrickson, aged 68 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence at Deal Beach, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 22d, at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will meet the train from New York due at Deal Beach at 1:10 P. M.

HINDHAUGH.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 19, Joanna C. Bashford, eldest daughter of John and Esther A. Bashford and widow of William Hindhaugh, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral will be held from residence of her son-in-law, George B. Forristall, 1,553 Beacon St., Brookline, Mass., Sunday, Jan. 23.

HOPPER.—On Jan. 20, 1910, Rosalie de Wolf Hopper, widow of John Hopper and daughter of the late William Henry de Wolf of Bristol, R. I. Funeral private.

JONES.—On Wednesday, Jan. 19, Fannie Louise Morell, beloved wife of J. Harris Jones. Funeral services will be held on Friday evening, Jan. 21, 1910, at 8:30 o'clock at her late residence, 970 Anderson Av., Borough of the Bronx. Interment on Saturday morning at Woodlawn Cemetery.

KERNAGHAN.—On Jan. 20, 1910, Helen Gertrude O., daughter of Charles and Margaret A. Kernaghan, of pneumonia, aged 17 years. Funeral private. Canadian and Scotland papers please copy.

MERTEN.—Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1910, Julia Merten, (née Dreusicke,) 778 Beck St., Bronx. Funeral services Friday 8 P. M. Interment Lutheran, Saturday.

MILLSPAUGH.—At his residence, Liberty, N. Y., Jan. 19, 1910, in the 39th year of his age, Theodore M., only son of Sarah J. and the late William C. Millspaugh, and beloved husband of Marie Hatch. Funeral and interment at Liberty, N. Y., Saturday at 2 P. M.

O'KELLY.—Jan. 18, James M. O'Kelly. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St. Notice time later.

PHELPS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 19, at Cherry Lawn, New Brunswick, N. J., the Rev. Charles Edward Phelps, in the 87th year of his age. Funeral fro mChurch of St. John the Evangelist, New Brunswick, Saturday, Jan. 22, 10:45 A. M. Interment at Trinity Cemetery, New York, at the convenience of the family.

Died.

PRAHL.—Suddenly, at Saranac Lake, Jan. 18, Marie L. Gilbert, beloved wife of Fred A. Prahl, New York City. Interment private.

RIBLET.—Suddenly, on Jan. 20, 1910, at Jersey City, Fanny Hayes, beloved wife of William V. G. Riblet. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

SULLIVAN.—On Jan. 19, Nanette F. Sullivan. Funeral services from the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., on Saturday at 12:30.

TALMADGE.—At Prescott, Ariz., on Jan. 10, 1910, Arthur White Talmadge, son of Henry Pearl and Lucy White Talmadge. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Netherwood, N. J., on Friday morning, Jan. 21, at 11:30. Trains on the Central R. R. of New Jersey leave 23d St. at 9:50 A. M. and Liberty St. at 10 A. M. for Plainfield, where carriages will be in waiting. Returning, train leaves Netherwood at 12:42 P. M. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

THORNE.—At Panama, Jan. 7, 1910, Charles Lansing Thorne, husband of Ada B. Whittemore and son of William R. and Charlotte Wooster Thorne of Peekskill, N. Y. Notice of funeral Saturday.

TRECARTIN.—Henrietta Balsor Hall, wife of John Trecartin, aged 83, on Jan. 19, 1910. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 189 Gates Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock.

WILLIAMSON.—Lindsay, beloved husband of Lucy Williamson, suddenly, at his late residence, 903 East 181st St., on Jan. 18. Funeral services Friday, 21st, at 7 P. M. Members of Guiding Star, 565, F. and A. M.; Lloyd Aspinwell Post, 600, G. A. R., and F. D. and Y. invited to attend.

BACKENHEIMER.—Fanny, 507 West 147th St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BOGERT.—Edward L., New Brighton, S. I., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BROOKS.—Ann E., Washingtonville, N. Y., Jan. 18, aged 79. Funeral to-day.

CARSON.—Elizabeth, Yonkers, Jan. 18.

CLAIR.—Henry, Connelly, N. Y., Jan. 18.

CLARKE.—Mary F., 81 West 127th St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

DECKER.—Phoebe, Kingston, N. Y., Jan. 18.

DUFFY.—James, 246 East 121st St., Jan. 18.

FARRELL.—John, 164 East 122d St., Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

FARWELL.—Sarah K., 291 Riverdale Av., Yonkers, Jan. 19, aged 70. Funeral to-day.

FORBES.—Henriette, 399 8th Av., Jan. 18.

FROMMER.—Johanna, 763 Washington St., Jan. 18, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GARDAZ.—Faustin, 194 Spring St., Jan. 18.

GLOVER.—Fanny B., 38 East 29th St., Jan. 18.

HINKEL.—Julia K., 58 East 53d St., Jan. 19. Funeral notice later.

KENNY.—Hanna, 412 East 79th St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KOCHIG.—Eliza, 226 Bleecker St., Jan. 18, aged 75.

LUNDY.—Patrick J., New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

LYNCH.—Annie, Baptist Home, Jan. 19, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

LYNCH.—Cecelia, 346 East 77th St., Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

MacDONALD.—Etta M., 717 East 182d St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

MacNEIL.—John R., Roxbury, N. Y., Jan. 18, aged 27.

MASCHER.—Augusta, 236 East 88th St., Jan. 18, aged 89. Funeral to-day.

MICHEL.—Bertha M., 60 East 108th St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MURPHY.—Nora, 26 Traverse Av., Port Chester, Jan. 19. Funeral to-day.

REINSHAGEN.—John, 79 Allen St., Jan. 18, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SANDS.—Horatio, 208 West 104th St., Jan. 19. Funeral service to-day.

SCHNEIDER.—Susanna, 521 East 157th St., Jan. 19, aged 76. Funeral to-morrow.

SCOTT.—S. Wendell, 145 South 3d Av., Mount Vernon, Jan. 18, aged 14.

SULZER.—Max, 862 Cauldwell Av., Bronx, Jan 19, aged 44. Funeral to-day.

TAYLOR.—Annie, 66 West 100th St., Jan. 17. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

WALLING.—Anna, 169 West 64th St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

WILSON.—John P., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 17, aged 65.

WYLIE.—Samuel, 736 Home St., Jan. 18, aged 21.

ZABINSKI.—David, 101 West 126th St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

ZANKL.—Wilhelmina, 510 East 147th St., Jan. 18.

Brooklyn.

BERLINER.—Louis, 421 Grand Av., Jan. 19, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

BOES.—Alexander, 577 Linden St., Jan. 18. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

BRENNAN.—Mary, 655 De Kalb Av., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

BYRNE.—Kathryn, 6 1st Place, Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

CARL.—Elizabeth, 273 Metropolitan Av., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CARSTEN.—Henry A., 292 Linden St., Jan. 19, aged 66. Funeral Jan. 23.

COLLUM.—Thomas F., 182 Saratoga Av., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

DONOVAN.—Fulmoth, Jr., 669 Carroll St., Jan. 19.

FAIS.—Barbara L., 774 Jefferson Av., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

FELTGES.—Kate, 1,327 Gates Av., Jan. 16, aged 35.

GORMAN.—William, 179 2d Av., Jan. 19. Funeral Jan. 24, 9 A. M.

HOCHHAUSEN.—Dorothea C. G., 448 Prospect Place, Jan. 19.

JOHNSON.—James M., 99 Milton St., Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

KENNEDY.—George H., 713 Monroe St., Jan. 19, aged 68.

KLEIN.—Elizabetha, 56 Russell St., Jan. 18, aged 67. Funeral to-morrow.

McGOVERN.—Margaret, 1,235 Gates Av., Jan. 18, aged 77.

McQUADE.—John, 80 Hull St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

MAHONEY.—Elizabeth, 217 Skillman St., Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MAPLES.—Ida W., 135 Eldert St., Jan. 18, aged 70.

O'CONNELL.—Norah, 302 5th Av., Jan. 19. Funeral Jan. 23.

REESE.—John T., 1,487 Metropolitan Av., Williamsburg, Jan. 18, aged 35.

RITTER.—Theodore, 327 President St., Jan. 19, aged 74.

SOLCH.—Annie E., 175 Somers St., Jan. 18, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 7:30 A. M.

STETTER.—Marie J., 117 Adams St., Jan. 19, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

When Eating Oysters

Or fish of any kind, *insist* on being served with a whole lemon and use all the juice. This insures your food against germs of typhoid, ptomaine and other ills. With salads use the juice of a lemon in place of vinegar. Lemon juice aids digestion.

NOTED FILIBUSTER DEAD.

W. H. Clairville Had Varied Career, Including Heroic Service in Civil War.

William H. Clairville, whose death in Newark, N. J., at the age of 84 years from exertion in shoveling snow from his sidewalk, was told of in THE TIMES yesterday, was at one time a noted filibuster, and had a career of much variety from the time he studied English with Henry Wadsworth Longfellow at Harvard University. He was a close friend of Capt. Marryat, the marine novelist, who told some of Clairville's adventures in "Masterman Ready." Clairville was also a friend of Edgar Allan Poe during the writer's residence in New York City, and gave him information regarding the ways of men at sea.

Clairville was at one time night pilot of the Hudson River steamboat Mary Powell, and was present at the dedication of the Bunker Hill Monument.

In the civil war he served in Company F, First New Jersey Volunteers, where he was a signal scout during the Potomac, Peninsula, Georgia, and Richmond campaigns. The howitzer he had charge of opened the Federal firing at the battle of Gettysburg. According to Gen. Hunt's records of that battle, Clairville's gun was discharged 241 times, a record for all guns during civil war battles. He received no wounds except powder marks which he bore to his death.

He was a hydraulic engineer before he embarked upon his career as a filibuster, receiving that degree at Harvard University, and joined a training ship to perfect his knowledge. He circumnavigated the globe in the ship, and was present at St. Helena when the body of Napoleon Bonaparte was removed from the tomb there preparatory to being taken to France. He had visited nearly every country in the world.

For a time he was a reporter for The New York Sun, and during the civil war corresponded for many newspapers. With Michael Hanifen he wrote the civil war history of Battery B.

After the close of the war he resumed the engraving business in New York City, and on Christmas morning, 1883, saw his plant wiped out by fire. He then became a commercial traveler and visited all parts of this country.

Died.

VANCE.—Mary J., 515 St. Mark's Av., Jan. 19, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Connecticut.

BAKER.—William, Branford, Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

BALDWIN.—James H., New Haven, Jan. 17, aged 74.

BOUTELLE.—William, 62 Hotchkiss Place, Torrington, Jan. 18, aged 64.

DUNGWORTH.—Harriet, Bridgeport, Jan. 19, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow.

DUSENBERRY.—Blanche G., Greenwich, Jan. 18, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ELIOT.—Lewis R. Guilford, Jan. 18, aged 85.

FANCHER.—Grace L., Jan. 13, aged 26.

GROULEFF.—Peter, New Britain, Jan. 19, aged 66. Funeral to-day.

HARRINGTON.—William H., Groton, Jan. 19, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

HAYDON.—John J., 846 State St., New Haven, Jan. 18, aged 81.

HUNT.—Bridget, 33 Bellevue St., Hartford, Jan. 19. Funeral to-day.

PRATT. — Frances E., Hartford, Jan. 18, aged 74.

PRICE.—Frances R., Bridgewood, Jan. 19, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow.

SCOTT.—Marion A., Danbury, Jan. 18, aged 30.

SPINNETTA.—Annie, New Britain, Jan. 19, aged 47. Funeral to-morrow.

STAPLES.—Sarah E., Bridgeport, Jan. 18, aged 81.

TERRY.—Annette, Simsbury, Jan. 19, aged 80. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WILLIAMS.—Georgiana W., Bridgeport, Jan. 19, aged 65. Funeral to-day.

WILLIAMS.—Rev. H. De W., Waterbury, Jan. 18.

Long Island.

BIRCH.—James S., Whitestone, Jan. 18, aged 55.

CORR.—Charles B., 68 Jamaica Av., Astoria, Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DESMOND.—John, Rockaway Beach, Jan. 18, aged 35.

FRIED.—Lewis, 541 Steinway Av., Long Island City, Jan. 18, aged 64.

LINEHAN. — Daniel J., Corona, Jan. 18, aged 59.

McKEOGH. — Timothy, 167 National Av., Corona, Jan. 18.

SEUBAUER.—Sebastian, Ridgewood, Jan. 18, aged 51.

SKLENKA.—Waldemar, 279 Lockwood St., Astoria, Jan. 18, aged 20.

SMITH.—Josephine, Rockaway Beach, Jan. 18.

TUFFANO.—Caroline, Woodhaven, Jan. 18.

WILKENSON.—Wilfred J., College Point, Jan. 18.

New Jersey.

AHRENS.—Caroline, 68 North 6th St., Newark, Jan. 19. Funeral to-day.

BELLERJEAU.—Daniel V., Trenton, Jan. 18, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BERRY.—Mrs. Judah, Rahway, Jan. 18.

BURDEN.—Samuel, West Hoboken, Jan. 18.

CLAIRVILLE.—William H., Newark, Jan. 18, aged 84.

COMMINGS.—Annie, 327 Johnston Av., Jersey City, Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

CUNNINGHAM.—James J., Jersey City, Jan. 20. Funeral notice later.

DEVER.—John J., Trenton, Jan. 18, aged 47.

DILLON.—John J., Jersey City, Jan. 18, aged 29.

DIXON.—Ellen B., 40 North 13th St., Newark, Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

DODD.—Elizabeth, 64 Jefferson St., Hoboken, Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

FAGAN.—Mary A., 148 Plane St., Newark, Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.

FARRELL.—Benjamin, 227 Central Av., Newark, Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

FARRELL.—Elizabeth, 23 Fillmore St., Newark, Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Mary, 97 Sackett St., Jersey City, Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

FRENCH.—James E., Plainfield, Jan. 19, aged 11. Funeral private.

GENTRY.—Jane A., Bridgeton, Jan. 18, aged 90. Funeral to-day.

GOODEN.—Bridget, Newark, Jan. 19, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HAMAN.—Asteer, South Cranford, Jan. 18, aged 39.

HARRISON.—George W., Bloomsbury, Jan. 18, aged 70.

HARTMANN.—Andrew A., 136 Fairmount Av., Newark, Jan. 19, aged 26. Funeral to-day.

HOPPER.—Annie, 224 Railroad Av., Jersey City, Jan. 18. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

JENNE.—William, 415 Grand St., Hoboken, Jan. 18.

JOHNSTON.—Edward C., Morristown, Jan. 19, aged 60.

KEPPLER.—William J., Hoboken, Jan. 20, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow.

McALEESE.—Ellen, 102 Ferry St., Hoboken, Jan. 20, aged 50.

McCARTHY.—Anne, Montclair, Jan. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 8:15 A. M.

McCREERY.—John, East Orange, Jan. 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MACLAY.—Elizabeth 312 Summer Av., Newark, Jan. 19, aged 80. Funeral to-morrow.

O'DONNELL.—Mary, 50 Vincent St., Newark, Jan. 19.

PROBASCO.—Samuel R., Burlington, Jan. 19. Funeral private.

RUTAN.—Lizzie O., Irvington, Jan. 20. Funeral Jan. 23, 2 P. M.

SCHAEFER.—George J., Irvington, Jan. 20, aged 44.

SCHOENWEISS.—John, 123 Newark St., Newark, Jan. 19.

SCHUTT.—Alwina, Irvington, Jan. 19, aged 78. Funeral Jan. 23, 3:30 P. M.

SMITH.—Henry, East Orange, Jan. 20. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

STEPHENS.—Robert I., Bloomfield, Jan. 19, aged 34.

STEWARD.—Sarah A., Newark, Jan. 19, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

SWEENEY.—George, Paterson, Jan. 18.

SWETT.—Joseph H., Belleville, Jan. 20.

WEBER.—Charles, Sr., 110 Clinton Av., West Hoboken, Jan. 19, aged 76.

WERTZ.—Willa C., 179½ Belleville Av., Newark, Jan. 19, aged 72.

WHITTLE.—Elizabeth, Highland Park, Jan. 18.

YAUCH.—Conrad, Newark, Jan. 20, aged 70. Funeral notice later.

In Memoriam.

CULHANE.—James J., mass, St. Teresa's Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 8 A. M.

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SHORT COVERING A FACTOR

Rise Also Influenced by Investment Buying and London's Attitude—English Bank Rate Reduced to 3½%.

A sharp rise in American issues in the London market, influenced in part, doubtless, by the further reduction in the discount rate of the English bank, a fair volume of investment purchases here and extensive short covering brought about a sharp recovery in prices on the Stock Exchange yesterday from the depressed levels of the previous day. It was apparent that real investment purchases made up the smallest part of the buying upon which the day's advance was accomplished, but stocks were taken freely by speculators who believed that recent declines had been so rapid and so drastic as to make inevitable a substantial reaction. In Wall Street purchases of this character are known as "semi-investment" buying, although it is understood perfectly by those who use this term that the stocks concerned are usually for sale upon subsequent rallies. The day's short covering was unequally distributed through the list. It was very heavy in Northern Pacific, United States Steel, Rock Island, and a few of the specialities, but in other directions there appeared to be no serious effort made to force covering. Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, St. Paul, and Great Northern were cases in point, their advances at the day's close having been very much smaller than those secured by the stocks first named. Possibly the failure to force covering in issues unaffected by the movement yesterday represented only a desire to economize this very effective method of strengthening a market. In the course of the day another Stock Exchange house suspended as a result of the Hocking Coal & Iron affair, but the direct effects of this episode seem to have been circumscribed, and its general consequences can be very much minimized by prompt and adequate action by the Stock Exchange authorities. Among the day's news developments were the formal refusals of a number of Eastern railroads to accede to the demands of employes for increased wages, but it is everywhere understood that such refusals are simply the preliminaries of negotiations looking toward a compromise of the men's demands. The payment of an initial dividend was resolved upon by the Directors of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad on its common shares, the rate to be 3 per cent., and at the same time the Directors of the Cambria Steel Company announced an increase in the semi-annual payment upon its shares, bringing the rate from 8 per cent. per annum to 5 per cent.

Outside market rates had been easing so rapidly in the English capital as to make a reduction in the Bank's discount a matter of a short time only, so that yesterday's move was not unexpected. The 3½ per cent. fixed upon, marking the second reduction since the opening of the year and the third since the 5 per cent. quotation was fixed in the Autumn, is only a trifle above the rate maintained at this time a year ago, and approximates the usual January discount. The weekly showing of the Bank was an excellent one, the reserve percentage having been carried to 50.76, against 47.50 last week. At the same time that it lowered its discount the Bank released a substantial amount of gold for shipment to South America, a move which may have some bearing upon our own exports in that direction. The local money position was practically unchanged.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
Dominion Coal preferred.
H. B. Claflin Co. first and second preferred.
Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad.
Pacific Coast Co. on all classes of stock.
Pope Manufacturing Co.
Railways Co. General.
Tamoca Gas Co. for annual meeting.
Twin City Rapid Transit Co.
United States Realty and Improvement Co.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Locomotive Co. on preferred.
Tonopah Mining Co. of Nevada.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Atlantic Terra Cotta Co.
Delaware & Eastern Railroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¾@4 per cent., with the last loan at 3½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 4@4½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days, 4¼ per cent. for four months, and 4¼@4½ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 13-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2¾ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $454,127,251; balances, $12,285,-560; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,600,-618.

The local banks have gained $3,167,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was heavy, with demand quoted at $4.8645@$4.8650, sixty days at $4.84½, and cables at $4.8680@$4.8685.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17⅛ plus 1-32@5.16⅞ less 3-64 for cables, 5.17⅛ less 1-64@5.17⅛ plus 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95⅛ plus 1-32 @95 3-16 for cables, 95⅛ less 1-32@95⅛ for sight, and 94½@94⅝ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 90c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24⅛d per ounce, and ¼c lower in New York, at 52¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4s —May, '59, l'chg	99½	100	99¾	100
4½s—May, '57, l'chg	108½	109	108⅝	109¼
4½s—Nov., '57, l'chg	108½	109	108⅝	109¼
4½s—May, '17, l'chg	102⅝	103¼	102⅝	103¼
4s —May, '57, l'chg	99½	100	99¾	100¼
4s —Nov., '58, l'chg	99½	100	99¾	100¼
4s —Nov., '57, l'chg	99½	100	99¾	100¼
4s —Nov., '36, reg	99	100	99¼	100¼
4s —Nov., '56, reg	98⅝	98⅞	99¼	100¼
3½s—Nov., '55, l'chg	88⅝	88⅞	88⅞	89¼
3½s—May, '54, coup	88⅝	88⅞	88⅞	89¼
3½s—May, '54, reg	88⅝	88⅞	88⅞	89¼
*6s —Nov., '10, rev	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
Rcts. 4s—May, '59	99½	99¾	99¾	100

*Coupon or registered.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	98	98⅝
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	97	97⅝
A. C. L. 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99⅞	100¼
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅛	101
Interborough 6s, May 1911	103⅝	104
K. C. Ry. & Light 6s, Sept., 1912	96	97
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Mich. Cent. 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅞	100¼
N. Y. Cent. 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Norf. & West. 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100¼
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Tidewater 6s, June, 1913	101¼	101¾
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅛	100½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Jan. 20, 1910..........1,153,625
From Jan. 1, 1910..........16,112,720
Corresponding period last year..........13,059,870

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
245	300	15	Adams Express	250	250	250	250	..
12½	13½	900	Allis-Chalmers	13	13	12¼	12¾	— ¼
47	48	1,600	Allis-Chalmers pf	47½	47½	46	47⅛	—1⅛
82⅞	83	87,750	*Amalgamated Cop	83½	83⅞	81¼	83	+1½
41⅞	42¼	2,000	Am. Beet Sugar	42	42	40¼	41⅞	+ ½
12	12½	1,500	Am. Can	11⅞	12	11½	12	+ ⅜
77⅞	78¼	1,000	Am. Can pf	77½	77⅞	77¼	77⅞	+ ⅛
65	65¼	4,600	Am. Car & Foundry	64⅞	65⅛	64⅛	65⅛	+ ⅝
63½	65	2,800	Am. Cotton Oil	62	64	61⅞	64	+2
280	300	250	Am. Express	277½	285	277½	285	+5
7	7½	300	Am. Hide & Leather	7	7¼	7	7¼	..
41½	42	1,300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	42	42	40⅞	41	—1
23½	23⅞	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	23⅛	23⅜	23	23⅜	+ ½
15¼	15½	500	*Am. Linseed	15	15	15	15	..
42	42⅜	400	*Am. Linseed pf	42	42¼	41⅞	42¼	+1¾
54	54½	2,600	Am. Locomotive	53¼	54½	53¼	54½	+1
112½	114	100	Am. Locomotive pf	113	113	113	113	..
6⅛	8	400	Am. Malt	6	6¼	6	6¼	+ ¼
84½	86	900	Am. Malt pf	84	85	83	85	+1
93⅛	93¼	21,550	Am. Smelt. & Ref	92¼	93⅛	90¼	93⅛	+1¼
109	109¼	1,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	108⅞	109⅛	108⅞	109	— ¼
89	89¼	150	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	89	89	89	89	+ ⅛
63½	64	800	Am. Steel Foundries	62½	63½	62½	62½	+ ⅜
121⅛	122	1,905	Am. Sugar Refining	120½	123	120½	121½	+ ⅞
136⅜	137	1,800	Am. Tel. & Tel	135⅞	136⅜	135½	136⅜	+1⅜
92	94	360	Am. Tobacco pf	93	93	92½	92½	— ½
82½	84½	100	Am. Woolen	82½	82½	82½	82½	— ½
100⅜	102	400	Am. Woolen pf	100½	101	100⅜	101	+ ½
50	50½	4,625	*Anaconda Cop. Min	49⅞	50⅛	49⅜	50	+ ½
118⅛	118¼	42,500	Atch., Top. & S. F	117½	118¼	116⅝	118¼	+1⅜
103½	104¼	800	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103½	103⅞	103½	103⅞	+ ⅝
130¾	131½	1,300	Atlantic Coast Line	129¾	131	129	131	+2
115⅞	116½	7,200	Baltimore & Ohio	115	116	115	116	+1
93½	94½	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	94	94	94	94	+1
32	33	700	Bethlehem Steel	30½	33	30½	33	+2½
63	65	100	Bethlehem Steel	63½	63½	63½	63½	
73⅞	74¼	5,765	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	72½	74	72	74	+1½
154	157	400	Brooklyn Union Gas	152½	154	152½	154	+2
15	17	150	Brunswick City	15	15	15	15	..
32⅜	33	100	Butterick Co	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ¼
179⅝	180¼	1,000	Canadian Pacific	179¼	180¼	179¼	180¼	+1½
43	43¼	4,940	Central Leather Co	42	43⅜	41½	43	+1½
107¼	108	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf	107	107⅛	107	107⅛	+ ⅝
119	119¾	26	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	..
83⅞	84	43,220	Chesapeake & Ohio	84	84	80¼	83⅞	+ ⅝
60⅜	61¼	2,300	Chicago & Alton	61½	62	61	61	+ ½
32⅛	32½	8,200	Chi. Gt. Western	31	32	30⅞	32	+ ½
59⅞	60	300	Chi. Gt. West. pf	60	60	60	60	..
148⅞	148⅞	18,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	147	148⅞	146¼	148⅞	+1⅜
167½	168½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	167½	167½	167½	167½	..
158⅛	159¼	1,900	Chi. & Northwestern	157½	159⅛	157	159⅛	+3¼
..	..	4,600	Chi. & N. W. rights	14¼	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+ ⅝
77	77½	500	Clev., C., C. & St. L	77½	78	77	77	—1
103¼	108½	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	— ¼
44	44½	8,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	42¾	44⅜	42⅜	44	+1⅝
112¼	..	300	Col. Fuel & Iron pf	112½	112½	112¼	112¼	—7½
57	57½	1,375	Colorado & Southern	57	57	56	57	+ ¼
81¼	81½	750	Col. & South. 1st pf	80½	81¼	80	81¼	..
80½	81	200	Col. & South. 2d pf	80	80½	80	80½	+ ¼
23	24	20,325	Col. & Hock. C. & I	25	27	22	23	—10
..	..	100	*Comstock Tunnel	†33	33	33	33	..
147⅞	147⅞	16,025	Consolidated Gas	146	148½	143½	147⅞	+1⅜
19⅞	20	4,534	Corn Products Ref	19½	20	19	19⅞	+ ⅝
84	84½	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	83⅞	84½	83⅞	84½	+ ⅞
175½	177	1,440	Delaware & Hudson	175	177	174⅝	175½	+ ½
43⅛	43⅜	3,000	Denver & Rio Grande	43⅛	43⅜	42½	43⅜	+1⅛
79	80	985	Den. & Rio Grande pf	79½	80	79½	80	+1
63	63½	436	Detroit United Rys	62½	62⅞	62½	62⅞	+1⅜
34	34½	500	*Distillers' Securities	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	34⅛	+1
14⅞	15⅛	200	*Duluth, S. S. & A	15	15	15	15	..
28½	29	100	*Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	+ ¾
..	..	100	Du Pont Powder pf	86	86	86	86	..
31⅛	31¼	4,830	Erie	30¼	31¼	29⅞	31¼	+1¼
48	48½	2,000	Erie 1st pf	47½	48	47	48	+ ½
37½	38	800	Erie 2d pf	36⅞	37	36⅞	37	—1
82½	90	100	Evans. & Terre H. pf	82½	82½	82½	82½	—2½
..	..	1	First Nat. Bank	900	900	900	900	..
93	98½	100	General Chemical	94	94	94	94	—2
103¼	104½	30	General Chemical pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	..
153	154	775	General Electric	152½	153⅜	152½	153½	+ ½
133⅝	133⅜	12,175	Great Northern pf	132⅛	134	131½	133⅜	+1⅞
74	74¼	2,300	*G. N. certs. ore prop	72	74½	71½	74⅛	+2½
89	90½	100	Havana Electric	88½	88½	88½	88½	..
143¼	143½	600	Illinois Central	142½	143¼	142½	143¼	+1¼
21⅛	21⅜	15,700	Interborough-Met	21	21½	19⅞	21⅛	+ ½
56⅞	57	11,800	Interborough-Met. pf	56	57⅛	54	57	+ ⅞
119	122	600	Int. Harvester	118½	119⅜	118	119	+ ¾
55	55¼	400	Int. Paper pf	54½	55	54½	55	+ ½
49	49½	1,600	Int. Steam Pump	48½	49	48	49	+ ½
87	88	100	Int. Steam P. pf. x d	87	87	87	87	+ ½
26½	27	850	Iowa Central	25	26½	25	26½	+1¼
39⅞	40	8,210	Kansas City Southern	38	40	38	39	+1¼
69	72½	500	Kan. City South. pf	68	69	68	69	+1¾
105⅛	105½	1,500	Laclede Gas	104⅞	105⅛	104⅞	105⅛	+ ⅝
60	63	200	Lake Erie & West. pf	61½	61½	61	61	..
64	69	200	Long Island	64	64¼	64	64¼	— ¾
147⅞	147⅞	8,750	Louis. & Nash. x d	147⅛	147⅞	146⅛	147⅞	+1¼
88	90	100	Mackay Cos	87½	87½	87½	87½	..
136	137⅛	250	Manhattan Elevated	136⅞	136⅞	136⅞	136½	— ¼
6⅞	6½	600	Mercantile Marine	6½	6½	6⅜	6⅜	..
21	21½	1,800	Mercantile Marine pf	20⅞	21	20	21	+1¼
46	48	100	Minn. & St. Louis	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	..
133	134½	450	M., St. P. & S. S. M	132	133⅞	132	133⅞	+2
149½	152	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	150	150	150	150	—2½
44⅞	45¼	18,100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	43⅞	45	42¼	45	+1⅛
72½	73	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	72¼	72⅞	72¼	72⅞	— ½
69⅞	69⅞	6,800	Missouri Pacific	69¼	70	69¼	69⅞	+ ⅜
..	..	16,113	Mo. Pacific rights	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛	—1-16
135	138	100	Nash., Chat. & St. L	135¼	135¼	135¼	135¼	—3⅜
23⅞	24¼	800	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	22⅞	24	22⅞	24	+1
84	84⅝	2,348	Nat. Lead Co	83½	84⅜	83½	84	+ ⅞
108	110	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	107	107	107	107	—2
63½	64¼	600	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf	64	64	63⅞	64	+2¼
28½	28⅝	14,002	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	27½	28⅝	27⅜	28⅝	+1⅝
86⅞	87	400	N. Y. Air Brake	87	87	86⅞	87	+ ⅞
119⅞	119½	19,274	N. Y. Central	117½	119⅞	117	119½	+2½
63	65	800	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	63	65	63	64½	+6½
155	155⅞	520	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	155	155	155	155	+ ½
145¼	145½	1,465	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs 1st pd	145	146	145	145¼	— ¼
44⅞	45	2,200	N. Y., Ont. & West	44½	45	44	45	+ ½
97	97½	1,300	Norfolk & Western	96⅞	97⅞	96	97	+ ½
88	90	100	Norfolk & West. pf	90	90	90	90	+1⅛
79⅛	80	1,200	North American	77	79⅛	77	79⅛	+3¼
135⅝	135¾	15,800	Northern Pacific	133	135⅝	132¼	135⅝	+3⅝
110	115	100	Pacific Coast	110	110	110	110	—2
110	116	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf	110	110	110	110	—2½
34½	35	600	Pacific Mail	34	34⅞	33⅝	34	+ ½
39	40	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	39	39	39	39	+ ¾
133¼	133⅜	26,300	Pennsylvania R. R	132⅞	133⅝	132	133¼	+1¼
..	..	900	Penn. sub. cfs. 1st pd	130	130⅜	129⅞	130⅜	..
111¼	111½	1,990	People's Gas, Chi. x d	110½	111½	110¼	111½	+1
101	103	200	Philadelphia Co	102	102	102	102	+ ½
98	98½	1,850	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	97	98½	96⅞	98½	+ ½
21¼	21⅞	5,900	Pittsburg Coal	20	21¼	19½	21¼	+1½
74	75	2,000	Pittsburg Coal pf	75	76	74	75	..
45¼	45⅜	1,200	Pressed Steel Car	44⅞	45¼	44	45¼	+1½
103	105	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	+ ½
194	196	6,480	Pullman Co	191	196	191	194	+4
3½	4	200	Quicksilver pf	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅝
45¼	46	1,000	*R'way Steel Spring	45½	45½	44	45⅜	+ ⅜
103⅞	106⅞	100	*Ry. Steel Spring pf	105	105	105	105	— ¼
161½	162	98,900	Reading	160	162½	159¼	162	+2¼
99½	100	800	Reading 2d pf	100	100	99⅞	100	..
38¼	38⅛	6,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	38⅛	38⅛	37	38⅛	+ ¼
100¼	100½	1,300	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	100	101	99	101	+1
44	44⅛	61,100	Rock Island Co	40⅞	44⅛	38⅞	44⅛	+3⅜
84⅛	85	1,400	Rock Island Co. pf	82	85½	82	85	+1
..	..	300	St. Jo. & G. I. 1st pf	55	55	55	55	..
54	55	700	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	53⅝	54	53¼	54	+ ½
29	29½	1,700	St. Louis Southwest	28½	29⅛	28½	29	— ¼
73	73½	1,200	St. Louis Southw. pf	74½	74½	72⅞	73½	+ ¾
81	81½	1,100	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I	80	81	80	81	+1
82	84	155	So. Porto Rico Sugar	82	82	82	82	..
130⅛	130¼	56,000	Southern Pacific	129¼	130¼	128⅛	130⅛	+1¼
30⅛	30½	5,600	Southern R'way ext	30	30½	30	30½	+ ½
68½	69	1,720	South. R'way ext. pf	68	68⅞	68	68⅞	+2⅛
36¼	36⅜	500	Tennessee Copper	36	36⅜	36	36⅜	+ ⅛
31⅞	32¼	1,900	Texas & Pacific	31	32	31	31⅞	+1¼
15½	16	600	Third Avenue	15½	15⅞	15½	15⅞	+ ¾
11½	12½	100	Tol., R'way & Light	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
47½	48½	600	Tol., St. Louis & W	48	49	48	49	+ ½
66⅞	67⅞	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	67	67⅞	67	67⅞	— ⅞
113½	114	252	Twin City Rap. Tran	113	113½	113	113½	+ ⅛
10½	11¼	300	Union Bag & Paper	11¼	11¼	10¼	10½	— ⅞
65	70	100	Union Bag & P. pf	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	— ⅞
192	192¼	105,600	Union Pacific	190⅞	192¼	189⅝	192	+1⅝
100¼	100⅜	1,800	Union Pacific pf	100⅛	100⅜	100	100⅜	+ ¾
120½	121¾	35	United Dry Goods	119½	119½	119½	119½	..
..	..	100	United R'ways Invest	39	39	39	39	— ⅞
28	29	810	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	28½	28½	27⅞	27⅞	—1½
76½	80	600	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf	80	80	76½	76½	—5½
128	135	225	U. S. Express	130	131	130	131	+6
79⅛	80⅛	200	U. S. Realty & Imp	78⅞	79⅛	78⅞	79⅛	+1½
45⅛	45¼	1,950	U. S. Rubber	45	45⅛	43⅞	45	+1
..	..	150	U. S. Rubber rights	.05	.05	.05	.05	—.06
112	112½	1,100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	111⅛	112¼	111⅛	112	+1¼
79	81	200	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	78⅞	80	78⅞	80	— ½
84⅜	84½	261,850	U. S. Steel	82⅞	84⅜	81⅞	84⅜	+2⅝
123	123⅛	4,100	U. S. Steel pf	121¾	123⅛	121¾	123	+ ¾
52	52⅛	4,710	Utah Copper	53⅜	53⅜	51⅞	52	+1
53⅞	54	5,400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	52⅞	54	51⅞	53⅛	+1
20	22	10	Vulcan Detinning	24	24	24	24	..
..	..	100	Vulcan Detinning pf	76	76	76	76	—3¼
22	22¼	2,600	Wabash	21⅛	22	21	22	+1
50⅛	50¼	7,200	Wabash pf	48⅞	50⅛	48⅛	50¼	+2¼
50⅛	50¾	1,500	West. Md. t. r. 4th pd	50	50	49⅛	49⅝	+1½
72	72¼	700	Western Union Tel	73	73	71½	72⅛	— ⅝
71½	72⅛	2,410	Westinghouse E. & M	71½	71⅞	71	71⅝	+ ¾
6	6¼	800	Wheel. & Lake Erie	6	6⅞	5⅞	6⅛	— ⅝
12	12½	800	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	12	12½	11½	12½	+1
7	8	800	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	7	7½	6½	7½	+ ½

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅝	101½
2s, c., 1930	100⅝	..
3s, r., 1918	101⅝	102½
3s, c., 1918	101⅝	102½
4s, r., 1925	114½	115½
4s, c., 1925	114⅝	115⅝
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	101
Pan. 2s, rf., 1938	100	101
Alb. & S.	286½	..
Am. Ag. C.	44⅝	45
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	104
Am. B. S. pf.	92	94
A. C. & F. pf.	116	117
Am. Coal	100	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	107
Am. D. T.	10	25
Am. Snuff	250	..
Am. Sn. pf.	95	99⅝
Am. S. R. pf.	119	122½
A. T. & C.	70	77
Ann Arbor	15	30
Ann A. pf.	..	50
Batopilas M.	3	4
B., R. & P.	95	107
B., R. & P. pf.	128	138
B. & S. pf.	..	60
Canada So.	68	72
C. R. R. of N. J.	305	310
C. & A. pf.	..	69
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C. & N. W. pf.	205	215
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	145	155
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	175
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	4	5
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	9½	12
Cleve. & P.	174	..
Cons. Coal	100	..
Crex Carpet	50	61
D., L. & W.	580	610
D. M. & Ft. D.	9	15
D. & M. pf.	..	95
Ev. & T. H.	56	65
F. M. & S.	..	75
F. M. & S. pf.	85	90
Granby Con., ex r.	102	110
G. B. & W.	80	..
H. B. Claflin 1st pf.	97	99½
Hav. E. R. pf.	96	99⅝
Hock. V. r.	108	120
Hock. V. pf.	..	90
Homestake	83	87
Ill. C. l. l.	98	..
Inger.-Rand.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	..
Int. H. pf.	125¼	126½
Int. Paper	13½	14
Int. Power	8½	30
Iowa C. pf.	46	48
Jol. & Chi.	169	..
K. & M. r.	35	55
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	..	80
K. & D. M.	7½	10
K. & D. M. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kings Co. El. L. & P.	128	138
Kn. L., Chi., pf.	65	80
Lacl. G. pf.	90	98
L. E. & W.	23	25
Lake Shore	300	400
L. & W. C.	200	..
Mackay Cos. pf.	76⅝	78
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach.	3	6
Md. C. pf.	50	..
Met. St. R.	20	24⅞
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. S. T. pf.	95	..
M. & St. L. pf.	75	85
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	91⅝	92
Nat. Bis.	110½	114½
Nat. B. pf.	121	125
Nat. En. pf.	95	100
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	105	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	92	98
N. Y. D. Co.	35	40
N. Y. D. Co. pf	..	84
Nor. Cent.	200	..
N. O. T. & L.	85⅝	88½
Ont. Mining.	2½	3
Pac. C. 1st pf.	100	110
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	98
Peo. & E.	21	28
Phelps-D'ge	225	265
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	110	120
P., Ft. W. & C.	173	..
Quicksilver	3½	3½
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rens. & S.	195	..
R., W. & O.	124	..
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	30	38
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	69	72
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	150	180
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	63½	65
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	116½
Sears-R. pf.	..	125
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	114	..
So. P. R. S. pf.	108	113
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	84½	90
Texas Cent.	85	..
Texas Cent. pf.	70	..
T. P. L. Tr.	87	90
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. C. R. T. pf.	140	150
Un. B. & P. pf.	65	70
Un. Cig. M. pf.	109	110
Un. Dry G. pf.	111	113
U. S. R. & Ref.	10	12
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	22	29¼
U. & B. R.	174	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	121	122½
W. F. Exp.	180	185
West. Md. war.	50¼	51
Westingh'se 1st pf.	120	128
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

U S 2s, reg, 1930
1,000..........100½
Argentina 5s, J P M & Co recta
6,000..........96
Impl Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan
1,000..........94¾
4,000..........95
2,000..........95¼
4s, sterl loan
5,000..........88⅝
Sao Paulo 5s
8,000..........96¾
2,000..........97
U S of Mexico 4s
38,000..........95
5,000..........95¼
1,000..........95
Va fund debt, 1991
8,000..........90⅞
N Y City 4s, 1959
20,000..........99⅝
25,000..........99¾
21,000..........99½
receipts
14,000..........99⅝
N Y City 4½s, 1957
8,000..........109
10,000..........108⅞
7,000..........108⅞
Adams Express 4s
9,000..........92¼
1,000..........92½
2,000..........93
Alb & Susq 3½s
38,000..........98
Allis-Chalmers 5s
2,000..........82
1,000..........82¼
2,000..........82½
2,000..........83
Am Ag Cn conv 5s
1,000..........102
5,000..........102½
Am Ice Secur 6s
6,000..........72
Am Tel & T conv 4s
48,000..........102½
Am Tobacco 6s
50,000..........106⅛
1,000..........106½
1,000..........106⅝
12,000..........106½
5,000..........106⅝
72,000..........106½
registered
20,000..........106½
Am Tobacco 4s
8,000..........77
19,000..........76¾
5,000..........77
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000..........93⅞
3,000..........93⅝
At, T & S F gen 4s
1,000..........100⅛
2,000..........100
adjsmt 4s, stmpd
1,000..........94⅝
conv 5s
55,000..........117½
10,000..........117⅝
25,000..........118
conv 4s
50,000..........117¼
10,000..........117
10,000..........117⅛
15,000..........117⅝
6,000..........117½
conv 4s, sub rect 1st paid
10,000..........116½
1,000..........117
Trans S L 4s
9,000..........94¼
Atl Coast Line 4s
6,000..........94
Atl Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s
40,000..........92
1,000..........92⅛
2,000..........92¼
15,000..........92
5,000..........91⅞
Balt & O gold 4s
2,000..........99
prior lien 3½s
1,000..........92⅛
P L E & W V 4s
2,000..........92⅞
Beth Steel 5s
25,000..........88¼
B R T refg conv 4s
5,000..........84⅛
39,000..........84
3,000..........84¼
10,000..........84½
2,000..........84⅜
1,000..........84⅝
4,000..........84⅜
2,000..........84⅞
29,000..........84¼
Bway & 7th Av 1st con 5s
5,000..........102
Can So 1st ext 6s
1,000..........104⅞
2,000..........105
Cen of Ga Ry 1st income 5s
5,000..........87
2d inc 5s
40,000..........82
3d income 5s
3,000..........81
Centl Leather 5s
7,000..........99⅜
12,000..........99¼
Cent Pac gtd 4s
2,000..........97¼
Ches & O gen 4½s
2,000..........102½
Chi & Alt R R 3s
7,000..........75
Chi, B & Q gen 4s
2,000..........99
1,000..........98⅞
2,000..........98⅞
Chi, B & Q joint 4s
7,000..........96⅝
6,000..........96⅞
20,000..........96¾
48,000..........96⅝
1,000..........96¾
11,000..........96⅝
2,000..........96¾
8,000..........96⅞
registered
5,000..........96¾
Ill div 4s
12,000..........100
Denver div 4s
1,000..........99⅛
Chi, Mil & St Paul gen 4s, Ser A
25,000..........100⅛
40,000..........100
4s, 1934
22,000..........93⅝
1,000..........93½
Chi, R I & Pac Ry refundg 4s
15,000..........91
C, R I & P R R 4s
95,000..........80
60,000..........79⅞
20,000..........80
18,000..........80⅛
4,000..........80¼
5,000..........80⅜
Chi, R I & Pac R R col trust 5s
23,000..........102⅝
Cin, Ind & W 4s
3,000..........93
Clev, C, C & St L gen 4s
1,000..........95½
Col Industrial 5s
5,000..........81½
1,000..........81⅝
Col & So 1st 4s
5,000..........96⅞
4,000..........96¾
1,000..........96⅞
Col & South ref & ext 4½s
1,000..........97⅞
Del & H conv 4s
4,000..........100
10,000..........100⅛
D & H lien eqpt 4½s
23,000..........102½
D & H 1st & ref 4s
2,000..........99⅞
Den & R Gde 1st & ref 5s
6,000..........93⅞
1,000..........93⅝
7,000..........93½
Den & R G con 4s
1,000..........96
Dist Sec Corp 5s
2,000..........73
9,000..........72¾
8,000..........72½
East Tenn, V & G divisl 1st 5s
5,000..........110
Erie 1st con 7s
2,000..........122½
Erie 1st gen 4s
16,000..........76
Flint & P M 6s
1,000..........111⅞
Gr Bay & Wn deb ctfs B
16,000..........15
5,000..........15¼
10,000..........15⅜
5,000..........15½
4,000..........15¼
Ill Central ref 4s
85,000..........99½
Inter-Metro 4½s
105,000..........81
10,000..........81⅛
90,000..........81
10,000..........81¼
40,000..........81
50,000..........81¼
101,000..........81⅛
12,000..........81¼
40,000..........81⅛
2,000..........81¼
1,000..........81⅛
1,000..........81⅜
5,000..........81¼
17,000..........81⅛
24,000..........81¼
1,000..........81⅜
60,000..........81½
85,000..........81⅜
13,000..........81¼
Inter Rap Tr 5s
5,000..........103⅛
20,000..........103⅛
Interb R T conv 6s
8,000..........103⅛
50,000..........103⅛
K C, Ft S & M 4s
5,000..........81⅛
Lackaw Steel 5s
5,000..........99
L S & Mich So 4s
53,000..........95
1931
21,000..........94⅛
L S & Mich So 3½s
5,000..........91⅛
Lo & N unified 4s
1,000..........99⅛
3,000..........99¾
Lo & Nashv So, Mon joint 4s
Manhattan con 4s
1,000..........97⅞
Man con 4s, tax ex
14,000..........99¼
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
4,000..........69
10,000..........69⅛
Mex Cent 1st inc
10,000..........29⅝
2,000..........29½
Mex Cent con 4s
10,000..........97⅞
25,000..........97½
M, St P & S S M 1st cons 4s
4,000..........99¼
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
5,000..........99¼
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
1,000..........86¼
Mo, K & T s f 4½s
1,000..........89⅞
3,000..........90
9,000..........89⅞
Mo, Kan & Texas 1st & refg 4s
20,000..........84½
1,000..........84
Mo Pac Trust 5s
5,000..........101⅞
Mo Pacific 4s
5,000..........81
6,000..........80⅞
Mut Un Tel 6s
3,000..........99⅜
Nat R R of Mex 1st con 4s
2,000..........82¼
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
3,000..........94½
5,000..........94⅝
10,000..........94⅞
gen 4s
1,000..........88⅝
Nassau Electric R R 4s
10,000..........81
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
6,000..........113
N Y Central gen 3½s
5,000..........91
L S col 3½s
2,000..........80⅞
2,000..........80⅝
5,000..........80⅞
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
1,000..........102⅞
pur money 4s
1,000..........83¼
6,000..........83½
N Y & Gr N W L 5s
5,000..........108⅛
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s
30,000..........100⅛
42,000..........100¼
10,000..........100⅜
10,000..........101
N Y Tel 4½s recta
1,000..........98⅞
8,000..........98⅝
3,000..........98⅞
N O Ry & Lt 4½s
5,000..........87
Norf & West con 4s
1,000..........98⅞
Norf & West conv 4s
1,000..........100⅝
1,000s10..........100⅝
14,000..........100⅞
Norf & West divisnl 1st 4s
2,000..........92⅞
Pocah C & C 4s
3,000..........89¼
North Pac 3s
2,000..........74
12,000..........73⅞
Ore Short Line 1st 6s
2,000..........116½
Ore Short Line gtd refg 4s
4,000..........94⅛
Pac Tel & T 5s
7,000..........99
5,000..........99¼
5,000..........99
Penn conv 3½s, 1915
48,000..........96
20,000..........96⅛
12,000..........96
2,000..........96⅛
2,000..........96
Penn 4s, 1948
5,000..........104⅛
2,000..........104⅛
Pere Mar ref 4s
5,000..........78⅞
Rdg Jer Cen col 4s
3,000..........96⅞
Reading gen 4s
2,000..........99¼
5,000..........99⅛
Rio Gr West 1st
3,000..........94¼
St L, I M & So gen 5s
1,000..........109⅜
St L & S F R R gen 5s
21,000..........88
10,000..........87½
14,000..........87⅞
3,000..........87⅞
6,000..........88
7,000..........88½
refunding 4s
9,000..........84
St L S W con 4s
5,000..........78½
St Paul, M & M, Mont Ext 4s
7,000..........98⅝
Seaboard A L Ry gold 4s, stpd
4,000..........84½
San A & A P 4s
4,000..........87½
South Pac 4s
5,000..........93¼
So Pac conv 4s
3,000..........103
120,000..........102⅞
7,000..........103
160,000..........102⅞
2,000..........102¾
62,000..........102⅞
80,000..........102½
80,000..........102⅝
10,000..........102⅞
88,000..........102⅞
103,000..........102¾
10,000..........102⅞
1,000..........102⅝
5,000..........102⅞
36,000..........102¾
87,000..........102⅞
40,000..........102¾
100,000..........102⅞
1,000..........103
So Pac 1st ref 4s
3,000..........94⅝
11,000..........94⅞
8,000..........94⅞
South Ry gen 4s
3,000..........80½
13,000..........80¾
25,000..........80
St L Div 4s
2,000..........87
Third Av con 4s
2,000..........68⅞
Third Av con 4s Cent Trust Co ctfs stamped
10,000..........67⅞
Tol, St L & W 4s
1,000..........80½
Union Pac 1st 4s
11,000..........101½
Union Pac conv 4s
85,000..........111
3,000..........110⅞
50,000..........110⅞
10,000..........110⅞
25,000..........110¾
10,000..........110⅞
187,000..........110⅞
40,000..........111
1,000..........111¼
45,000..........111
20,000..........110⅞
25,000..........111⅛
2,000..........111¼
80,000..........111
10,000..........111⅛
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s
11,000..........97
United Railroads of San Fran 4s
1,000..........72¼
U S R & Imp 5s
10,000..........92
10,000..........92¼
1,000..........92⅛
9,000..........92½
U S Rubber 6s
10,000..........104
8,000..........103⅞
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
5,000..........104⅞
2,000..........104⅛
2,000..........104¼
85,000..........104
14,000..........104⅛
6,000..........104⅛
15,000..........104⅛
23,000..........104⅞
47,000..........104½
registered
50,000..........104⅛
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
3,000..........98⅛
5,000..........98⅞
Va I C & C 5s
1,000..........98⅞
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000..........111⅛
1,000..........111⅛
Wabash 2d 5s
2,000..........102⅞
Wabash ref & ext 4s
5,000..........73¼
10,000..........73⅛
25,000..........72⅞
20,000..........72½
5,000..........72¼
15,000..........72⅛
15,000..........72½
5,000..........72⅝
10,000..........72⅞
10,000..........72⅝
8,000..........73
61,000..........73⅛
Wab Pitts Ter 1st Trust Co ctfs
81,000..........47
2,000..........47½
Wab Pitts Ter 2d Trust Co ctfs
12,000..........7
West Md 4s
10,000..........84⅞
1,000..........85
1,000..........84⅞
2,000..........85
West Md conv 4s Trust Co ctfs
8,000..........72
West Shore 4s reg
500..........99
500..........99
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
10,000..........92
2,000..........91⅞

Total sales Jan. 20, 1910..........$4,966,000
From Jan. 1, 1910..........61,215,000
Corresponding period last year..........88,493,000

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—The local market opened feverish this morning, but the undertone soon strengthened and prices began to rally. Amalgamated recovered to 83, North Butte was active at between 44¼ and 46⅞, and United States Smelting rallied to 49¼. The feeling among the local traders was greatly improved to-day, and the market closed steady and at about highest prices of the day.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$13,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92⅝	92¼	92⅝
1,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	69¼	69¼	69¼
1,500	Central Vt. 1st 4s	87	87	87
5,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
2,000	C. J. R. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101½	101½	101½
3,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
12,000	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	117½	117⅜	117⅜
3,000	K. C., M. & B. 4s	93½	93½	93½
2,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
2,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
5,000	New River 5s	78½	78½	78½
4,000	United Fruit 4½s	96	96	96

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison pf	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
200	Boston El., $80 paid	103½	103½	103½
60	Boston Elevated	133⅞	133	133⅞
30	Boston & Albany	232	231½	231½
7	Boston & Lowell	226	226	226
13	Boston & Prov	298	298	298
75	Boston & Wor. pf	46	45¼	45¼
258	Fitchburg pf	130	130	130
525	Mass. Elec	18¼	18	18
28	Mass. Elec. pf	80	79½	80
476	N. Y., N. H. & H	156	155	156
120	N. Y., N. H. & H., 25 per cent. paid	145⅞	145⅞	145⅞
816	Union Pacific	191⅞	190⅛	191⅞
40	Union Pacific pf	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
7	West End	95	94½	95
5	West End pf	108	108	108

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,665	American	136⅜	135⅝	136¼
250	Mexican	4	3⅞	4
50	Mexican pf	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
75	New England	136½	135	136½
75	Western	16½	16	16
88	Western pf	90½	90½	90½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
115	Am. Ag. Chem	45	44⅝	44⅝
43	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	103	102	103
13	A. G. & W. I	10¼	10	10¼
50	A. G. & W. I. pf	27	27	27
160	Am. Pneu. Service	7½	7¼	7½
205	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf	19	18½	18½
241	Am. Sugar Ref	123	121	123
109	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	122	121⅞	121⅞
227	Am. Woolen pf	101	100⅞	100⅞
58	Edison	241⅞	241⅝	241⅞
8,204	Edison rights	3⅝	3¼	3⅝
50	Eastern S. S	80	80	80
85	Ga. Ry. & Elec	105	105	105
20	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf	88	88	88
100	General Electric	154	153	154
10	Mackay pf	77	77	77
748	Mass. Gas	78⅝	78	78¼
135	Mass. Gas pf	96	95½	95½
6	Mergenthaler	216	216	216
175	N. E. Cotton Yarn	122	121⅞	121⅞
93	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf	114	113½	114
578	Pullman	196	190	194
30	Reece	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
10	Reece Folding	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
115	Rotary Ring	13	12½	13
10	Seattle Electric	115	115	115
15	Seattle Electric pf	104⅝	104½	104⅝
43	Swift	108	108	108
390	United Fruit	168	167	168
225	United Shoe	68	67	68
60	United Shoe pf	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
4,672	U. S. Steel	84¼	81⅞	84
132	U. S. Steel pf	122⅞	121	122⅞

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,225	Adventure	8¼	7⅞	8¼
3,723	Amalgamated	83	81½	82½
1,597	American Zinc	35⅛	33⅛	34½
1,305	Arcadian	8⅞	7¾	8
2,075	Arizona Com	45⅛	44¼	44⅞
150	Arnold	1⅛	1	1⅛
240	Atlantic	10¼	10¼	10¼
400	Bonanza	55c.	55c.	55c.
1,035	Boston Con	18⅞	17⅞	18⅞
630	Boston Corbin	22	21	21
1,880	Butte Coalition	25¼	24½	24⅞
2,225	Calumet & Arizona	85	81½	84
25	Calumet & Hecla	665	660	660
455	Centennial	33⅛	32	33
989	Copper Range	81	79½	80
10	Daly-West	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
1,040	East Butte	12	10½	11⅛
720	Franklin	19	18⅛	19
2,470	Giroux	11	10	10⅜
35	Granby	102	100	102
661	Granby rights	1.55	1.25	1.25
2,181	Greene-Cananea	10	9⅞	10
775	Hancock	29	28⅛	28⅞
230	Helvetia	5¼	5	5
1,275	Isle Royale	25	24	24⅞
235	Kerr Lake	9	8⅞	9
125	Keewenaw	5¼	5	5¼
4,167	Lake	89½	86½	89
825	La Salle	17¼	16¼	16¼
710	Mass	7½	6⅞	7½
110	Mayflower	1½	1½	1½
8,191	Miami	25⅞	23	25¼
95	Michigan	7	7	7
1,431	Mohawk	70¼	68	70¼
2,940	Nevada	24¼	23	24⅞
610	Nipissing	10	9⅞	10
6,923	North Butte	46⅞	44¼	46
7,949	North Lake	17½	16	16⅞
490	Ojibway	11	10¼	10¼
100	Old Colony	1	1	1
10	Old Dominion	50	48	50
10	Osceola	159	159	159
223	Parrot	20	20	20
185	Quincy	88	87½	88
320	Santa Fe	2½	2½	2½
935	Shannon	15⅞	15¼	15⅞
100	St. Mary's Land	69½	68	69½
230	South Utah	3½	3⅛	3½
787	Superior	63⅞	62	62
775	Superior & Boston	15½	15¼	15½
700	Superior & Pitts	14⅞	14¼	14¼
5	Tamarack	66	66	66
820	Tamarack rights	1¼	1	1¼
290	Trinity	9½	9¼	9½
705	U. S. Oil	38⅛	37⅞	38⅛
1,105	U. S. Smelting	49¼	48½	49
185	U. S. Smelting pf	51¼	51	51¼
225	Utah Apex	4⅞	4½	4⅞
245	Utah Con	41	40¼	40⅞
160	Utah Copper	52	51⅞	52
240	Victoria	5	4½	4½
636	Winona	11⅞	11	11⅛
50	Wolverine	145	145	145
210	Wyandotte	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

No failures, or, in fact, any financial trouble, was in evidence on the Consolidated Stock Exchange to mark the passing of the Hocking Coal and Iron episode. But ten shares of the collapsed specialty changed hands during the day. As a matter of fact, interest in it has been so small as to be practically negligible. Business was active, although it fell far behind the very heavy total of the day before. Transactions aggregated 115,950 shares, distributed among sixty-five different issues. Prices compared with the New York Stock Exchange quotations exhibited very wide differences at times.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
40	Allis-Chalmers	12¾	13	12¾	13
4,620	Amal. Copper	82⅛	82⅞	81⅛	82¾
180	Am. Beet S	42	42	40¼	42
80	Am. Can	11⅞	12	11½	12
410	Am. Car & F	64⅞	65⅝	64⅛	65¼
180	Am. Cotton Oil	61⅞	63	61⅞	63
100	Am. Hide & L	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
20	Am. H. & L. pf	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞
20	Am. Ice	23⅛	23⅜	23⅛	23⅛
430	Am. Locomo	53⅞	54	53	54
7,810	Am. Smelting	92¼	93⅞	91	93⅛
220	Am. Sugar	120⅞	122⅞	120⅛	121⅞
680	Anaconda Cop	50⅛	50⅛	49⅝	50⅛
550	At., T. & S. F	117¼	118⅛	117	117⅞
70	Balt. & Ohio	115½	116	115	116
560	Brooklyn R. T	72⅝	73⅞	72¼	73⅞
430	Cent. Leather	42	43⅜	41⅝	43⅜
1,010	Ches. & Ohio	83⅛	83⅞	80⅛	83⅞
80	Chi. Gt. West	31	31⅞	31	31⅞
1,790	C., M. & St. P	147⅛	148⅞	146⅜	148⅞
330	Col. Fuel & I	42⅛	44⅝	42⅛	44⅝
10	Col. & H. Coal	25	25	25	25
770	Con. Gas	146⅛	148	144⅞	147⅛
310	Corn Products	19⅛	19⅞	19	19⅞
310	Den. & R. G	42⅞	43⅛	42⅛	42½
50	Dist. Securities	33⅞	34	33⅞	34
640	Erie	30⅞	31⅛	29⅞	31
20	Erie 1st pf	47⅞	47⅞	47⅛	47⅞
90	Gt. North'n pf	132	134	132	133⅜
1,020	Inter.-Met	21	21⅞	20⅛	21⅛
800	Inter.-Met. pf	56	56⅞	54⅞	56⅞
10	Int. Mer. M. pf	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
20	Kan. City So	39	39⅛	38⅞	38⅞
80	Louis. & Nash	147⅝	147⅞	147⅝	147⅞
590	Mo., Kan. & T	43⅞	44⅛	42⅜	44⅛
520	Mo. Pacific	68⅞	69⅞	68⅞	69⅞
40	Mo. Pac. rts	3-16	3-16	1-32	1-32
350	Nat. Lead	83⅛	84⅛	83⅛	84
480	Nat. Mex. 2d pf	27⅜	28⅛	27⅜	28⅛
1,200	N. Y. Central	117¼	119⅞	117	119⅛
290	N. Y., O. & W	44⅛	45	44⅛	44⅛
50	Norf. & West	97	97	97	97
920	Nor. Pacific	133⅞	135¼	132⅞	135¼
860	Pennsylvania	132⅞	133	132⅞	133
50	People's Gas	111	111¼	111	111¼
100	Pitts. Coal	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
30	Pres. Steel Car	45	45	44⅞	44⅞
20,540	Reading	160⅞	162⅞	159⅞	162⅛
210	Rep. Steel	38⅛	38⅛	37	37⅛
2,640	Rock Island	40⅝	43⅞	39	43⅛
20	Rock Isl. pf	82⅛	82⅛	82	82
8,250	Southern Pac	129⅛	130	128⅛	130
260	Southern Ry	30⅛	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛
50	Tenn. Copper	36	36	36	36
230	Texas Pac	31	32	30⅞	31⅛
470	Third Av	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
18,990	Union Pac	190⅞	192⅛	190	192
290	U. S. Rubber	45⅛	45⅛	44⅛	45
37,210	U. S. Steel	82⅜	84⅛	81⅞	84⅛
60	U. S. Steel pf	122	122	121⅛	121⅞
120	Utah Copper	51⅛	52⅛	51⅛	52⅛
170	Va.-Car. Chem	52⅛	53⅛	51⅞	53⅛
210	Wabash	21	22	21	22
630	Wabash pf	48⅛	50	48⅛	50
20	West. Union	72½	72½	72½	72½
115,950					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.10	.10	.10	.10
200	Belmont	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
100	Belcher	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15
1,500	Comstock	.33	.33	.32	.32
300	Consol. Va	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
650	Goldfield Con	7.00	7.25	7.00	7.25
1,000	Gold. Daisy	.08¼	.08¼	.08¼	.08¼
200	Jumbo Ext	.18	.18	.18	.18
300	Mexican	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
140	Ontario	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
200	Ophir	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
400	Portland	.90	.90	.89	.89
800	Tonopah Ext	.68	.69	.68	.69
2,000	Tramps Con	.06¼	.06¼	.06¼	.06¼
8,290					

WHEAT.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
237,000	May opt	108⅝	109⅝	108¼	109⅝

WILL SELL:

5 Am. Malting 1st 6s..........@103¼
45 Borden's Milk Pfd..........@106
10 Cincinnati Gas Transpn. 5s....Bid
2 City of N. Y. Reg. 4s, 1956..@ 99¾
5 Cleveland & Pittsbg. 7%....@175
100 E. W. Bliss Com..........@140⅝
27 Harper Bros. Pfd..........Bid
50 Otis Elevator Com..........@ 56
3 Proctor Gamble Com..........@402½
2 Standard Cordage Adjts..........@ 3¾
5 Standard Milling 1st 5s......@ 84
50 Texas & Pacific Coal..........@103¼
10 Union Typewriter 1st..........@112¾
64 United Bank Note Pfd..........@ 53¾
18 Worcester, Nashua, Rochester.@150
Bonds "and interest."

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We have just issued a new edition of our Wall Card tabulating listed and unlisted Convertible Bonds, showing conversion prices and privileges, rates, methods of computing, etc.

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First Trust 4s due July 1, 1939, to net 4.30%
Price and particulars on application.
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We have prepared a circular in which the strong features of ten of the leading low priced Industrial Common Stocks are set forth in detail.

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American Cigar "A" 4s, 1911
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300 Heany (The) Co. com.
200 Maxwell-Briscoe com.
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Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 43 Exchange Pl., N. Y.

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(of Brooklyn, N. Y.)
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43 Exchange Pl., N. Y. Tel. 6880-1 Hanover.

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AMERICAN DIST. TEL. CO. OF N. J.
NEW JERSEY ZINC
VIRGINIAN RAILWAY
Bought, Sold, and Quoted.
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1852 1910
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First Mortgage 6% Bonds
WE OWN AND OFFER
$1,500,000 CONRAD LAND & WATER CO.
(Issued Under the U. S. Carey Act.)
Dated Dec. 17, 1909. Due Serially Jan. 1, 1913, to Jan. 1, 1924.

Principal and Semi-Annual Interest (Jan. 1, July 1) Payable at American Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago (Trustee), or Guaranty Trust Co., New York.

DENOMINATIONS, $100, $500, $1,000.

SECURITY.—These bonds are a first mortgage on all of the property owned by the Company, including valuable water rights, entitling the Company to first storage appropriations, all rights of way, canals and reservoirs, of 240,000-acre feet, valued at $4,000,000. Further secured by settlers' contracts placed with the American Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Trustee, these contracts being first mortgages on their lands and placed with the Trustee at a ratio of $143 of contracts to every $100 bonds issued.

LOCATION—The land to be irrigated comprises a tract of 70,000 acres, lying in the central part of Teton County, Montana, just east of the main ridge of the Rocky Mountains.

LAND VALUES.—A conservative estimate places the value at from $75 to $100 per acre; thus the security is from three to four times the amount of bonded indebtedness, which is limited by the Trust Deed to $25 per acre.

Further information on request.

PRICE 101 AND INTEREST.

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COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
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Capital, - - $1,000,000
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The Company transacts a general banking business, allowing interest on deposits at as favorable rates as conservatism will permit. Special rates on time certificates of deposit.

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Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
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54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $18,000,000
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Bears Saw Him First.

One energetic floor trader who has the reputation of being able to pick out the weak spots in the market further ahead than most of his fellows argued to himself yesterday morning that there was a pool in Chesapeake & Ohio, and that pools were in troublous waters these days, with the chances in favor of any trader who might go for a stock handled by a pool. He gave practical effect to this argument by going into the Chesapeake & Ohio crowd and freely offering the stock with such good results, from his point of view, that he found himself soon afterward going into the crowd offering the stock at 80½. It had closed on Wednesday at 83⅛. He was lustily offering the stock at 80¼ with enthusiasm which suggested his willingness to sell the entire capital stock at that price, when he detected some distance from the crowd and rushing toward it a broker who is recognized on the floor as handling much business for Edwin Hawley, the leader of the Chesapeake & Ohio forces. He guessed that this broker would not be hurrying so much unless he had orders to buy the stock, and, changing his attitude toward the stock between breaths, the trader began bidding for the stock as loudly as he had been offering it the second before. From "500 shares at 80½" he changed to "81¼ for Chesapeake," and by the time the Hawley broker had made his way fairly into the crowd the stock was selling at 82¼. It closed yesterday at 83⅞.

⁂

Regular St. Paul Dividends Expected

The Directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul are expected to meet next Thursday and declare the regular semi-annual dividends of 3½ per cent. on both the common and preferred stocks. The road's Executive Committee met yesterday, but acted only on routine business. Semi-official assurances have been had recently to the effect that the suggestions advanced in some quarters that the St. Paul common stock dividend was likely to be reduced were without foundation. The old lines, it has been pointed out, are able to provide for the regular dividends, but in addition to this the road is now deriving considerable income from the extension to the Pacific Coast.

⁂

Equipment Orders Held Back.

Since the end of the year railroad equipment companies have experienced a marked let-up in new business. The attitude of the railroads in withholding orders at this time is generally credited to their anxiety over the situation at Washington. The disposition of the railroad interests seems to be to wait until more is known of the legislation that is to be enacted at this session before making commitments. In the present slack condition of business the equipment companies, which recently started up in full force, are competing keenly for such orders as come out.

⁂

Diamond Match Earnings.

The officials of the Diamond Match Company have issued a statement estimating profits for the year 1909. The statement shows profits of $1,825,000 against $2,279,911 in 1908. Allowing for a dividend disbursement equal to the present rate of 8 per cent. on the $16,000,000 capital stock, the surplus would be $524,000 for the year.

⁂

Additions to Paris Rothschild.

New blood has been added to the Paris branch of the Rothschild firm, according to a dispatch to The London Financial News yesterday in the admission as partners "en nom collectif" of Barons Robert and James, the sons of Barons Edouard and Gustav de Rothschild. Hitherto there have been three partners in the French house of Rothschild Frères, Barons Edouard, Gustav, and Edmond, each of whom had a one-third share in the capital of 50,000,000 francs. The two new members have had ceded to them out of the portions of their respective fathers 1,000,000 francs respectively of the capital.

⁂

Lament of the $2 Broker.

Where floor traders gather a broker who was not one of those loaded with Hocking in the collapse of Wednesday figured for the edification of his friends yesterday the risks his class has to run for the money. "Supposing," he said, "it is true that the specialist has been hung up with 15,000 shares of Hocking at an average price of 50, which is putting it mildly. When he took the buying orders he counted on earning that day $300 on the whole batch of transactions. As the thing turned out he now stands to lose, because he can't deliver the stock, $750,000. As compared with what he counted on for his day's profits a gambler might figure the risk of this business as a 2,500 to 1 shot."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The stockholders of the Columbia Trust Company have re-elected the retiring Directors. The retiring officers were also re-elected.

The stockholders of the Guardian Trust Company have increased the Board of Directors from sixteen to eighteen members by the election of C. E. Finlay and A. L. Prescott. Otherwise there were no changes in the directorate.

Peter J. Eichele, Homer M. More, and Samuel Rogow of this city and Louis Nearing of Philadelphia have been elected members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

The following have been elected members of the Cotton Exchange: A. G. Candler, Jr., of Atlanta, Edward E. Thalmann of 25 Broad Street, R. Judson Furbeck of 115 Broadway, and Edwin A. Gruntal of New York.

Charles B. Strecker, President of the Commercial and Financial Press Association and publisher of The Boston Financial News, has been elected a Director of the Federal Trust Company of Boston.

The New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company gives notice that its 5 per cent. three-year gold notes, maturing Feb. 1, will be paid at the Grand Central Station on and after that date. Coupons should be detached and presented separately.

The Directors of the Cambria Steel Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent., placing the stock on a 5 per cent. basis. The stock had heretofore paid 3 per cent. annually. The Directors also voted to issue $5,000,000 of stock from time to time at their discretion for purposes of improvements.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company the Directors whose terms had expired were re-elected to serve for three years. A. F. Eno and A. H. Wiggin were elected to serve for two years. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors the board organized by re-electing the same officers.

The stockholders of the Fulton Trust Company have elected these Trustees or Directors of the company for the term ending January, 1913: Edwin A. Cruikshank, Henry K. Pomroy, J. Roosevelt Roosevelt, Alfred E. Marling, Archibald D. Russell, Richard H. Williams, Charles M. Newcombe, and Robert L. Gerry in place of Harrison E. Gawtry, resigned.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 20.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,360	Crucible Steel	16¼	15⅞	16¼
655	Crucible Steel pf	89¼	88	89¼
190	Fireproofing pf	27½	27⅜	27½
45	Independent Brew	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
2,800	Interior Mining	.08	.07	.07
1,828	Mfrs. L. & H.	22	21⅝	22
50	Marsden	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
299	Ohio Fuel	57⅜	57	57
695	Pittsburg Brewing	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
100	Pittsburg Coal	20	20	20
85	Pitts. Coal pf	75⅜	75	75⅜
125	River Coal	10½	10½	10½
80	River Coal pf	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
600	Ross Mining	.20	.20	.20
10	Sewer Pipe	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
1,100	Shoshone	$1.05	$1.05	$1.05
160	U. S. Steel	83	82⅞	83
57	Westinghouse A. B.	143	142⅞	142⅞
25	Westing. Elec. 2ds	86	86	86
	UNLISTED.			
1,400	Mt. Elliott	.30	.30	.30
270	Ohio Fuel Oil	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
120	Pure Oil	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
2,400	San Toy	.36	.36	.36
	BOND.			
$4,000	Mfrs. L. & H. 1st 6s	100	100	100

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Unionist Gains Cause More Cheerful Tone on London Exchange.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Money was abundant and discount rates were easy to-day.

Trading on the Stock Exchange is gradually developing a more cheerful and settled tone under the influence of the steady progress of the Unionists in the elections. Prices opened better and the bank rate reduction, followed by the good bank statement, helped the advance and made the close firm. Consols and home rails showed the best improvement among British shares, and fresh support and increased Paris buying sent Kaffirs, diamond shares and foreign bonds higher.

American securities, after a weak opening, strengthened on Continental buying, covering and fresh buying induced by the reduction in the Bank rate. The advance was maintained until New York selling in the afternoon caused a sharp reaction. Chesapeake & Ohio and the Rock Island issues were leaders in the weakness and lost two points. Later a slight recovery occurred, but the market closed uncertain.

Bar silver, steady, 24½d per ounce.

Money, 2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 15-16@3 per cent.; for three months bills, 2 15-16@3 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 90f 10c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 18½c for checks.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—Prices were firmer on the Boerse to-day on the expectation that the rate of discount of the Imperial Bank of Germany will be reduced when the Bank Committee meets to-morrow.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82 13-16	..	..	+5-16
Consols, account	82⅞	..	..	+5-16
Anaconda	10⅜	50¼	49⅞	+ ⅜
Atchison	120⅛	117½	117¼	+ ⅜
Canadian Pacific	185	180⅝	179	+1⅝
St. Paul	151¼	147⅝	147	+ ⅝
Erie	31¼	30⅝	30	+ ⅝
Erie 1st pf	49½	48⅜	47⅝	+ ⅞
Illinois Central	146½	142½	142	+ ½
Louis. & Nash	155	150⅝	149⅝	+1
N. Y. Central	120½	117⅞	117	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	68	132⅝	132	+ ⅝
Reading	82¼	160⅛	159⅞	+ ⅝
Southern Pacific	132⅜	129⅛	128⅞	+ ⅜
Union Pacific	195⅞	190⅝	190⅜	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	84⅞	82⅝	81⅝	+ ⅜
U. S. Steel pf	125⅜	122⅛	122¼	− ⅛

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	8	9	Esperanza	3	0	0
Tomboy	0	17	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	7	3	Stratton's Ind	0	3	3

Bank of France.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation, decreased 40,075,000 francs; Treasury deposits, decreased 35,200,000 francs; general deposits, increased 39,700,000 francs; gold in hand, decreased, 12,700,000 francs; silver in hand, increased 2,650,000 francs; bills discounted, decreased 45,475,000 francs; advances, decreased, 9,750,000 francs.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased £1,988,000; circulation, decreased, £273,000; bullion, increased, £1,714,288; other securities, decreased, £1,363,000; other deposits, decreased, £3,901,000; public deposits, increased, £4,488,000; notes reserve, increased, £1,932,000; Government securities, unchanged.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 50.76 per cent.; last week it was 47.50 per cent.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Diamond Match stock traded in on the local Exchange suffered a severe sinking spell to-day, following an announcement made by the officials of the company that they had decided to recommend that the Directors reduce the dividend from 8 to 6 per cent. There was fair activity in other local stocks. Booth Fisheries common dropped a couple of points, but Sears-Roebuck at one time showed a rally of 3½ points from the weak closing of yesterday.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can pf	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
200	American T. & T.	136	135⅝	135⅝
121	Booth Fisheries	35	33⅝	33⅝
321	Chicago Pneu. Tool	39⅜	38⅞	39
39	Chicago Telephone	130	130	130
10	Com. Edison	120½	120½	120½
552	Com. Edison rts	1⅝	1½	1½
626	Diamond Match	111	104	109
465	Illinois Brick	80	78½	80
133	People's Gas ex div	113	110⅞	110⅞
25	Quaker Oats	163	163	163
5	Quaker Oats pf	105	105	105
3,680	Sears-Roebuck	153½	151	153
275	Street's Stable Car	39	37½	39
531	Swift & Co.	108	107½	108
1,355	United Boxboard	11½	11	11½
1	Western Stone	20½	20½	20½

AMER. BRAKE SHOE COM. & PFD.
AMER. POWER & LIGHT. COM. & PFD.
BUFF. & LAKE ERIE TRAC. 5S & STKS.
CENTRAL RWAY. SYNDICATE
CONN. RWAY. & LIGHT. COM.
CRIPPLE CREEK CENT. PFD.
DULUTH SUPERIOR TRAC. PFD.
NORTHWESTERN COMMERCIAL STK.
WM. M. CLARKE
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UNION TYPEWRITER, COM.
Odd Lots Bought & Sold.
J. HATHAWAY POPE & CO.
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Dealer in
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER
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SYRACUSE SECURITIES
MALCOLM STUART
60 Broadway, NEW YORK. Telephone 155 Rector.

Bank & Trust Co. Stocks
LUTZ & COMPANY
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 279 Broad.

Dallas & Waco Guar. 5%, 1940
Detroit United Railway 4½%, 1932
Des Moines & Fort Dodge 1st Guar. 4%, 1935
San Antonio & Aransas Pass Guar. 4%, 1943
Bush Terminal Cons. 5%, 1955
Southern Iron & Steel 4s-5s, 1929
Utah Light & Power Cons. 4%, 1930
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

The Franklin Society
Established 1888. First Mortgages the Security.
Under supervision of State Bkg. Dept. Convenient methods. Begin with $1 or more, and get mailing size passbook, or send for Booklet A. 1 Beekman St., New York.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

The limited copartnership of LADENBURG, THALMANN & CO., consisting of ERNST THALMANN, RICHARD LIMBURG, BENJAMIN S. GUINNESS, and WALTER T. ROSEN, general partners, and HANS VON BLEICHRODER and PAUL SCHWABACH, special partners, expires by limitation Dec. 31, 1909.

The said special partners retire from said copartnership on and after said date, and the undersigned have formed under the same firm name a general copartnership which will take over the business with all the assets and assume all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated, Dec. 31, 1909.

ERNST THALMANN,
BENJAMIN S. GUINNESS,
WALTER T. ROSEN,
[illegible]

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
Broadway & 73rd St. 55 Cedar St. 8th Ave. & 125th St.
Pays interest on deposits subject to cheque and allows special rates on time deposits. Issues foreign and domestic letters of credit. Prepares and certifies municipal and corporation bonds and acts in all fiduciary capacities
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $6,000,000

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON, 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

Franklin Trust Company
166 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN 140 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Acts in every fiduciary capacity. Allows interest on Demand and Time Deposits

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
Stock Listed on Boston Stock Exchange
REGULAR DIVIDENDS 8 PER CENT.
Extra Dividends and Rights in 1908 and 1909 were $12 to $15 per share.
Our circular, giving full account of the business and earnings of the Company, may be had on application. Stock bought and sold on commission.
Jackson & Curtis
Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges
1 Nassau Street NEW YORK Direct wire between offices 19 Congress Street BOSTON

DIVIDENDS.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RY. CO.
Office of the Treasurer,
Room 219, Grand Central Station,
New York, January 18, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the THREE-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD NOTES of this Company, maturing February 1st, 1910, will be paid at this office on and after that date.

Coupons should be detached and presented separately.

Checks for interest on registered notes will be mailed as usual.

CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.
Office of the Treasurer,
Room 219, Grand Central Station,
New York, January 18, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the THREE-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD NOTES of this Company, maturing February 1st, 1910, will be paid at this office on and after that date.

Coupons should be detached and presented separately.

Checks for interest on registered notes will be mailed as usual.

CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.
New York, December 31, 1909.

The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. for the last quarter of the year upon the common stock of the Company, payable on and after February 15th, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, January 21st, 1910, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 16-22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.

E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.

The Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Co.

Kansas City, Missouri, January 10th, 1910.

Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company, due February 1st, 1910, will be paid at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, N. Y.

E. E. HOLMES, Treasurer.

110TH SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND, ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular semi-annual dividend of three and one-half (3½) per cent. in cash, payable March 1st, 1910, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, as registered at the close of business, Tuesday, February 1st, 1910.

D. R. BURBANK, Assistant Secretary.
New York, January 19, 1910.

AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 12.
New York, January 20, 1910.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the preferred stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending December 31st, 1909, payable February 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business January 22d, 1910, on which day the Transfer books will close and re-open February 2d, 1910. FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY,
Broadway and Eighth Street.
New York, January 18th, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., payable February 1st, 1910.

Transfer books will close at 3 P. M. January 21st, 1910, and reopen at 10 A. M. February 1st, 1910.

JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

THE HELENA LIGHT AND RAILWAY CO.

The Board of Directors of the Helena Light and Railway Company have declared a regular Quarterly Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER (1¼%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable February 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 25th, 1910.

H. S. COLLETTE, Secretary.

PACIFIC BANK.
470 Broadway, New York, January 18, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. and an extra dividend of Two Per Cent., payable to the stockholders on and after Feb. 1 next. The transfer books will be closed to Feb. 1, 1910.

S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

AMALGAMATED COPPER COMPANY,
42 Broadway, New York, January 21st, 1910.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Amalgamated Copper Company a dividend of ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT. (½ of 1%) was declared, payable February 28th, 1910, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company as of 3 o'clock P. M. January 27th, 1910. A. H. MELIN, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY.
Dividend No. 172.

A quarterly dividend of Two dollars per share from net earnings will be paid February 15, 1910, to stockholders of record at close of business January 31, 1910.

Checks will be mailed.

A. S. WEINSHEIMER, Secretary.
Chicago, January 20, 1910.

THE GERMAN AMERICAN BANK.
New York, January 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT., free of tax, payable February 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at close of business January 28th, 1910.

J. F. FREDERICHS, Cashier.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review gives valuable service to investors, bankers and brokers. Reliable information on fluctuations in bonds, stocks, cotton, grain and metals. The steel situation from week to week. Authentic quotations of all stocks dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

Southern Railway Co.
FIVE PER CENT.
Three-Year Gold Notes.

To the Holders of Southern Railway Company Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes due Feb. 1, 1910:

Southern Railway Company, having paid and cancelled Five Million Dollars of the Fifteen Million Dollars Five Per Cent. Three-Year Gold Notes, maturing February 1, 1910, has sold to us Ten Million Dollars new five per cent. three-year gold notes, dated February 1, 1910, to provide the funds required to meet the balance of said old notes maturing as above stated.

We hereby offer to the holders of the old Five Per Cent. Notes maturing February 1, 1910, to exchange them at par for the new Three-Year Notes at 98½.

Holders desiring to make this exchange may now deposit their notes at this office, ex the February coupon, and will receive therefor new notes bearing interest from February 1, 1910, and 1½ per cent. in cash.

This offer may be terminated at any time without notice.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

New York, January 20, 1910.

2 to 4%
from bank deposits
6 to 15%
from well rented real estate

We are a landlord corporation, owning valuable, centrally located city BUSINESS real estate, the kind that requires a large cash investment.

You can secure from us at par, however,

$100, $500 and $1,000
6% BONDS

that give you the same opportunity hitherto monopolized by millionaires. Your interest begins immediately, and is paid by coupon every three months.

You can invest any sum, large, or small, until this limited bond issue is exhausted.

You have no trouble. You take no risk.

Our assets are permanent in character and are constantly increasing in value.

Our officers are business men and bankers, of high standing.

Each bond contains a valuable CONVERTIBLE privilege.

Call or write for details, especially the explanation of "Convertible Bonds," the kind that proved so profitable to Union Pacific bondholders.

If you have $100 or $10,000 you do yourself an injustice not to look this up at once.

None of our real estate is for sale.

Lackawanna Real Estate Co.
BOND AND MORTGAGE DEPARTMENT,
1274 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY
FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS.
NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

To all holders of above bonds:

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ray Consolidated Copper Company will on July 1, 1910, purchase, redeem, and pay off all of its outstanding first mortgage convertible gold bonds secured by its mortgage deed of trust to the Morton Trust Company, Trustee, dated July 1, 1907, at the price of One hundred and five per centum (105%) of their par value and accrued interest, in accordance with the provisions of Article IV. of said mortgage deed of trust.

Said Bonds, with the July, 1910, and all succeeding coupons attached, must be presented on July 1, 1910, at the office of the agent of the Company, the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y., where payment for the same will be made in accordance with the above provisions.

The right of the holder of any such bond to convert the same into stock at par, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, shall continue only until and including the first day of July, 1910.

Interest on all of said bonds will cease from and after July 1, 1910.

Dated January 17, 1910.

RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER COMPANY,
By E. P. SHOVE,
Treasurer.

LOST—CERTIFICATES NO. A189 FOR TEN (10) shares of preferred stock, and Nos. A139, A141, A192 for ten (10), three (3), and seven (7) shares respectively of common stock of the National Rice Milling Company, incorporated under the laws of the State of New Jersey, in the name of E. V. Douglas, not indorsed. Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate certificates should not be issued. M. G. DOUGLAS, Administrator, etc., No. 472 Bullitt Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

7% INVESTMENT, secured by unencumbered producing real estate now paying 7%, with certainty of increase in value of security and much larger annual returns. Write for particulars.
W. B. GILLESPIE, Treas., 42 Broadway, New York.

THIRD AVENUE Railroad Company REORGANIZATION

TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED BY THE CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY UNDER THE BONDHOLDERS' AGREEMENT, DATED NOVEMBER 6, 1907, FOR FOUR PER CENT. FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the DEPOSITING BONDHOLDERS and HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED by the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY, under the Bondholders' Agreement, dated November 6, 1907, between holders of the above mentioned Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as parties of the second part, that pursuant to the terms and provisions of said Bondholders' Agreement, the undersigned Committee has prepared and adopted a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, dated December 2, 1909, and has lodged a copy thereof with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary.

As provided in said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, to which reference is hereby made, holders of certificates of deposit of the Central Trust Company as Depositary may assent to said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization either by filing with said Depositary their written assent thereto, specifying the date and number of the certificates held by them, or by failing, within thirty days after the completion of the publication of this notice, to file with the Depositary written notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement, specifying the date and number of the certificates held by them. Such dissent must be filed on or prior to February 28, 1910, with the Depositary at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City.

Said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization will become effective and binding upon all Certificate Holders and will be finally and conclusively deemed to have been assented to by all Certificate Holders unless within thirty days after January 29, 1910, the latter being the date of the completion of the publication aforesaid, one-third in amount of the Certificate Holders shall file with the Depositary written notice of their dissent from said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, the notice of dissent filed by each Certificate Holder specifying the date and number of the Certificates held by him.

Printed copies of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained by Certificate Holders on application to the Depositary at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

Dated New York, January 13, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

THIRD AVENUE Railroad Company REORGANIZATION
Notice to Non-Depositing Bondholders

TO HOLDERS OF THE FOUR PER CENT. FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY ISSUED UNDER ITS MORTGAGE DATED MAY 15, 1900.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the above-mentioned Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company issued under its mortgage dated May 15, 1900, that pursuant to a Bondholders' Agreement, dated, November 6, 1907, entered into between certain holders of said bonds, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as parties of the second part, to which Bondholders' Agreement reference is made for all its terms and provisions, a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, dated December 2, 1909, has been duly prepared and adopted and a copy thereof duly lodged with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary. Printed copies of such Bondholders' Agreement and of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained at the office of said Depositary, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

Holders of said Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company who have not yet deposited their bonds under the aforesaid Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, are hereby notified that they may without penalty, become parties to the said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, and entitled to avail of the benefit of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, by depositing their bonds with the coupon of January 1, 1908, and all subsequent coupons accompanying the same, with the Central Trust Company of New York, as Depositary as aforesaid, on or before February 18, 1910, and such deposit shall be deemed equivalent to the filing of written assent to said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization. Bonds so deposited will thereafter be held by the Depositary for account of the Committee, subject to the terms and provisions of said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, and said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, as fully to all intents and purposes as if heretofore deposited.

Dated New York, January 13, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

Southern Pacific Railroad Co.
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bond.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1909, in trust, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,809.40 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 31st day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 27th, 1909.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

6.86% PER ANNUM
Guaranteed income and a participation in the increasing value of a permanently owned estate.
SURPLUS *INDEBTEDNESS*
$33,035—1902 $256,587—11 times surplus
$765,907—1909 $445,713—less than 2-3 surplus
For Particulars Address Metropolitan Dept.
New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

6% Coupon Bonds
In $100, $500, and $1,000,
Maturing in May, 1914.
Secured by tax exempt mortgages on income real estate in Brooklyn.
Send for booklet "Series A."
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.
188 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

LACKAWANNA STEEL COMPANY.
Lackawanna, New York, January 20, 1910.
To the Stockholders of the Lackawanna Steel Company:

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, in the City of Lackawanna (formerly Town of West Seneca), Erie County, New York, on the fifteenth day of February, 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of determining whether the stockholders will take the following action:

(a) To consent to, and to authorize, the creation of First Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds of the Company to be limited to the aggregate amount of $35,000,000 at any one time outstanding, to bear interest at such rate, not exceeding five per cent. per annum, as the board of directors may from time to time determine, to be redeemable, at the option of the Company, on and after March 1, 1915, at 105 and accrued interest; $10,000,000 bonds to be presently issuable and to constitute Series A, to be dated March 1, 1910, to bear interest at the rate of five per cent. and to be convertible at the option of the holders thereof into common stock of the Company at par, during the period beginning March 1, 1912, and ending February 28, 1922; and the board of directors to be authorized to issue all or any of the remaining bonds with such privilege of conversion into common stock as the board may deem advisable; and to consent to, and to authorize, the execution and delivery, to secure said First Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds, of a mortgage or deed of trust of the real estate and plant of the Company and the stocks and bonds or obligations of other corporations owned by the Company, and of all property acquired by the use of said bonds or their proceeds.

(b) To consent to, and to authorize, the application to the purposes of such conversion of any unissued common stock of the Company.

(c) To consent to, and to authorize, the creation of $10,000,000 Five Year Five Per Cent. Convertible Gold Debentures of the Company to be dated March 1, 1910, to mature March 1, 1915, to be redeemable at the option of the Company at par and accrued interest on and after March 1, 1913, and to be convertible at par, at the holder's option, into Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company on and after March 1, 1912, until redemption or payment.

(d) To consent to, and to authorize, the increase of the capital stock of the Company by the creation of Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company to the amount of $10,000,000, the present authorized capital stock of the Company to become Common Stock; such Preferred Stock to be divided into shares of the par value of $100 each, and to be set apart for the conversion of said $10,000,000 Five-Year Five Per Cent. Convertible Gold Debentures; such Preferred Stock to be entitled before any payment shall be made upon the common stock of the Company to the payment of cumulative dividends at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and no more, payable quarterly, and in case of the liquidation or dissolution or winding up of the Company, to payment in priority to the holders of the common stock out of the assets of the Company; such Preferred Stock to be redeemable or retirable in cash at the option of the Company at 115 and accrued dividends, on 60 days' notice, and not to be increased except with the consent of two-thirds in amount of Preferred Stock at the time outstanding.

(e) To approve the form and provisions of the mortgage or deed of trust to secure said First Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds or to authorize the board of directors to determine the form and provisions thereof and the property of the Company to be embraced therein, as well as the form and provisions of any trust agreement pursuant to which said Five-Year Five Per Cent. Convertible Gold Debentures may be issued.

(f) To consent to, and authorize, the sale of said $10,000,000 First Consolidated Mortgage Gold Bonds Series A and of said $10,000,000 Five-Year Five Per Cent. Convertible Gold Debentures upon terms and at prices approved by the board of directors, such bonds and such debentures to be first offered for subscription to the stockholders in proportion to their respective holdings of stock, at the prices during the periods and on the terms respectively fixed by the board of directors.

(g) To ratify and approve and to authorize and consent to any action taken by the board of directors for the purposes of or in connection with or in contemplation of any of the matters aforesaid, including the discharge of the existing First Consolidated Mortgage, or other matter which the board may submit to the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. at the closing of business on February 1, 1910, and will be opened at 10 o'clock A. M. at the opening of business on February 17, 1910.

By order of the board of directors.

E. A. S. CLARKE, President.
FRED. F. GRAHAM, Secretary.

Fidelity Bank
MADISON AVE. & 75TH ST.

At the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Fidelity Bank, held on January 11th, the following-named gentlemen were elected Directors:

Thomas P. Fowler,	Edward H. Peaslee,
Hugh J. Grant,	B. Aymar Sands,
Edward S. Harkness,	Mortimer L. Schiff,
Seth M. Milliken,	James A. Stillman,
Robert Olyphant,	Eric P. Swenson,
	W. V. S. Thorne.

The Board of Directors subsequently elected EDWARD H. PEASLEE, President, and JAMES A. STILLMAN, Vice President. EUGENE W. DUTTON, Cashier.

THE WASHINGTON WATER POWER COMPANY.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
Spokane, Washington, January 8, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Washington Water Power Company is hereby called, and will be held, at the office of the Company in the City of Spokane, State of Washington, Monday, February 7, 1910, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and for the purpose of amending the By-laws, and for such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Transfer books will be closed January 31, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M., and re-opened February 8, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

H. L. BLEECKER, Secretary.

ATLANTIC, GULF AND WEST INDIES STEAMSHIP LINES

The books for the transfer of stock of the above named company will be closed at the close of business on January 26, 1910, and will remain continuously closed until the opening of business on the day following the final adjournment of the annual stockholders' meeting, which is set for February 15, 1910.

Office of the Maryland Coal Company,
No. 1 Broadway, New York, January 5th, 1910.

The annual meeting of the Maryland Coal Company, for the election of a President and ten Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, February 1st, 1910, at Eleven A. M.

Transfer books will close on January 20th at three P. M., and reopen on the morning of February 2d, 1910.

H. R. NEDHAM, Secretary.

The North British & Mercantile Insurance Company of New York.

The regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The North British & Mercantile Insurance Company of New York will be held on Thursday, January 27th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Company's office, No. 76 William Street, New York City, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Polls will be open until 12:30 o'clock P. M.

J. F. HASTINGS, Secretary.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago.)

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Adams Street and Michigan Avenue, on Thursday morning, February 10, 1910, at 11 o'clock. The transfer books will close in accordance with the by-laws, at the close of business on Thursday, January 20, 1910, and will reopen Friday morning, February 11, 1910, at 10 o'clock. GEORGE O. KNAPP, President.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York,
4 Irving Place.
January 1st, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 24th, 1910. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 8th, 1910, at 12 M. and reopen Tuesday, January 25th, 1910.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership between CHARLES A. CAREY, JR., and ALBERT J. HALVORSEN, JR., formerly doing business under the name of THE CENTRAL GARAGE, at 40 West 66th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, was dissolved on the 27th day of November, 1909, said business being continued by CHARLES A. CAREY, JR., at the same place, under the same name.

Dated, New York, January 21, 1910.

CHARLES A. CAREY, JR.,
ALBERT J. HALVORSEN, JR.
HAMLIN & CONKLIN, Attorneys for Charles A. Carey, Jr., 59 Wall Street, New York.

BROADWAY KNITTING MILLS.—THE COPARTNERSHIP of Adolph Hertz, Charles King, and Emanuel King, doing business as the Broadway Knitting Mills at No. 775 Broadway, New York City, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Adolph Hertz has assumed and will pay all the obligations of the said firm, and is entitled to collect all the outstanding accounts.

Dated New York, January 20th, 1910.

ADOLPH HERTZ,
CHARLES KING,
EMANUEL KING.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The copartnership existing between MILTON H. NORDLINGER and SIDNEY H. NORDLINGER, under the firm name of H. NORDLINGER'S SONS, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, MILTON H. NORDLINGER retiring. SIDNEY H. NORDLINGER will continue as heretofore, assuming all assets and liabilities under the same name of H. NORDLINGER'S SONS.

Dec. 31st, 1909.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Many of the Mining Issues Recover Sharply from the Recent Slump on the Curb.

MIAMI CLOSES 2¼ POINTS UP

After Opening at 23⅛ the Shares Go as High as 25½, and Close Within ⅛ of Top Level.

Under the leadership of the stocks in which the Lewisohn interests are dominant, Curb stocks which had suffered in the previous day's decline made substantial advances yesterday. Miami, which had been making new low records on the downward movement for successive days, rose yesterday from the opening at 23⅛ (after selling as low as 23) to 25½, and closed after sales of 14,500 at 25⅜. Kerr Lake sold up from 8⅞ to 9 1-16 on transactions of 2,500. Another mining issue which recovered substantially yesterday was Nevada Consolidated, which sold 5,300 shares between 23 and 24½, closing at 24¼, 1 point above the opening. Goldfield Consolidated sold off yesterday under active trading. After opening at 7½, the price declined to 6⅞. The close after transactions of 12,750 was at 7 3-16, the high level of the day being 7⅝. Boston Copper and Braden Copper made small recoveries.

⁂

The transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
55	Am. Tobacco	415	415	411	412
5	Am. W. P. pf.	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
7,000	Bay State Gas	¾	¾	11-16	11-16
1,500	June Oil	20	21	20	21
450	Man. Transit	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
151	Standard Oil	642	645	640	645
900	Un. Cigar M.	88¾	88¾	86½	86½
3,200	U. S. L. & H.	2¼	2¼	2 1-16	2¼
	RAILROADS.				
500	Chi. Subway	4½	4½	4¼	4¼
200	K. C., M. & O.	21⅜	21½	21⅜	21½
200	South S. Trac.	53¾	53¾	53½	53½
	MINING STOCKS.				
6,500	Bos. Copper	18¼	18¾	17½	18⅝
1,500	Braden Cop.	4½	4½	4¼	4 5-16
300	Brit. Col. Cop.	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
200	Butte Coal	25	25	24¾	24¾
1,300	*Carisa	50	50	50	50
3,500	Chino Copper	13	13⅛	12⅝	13
15,000	*Cobalt Cen.	20	20½	20	20
1,500	Colonial Silver	⅝	7-16	⅝	7-16
400	*Com. Frac.	36	36	36	36
30,700	Con. Ariz. Sm.	2⅞	2 15-16	2⅝	2 15-16
200	Davis-Daly C.	3½	3½	3½	3½
300	El Rayo	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 11-16
2,500	Gila Cop.	9	9⅝	9	9⅝
4,000	Giroux M.	11	11	10¼	10⅜
12,750	Goldfield C.	7½	7⅝	6⅞	7 3-16
2,500	Greene-Can.	9⅞	10	9⅝	9⅞
3,800	*Greenwater	10	10¼	10	10
3,700	*Harcuvar C.	66	68	65	65
1,500	Inspiration C.	9 3-16	9 3-16	8 15-16	9¼
2,500	Kerr L.	8 15-16	9 1-16	8⅞	9 1-16
7,000	King Ed.	9-16	9-16	⅝	⅝
600	La Rose C.	4½	4 9-16	4½	4 9-16
300	*McK.-Dar.	78	79	78	79
1,800	Mason Valley	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
14,500	Miami Cop.	23⅛	25½	23	25⅜
2,000	*Mont. of C. R.	4	4	4	4
5,300	Nev. C. C.	23¼	24½	23	24¼
300	Nevada S.	15-16	15-16	⅞	⅞
1,200	N.-U. M. & S.	1½	1½	1⅜	1½
1,700	Nipiss. M. Co.	10	10⅛	10	10⅛
900	Ohio Copper	4⅝	4⅝	4 9-16	4⅝
3,100	Pacific Smelt.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
420	Precious M.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
10,000	Ray Central	3 9-16	3¾	3½	3 11-16
2,500	Ray Con.	23	24	22⅞	23⅜
3,000	Silver Leaf	13	13	13	13
600	S. U. M. & S.	3¼	3 7-16	3	3 7-16
800	Stewart	¾	¾	11-16	11-16
900	Ten. M. & S.	2½	2½	2½	2½
1,200	*Tonopah E.	70	72	70	72
2,000	Tonopah M.	6¾	†6⅝	6½	6½
7,500	*Tramps C.	6½	7	6½	7
600	Tuolumne C.	3⅛	3¼	3	3
1,300	Union Mines	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
300	United Copper	7⅜	7¾	7⅜	7¾
2,000	*United Rico	20	22	20	22
500	Yukon G. M.	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
	BONDS.				
$75,000	Missou. Pac. 5s, less interest	95¾	96	95⅝	95⅝
6,000	M. P. 5s flat	95½	95½	95½	95½
17,000	West. P. 5s	97⅝	97⅞	97½	97⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

Note—Not reported on Jan. 18: 400 Superior & Pittsburg at 15¾@15⅝.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Jan. 20. Bid.	Jan. 20. Asked.	Jan. 19. Bid.	Jan. 19. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	411	415	415	420
Am. Writing Paper	2½	3½	2¼	3½
Am. Writing Paper pf.	24	25½	23	25
Am. Lt. & Trac. ex div.	280	285	295	300
A. L. & T. pf. ex div.	105	107	106	108
Borden's Cond. Milk	117	119½	117	119½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104	106½	104	106½
Boston Copper	18½	18⅝	18¼	18½
British Col. Cop.	7⅛	7½	7	7¼
Braden Copper	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Butte Coalition	24¼	24¾	24⅜	25¼
Chicago Subway	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
Combination Fraction	36	38	36	38
Cobalt-Central	20	20¼	20	21
Davis-Daly Copper	3¼	3½	3⅜	3½
First Nat. Copper	..	5	..	5⅝
Giroux	10⅛	10⅞	10¼	10⅝
Goldfield Con.	7⅛	7 3-16	7½	7 9-16
Greene-Cananea	9⅞	10	9⅞	10
International Salt	4	8	4	8
Kerr Lake	9	9⅛	8⅞	8 15-16
Manhattan Transit	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Mason Valley	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
Miami Copper	25⅜	25½	23	24
Mines Co. of America	48	50	..	..
Nevada Con. Cop.	24¼	24⅜	23¼	23½
Nev.-Utah M. & S.	1⅜	1½	1 7-16	1½
Nipissing Mines Co.	10	10⅛	9⅞	10
Ohio Copper	4⅝	4 11-16	4⅝	4 11-16
Pope Mfg.	..	79	79	81
Pope Mfg. pf.	86½	88	86	88
Ray Central	3 11-16	3¾	3 7-16	3½
Ray Con.	23	23½	22¾	23
St. L. & S. F., w. i.	..	..	39½	40½
Silver Queen	..	..	20	26
Southern I. & S.	20	23	20	23
Southern I. & S. pf.	50	52	50	52
So. Utah M. & S.	3¼	3½	3	3¼
Standard Milling	19	21	19	21
Standard Milling pf.	57	59½	57	59½
Standard Oil	643	645	643	645
Tri-Bullion	⅞	1	⅞	1
Tonopah Mining	6½	6⅝	6⅝	6¾
United Cigar Mfg.	87	88½	88½	89½
United Copper	7⅝	7¾	7½	8
U. S. Light & Heat	2⅛	2¼	2 1-16	2 3-16
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8½	8	8½
Western Pac. 5s	97¼	97⅝	97¼	97⅝
Yukon Gold Mining	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4⅞

ENGLISH BANK RATE DOWN.

Improved Monetary Situation Causes Reduction to 3½ Per Cent.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The Directors of the Bank of England at the weekly meeting to-day reduced the minimum rate of discount from 4 to 3½ per cent.

Cheap discount rates, a cessation in the demand for gold for the Continent during the last week, and the improved monetary situation generally caused the Directors to make the change.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.15	Hale & Norcross	.60
Alpha Con.	.12	Kentucky Con.	.13
Andes	.24	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Belcher	1.10	Mexican	1.72
Best & Belcher	.81	Occidental Con.	.32
Bullion	.16	Ophir	2.05
Caledonia	.45	Overman	.60
Challenge Con.	.33	Potosi	.65
Chollar	.23	Savage	.45
Confidence	1.25	Sag Belcher	.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.75	Sierra Nevada	.74
Con. Imperial	.07	Union Con.	.86
Crown Point	1.10	Utah Con.	.10
Gould & Curry	.39	Yellow Jacket	1.25

Silver bars, 52¼; Mexican dollars, 46@46½; drafts, sight, 6@7½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 10@12½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		ombination Fract.	.86
Belmont	1.40	ackerjack	.01
Jim Butler	.09	aisy	.08
McNamara	.26	oldfield Con. M.	7.17
Midway	.20	reat Bend	.03
Montana	.59	umbo Extension	.19
North Star	.01	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Extension	.77	Red Hills	.03
West End	.20	St. Ives	.08
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.07
Atlanta	.06	Montgomery Mtn.	.02
Blue Bell	.02		

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Jan. 20.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¼	8½	McKinney	46½	47
Elkton	70½	71	Old Gold	3⅝	4¼
El Paso	64¾	65⅜	Portland	89	89⅞
Gold Dollar	11	12½	Vindicator	76	77
Isabella	17¼	18	J. Sample	9¼	10
Jackpot	6¾	7¼			

CENTRAL'S NEW DIRECTORS.

Ledyard and W. K. Vanderbilt Succeed D. O. Mills and H. McK. Twombly.

The Directors of the New York Central filled yesterday the places on the Central board and on two of its subsidiaries made vacant by the death recently of H. McK. Twombly and D. O. Mills. The two new Directors of the New York Central itself are W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Lewis Cass Ledyard. The selection of these men to take the places of the Directors who recently died was regarded in the financial district as indicating a strengthening of the Vanderbilt influence in the board of the New York Central. James Stillman and Mr. Leyyard were elected Directors of the Lake Shore, and W. H. Newman and Mr. Ledyard to the board of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis.

At the same meeting of the Nickel Plate Directors at which these new Directors were elected the board, in addition to declaring the regular dividends of 5 per cent. for the year on the first and second preferred stocks, declared a dividend of 3 per cent. on the road's common stock, the first paid on this stock since the company was organized. The first preferred has been paying dividends regularly since 1894, and the second preferred since 1901. The dividends on all three issues are payable March 1 to the stockholders of record on Feb. 18.

The payment of this dividend will materially increase the Lake Shore's income from the Nickel Plate, for, in addition to its holdings of this road's preferred stocks, the Lake Shore owns $6,240,000 of Nickel Plate common. Its share of the common stock dividend will amount to $187,200.

KEEPING TAB ON FREIGHT CARS

Pennsylvania Adopts New System to Overcome Delays in Shipments.

To simplify the tracing of delayed freight shipments the Pennsylvania Railroad has installed a new system of tallying cars at classifying points along its road. At such important freight yards as that at Pitcairn, near Pittsburg, a daily catalogue is kept of all cars passing out, with the exception of coal, coke, limestone, and pig iron carriers. This list is carefully tabulated and supplies an instant reference for the traffic officials. It bears such identifying marks as the initials of the road to which the car belongs, its number, the number of the train, time of leaving, and where bound.

WASHINGTON LETTER SOLD.

Brings $125 and a Theodore Roosevelt Letter Goes for $12.10.

Autograph letters of George Washington and Theodore Roosevelt brought respectively $125 and $12.10 at Anderson's yesterday. The Washington letter was dated Mount Vernon, Oct. 5, 1798, and introduce Landon Carter to Gov. Henry of Maryland. Col. Roosevelt's note excused himself for not seeing a caller. A letter of Alexander Hamilton to the President and Directors of the Bank of the United States, brought $51, the second highest price of the sale. A four-page letter of John Quincy Adams, St. Petersburg, May 13, 1812, about the expected war with Great Britain, sold for $17. A bill of exchange, Philadelphia, April 18, 1748, signed by Benpamin Franklin, brought $11. A letter of William Wordsworth, March, 1846, about "writing verses upon suggestion," sold for $9. A letter of Oscar Wilde, Chelsea, 1889, referring to one of his early works, fetched $10.75.

A fine Revolutionary letter of Gen. Philip Schuyler brought $10.50; a letter of Sir Walter Scott, Abbotsford, 1821, $15, and a letter of John Howard Payne, in regard to a new work he was engaged upon, $7.

Three documents signed by Abraham Lincoln, one dated 1861 and two dated 1863, brought, respectively, $23, $23, and $16. A letter, signed but not written by Lafayette, dated Headquarters, Pamunkey, Aug. 10, 1781, sold for $10. A letter of Rudyard Kipling, excusing himself for not opening his mail because he was so "desperately busy," brought $8. A good specimen of the scarce autograph of Major Gen. Philip Kearney, who was killed at Chantilly, fetched $9.50. Three letters of Gen. U. S. Grant, dated March 15, 1862; March 18, 1865, and April 1, 1865, sold, respectively, for $16, $23, and $10.50.

A letter of Aaron Burr, June 25, 1795, brought $5; a letter of Thomas Carlyle, Chelsea, April 20, 1844, $6.75, and a letter of William Jennings Bryan, described as a scarce autograph, $1.

THREE SUITS IN ONE DIVORCE.

Alleged Woman Co-respondent and Her Husband Bring Actions.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick granted a motion yesterday, requiring John Alley Parker, a banker with offices at 37 Wall Street, to pay his wife, Jane Humes Parker, $50 a week alimony and $350 in counsel fees, pending the trial of his suit for absolute divorce. The banker charges his wife with misconduct with Ernst Aristides Odnega, an Austrian, whom she met abroad, according to her husband. He says he learned this through their 12-year-old son when he made a trip to see his wife in Europe. He says he made the boy repeat his statements in the presence of his wife and he alleges this led her to make a confession in writing and swear to it before the American Consul at Geneva, Switzerland.

At the same time yesterday, in the Tombs Police Court, Magistrate Harris took testimony in the case of Edith Moser Ellis against Jane Humes Parker, in which Mrs. Ellis alleges perjury and criminal libel. After her husband brought suit for divorce Mrs. Parker brought a counter suit, charging her husband with infidelity and naming Mrs. Edith Moser Ellis of 63 West Fifty-fourth Street as co-respondent. Mrs. Ellis as a result caused the arrest of Mrs. Parker. Samuel D. Ellis, the husband of Mrs. Ellis, has brought suit against Parker for $200,000 for the alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

Magistrate Harris closed the case of Mrs. Ellis against Mrs. Parker yesterday and announced that he would give a decision in the Harlem Police Court on Jan. 27.

STENSLAND OUT OF PRISON.

With Fellow Bank-Wrecker Hering Paroled After Serving Over 4 Years.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Paul O. Stensland, formerly President of the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank of Chicago, and Henry W. Hering, formerly its cashier, convicted in connection with the wrecking of the bank and the disappearance of $1,300,000 of its funds, were paroled out of Joliet prison to-day.

Stensland, who was captured after a chase extending across the Atlantic Ocean, into Europe, and to Morocco, had served three years three months and twenty-four days when the Pardon Board to-day concluded he had been punished enough. Allowing for good behavior this time represents a sentence of 4 years 6 months and 8 days. He was sent to the penitentiary on an indeterminate sentence of from one to ten years. Hering was under a similar sentence. Arguments before the Pardon Board on behalf of the prisoners were that their guilt consisted chiefly in trying to cover up shortages while struggling to get the bank out of difficulty. Stensland is almost 63 years old.

The looting of the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank involved the savings of 22,000 depositors. Stensland left Chicago July 14, 1906, without making his destination known to his associates, and it was not until Aug. 7 that the bank was closed by the State Bank Examiner. Cashier Hering also disappeared. Later the paying teller and three depositors, who had lost their savings, committed suicide. Another depositor died of worry, and four depositors were adjudged insane from the same cause.

In the meantime the fugitive bank President was traced to Tangier, Morocco, where he was arrested Sept. 3, 1906. Cashier Hering returned and gave himself up. He admitted that he had assisted Stensland in manipulating the funds. He was sentenced to the penitentiary before Stensland was brought back to Chicago. Stensland pleaded guilty to embezzlement and receiving deposits after the bank was insolvent.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Strength Leads Shorts to Buy—Other Grains Up, but Provisions Close Heavy—Cotton Irregular.

Wheat, after hesitation early, developed a strong rallying tendency, advancing 1¼ to 1½c from the low point, closing with some reaction from the top. Cables were weak, which caused selling early, and the Western receipts were heavy. The Price Current report was favorable on the appearance of the growing crop, while the development of further financial trouble in Wall Street brought further selling by bearish interests.

The decline failed to dislodge any volume of wheat, and the short interest which has been built up by the past week of declining markets was a good buyer late in the day. Cash wheat was reported firm, and actual milling operations continue on a considerably larger scale than last year, which tends to offset the larger receipts. There were also bullish Argentine advices, reiteration of estimates of reduced export surplus, while the estimated shipments for this week were barely a sixth of the shipments a year ago.

Cash wheat was inactive, with no export business reported. No. 2 red was quoted $1.29 in elevator, export rate; $1.29, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.23⅜; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.23⅜, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.17¼.

Corn was active and very firm, showing an advance of about 1c a bushel, and closing with most of the gain maintained. There was a better general volume of demand, liquidation was less pronounced, and country offerings were reported limited. The decline in the market of 4c a bushel, while shaking out a good deal of speculative corn, does not appear to have disturbed the country holder of cash corn. The New York spot market was quiet and firm. No. 2 was 73¼c, elevator, domestic; 72¼c, export rate; No. 3, 71¼c; No. 4, 69c, and steamer, 71c.

Oats also showed a good rallying tendency. The market opened quiet, but offerings were small, receipts moderate. Cash oats were firm, and there has recently been a good demand for distribution. Prices for futures rallied and closed very steady. Natural whites were 52½ to 55c on track, and white clipped, 53½ to 57c.

Provisions sold off during the morning with rather persistent liquidation. The news was rather bullish, but the demand slow. Receipts of live hogs were less than expected, while the Price Current made the packing for the week 275,000 less than last year. There was a little rally, with the advance in grain, but renewed selling pressure at the close left the market heavy at about the lowest.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.17¼	$1.16¼	$1.17	$1.16⅝
July	1.08⅞	1.08	1.08⅝	1.08¼
Corn—				
May	..	..	77	76⅝
July	..	..	76⅝	76
September	..	..	76⅝	75⅝
Oats—				
May	..	..	53⅝	53⅛

Curb, 2:30 P. M., May.—Wheat, $1.17@$1.17⅛. Puts, $1.16⅝@$1.16¼; calls, $1.17½@$1.17⅝.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Wheat—				
January	..	..	$1.10⅛	$1.09⅞
May	$1.09⅞	$1.08¾	1.09⅝	1.08⅞
July	1.00⅞	.99¾	1.00⅝	1.00¼
September	.96⅞	.96⅛	.96⅝	.96⅜

2:30 to 2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.10⅛@$1.10¼; downs, $1.08⅝@$1.08⅛.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Corn—				
January	..	..	64¼	63½
May	68⅜	67¼	68⅛	67½
July	68¼	67	67⅞	67¼
September	67⅞	66⅝	67⅝	67

May ups, 68½@68⅝c; downs, 67¾@67⅝c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
Oats—				
January	..	..	47⅝	..
May	48	47⅜	47⅞	47¼
July	44⅛	43⅝	44⅛	43⅞
September	41⅜	41⅛	41⅜	41⅛
Lard—				
January	12.42½	12.40	12.40	12.45
May	12.10	11.95	11.97½	12.10
July	12.02½	11.87½	11.87½	12.00
Ribs—				
January	12.00	11.75	12.00	11.82½
May	11.60	11.47½	11.50	11.60
July	11.60	11.47½	11.50	11.60
Pork—				
January	21.32½	21.27½	21.27½	21.55
May	21.80	21.62½	21.67½	21.90
July	21.80	21.67½	21.72½	21.90

COTTON.

There was active trading in cotton early, with a weak market, a rather dull midsession with a firm close, and more active business again. The decline early was on the cables and renewed selling as a result of this depression. The failure in Wall Street was the basis for renewed attacks during the morning, but the firm, while a member of the Cotton Exchange, had no outstanding contracts, and prices developed a strong rallying tone. The early decline below 14c brought out stop-order selling. There was so much selling at times that there was very decided apprehension that the liquidation was not over. On the other hand, the buying was persistent, and of a substantial character. The Liverpool straddle interests bought freely, and absorbed a great deal of cotton. These same interests were reported heavy sellers in Liverpool early, which was the reason for the decline in that market. There was a good deal of selling reported for New Orleans in Liverpool.

Some capital was made out of the reports regarding the closing of mills in New England on account of the effects of the fifty-six-hour law, but this was more than offset by the developments in the spot cotton situation. Mr. Patten wired that he had chartered freight room for 15,000 bales of cotton to be taken out of the local stock. It was intimated that considerable of this cotton was going abroad and some going south. It was reported that in all about 25,000 bales would be taken away from this market. It is understood that the Carolina mills have bought cotton in this market as the cheapest market. Reports on spot cotton were very firm. The Southern spot markets were quoted generally unchanged, excepting Augusta, which was ⅛c higher.

Spot cotton quiet, 25 decline. Middling uplands, 14.15c. Middling Gulf, 14.40c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
January	14.08	13.79	14.02@14.05	14.11
February	..	..	13.95@14.00	14.07
March	14.10	13.69	14.00@14.01	14.12
April	..	..	14.04@14.06	14.18
May	14.20	13.80	14.12@14.14	14.21
June	14.08	14.08	14.12@14.15	14.20
July	14.22	13.80	14.12@14.14	14.24
August	13.96	13.60	13.90@13.92	13.98
September	13.08	12.78	13.05@13.10	13.17
October	12.72	12.50	12.70@12.71	12.64
December	12.35	12.35	12.50@12.55	12.50

The market closed firm at 6 advance to 14 decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was again inactive, but after opening at 5 points decline for January and February and unchanged for the other positions gradually hardened and closed at a net advance of 5@10 points. The volume of business was small, total sales amounting to only 10,000 bags, and the firmness was due more to absence of offerings than to any marked increase in demand. The European markets were also easier at the start, but regained most of the loss before the close. The spot market was inactive, but prices were steady, and spot handlers were not disposed to make concessions on account of the firm attitude of Brazil and the inability to buy coffee except at prices which are above a parity with the New York market. Spot coffee steady, unchanged; 8⅝c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
January	6.65	6.65	6.75@6.80	6.65
February	..	..	6.75@6.80	6.70
March	6.80	6.80	6.80@6.85	6.70
April	..	..	6.85@6.90	6.75
May	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.80
June	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.80
July	6.85	6.85	6.95@7.00	6.85
August	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.85
September	6.90	6.90	6.95@7.00	6.85
October	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.85
November	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.85
December	6.90	6.90	6.95@7.00	6.85

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday an easier tendency was shown. Copper was down ⅛c in both the bid and asked prices, while tin receded ⅜c. Spelter declined 10 points.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday spot copper remained unchanged at the close from the initial price of the day, but suffered a recession of 3s 9d from the final figures of Wednesday; futures likewise stood at the final price unchanged from the opening quotation of the day, but over Wednesday's closing price receded 5s. The market finished steady, final quotations ruling at, spot, £60 8s 9d; futures, £61 6s 3d. Pig tin ended weak, with spot and future deliveries each down £1, to £146 15s and £148 5s, respectively. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged, at £13 13s 9d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 52s 1½d. Spelter continued on the old basis of £23 5s.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Stand. Cop.				
Spot	13.12½	13.37½	13.25	13.50
January	13.12½	13.37½	13.25	13.50
February	13.12½	13.35	13.25	13.50
March	13.12½	13.35	13.25	13.50
Spelter	6.10	6.25	6.20	6.35
Lead	4.67½	4.72½	4.67½	4.72
Tin	32.20	32.40	32.60	32.75

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Jan. 19.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,897,911	$14,512,636	$182,368,630
Inter. rev.	727,310	11,963,316	148,991,720
Miscellaneous	117,276	3,018,206	25,012,931
Total	$2,742,497	$29,494,159	$356,373,282
Excess of receipts over disbursem'ts.	195,721	2,410,009	*26,329,919

*Deficit.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
2d week Jan.	$88,472	$77,401	$11,071
July 1-Jan. 14	3,216,603	2,907,049	309,554
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
2d week Jan.	21,166	19,984	1,182
July 1-Jan. 14	604,678	555,222	49,456
DETROIT UNITED—			
1st week Jan.	136,253	121,283	14,970
GRAND TRUNK—			
2d week Jan.	725,025	645,218	79,807
July 1-Jan. 14	24,246,977	22,137,071	2,109,906
LONDON UNDERGROUND—			
4th week Dec.	£30,441	£27,127	£3,314
Jan. 1-Dec. 31	1,494,976	1,427,562	67,414
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
2d week Jan.	$975,075	$852,000	$123,075
July 1-Jan. 14	27,804,209	25,133,081	2,671,128
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—			
2d week Jan.	357,629	310,309	47,330
July 1-Jan. 14	13,319,711	11,516,613	1,803,098
MOBILE & OHIO—			
2d week Jan.	205,894	185,692	20,202
July 1-Jan. 14	5,617,017	5,287,136	329,881
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
2d week Jan.	23,599	18,490	5,109
July 1-Jan. 14	634,069	614,576	19,493

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC for December—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Gross	26,867	23,636	3,231
Expenses	13,030	12,193	838
Net	13,837	11,443	2,393
Charges	5,331	5,910	*580
Surplus	8,506	5,533	2,973
12 mos. gross	319,902	293,594	26,309
Expenses	146,809	141,346	5,464
12 mos. net	173,093	152,248	20,845
Charges	64,196	60,110	4,086
12 mos. surplus	108,897	92,138	16,759

*Decrease.

CLEVELAND, SOUTHWESTERN & COLUMBUS for the year ended Dec. 31—

Gross earnings	900,944	775,737	125,206
Op. expenses	555,129	501,601	53,527
Net earnings	345,814	274,135	71,679
Charges	300,883	243,544	57,339
Surplus	44,930	30,591	14,339

SEABOARD AIR LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Total op. rev.	1,734,707	1,484,200	250,507
Total op. exp.	1,107,362	1,043,351	64,011
Net op. rev.	627,344	440,848	186,495
Out. op. (debit)	5,394	3,559	1,835
Total net rev.	621,949	437,289	184,660
Taxes	59,418	56,813	2,604
Op. income	562,531	380,476	182,055
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev.	7,761,266	6,790,367	970,898
Total op. exp.	5,138,576	4,951,931	186,645
Net op. rev.	2,622,689	1,838,436	784,253
Out. op. (debit)	12,728	7,654	5,073
Total net rev.	2,609,961	1,830,781	779,179
Taxes	297,089	284,066	13,023
Op. income	2,312,871	1,546,715	766,155

SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEATTLE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

Mileage	419.78	272.40	147.38
Total op rev.	298,435	51,538	246,897
Total op. exp.	193,822	34,106	159,716
Net op. rev.	104,613	17,432	87,180
Outside op., deb.	11,868	512	11,356
Total net rev.	92,744	16,919	75,824
Taxes	39,332	548	38,784
Op. income	53,411	16,371	37,040
July 1-Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev.	1,468,353	202,871	1,265,481
Total op. exp.	845,278	149,824	695,453
Net op. rev.	623,074	53,046	570,028
Outside op., deb.	8,839	325	8,514
Total net rev.	614,234	52,720	561,514
Taxes	135,142	2,742	132,400
Op. income	479,492	49,978	429,113

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC report for November and five months ended Nov. 30—

Gross earnings	156,871	138,806	18,065
Exp. and taxes	111,271	94,869	16,402
Net earnings	45,600	43,937	1,663
Gross, 5 months	725,830	457,923	267,907
Exp. and taxes	522,427	336,118	186,309
Net, 5 months	203,403	121,805	81,598

WHEELING COMPANIES for December—

Gross earnings	16,449	14,379	2,070
Expenses	5,762	8,289	*2,526
Net earnings	10,687	6,090	4,596
Charges	919	762	157
Surplus	9,768	5,328	4,440
Gross, 12 mos.	152,176	142,216	9,960
Expenses	74,865	85,106	*10,241
Net, 12 months	77,311	57,110	20,201
Charges	8,896	7,297	1,599
Surplus, 12 mos.	68,415	49,813	18,602

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

ESPERANZA MINING COMPANY for the month of December—

Est. value of bullion prod'd.	220,086	148,245	71,841
Est. value of concentrates	20,937	54,920	*33,983
Receipts from rents, &c.	877	904	*27
Total	241,900	204,069	37,831
Work, exp., dep. office, exp., &c.	118,329	100,560	17,769
London exp.	1,250	1,250	......
Total exp.	119,579	101,810	17,769
Est. profit	†122,321	102,259	20,062

*Decrease. †Of this amount, $13,419 was expended on construction account.

The mill ran twenty-seven days and crushed 14,450 dry tons of ore. There were twenty-eight dry tons of concentrates shipped to the smelter. The development work aggregated 913 feet.

MONONGAHELA RIVER CONSOLIDATED COAL AND COKE COMPANY for the year ended Oct. 31—

	1909.	1908.
Profits after exp., includ. main. and repairs to mine equip., &c.	$1,729,039	$1,888,330
Less—		
Deprec. of mine equip.	191,878	207,631
Deprec. of river craft	405,538	390,364
Depletion of coal acr'ge	237,520	226,015
Total	834,926	824,010
Net	894,112	1,064,320
Interest charges	560,858	588,355
Net profits	*333,254	475,965
Previous surplus	2,101,707	2,325,742
Total surplus	2,434,961	2,801,707
Dividends	125,000	700,000
Total surplus	2,309,961	2,101,707
Loss on coal, river craft, &c., due to storm Sept. 20, 1909	709,409	......
Profit and loss surplus	1,600,552	2,101,707

*Equal to 3.33 per cent. earned on $10,000,000 preferred stock compared with 4.76 per cent. earned on same stock last year.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.—An advance in the dividend rate of the Cambria Steel Company from 1¼ to 2½ per cent. semi-annually, which puts the stock on a 5 per cent. annual basis, was by all odds the most important event in Philadelphia financial circles to-day. There were erratic fluctuations in Lehigh Valley shares, the price ranging from 98¾ up to 102. United Gas Improvement stock was bought persistently after a temporary decline to 92, and held a fraction above last night's final sales.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Amal. Copper	82¾	82¾	82¾
10	Am. Cement	27	27	27
10	Am. Gas Co., N. J.	100	100	100
20	Am. Beet Sugar	42½	42⅛	42⅛
10	Am. Smelting	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞
10	B. R. T.	72	72	72
5,967	Cambria Steel	52	50¼	50⅞
5	Catawissa 1st pf.	56	56	56
5	Denver & Rio Grande	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛
100	Elec. Co., Amer., cash	12½	12¼	12¼
156	Elec. Co., Amer., ex div	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
1,005	Electric Storage	61¼	60½	61
820	Erie	30⅜	29⅞	30
5	Fire Assn	346	346	346
1,360	General Asphalt	31¼	29⅜	33¼
221	Gen. Asphalt pf.	81	80	80¼
10	Hunt. & B. T. pf.	23	23	23
53	Ins. Co., N. A.	23	23	23
150	Lake Superior Corp.	26	26	26
814	Lehigh Nav. t. r.	118	117¼	118
6,671	Lehigh Valley	102	98¾	101
112	Minehill	61½	61½	61½
10	North. Central	121¼	121¼	121¼
38	North. Penn	100½	100½	100½
400	Penn. Traffic	1½	1½	1½
1,150	Pennsylvania	66 9-16	66 1-16	66⅜
100	Philadelphia Co	50½	50¼	50½
1,328	Philadelphia Electric	14	13⅞	14
2,335	Phil. Rapid Transit	25⅞	24⅞	25⅜
10	Philadelphia Traction	88½	88½	88½
720	Reading	81	78 13-16	80 1-16
73	Reading 1st pf.	46½	46½	46½
100	Reading 2d pf.	49 15-16	49 15-16	49 15-16
100	Rock Island	40½	40½	40½
8,499	Tonopah Belmont	1 7-16	1¼	1 7-16
560	Tonopah Mining	6 11-16	6⅝	6 11-16
10	Union Pacific	190¼	190¼	190¼
1,304	Union Traction	50½	50½	50½
3,055	U. G. Imp.	93	92	92⅜
6	United Cos., N. J.	249	248½	249
8,890	U. S. Steel	84¼	82	84¼
515	Warwick I. & S.	11⅞	11¼	11⅞
2	W. J. & S. S.	54	54	54

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 20.—The market was steady, with price changes of no moment, and demand only moderate. Northern Central reacted 1¼ from its record price made yesterday, to 120¼. Stocks, 1,780 shares; bonds, $109,000.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$3,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	94¾	94¾	94¾
1,000	A. C. L. R. R. 4s ctfs.	100¾	100¾	100¾
1,000	Balt. City 4s, 1954	94¾	94¾	94¾
2,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
4,000	City & Sub. 5s (Wash.)	104	104	104
1,000	Col. & Greenville 1st	107½	107½	107½
1,000	Coal & Iron Ry. 5s	101½	101½	101½
18,000	Cotton Duck 5s	75	75	75
5,000	Ga. & Ala. con. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
4,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	42	42	42
1,000	Ga. & Pacific 1st	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞
2,000	Lynch. ref. 4½s, 1927	103	103	103
2,000	Met. 5s, (Wash.)	109	109	109
5,000	Macon, Dub. & S. 5s	97	97	97
4,000	Norfolk Ry. & Lt. 5s	99	99	99
28,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	84	83½	84
1,000	Sav., Fla. & West. 6s	125¼	125¼	125¼
10,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
5,000	Seaboard 3-year 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
7,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	84	84	84
2,000	United Rys. 4s	86⅛	86	86
7,000	United Rys. inc.	59½	59¼	59¼
	STOCKS.			
5	Baltimore Trust	340	340	340
10	Citizens' Bank	39	39	39
10	Consolidation Coal	115	115	115
300	Houston Oil	7½	7½	7½
100	International Trust	141	140	141
15	Mer. & M. Tran. V. T.	88	88	88
75	Maryland Casualty	94½	94½	94½
25	Marine Bank	42	42	42
10	Merchants' Bank	175	175	175
30	Northern Central	120½	120½	120½
400	Seaboard Co. com.	25	24¾	24¾
300	United Rys. ctfs.	13⅛	13	13

BUSINESS TROUBLES

FURST & CO.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Furst & Co., dealers in dry goods and men's furnishings at 730 Westchester Avenue, show liabilities of $5,549 and assets of $3,501, consisting of stock, $3,500, and cash, $1.

MAURICE D. STERNBERG.—Maurice D. Sternberg, a clerk of 136 East 112th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $843 and nominal assets of ten shares of stock of McCann's Tourns, par value $100. There are two judgments against him for $624.

LOUIS H. GUTERMAN.—Louis H. Guterman, a clerk of 1,234 Madison Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,587 and nominal assets of $100 in a note. The debts were contracted in Paterson, N. J., 1904, for clothing and cloaks and in this city 1907-1909.

WOLF SAYETTA.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Wolf Sayetta, shoe dealer, 130 Broome Street, by these creditors: Standard Shoe Company, $173; A. Richards Company, $115; Max L. Friedman, $125, and Samuel Stein, $134. It was alleged that he was insolvent and about Dec. 1 transferred his entire stock and made preferential payments. The liabilities are about $3,500. He has been in business several years, and on Aug. 27, 1908, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against him, which was dismissed on Sept. 19, as he made a settlement with creditors.

SCANDINAVIAN FUR AND LEATHER COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Scandinavian Fur and Leather Company, dealer in furs and leather goods at 14 and 16 West Thirty-third Street, by James Schell & Elkus, attorneys for these creditors: United States Raincoat Company, $130; Earnsdale Worsted Company, $190, and Willis L. Ogden & Co., $500. It was alleged that the company was insolvent and made preferential transfers of money and other property to various creditors. The liabilities are reported to be about $20,000 to $25,000. The company was incorporated in July, 1906, and was capitalized at $100,000. Its financial statement a year ago showed assets of $126,000 and liabilities of $22,000.

HEUSNER BAKING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Heusner Baking Company at 1,198 Lind Avenue, Kingsbridge, by these creditors: John Sills & Sons, $632; Carr Building Company, $250, and Swift & Co., $74. It was alleged that the company was insolvent and allowed the J. C. Bogert Company to obtain a judgment for $343, on which the Sheriff has made a levy and set a sale for Jan. 24, and admitted in writing its inability to pay its debts. The business was started in April, 1905, by Henry Heusner, and was incorporated on April 10, 1909, with a capital stock of $100,000, and Mr. Heusner became the Treasurer. The company has a large plant and factory property, which was heretofore valued at $50,000, subject to a realty mortgage of $9,000.

SHIELDS & CARTER.—John F. Shields and John A. Carter, who formerly composed the firm of Shields & Carter, railroad contractors, of 143 Liberty Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $37,111 and no assets. They had a contract in 1908 for the new Erie & Jersey Railroad in Orange County. Among the firm's creditors are the Standard Oil Company, $535; the Interborough Bank of New York, $1,844; Keystone Equipment Company, $4,145 for dynamite; Keystone Powder Company, $1,400; Bath Portland Cement Company, $2,339; Buffalo & Susquehanna Coal Company, $2,178, and Harry Brocklehurst, $2,918. Mr. Shields has individual debts of $6,290 and nominal assets, consisting of 100 shares of stock of the John Shields Construction Company of no value, as the company went into the hands of a receiver four years ago. Mr. Carter has individual debts of $28,698, all contracted in Philadelphia in 1906-1909, and nominal assets consisting of 200 shares of stock in the John Shields Construction Company. Among his creditors is Harry Brocklehurst of Philadelphia, $25,243 for loans. John F. Shields was the Vice President of the John Shields Construction Company and Mr. Carter Treasurer. That company had contracts for a prominent railroad at the Bergen tunnel, Jersey City, and Quarryville, Penn. They gave up the offices at 143 Liberty Street in 1908.

Judgments.

These judgments, for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Altschuh, Susie J., et al.—D. W. King, $484.
Blum, Benjamin—M. B. Ripley, $2,306.
Boros, John and Bertha—J. Solomon, $127.
Bauer, William J.—Calendar Realty Co., $196.
Bergman, Rudolph—R. L. Noah, $894.
Beals, Bruce L.—Cyphers Incubator Co., $873.
Church, Thomas A.—Press Pub. Co., costs, $125.
Cook, Charles E.—A. G. Evans et al., $208.
Connor, Francis J. N.—J. A. Wood, $429.
Cancro, Charles—M. N. Clement, $600.
Davidson, Frank—T. E. Gresslee, $328.
Doyne, Simon—J. Krulewitch et al., $439.
Du Bois, William M.—F. L. Young et al., costs, $111.
Dumont, Peter D.—N. Y. Evening Post Co., $170.
Demarzio, Solomon—A. J. Friedman, $206.
Esser, Joseph H.—C. M. Coon, $1,091.
Flaxbaum, Samuel, Morris, and Charles F.—I. Ravich et al., $537.
Fine, Jacob, et al.—J. Machinovitz, $329.
Guerin, Thomas D.—P. C. Murphy, $102.
Gillier, Katie, administratrix—G. A. Kessler, $5,909.
Gunn, James H., (not summoned,) et al.—F. W. Reeve et al., $530.
Hughes, Albert—John R. Carpenter Co., $3,063.
Hover, Joseph—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $246.
Hirschberg, Louis, et al.—J. Machinovitz, $329.
Heine, Henry G., (not summoned,) et al.—D. W. King, $484.
Higgins, John, et al.—A. Clark, costs, $137.
Irvine, Frederick B.—N. Y. Edison Co., costs, $120.
Kelly, James J.—J. De Beaulieu, $352.
Kalman, David, (not summoned,) et al.—J. Aronauer, $101.
Loper, George W.—H. E. Keeler, $1,228.
Litwin, Jacob—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $178.
Luce, H. De Wright—Waldorf-Astoria Cigar Co., $108.
Levine, Bernard and Sarah—C. Zwecker et al., $1,853.
Miller, Adolph S., et al.—S. H. Sternberg, $326.
Same—H. Salkin et al., $591.
Nackenhorst, William—United Wine and Trading Co., $1,557.
Newfield, Harry F., et al.—H. Stempner et al., $516.
Olsen, John E.—Topping Bros., $287.
Peppercorn, Barnet, et al.—S. H. Sternberg, $326.
Petry, Henry—R. T. Emmett et al., $231.
Rudnick, Herman—H. Pfaltz, $225.
Roystone, Marie—J. H. Woodbury Dermatological Institute, costs, $109.
Rappolt, Carl—C. S. Kline, costs, $118.
Rosen, Morris, et al.—J. Aronauer, $101.
Stack, Augusta—Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co., $276.
Stewart, Frank H.—G. S. Scofield, $1,002.
Steinfeld, Piny—R. Poch, $246.
Schmidt, Charles, Jr.—A. Woolf et al., $420.
Stanton, John J., et al.—A. Clark et al., costs, $137.
Smith, Jeane L.—C. Bookman et al., $162.
White, Albert—Clyde Steamship Co., costs, $109.
Weinstein, Charles I.—J. Kemp, $353.
Zampach, Karel—A. H. Sacton et al., $103.
Le Compte Manufacturing Co.—W. J. Aschenbach's Sons Harness Co., $148.
Metropolitan Mercantile and Realty Co.—H. H. Kutner, $477.
Howard Motor Works—E. H. Du Vivier, $101.
Metropolitan Mercantile and Realty Co. et al.—F. W. Reeve et al., $530.
Magnet Light Co.—S. Eisenberg, $1,584.
De Dietrich Import Co.—F. C. Gardner, $2,287.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date that when judgment was filed:

Burnham, Ella F.—S. Waldlich, Nov. 16, 1909, $7,302.
Campion, John—H. V. Monahan, Jan. 9, 1906, $113.
Cardani, Louis F., et al.—American Steel House Co., May 6, 1904, $199.
Hayes, Thomas F., et al.—Same, May 6, 1904, $199.
Fox, Charles—J. M. Levy, Nov. 23, 1909, $181.
Jencick Motor Mfg. Co.—G. T. Williams, Nov. 22, 1909, $158.
Lindsay, Wm. G.—Francis C. Neale, Inc., Feb. 16, 1909, $170.
Marshall, Arthur G.—W. H. Freedman, Dec. 9, 1909, $284.
Payper, Mayer L., Morris S., Isidor, and Samuel—De Graff & Palmer, Jan. 18, 1910, $927.
Marratt, John S.—H. Muth, Jan. 12, 1910, $104.
Paridiso, Angelo—People's Surety Co. of N. Y., Jan. 10, 1910, $169.
Voccoli, Michele—C. Fuchs, Oct. 20, 1909, $226.
Walter, E. Richard—A. T. Demarest & Co., Oct. 20, 1909, $226.
Watson, Alexander J.—National Bank of North America of N. Y., July 27, 1909, $284.
N. Y. Taxicab Co.—A. A. Flynn, March 16, 1909, $2,650.
Romanoff Cigarette Co.—Fourteenth Street Bank, Dec. 14, 1909, $359.
O'Reilly, Mary—National Casket Co., Nov. 23, 1908, $2,779.
Woodcock, Daniel—M. Levine, July 28, 1909, $382.
Piccone, Giuseppe—Abendroth Bros., Inc., Sept. 11, 1908, (released,) $220.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Levy Brothers Company, Houston, Texas; S. Hirschberg, general merchandise; 43 Leonard Street.
Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; J. C. Mason, cloaks, suits, and hosiery; 15 Mercer Street.
Edson, Keith & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. D. J. Fallon, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Daniels, F. J., & Co., Charleston, West Va.; F. J. Daniels, notions, furnishing goods, and carpets; Broadway Central Hotel.
Kaufman-Strauss Company, Louisville, Ky.; B. Kaufman, handkerchiefs, corsets, and ribbons; 31 Union Square.
Blumenfeld, Locher & Brown Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. H. Bohmann, silks and laces; 640 Broadway; The Breslin.
Fox, G., & Co., Hartford, Conn.; J. L. Fox, hosiery and gloves; 320 Church Street.
Rosenwald Brothers, Las Vegas, N. M.; D. C. Rosenwald, notions and carpets; 758 Broadway.
Wright, W. H., & Sons' Company, Ogden, Utah; Miss Caine, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.
Rosenthal-Sloane Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. A. Tucker, flowers; 621 Broadway.
Rhodes Company, Seattle, Wash.; C. F. Huber, cloaks and suits; 100 Fifth Avenue; Hoffman House.
Myers, J. G., Company, Albany, N. Y.; J. A. Becker, jewelry; 31 Union Square; Park Avenue Hotel.
Gray-Reid-Wright Company, Reno, Nev.; Mrs. E. L. Morse, millinery; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Penny & Gentles Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. Gentles, general merchandise; Hoffman House.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. F. Walker, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Victoria.
Boston Dry Goods Company, Boston, Mass.; C. W. Whitten, silks; 72 Grand Street; Park Avenue Hotel.
Kaufman, Strauss & Co., Lexington, Ky.; H. M. Humphreys, dress goods and silks; 517 Broadway.
Mellon Company, Oklahoma City, Okla.; H. Thacker, carpets; 320 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.
Burke, Fitzsimons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; F. P. Mannion, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.
Zion Co-operative Mercantile Institution, Salt Lake City, Utah; Mrs. C. L. Netzel, millinery; 75 Leonard Street; Hotel St. Denis.
Muser, Faris & Walker Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; L. Heywood, hosiery and furnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel King Edward.
Eckstein, Gustave, & Co., Savannah, Ga.; J. P. Eckstein, dress goods, cloaks, hosiery, gloves, and ribbons; 438 Broadway.
Weinstock, Lubin & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; S. A. Mayer, cloaks and suits; 395 Broadway; Hotel Flanders.
Petersburg Dry Goods Company, Petersburg, Va.; E. B. Sydnor, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Katz & Goldsmith, Braddock, Penn.; L. A. Katz, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Goldman, L., Company, Fort Smith, Ark.; L. Goldman, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Wise, Smith & Co., Hartford, Conn.; V. F. Sans, dry goods; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Crews-Beggs Dry Goods Company, Pueblo, Cal.; A. C. Jones, notions, ribbons, and laces; L. H. Vanarsdale, ladies' underwear and infants' wear; 320 Church Street; The Hermitage.
Tanner, M. W., Company, Saginaw, Mich.; G. W. Bixby, Jr., dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
O'Dwyer & Ahern Company, Texarkana, Ark.; R. J. O'Dwyer, domestics, dress goods, and silks; 258 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Harris, A., & Co., Dallas, Texas; A. Harris, domestics; 43 Leonard Street.
King, H., Washington, D. C.; dry goods; Hotel Cumberland.
Goldsmith, J., & Sons, Company, Memphis, Tenn.; L. Frisch, laces and leather goods; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Reed Brothers & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; C. T. Reed, millinery; R. E. Beggs, millinery; 621 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. F. Walker, housefurnishing goods; B. F. Mangin, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.
Marks, Rothenberg & Co., Meridian, Miss.; L. Rothenberg, dress goods and silks; 43 Leonard Street; Hoffman House.
Irwin-Lockwood Company, Clarksburg, West Va.; B. F. Kerr, suits, waists, and furnishing goods; 40 East Nineteenth Street.
Kline, I., & Brothers, Salt Lake City, Utah; I. Kline, notions and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Shepard, laces; 684 Broadway.
Havens & Geddes Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. P. Goebel, dress goods and silks; 72 Leonard Street.

Out-of-town merchants registered at the offices of the Merchants' Association, 66-72 Lafayette St.

Bates, H., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; William F. Fendler, hats; Hotel Seville.
Nicholas Wolf's Sons, Cincinnati, Ohio; Guss A. Wolf, tailors, &c.; St. Denis Hotel.
Marshall, Field, & Co., Chicago; J. P. Coveney, dry goods; Hotel Wolcott.
Stix, Louis, & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Otto Steinwedel, hosiery; Joseph Gerwin, dress goods; Prince George Hotel.
Marshall, Field, & Co., Chicago; R. C. Gibson, toys; Hotel Latham.
Lohse, suits and cloaks; 114 Fifth Avenue.
Lohse, suits and cloaks; 115 Fifth Avenue.
Sniper, F., Roswell, New Mexico; dry goods; 549 Broadway.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; H. Louis, gloves; Herald Square Hotel.
The Crosby Brothers Company, Topeka, Kan.; W. T. Crosby, dry goods; A. E. Conkling, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.
Stix, Baer & Fuller, St. Louis, Mo.; Ida Holtz, dry goods; Hotel Wolcott.
Rouss, C. B., Artesia, New Mexico; W. E. Ragsdale, general merchandise; St. Denis Hotel.
Rouss, C. B., Carlsbad, New Mexico; R. L. Halley, general merchandise; St. Denis Hotel.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

BRAIDS.
Novelty Braid Mills, "V. N. & T.," 25 E. 20.
The Waitzfelder Braid Co., 101 Fifth Ave.
CHILDREN'S DRESSES, KILTS, & ROMPERS
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., nr. Av. A.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Av.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
KNITTED UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Av.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Hano Cravats, 1,161 B'way, at 27th St.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
SOLIDSILK SCARVES. Louis Auerbach, 846 B'way.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

Tyvy, George S., St. Louis, Mo.; dry goods; Hotel Seville.
C. M. Vicary Company, Canton, Ohio; Charles N. Vicary, clothing; William Daberho, clothing; Hotel Victoria.
Neusteter Cloak Company, St. Louis, Mo.; V. Gesell, cloaks and suits; Hotel Wellington.
Locke, Charles J., Montgomery City, Mo.; dry goods and clothing; St. Denis Hotel.
Hitt & Fuller, Urbana, Ohio; G. W. Hitt, dry goods and carpets; Park Avenue Hotel.
Gross, The L. W., Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Lanis N. Gross, waists and dresses; Hoffman House.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; Seymour Shane, waists; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Seitz's, William, Sons, Sandusky, Ohio; William Seitz, Jr., merchant tailors; The Hermitage.
Broken Dollar Stores Company, Helper, Utah; J. W. Stringer, dry goods and clothing; Hotel Latham.
Gordon & Dillworth, Chicago, Ill.; John Baylis, manufacturers; Herald Square Hotel.
The Nally Mercantile Company, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; H. D. Bostwick, dry goods; Hotel Woodstock.
Bellard, A. M., Columbus, Wis.; clothing; Hotel Seville.
Bacon-Chappell Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; W. B. Pursse, rugs, furnishings, &c.; Hotel Broztell.
Heins & Meiss, Cincinnati, Ohio; Harry Meiss, notions; Isadore Reins, notions; 541 Broadway.
The Newman Dry Goods Company, Arkansas City, Kan.; Bessie Keiser, ready-to-wear clothing, notions, &c.; The Gardner, 128 West Forty-third Street.
Smith & Schonken, Cortland, N. Y.; John S. Schonken, clothing; Hotel Broztell.
Glick Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; William Glick, clothing; Hoffman House.
Edelman & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; M. I. Edelman, trousers manufacturer; Hotel Albert.
Mickler & Sons, Piqua, Ohio; Harry Mickler, clothing; Broadway Central Hotel.
Shappiro, T., Company, Chicago, Ill.; R. J. Brash, feathers; B. Jadwin, feathers; Hotel Albert.
Phillips & Henley, Cleveland, Ohio; M. G. Phillips, hats and furnishings; Hotel Woodstock.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES KARPAS, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 13,112.—Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of stock of trimmings and linings and fixtures and machinery, etc., will be sold at public auction at No. 327 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of January, 1910, at 2 P. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 24th and 25th days of January, 1910, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, January 21st, 1910.
WILLIAM E. S. GRISWOLD, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH NEWMAN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 13,064.—Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of silks, neckwear, manufactured and in the process of manufacture; fixtures, including two large safes for silk, desk, chairs, tables, &c., will be sold at public auction at No. 437 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 21st day of January, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York, January 14th, 1910.
WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WATTS-WOODWARD PRESS, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells by order of the court, at No. 22 Thames Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of January, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock, property of the said bankrupt, consisting of printing presses, two color presses, cutting machines, type, and other machinery used in a first-class printing establishment, all in excellent condition; desks, typewriter, safe, filing cabinets, &c.

WILLIAM F. CARELL, Receiver.
FRANK M. PATTERSON, Attorney for Receiver, 27 William Street, New York.

AUCTION SALES.

TOYS

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, SELLS THIS DAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 21, 1910, AT 10:30 A. M., AT 113-115 LEONARD ST., Borough of Manhattan,

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS, IN CASE LOTS,

comprising Cannons, Printing Presses, Hammocks, Dime Safes, Trunks, Doll Houses, Lanterns, Ball Nets, also large lot of

WRITING PAPER

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS TANNENBAUM, Bankrupt.—No. 13,145.

To the creditors of Morris Tannenbaum of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Morris Tannenbaum was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the third day of February, A. D. 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, January 17, 1910.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,129.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of THE HILL-WRIGHT ELECTRIC COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said The Hill-Wright Electric Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in bankruptcy, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 2d day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 20th, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 12,708.—PATRICK D. DONNELLY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Patrick D. Donnelly, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 13th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January thirty-first, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January thirteenth, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 12,373.—JOSEF WOLF, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Josef Wolf, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 17th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 31st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 17th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ERNEST MEYERS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated December 23d, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on February 7th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 20th, 1910.

NO. 12,826.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVIS FUR COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Davis Fur Company of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Davis Fur Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,175 Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Jan. 20, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ROBERT A. DEVEREUX, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Robert A. Devereux, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 28th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 31st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Jan. 20th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—MEYER MONSKY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Meyer Monsky, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 24th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 31st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Jan. 20th, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—BEN TEAL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Ben Teal, bankrupt, has filed his petition, Dated October 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 31st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Jan. 20, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL HERTZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Hertz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 30th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 31st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Jan. 20th, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM BRAUMAN and DAVID ORENTLY, individually and composing the firm of WM. BRAUMAN & CO., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that William Brauman and David Orently, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated January 6th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, January 31st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Jan. 19th, 1910.

WHERE THE LOST IS FOUND AGAIN.

The Lost and Found column of The New York Times offers the best way to find Lost articles. If you lose anything, telephone 1000 Bryant without delay. The Lost and Found Registry Bureau is at your service free of charge.—Adv.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Montefiore Home Buys Four Blocks in Bronx—Activity in the Dyckman Section—A $700,000 Washington Heights Deal—Buying West Side Dwellings.

By far the most important transaction in the realty market yesterday was the purchase of about four square blocks in the Bronx by the Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, details of which will be found in another column.

Heights Lots in $700,000 Deal.

Charles M. Rosenthal purchased yesterday from the Fleischmann Realty and Construction Company thirty vacant parcels in the West Harlem and Washington Heights sections, valued at about $700,000.

The properties, which comprise about all the vacant holdings of the Fleischmann Company, include the plot of five lots at the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 176th Street, with frontages of 119.10 and 100 feet, respectively; the block front of eight lots on the west side of Amsterdam Avenue, between 176th and 177th Streets, 199.10 by 100; the four lots at the northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 177th Street, with frontages of 84.4 and 100 feet, respectively. These parcels are part of the old Juvenile Asylum tract which was cut up a few years ago, and a large part of which has been improved with apartment houses.

The deal also involves the block front of eight lots on the west side of Seventh Avenue, between 150th and 151st Streets, 199.10 by 100, and the plot of five lots on the north side of 146th Street, 100 feet west of Seventh Avenue, 125 by 99.11. Mr. Rosenthal will resell the properties to builders.

Activity in Dyckman Section.

The Dyckman section continued active yesterday, the most important transaction being the sale of the block front on the west side of Vermilyea Avenue, from Isham to 211th Street, by Max Marx to the Thomas L. Reynolds Company. The plot, which forms a part of a triangle, is 75 by 148 by 95.

Other sales in the section were made by Thomas L. Reynolds, who resold for Charles E. Camerer to John T. Everett the plot, 75 by 150, on the west side of Sherman Avenue, 100 feet north of Isham Street. Mr. Everett bought the adjoining 100 by 100 corner Wednesday.

Joseph L. Ennis and Frank J. Sinnott have resold through W. J. Huston & Son to John E. Henry two lots on the south side of 211th Street, 275 feet east of Ninth Avenue.

W. J. Huston & Son have sold for Frank E. Andrus the plot, 50 by 100, on the south side of Isham Street, 50 feet east of Vermilyea Avenue.

The Realty Operating Company has sold the plot, 100 by 100, at the southeast corner of Broadway and Emerson Street. The buyer is a builder, who will improve the site with a six-story elevator apartment house.

J. H. Mayers sold to a client of David Vogel and Murphy-Dumont Company the plot, 100 by 100, at the northeast corner of Vermilyea Avenue and Emerson Street.

Max Marx resold the plot, 75 by 99.11, on the south side of 215th Street, 200 feet east of Tenth Avenue, which he recently purchased from the Acton Realty Company.

Irving T. Coleman of Newark, N. J., sold the plot, 75 by 100, on the west side of Sherman Avenue, 100 feet south of Isham Street. The property is owned by the Sterling Realty Company.

Hall J. How & Co. have sold for Thomas Alexander four lots on the east side of Vermilyea Avenue, 100 feet south of Emerson Street, to a builder for improvement; also, for Max Marx, four lots on the west side of Vermilyea Avenue, 100 feet north of Emerson Street, to a builder, who will break ground at once.

Dyckman Plot in Trade.

The Frank L. Fisher Company has sold the four-story dwelling 313 West Eighty-second Street, on a lot 20 by 102.2; also the three-story dwelling 109 West Eighty-seventh Street, on lot 16.8 by 100.8, and the plot, 75 by 99.11, on the south side of 209th Street, 200 feet east of Tenth Avenue. The purchaser, the Stronghold Realty Company, gives in exchange the four-story dwelling 133 West Seventy-second Street, on lot 22 by 102.2, recently purchased from Mrs. Slavin.

Seventh Avenue Plot Brings $140,000.

George V. Baldwin has sold 470 and 472 Seventh Avenue, two three-story buildings, on plot 45 by 100 by irregular. The property is about 82 feet north of Thirty-fifth Street, and is said to have been sold for about $140,000.

The private sales department of Bryan L. Kennelly's office has sold for Mary A. McGuire 110 West Fifteenth Street, a four-story brownstone residence, on a plot 20 by 83.3, immediately in the rear of the Fourteenth Street Theatre, to Alphonse Freund, a client of S. B. Goodale & Son.

Sales in Loft Zone.

Arnold, Byrne & Baumann have sold for the Borough Realty Company 243 West Thirty-seventh Street, and for Charles Motz of Mount Vernon 245 West Thirty-seventh Street, two three-story buildings, on plot 50 by 98.9. Louis Bernstein is the purchaser.

The estate of William E. Devlin has sold to E. C. Roach for occupancy 338 West Twenty-second Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 25 by 98.9, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues.

Buying West Side Dwellings.

W. W. & T. M. Hall have sold 22 West Eighty-sixth Street, the last but one of ten modern, fireproof, elevator, American basement residences they erected recently on the south side of West Eighty-sixth Street, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue. This dwelling has been held for sale at $100,000, and the buyer is reported to have paid close to that figure.

William A. White & Sons have sold for John F. Simpson to a client for occupancy the three-story dwelling at 245 West Seventieth Street, on a plot 19.5 by 100.5.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Mrs. C. S. Sedgwick 135 West Ninety-third Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 18.9 by 98.11, to a client for occupancy.

Sells West End Avenue Apartment.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for Barton Chapin, to a client for investment, 841 West End Avenue, being the northwest corner of 101st Street, a five-story double apartment, on lot 31.5 by 100.

Henry D. Winans & May and Huston & Asinari have sold for Louis F. Rothschild, 20 East Seventy-third Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 22.6 by 102.2. The buyer, Mrs. Harriet M. Spraker of 62 West Forty-fifth Street, will erect an American basement house on the lot.

Horace L. Kempe has sold for George W. Eggers to Mrs. Emily L. Landon, 41 West Ninety-fourth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 17.9 by 100.8.

91st Street Triple Flat Sold.

E. E. Tisch & Co. have sold for Sam Hirschfield to a client, 307 East Ninety-first Street, a five-story triple flat, 25 by 100.

Michael Costello has sold to George Bezold 405 East Sixty-first Street, a five-story tenement, with a two-story brick building in rear, on plot 30 by 114.

Washington Heights Corner Resold.

The Consolidated Board of Brokers has sold for the Lewis Realty Company to the Trebla Realty Company, the northwest corner of 181st Street and Northern Avenue, Washington Heights, a plot 78 by 139 by 110 by 134. This completes the resale by the same brokers of thirty-five lots formerly owned by Albert Bachman.

Buys New-Law Tenement.

Morris Jacoby has bought through Hugo Cohn, as attorney, 61 and 63 First Street, a six-story new-law tenement, on plot 41.1 by 71 by irregular, between First and Second Avenues.

Lottie L. Wasserman has sold 327 East Ninety-seventh Street, a five-story tenement on lot 25 by 100.11.

J. Levy & Co. have sold 191 Orchard Street, a new six-story tenement on lot 25 by 87.6.

Bronx Sales.

J. Clarence Davies has sold for Louis E. Miller the plot, 39 by 118, together with frame buildings thereon, on the southeast corner of Crotona Parkway and 178th Street.

John H. Behrmann has sold for John A. Ewald to Arno Kiessling the two-family dwelling on lot 25 by 114 674 East 235th Street, on the south side, 205 feet west of White Plains Avenue.

Brooklyn Sales.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story and basement brick and stone private house 25 Polhemus Place, between Carroll Street and Garfield Place, for Charles L. Livingston to a client for occupancy.

The Leonard Moody Real Estate Company has sold to the Dangler Construction Company for improvement with two-family brick houses, a plot of eight lots on the west side of East Thirty-second Street, between Snyder and Tilden Avenues, in Flatbush.

Recent Buyers.

Mrs. Emma Straus is the purchaser of the dwellings 112 and 114 East Seventy-fourth Street, sold recently through George R. Read & Co.

Mrs. Alphonse Freund is the buyer of 110 West Fifteenth Street, sold recently by James McGuire.

Thomas Newbold is the buyer of 109 East Seventy-second Street, sold recently by Post & Reese for Mrs. Adon Smith.

The Realty Operating Company is the buyer of the Mead estate holdings on Tenth Avenue, Post Avenue, and Emerson Street.

Henry Corn is the buyer of 39 to 47 West Nineteenth Street, recently reported sold by Louis Sachs.

$1,000,000 Mortgage on Whitney Home.

The formal transfer of the Whitney residence, on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street, was made yesterday to Harry Payne Whitney, the consideration for the property appearing as $1,500,000. Mr. Whitney pays $500,000 and gives back a mortgage of $1,000,000 to George G. Mason, nephew of the late James Henry Smith, and to whom the residence was bequeathed at the death of the latter.

Peters Estate Sale.

At the sale of the Peters estate property by Joseph P. Day, in the Vesey Street Salesroom yesterday, the five-story flat at the northwest corner of Eighth Avenue and 133d Street, 19.11 by 90, was bought by F. William Sohns for $32,900. Mr. Sohns was also the buyer of the two adjoining 40-foot houses on Eighth Avenue at $39,900 and $39,800, respectively.

Lofts Opposite Holy Communion Church.

Plans have been filed with Building Supt. Miller for a new twelve-story loft building with stores, to be erected from designs by Schwartz & Gross as architects for the Fabian Construction Company, Moses Crystal, President, on the plot 107.8 feet front at 40 to 46 West Twentieth Street, opposite the Holy Communion Chuch and rectory. It is to be of brick, finished with trimmings of granite and terra cotta, and will cost $350,000.

$42,000 Sale in Mount Vernon.

Steven B. Ayres and Walter F. Baylis have sold for the Wheeler Corporation seventy-four lots east of Pelhamdale Avenue in Mount Vernon which the purchaser takes free and clear of incumbrance. These lots are near the new line of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, and the purchaser intends to develop them very shortly. The price was in the neighborhood of $42,000.

Syndicate Buys "Watson Place."

A syndicate composed of property owners in the Montrose section has finally succeeded in purchasing the property at the corner of Montrose Avenue and Berkeley Avenue, South Orange, popularly known as the "Watson Place." This tract contains approximately ten acres, one of the most attractive residence sites in all of the Oranges.

The new owners have not yet positively decided as to how the property will be subdivided, but probably in plots of upward of an acre, to buyers who will erect houses costing $15,000 and upward.

The syndicate intends, if possible, to preserve practically all the valuable trees, and to avoid cutting any road through the tract. The house now standing in the centre of the tract was built by the late John G. Vose, a prominent New York lawyer in his day.

A Lesson in Auctioneering.

Joseph P. Day is to give a lesson in practical auctioneering to the members of the Public Speaking Club at the West Side Y. M. C. A. this evening. Mr. Day will take a typical piece of property and show how he uses his action and reaction theory in working up bidding interest.

Notes.

Julius Stellheimer is the buyer of the six houses, 116-118-120-122-136-138 West Ninety-eighth Street, sold recently by Schinasi Brothers. The Duross Company negotiated the sale.

David Mintz, late with Ernst & Cahn, and Leon Stamper, late with Prospect Realty Company, have formed a partnership under the firm name of Mintz & Stamper for the transaction of real estate and insurance business in the A-RE-CO Building, northwest corner of 149th Street and Third Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

128th St, 230, s s, 330 ft e of 3d Av, 18.9x 99.11, three-story dwelling; executors' sale, to E. S. Godfrey, $6,400; also

133d St, 248, s s, 287.6 ft e of 8th Av, 37.6x 99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to A. C. Hepp, for a party in interest, $30,000; also

133d St, 303, n s, 90 ft w of 8th Av, 20.2x 99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to A. C. Hepp, for a party in interest, $16,000; also

133d St, 305, n s, 110.2 ft w of 8th Av, 19.8x 99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to A. C. Hepp, for a party in interest, $16,400; also

133d St, 307, n s, 129.10 ft w of 8th Av, 20.2x 99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to A. C. Hepp, for a party in interest, $16,400; also

134th St, 304, s s, 75 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to Thomas Carroll and Jacob Chaimowitz, $23,600; also

134th St, 306, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 24.9x 99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to Richard McHugh, $23,800; also

134th St, 308, s s, 124.9 ft w of 8th Av, 25.1x 99.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, to Joseph F. Seitz, $23,900; also

118th St, 65 and 67, n s, 260 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x100.11, five-story stable; executors' sale, to Philip A. Fitzpatrick, $60,000; also

142d St, 204, s s, 91.9 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x 99.11, three-story dwelling; executors' sale, to J. William Kaiser, $9,000; also

8th Av, 2,491, n w corner of 133d St, 19.11x 90, five-story flat, with stores; executors' sale, to F. W. M. Sohns, $32,900; also

8th Av, 2,493 to 2,497, w s, 19.11 ft n of 133d St, two five-story flats, with stores, each 40x 90; executors' sale, estate of Henry G. Peters, deceased, to F. W. M. Sohns, 2,493 for $39,900; 2,497 for $39,800.

10th St, 66 and 68, s s, 78.1 ft e of 6th Av, 50.4x92.3x irregular, two five-story tenements; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, S. M. Sturger, $68,957.

Broadway, 4,146, e s, 20.11 ft n of 175th St, 26.6x125x25x125, two-story dwelling; to Daniel B. Freedman, $8,500; also,

Wadsworth Av, w s, 64.5 ft n of 175th St, 25x50.8x23.3x48.4, vacant; foreclosure sale, to John J. McCann, $3,700.

Oliver St, 44, e s, 88.9 ft s of Madison St, 30x69x29.10x72, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Roby Schwartz, $26,750.

Riverside Drive, 548, e s, 116 ft s of 127th St, 108x95, six-story apartment house; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Anna McAlpin, $271,304.

West Broadway, 413 and 415, e s, 99 ft n of Spring St, 51x100, two six-story lofts and store buildings; to the plaintiff $90,000; also

92d St, 37, n s, 465 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x 100.8, three-story and basement dwelling; to the plaintiff, $20,000; also

Plot of ten acres in the town of Southfield, Borough of Richmond, known as Lot No. 2; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, M. A. Fitzgerald, $9,000.

Cherry St, 222, n s, 122.8 ft e of Pike St, 37.7x 161.7x87.9x163.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Jacob Sheer, $71,805.

Clinton St, 93, w s, 175 ft s of Rivington St, 25x100, five-story tenement; Sheriff's sale, withdrawn.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

1st Av, 1,849, w s, 75.8 ft s of 96th St, 25x80, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to Lewis Hornstein, $12,722.

1st Av, 1,851, w s, 50.8 ft s of 96th St, 25x80, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Benjamin Wertheimer, $12,172.

1st Av, 1,853, w s, 25.8 ft s of 96th St, 25x80, five-story brick tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, B. Wertheimer, $11,372.

By Jacob H. Mayers.

Thompson St, 40 and 42, s e corner of Watts St, 41x94, seven-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, John Palmieri, $60,608.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
REAL ESTATE AND MORTGAGES
62 CEDAR ST.

Well-established real estate company, unimpaired credit, seeks a quick loan of $15,000. Good mortgage or sales contracts with deed as collateral. To be repaid in installments, $500 monthly. Liberal terms offered. Brokers protected. John R. Watts, Attorney, 190 Montague St., Brooklyn. Telephone 57—Main.

2 SECOND MORTGAGES 2
Wanted—$100,000 placed monthly through my office.
(Seconds exclusively.)
HOWARD H. MOSHER,
135 Broadway.

Money loaned first, second mortgages (any amount) for interest, taxes, prevent foreclosure, leaseholds, undivided estates. Duckworth Co., Suite 406, World Building.

Wanted applications for first and second mortgage money for building and permanent loans; quick decisions. Roth, 389 East 143d St., Bronx.

Pay your taxes and interest now due; money loaned, repayable weekly, monthly payments. Duckworth Co., Suite 406, World Bldg., N. Y.

For Sale—Purchase money mortgage (first) of $8,000 on New Jersey property to net seven per cent. May & Jacobson, 13 Park Row.

$18,000 to loan first mortgage; 4½ per cent.; 5 years; I will charge 1 per cent. to make this loan. Box W 7 Times, Times Square.

Any part $240,000 loaned on first mortgage, 4 to 5 per cent; also $12,000 pressing at 5 per cent. J. Canby Morgan, 115 Broadway.

Wanted—$30,000 5% first mortgage; principals only; good investment. Kuntze, 374 Alexander Av., Bronx.

I have funds to loan on second mortgages, (any amount;) quick answers and closings. Sawyer, 183 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Private party makes small second mortgages, Brooklyn real estate. Burt, 175 8th Av., Brooklyn.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

26th St, East River, 1st Av, and 28th St, for a passage and stairs, 300x7 and a one-story storage, 11x8; city, owner; M. J. Harkins and L. C. Frees, premises, architects; cost, $8,000.

84th St, 527 and 529 East, for a three-story brick warehouse, 40x98.2; A. Miller, 171 East 81st St. owner; Gross & Kleinberger, architects; cost, $20,000.

20th St, 40 to 46 West, for a twelve-story brick store and lofts, 107.8x82; Fabian Construction Company, 175 5th Av, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost, $350,000.

Southern Boulevard, s w corner of 176th St, for a six-story brick tenement, 53x100; J. H. Lavelle, 795 East 176th St, owner and architect; cost, $65,000.

Tinton Av, w s, 124.6 ft n of 160th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 40.7 11-16x97; 174th Street Construction Company, 35 Nassau St, owner; George P. Pelham, architect; cost, $32,000.

169th St, n s, 154.0 11-16 ft e of Stebbins Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 37.6x95.2; Machauled Realty Construction Company, 404 West 174th St, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $30,000.

Bronx River Road, n s, 100 ft e of Stephens Av, for a frame toboggan shed, 20.6x30; Robert F. Rice, 1,229 Hoe Av, owner; Edwin C. Georgi, architect; cost, $5,000.

Webster Av, e s, 251 ft n of Anna Place, for an eight-story brick warehouse, 50x90; Manderkin Building Company, 1,849 Brook Av, owner; H. P. Ralph and P. A. Burdett, architects; cost, $80,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

145th St, n w corner of Timson Av, to a two-story brick factory, 48x100; Sanders & Barnet, premises, owners; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 20.

AVENUE A, 1,541 and 1,545, w s, 51.4x106.6; Leopold Kaufmann to Benjamin J. Weil, (mtg $38,000,) $100.

ANDREWS AV, e s, 323.11 ft s of Fordham Av, 75x100; University Heights Realty Co. to Modena Realty Co., $1,000.

AVENUE A, 1,539, w s, 25x106.6; Leopold Kaufmann to Jonas Weil and another, (mtg $18,500,) $100.

BRYANT AV, s w corner of 172d St, 20x100; Elviel Realty Co. to Jacob A. Stern, (mtg $10,000,) $1.

BARKER AV, e s, 100 ft n of Julianna St, 33x125; Sarah A. Hartin to Mary E. Lynch, (mtg $3,000,) $1.

BROADWAY, 1,439, w s, 20.9x54.8; Edwin Wolf to Felix Isman of Philadelphia, Penn., (mtg $90,000,) $100.

CROTONA AV, n e corner of Garden St, 70.3x 44; Helen Tischler to Joseph Stern, (mtg $3,500,) $100.

CLINTON AV, e s, 132 ft n of 181st St, 66x150; Annie Mahoney and another to Giosui Galliani, $100.

EAGLE AV, s e s, 247.7 ft n e of 158th St, 50x100; Clara Ellner to Mountain Construction Co., (mtg $8,000,) $1.

EDISON AV, s e corner of Barkley Av, 100x 100; Henrietta M. Mott to Otto G. Hupfel, (mtg $3,300,) $1.

EMERSON ST, e s, 180 ft n of Vermilyea Av, 100x103; Henry R. Mygatt to Walter J. M. Donovan, (mtg $33,000,) $100.

FOX ST, 811, 815, and 819, w s, 100x100; Fox St, 839, 843, and 847, w s, 100x100; Foxvale Realty Co. to David Greenfeld, (mtgs $104,250,) $1.

FULTON ST, e s, 98.6 ft n of Cliff St, 17.6x 84; John St, e s, 60.2 ft s of Cliff St, 20.3x irregular; Annie W. Stephens to Florence P. Attwood, all title, $6,000.

GREEN AV, n s, 100 ft w of Mapes Av, 75x 100; William J. Purdy to Mamie Koster, (mtg $2,000,) $1.

GOERCK ST, 1, w s, 25x75; Adam Stone to Bessie Burger, (mtg $24,500,) $100.

HOE AV, e s, 110 ft s of Bancroft St, 40x 100; Henry Bosch to Anna G. John, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

LOTS 24 to 28, map of Metropolitan Real Estate Association; Rachel A. Blanchard to Equitable Protective Co., (mtg $2,200,) $100.

LOT 59, map of J. J. Gleason, Westchester; Anna McKown to William A. Hallett, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

LOTS 258 and 259, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Bronx; Mary G. Reilly to Thomas Ford, $1.

LOTS 252 to 257, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Bronx; Mary G. Reilly to Thomas Ford, $1.

LOT 494, Block 15, map of Tremont Terrace; William Steinberg et al., to John Donaldson, (mtg $300,) $100.

LOTS 19 to 33, map of estate of John W. O'Shaughnessy; Isaac D. Einstein to Isaac D. Einstein and others, (mtg $9,000,) $100.

LOTS 38 to 45, Map 1,140, Section 1, Bathgate estate; Whitehall Realty Co. to Ralph Carin, $100.

LOT 236, map of Section A, Vyse estate, 25x 100; D. F. Realty Co. to Gaetano Zingales, (mtg $2,500,) $1.

LOT 227, Block F, map of Mapes estate, Bronx; Louis Benoist to Elizabeth Regan, (mtg $8,200,) $100.

LOT 46, map of Coster estate, Bronx; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Michael Shanley, $1.

MONTGOMERY ST, 63, e s, 22x60; Congregation Chevra Mogan David Aushe Allschau to Beth Hachnesseth Aushey Alshau Weanshevyove, $100.

MONTICELLO AV, e s, 450 ft s of Randall Av., 25x100; Land Co. "C" of Edenwald to James Rogers, $1.

MADISON AV, 1,625, e s, 75.6 ft s of 109th St, 25.5x95; Max Applebaum to Gerson Krakower, (mtg $29,000,) $100.

PARK AV, w s, 100 ft s of Ittner Place, 26x irregular; Henrietta Ingber to Tremont Mills, a corporation, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

PARK AV, w s, 100 ft s of Ittner Place, 26x irregular; Margaret J. Behrens and others to Henrietta Ingber, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

RIVINGTON ST, n s, 49.8 ft w of Willett St, 24.10x100; Clinton St, 101, w s, 25.4x100; Louis J. Freiman to Henry Freiman, (mtg $53,000,) $100.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s e corner of St. John's Av, 54.7x200 to n s of Timpson Place; Isaac D. Einstein to Isaac D. Einstein and others, $1.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, w s, 25 ft s of 173d St, 75x100; Barnard Realty Co. to William C. Schmidt, (mtg $100,000,) $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 117th St, 29.7x107.11; William C. Schmidt to Barnard Realty Co., (mtg $42,000,) $100.

TEE TAW AV, 2,462, e s, 28.11x irregular; E. M. Tessier to Kathryn A. Harper, (mtg $4,400,) $100.

TOPPING AV, e s, 134 ft s of 176th St, 25x 95; Rachel A. Blanchard to Equitable Protective Co., (mtg $5,500,) $100.

TIFFANY ST, w s, 166.7 ft s of Barry St, 149.5x7.4; Helen Hartmann to Charles S. Taber of Brooklyn, (mtg $1,500,) $1.

WALTON AV, w s, 108 ft s of 183d St, 20x95; Bedford Park Construction Co. to Sophie Seelig, (mtg $7,000,) $1.

4TH ST, 98 East, s s, 25x96.2; Louis J. Freiman to Henry Freiman, (mtg $29,000,) $100.

5TH AV, n e corner of 68th St, 54.11x200; William S. Mason to George G. Mason, $1.

5TH AV, n e corner of 68th St, 54.11x200; William S. Mason to George G. Mason, $1,500,000.

5TH AV, n e corner of 68th St, 54.11x200; George G. Mason to Harry Payne Whitney, $1.

7TH AV, s w corner of 118th St, 100.11x99.9; Abraham Spiro to County Land and Mortgage Co., (mtg $175,000,) $100.

12TH ST, n s, 110.3 ft e of Avenue C, 23.10x 103.3; Benjamin Hyman and others to David Frankel, $1.

13TH ST, n s, 405 ft w of Avenue D, 50x108, Unionport; Maria Polla to Maria P. Avallone, $100.

13TH ST, 631 East, n s, 27.6x103.3; Flora Wens to Josephine White, (mtg $31,750,) $1.

46TH ST, 404 West, s s, 25x100.5; Emanuel E. Fox to Sigmund Gutfreund, (mtg $38,000,) $100.

48TH ST, 507 West, 25x100.5; Melvin G. Lathrop to Lith Realty Co., (mtg $16,000,) $1.

60TH ST, n s, 48 ft w of Lexington Av, 21x 100.5; Henry M. Herrman to Hannah J. Herrman, $1.

74TH ST, 112 East, 18x102.2; Lena Kaufman to Irma N. Strauss, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

79TH ST, n s, 70 ft e of 2d Av, 55x irregular; Rose Strachstein to Isaac Wolff, (mtg $3,720,) $1.

94TH ST, n s, 355.6 ft w of Central Park West, 17.9x100.8; George W. Eggers and others to Emily L. Landon, $22,000.

98TH ST, 156 and 158 East, 50x100.11; Moses A. Horowitz to Horowitz Brothers & Margareten, $1.

102D ST, 207 East, n s, 25x100.11; Elias N. Caplan and another to C. August Range, (mtg $24,000,) $1.

113TH ST, s s, 400 ft e of Broadway, 50x114; Julia Schneider to 530 West 113th St. Co., $100.

123D ST, n s, 90.9 ft w of 7th Av, 15.7x100.11; Martha E. Lockwood and others to John H. Springer Realty Co., (mtg $4,000,) $1.

131ST ST, 126 West, s s, 20x99.11; Amalie C. Zentgraf and others to Marion Levy, $18,000.

131ST ST, 126 West, s s, 20x99.11; Louis Dejonge, Jr., to Marion Levy, $1.

133D ST, 341 and 343 East; Joseph Horowitz to Horowitz Brothers & Margareten, $1.

137TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of Lincoln Av, 75x100; Louis Lese to James Pringle, $100.

170TH ST, n s, 28 ft e of Bristow St, 72x90; Clara Wiedhopf to Amelia C. Zentgraf and others, (mtg $36,000,) $100.

178TH ST, w s, 113.9 ft e of 3d Av, 75x105; Reliance Construction Co. to Mary E. Taylor, $100.

180TH ST, s s, 46.2 ft w of Mapes Av, 23.11x 88; Sarah A. Hartin to Mary E. Lynch, (mtg $5,600,) $1.

190TH ST, s s, 172.3 ft e of Morris Av; Le Roy Construction Co. to Albert Mundorf, (mtg $12,800,) $100.

202D ST, n s, 110 ft e of Webster Av, 25x100; Sarah A. Hartin to Mary E. Lynch, (mtg $9,000,) $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

AUGUST, JACOB, CONSTRUCTION CO. to Peter Freiss and another; Tremont Av, n w corner of Morris Av, 100.3x35.3x100x42.8, prior mtg $28,000, due, &c., as per bond.......$10,000

AUGUST JACOB CONSTRUCTION CO. to Peter Freiss and another; Tremont Av, n e corner of Morris Av, 93x—, prior mtg $20,000, due, &c., as per bond.......$8,000

AURORA INVESTING CO. to Title Insurance Co.; 27th St, 115 and 117 West, 50x98.9, 5 years, 4½%.......$200,000

ALIESCH, Peter, to Peter Otten; 81st St, 409 East, n s, 25x102.2.......$16,000

BROOKS, May E., to Ralph A. Packard; Amsterdam Av, e s, 124.10 ft n of 146th St, 24.11x100, prior mtg $31,000, due Jan. 1, 1912, 6%.......$5,000

BONHAGAN, Sophie, to Marie Ermeling; Lots 33 and 34, map of partition, Wells vs. Steuer, due, &c., as per bond.......$1,000

BERNARD, Julia D., to Universal Savings Bank; Hughes Av, 2,418, due, &c, as per bond.......$5,100

BARNY, Thomas E., to Rose A. Barry; Lot 29, map of 272 lots, Bailey estate, Kingsbridge.......$1,000

BRYDE, Clara M., to Oclana Dearborn; Mount Morris Av, 29, w s, 20x80, 6 years, 4%..$5,000

CENTRAL BUILDING, IMPROVEMENT AND Investment Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 130th St, s s, 143 ft w of St. Nicholas Terrace, 44.6x99.4, due, &c., as per bond.. $150,000

CHARLES T. STREETER CONSTRUCTION Co. to William Buchmiller; 182d St, n s, 129.2 ft w of Washington Av, 33.4x100, prior mtg $16,000, 2 years, 6%.......$3,000

CORIN, Ralph, to Whitehall Realty Co.; Lots 38 to 45, Block 26, Section 1, Bathgate estate, 3 years.......$5,520

D'AVERSE, Concetta, and others to Baron De Hirsch Fund; 13th St, n s 158.6 ft e of Avenue A, 37.6x103.3, 5 years.......$40,000

EISNITZ, Samuel, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Columbus Av, 766, due, &c., as per bond.......$25,000

ELTERICH, Richard, to Lemuel Skidmore, trustee; 121st St, 514 East, 3 years.......$8,000

FIRST GERMAN BAPTIST CHURCH OF Harlem to New York City Baptist Mission Society; 118th St, s s, 250 ft e of 3d Av, 50x100.5, due, &c, as per bond.......$1,500

FAWCETT, William L., to Gouverneur Kemble; 10th Av, s e corner of 18th St, 25x—, prior mtg $20,000, due, &c., as per bond.. $5,000

GREENFIELD, David, to Foxvale Realty Co.; Fox St, w s, 333.4 ft n of Longwood Av, 2 lots, each 33.4x100, 2 mtgs, each $3,500, 2 prior mtgs $17,250 each, 1 year, 6%..$7,000

GREENFIELD, David, to Foxvale Realty Co.; Fox St, w s, 400 ft n of Longwood Av, 33.4x100, prior mtg $17,250, 5 years, 6%. $3,400

GOLDHILL REALTY CO. to William Steinberg; Union Av, w s, 39 ft s of 160th St, 79.1x105, prior mtg $86,000, due, &c., as per bond.......$25,000

GALIANI, Giosne, to Annie Mahoney; Rustic Av, e s, 132 ft n of 181st St, 66x150, 5 years.......$4,000

GOODRICH, David M., to U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y.; 71st St, 179 East, 5 years, 4½%. $35,000

HARRY C. BENLINE CONSTRUCTION CO. to James C. Green and another; Vyse Av, w s, 75 ft n of 172d St, 56.3x100, due, &c, as per bond.......$4,250

HEIGHTS TOWN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Title Insurance Co. of New York; Audubon Av, s e corner of 177th St, 99.11x100, 1 year, 6%.......$125,000

HEBBERD, Ella L., to Mary A. Scott; Bathgate Av, e s, 77 ft n of Lot 23, map of Upper Morrisania, —x—x123x67, 3 years.......$3,000

HERRLICH, August J., to Kate Fuessel; Grand Boulevard and Concourse, w s, 411.9 ft s of 179th St, 41.2x107.10x40x119.7, 3 years.......$4,000

HAFT, Annie H., to Franklin Savings Bank; 3d Av, 2,590, e s, 28.3x93x25.4x105.8, 5 years.......$13,000

HAFT, Annie H., to Rosa Haft; 3d Av, e s, 112 ft n of 139th St, 28.3x93, prior mtg $13,000, installments, 6%.......$4,000

HOPPY, Thirza E., (widow,) to Warren B. Sammis; Webster Av, n w corner of 234th St, 106.5x—, due Sept. 27, 1912.......$2,000

INGEBER, Henrietta, to Emilie A. Boyden; Park Av, w s, 100 ft s of Ittner Place, 26x—, 5 years, 6%.......$5,000

JOHN, Anna G., to Henry Bosch; Hoe Av, e s, 110 ft s of Bancroft St, 40x100, prior mtg $23,000, 5 years.......$4,000

JOHN H. SPRINGER REALTY CO. to Martha E. Lockwood, executrix; 123d St, n s, 90.9 ft w of 7th Av, 15.7x100.11, prior mtg $4,000, 1 year.......$7,500

JONES, Henry, to Mary Deeley; St. Nicholas Av, w s, 51.9 ft s of 158th St, 77.8x82.7, due July 1, 1910, 6%.......$4,500

LINDGREN, Carl A., to Dora Wiebke; Travers St, n e s, 51.8 ft s e of Valentine Av, 25.10x 85.9, prior mtg $4,000, 2 years, 6%....$1,500

LANDON, Emily L., to A. S. Cutter; 94th St, 41 West, 5 years, 4½%.......$16,000

LEVY, Marion, to Amalie C. Zentgraf and others, trustees; 131st St, s s, 430 ft e of 7th Av, 20x99.11, prior mtg $12,000, due, &c., as per bond.......$2,500

LEVY, Jacob, to Morris Stone; 107th St, s s, 75 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, prior mtg —, 2 years.......$800

LEVY, Marion, to Rebecca Schwabach; 131st St, 126 West, 20x99.11, 3 years.......$12,000

McRICKARD, Samuel, to Charles Flettner; Creston Av, 2,163, n w corner of 181st St, 26.3x114.9x25x106.9, prior mtg $5,500, 2 years, 6%.......$1,000

MOSS, Nathan, to Chelsea Exchange Bank; 10th Av, 488, e s, 24.8x100, prior mtg $29,500, due, &c, as per bond.......$3,000

MUNSMAN, Augusta, to American Mortgage Co.; Ludlow St, 7, w s, 5 years.......$22,000

REGAN, Elizabeth, to William Peters; Lot 227, amended map of Mapes estate, 2 prior mtgs, 2 years, 6%.......$1,750

RITTER, Bertha, to William Stern; 113th St, 110 West, prior mtg $24,000, 3 years, 6%.......$5,000

ST. JOSEPH'S HOME FOR THE AGED to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 15th St, n s, 162 ft w of 7th Av, 25x103.3; 15th St, 203 to 209 West, n s, 79.8x—; 16th St, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 12x103.3; 16th St, s s, 162 ft w of 7th Av, 25x103.3; 16th St, s s, 137 ft w of 7th Av, 25x103.3; 16th St, 206 West, s w s, 25x103.6; 15th St, n s, 187.2 ft w of 7th Av, 20x103.2; 15th St, n s, 135 ft w of 7th Av, 25x103.3; 7th Av, w s, 33.7 ft n of 15th St, 69.7x—, 5 years, 4½%.......$240,000

STERN, Jacob A., to Elviel Realty Co.; Bryant Av, s w corner of 172d St, 20x100, prior mtg $10,000, installments, 6%.......$3,500

STEEN, Joseph, to Annie T. Murray; Crotona Av, n e corner of Garden St, 70.3x44, 1 year, 5½%.......$8,500

TRUCKENBRODT, Lewis, to Marie Danitz; Lots 57 and 58, map of Lott G. Hunt estate, 1 year, 6%.......$1,000

VASI, Salvatore, and others to Francesco Spinella; Lot 412, map of Section 2 of Bronxview Park, demand, 6%.......$2,000

VOLTTER, Adolph, to American Mortgage Co.; 9th Av, 549, 5 years.......$23,000

WHITNEY, Harry P., to George P. Mason; 5th Av, n e corner of 68th St, 54.11x200, due, &c, as per bond.......$1,000,000

WHITE SEAL REALTY CO. to Annie Jones; Bathgate Av, e s, 100 ft n of 183d St, 50x 115.7, due Oct. 1, 1911.......$4,000

530 WEST 113TH ST. CO. to Jennie Schneider; Insurance Co.; 113th St, s s, 400 ft e of Broadway, 50x91x55x114, due April 1, 1915, 6%.......$125,000

530 WEST 113TH ST. CO. to Jennie Schneider; 113th St, s s, 400 ft e of Broadway, 50x91x 55x114, prior mtg $125,000, demand, 6%... $10,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BROOK AV, 1,504; Joseph Konovitch against Elizabeth Koerner, owner and contractor $101.

MARION AV, e s, 250 ft n of 189th St, 84.8x 130; E. Bailey & Sons against Church of Our Lady of Mercy, owner; Turnbull Construction Co., contractor, $940.

MARION AV, 2,498 to 2,504; Eagle Iron Works against Church of Our Lady of Mercy, owner; Turnbull Construction Co., contractor, $300.

MONTGOMERY ST, 23; Pesach Rosenberg against Louis Weinstein, owner; Samuel Lifshitz, contractor, $180.

PARCEL OF LAND bounded w by Hudson River, n by 134th St, s by 132d St, e by tracks of New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company; Michael Guagenti against Burns Brothers, owners; George Martin, contractor, $225.

TEE TAW AV, n e corner of 188th St, 285x 408.4x irregular to Devoe Terrace; Gustavus M. Roden against Richard M. Montgomery & Co., owner; E. L. Shea Construction Co., contractor; Coelas & Fasselle, subcontractors, $1,748.

115TH ST, 617 West; Dimock & Fink Co. against Wilmot Construction Co., owner; James Plunkitt, contractor, $555.

120TH ST, 109 West; Minnie Brodzak against Matthew Chappelle, owner and contractor, $200.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

SPRING ST, 150; Jacob Steinberg against Max Abramson and others, Jan. 10, 1910, $185.

SPRING ST, 150; Samuel Shanker against Max Abramson and others, Jan. 11, 1910, $220.

SPRING ST, 150; Samuel Adams against Max Abramson and others, Jan. 11, 1910, $200.

2D AV, 329; Stern & Co. against John Smith and others, Nov. 30, 1909, $45.

11TH AV, 598; Sam Margolies against Joseph Wolf and others, Dec. 14, 1909, $155.

130TH ST, s s, 143 ft w of St. Nicholas Av; Kalt Lumber Co. against Central Building Improvement and Investment Co. and others, April 15, 1909, $155.

Lis Pendens.

INDEPENDENCE AV, e s, adjoining land of James C. Sidney, runs s e 298 ft x s w 241.9 ft to Palisade Av, x n — to beginning; Justin Kellogg against Mary Jennette Scoville and others, (accounting, &c.;) attorney, J. Kellogg.

LOTS 229 and 231, map of Hyatt farm, near Woodlawn, Bronx; Minnie Fisher against Adele Goldberg, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lindsay, Kalish & Palmer.

LOT 80, e ¼, e ½, and w ½, map of Olinville, Bronx; Mark Lurie against Abraham Shatzkin and others, (foreclosure of three mortgages;) attorneys, Fischer & Levy.

STANTON ST, 121, and Essex St, 154 and 156; Emily S. Garsido against Sola Roth and others, (amended action to recover possession;) attorney, H. A. Vieu.

WEST BROADWAY, 383 and 385; Maude L. Baring against Golde & Cohen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. H. Sage.

4TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of Avenue D, 25x108; Mary O'Hare, by guardian, against Mary S. Hartmann and others, (partition;) attorney, N. J. O'Connell.

11TH AV, n w corner of 44th St, 25x100; Catharine Cusack against Jacob Bier and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rabe & Keller.

20TH ST, 233 East; Luke D. Stapleton against Mary C. O'Beirne and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Seelman & Farley.

56TH ST, 421 West; Lydia J. Waite and others against Theresa Abelson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. P. Terry.

105TH ST, 105 West; Rosa Frank against Rose T. Levisohn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. H. Hayman.

125TH ST, 161 East; Hurwitz & Finkelstein Iron Works against Joseph Wielar and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Taylor & Fatt.

139TH ST, old, n s, 180.10 ft e of old line of 3d Av, 16.10x100; Gertrude E. Hagan against Mary P. Hagan and others, (action to impress trust, &c.;) attorney, E. J. Flanagan.

188TH ST, s w corner of Bathgate Av, 176x 100; Warren McConihe against Mountain Construction Co. and others, (action to set aside satisfaction of lien, &c.;) attorney, W. McConihe.

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This Company will make first mortgage loans on desirable improved Real Estate
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CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
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Harlem Library, 32 West 123d St.; cozy light apartments of one or two rooms and bath; furnished or unfurnished; rent low, including steam heat, service, and light. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

WEST 86TH ST. 20-foot 4-story house; asking $40,000; bargain. Frank L. Fisher Co., 440 Columbus Av., 81st St.

Two A1 five-story double flats, Edgecombe Av.; all rented; rental $7,728, price $70,000; offers wanted. David, 410 St. Nicholas Av.

King model dwelling, West 139th St.; asking $17,000; offers. David, 410 St. Nicholas Av.

44th, Near 9th.—3-story private, 8 families, $15,500. Chas. McKenna, 147 4th Av.

East Side.

116th, Near Madison.—Plot, improved, with stores, for sale; bargain. Barnett, 81 East 125th St.

Four rooms, kitchenette, bath; steam heat; open fires; rent moderate. 159 E. 33d St.

125th St., Near 3d Av.—Plot 100x100, price $100,000. Chas. McKenna, 147 4th Av.

Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St.

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A SPECIAL BARGAIN
Old age and sickness compel owner to sacrifice elegant 5-story corner, 2 stores; finest section Boston Road.
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Mortgagee will sell four-story double cold-water flat, best part Bay Ridge; will take second mortgage for equity of $7,000; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, Room 707.

Block front, best section Park Slope, where $7 to $10 is guaranteed for room; can be bought cheap; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, Room 707.

Plot 4 lots for sale or exchange, Williamsbridge section. Address Brodil, 1,336 2d Av.

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Parcels in the Midtown section. Henry Hellman, 1 West 34th St.

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Equity $100,000 and $10,000 cash, vacant block front, 8th Av.; also free and clear building where $20,000 or $25,000 cash can be raised; what have you to offer in exchange in line of tenements, houses, or second mortgages? Brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, Room 707.

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St. Mark's Av., (corner Hopkinson,) Brooklyn, 140 feet frontage, will exchange for improved; might add cash. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., Manhattan.

Will trade seven apartment houses, Brooklyn, equity $100,000 over first mortgages; nearby acreage or lots considered. Kenneth W. Nichols, 253 Broadway, Room 205.

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At 20 Cts. Per Square Foot
Light Corner Loft 100 x 100
$2,000 PER ANNUM
(SOUTHWEST CORNER COLUMBUS AVENUE AND 101ST STREET.)
All kinds of manufacturing facilities; high ceiling, with balcony; three elevators. Make appointment with me to show it to you.
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Large and small space for rent opposite (GEORGE BORGFELDT, NEW BUILDING,) 32 Union Square and 104-106 East 16th St. All-night service. A. Brand, Agent, Telephone 5566 Stuyvesant, or your broker.

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FINE RESIDENTIAL PLOTS OR ACREAGE
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Six rooms and bath, $40 to $50.
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Seven rooms and bath, $50 to $65.
Thoroughly modern elevator houses.
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46 EAST 14TH STREET.
Modern loft, 7,000 square feet.
Newly renovated; ready for occupancy.
Good light; all improvements; 4th floor.
$3,000 Per Annum.
Apply L. W. LAPIDUS, 826 Broadway.

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Offices, large, small, all light; rents reasonable.
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Full 20-foot 4-story elegantly decorated private house in the Seventies, with $39,000 all modern improvements. Frank L. Fisher Co., 440 Columbus Av., 81st St.

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81 East 116th.—House, with two attractive stores, to rent together. Owner, 55 West 47th.

Lofts, 10 West 18th; big inducement; 22x90; good light. Duross, 155 West 14th.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

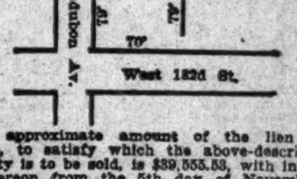
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK —FREDERICK S. ISAAC, plaintiff, against ISAAC MARCUSON and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 6th day of November, 1909, as amended by an order entered on the 31st day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street with the easterly side of Audubon Avenue; running thence northerly along said easterly side of Audubon Avenue seventy-nine (79) feet nine (9) inches; thence easterly and parallel with One Hundred and Eighty-second Street seventy (70) feet; thence southerly again parallel with Audubon Avenue seventy-nine (79) feet nine (9) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street, and thence westerly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street seventy (70) feet, to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, December 31, 1909.
ASHLEY T. COLE, Referee.
LOUIS F. DOYLE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 128 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $39,555.53, with interest thereon from the 5th day of November, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $321.60, with interest from November 6, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is nothing, (taxes, &c., paid to date.)

The property will be sold subject to a first mortgage securing the payment of the sum of $56,000, with interest at 5% per annum from November 1st, 1909.

Dated New York, December 31st, 1909.
ASHLEY T. COLE, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTed executor of the estate of Daniel Asa Blackburn. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to FRANK H. WYMAN, 323 West 83d St.

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COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court:

95—Robert E. Kerfoot, plaintiff, vs. The Farmers and Merchants' Bank et al.—Case submitted.

92—William Cramp & Sons Shipbuilding Company, appellant, vs. The United States.—Argument concluded.

93—Mayo Dyer, plaintiff, vs. The City of Melrose.—Argued.

96—The United States, plaintiff, vs. K. P. Plowman.—Argument commenced.

Day call for Friday: Nos. 96, 58, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—146—Strohmeyer & Arps Co v. U S. 148—U S v. Rich. 149—Same v. La Fetra. 150—Same v. Benziger. 151—Jaeckel v. U S. 133—Zanone v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 154—Crawford Co v. Trainor. 156—U S v. Wile. 157—Morris & Cummings Dredging Co v. Moran Co. 159—In re John Osborn's Sons Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Jury calendar. 82—Lehtoner v. N Y, N H & H R R. 97—McCaffrey v. same. 70—Ferguson v. Cons Rubber Co. 86—Same v. same. 92—Sparrow v. Hurtig. 93—Same v. Weber. 94—Same v. Rush. 103—Same v. Hill. 81—Watkins v. Oceanic S S Co. 10—Frost v. Barber. 76—O'Hara v. C R R of N J. 79—Castronuovo v. Joline. 201—Ward v. Cornell. 106—Haring v. Woman's Hotel Co. 110—Vohl v. Pullman Co. 113—Savage v. L V R R. 116—Leverich v. Cons Stock Ex Bldg Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ray, J.—Equity calendar. 26—Fellows v. Borden's Milk Co. 44—Underwood v. Fox. 2—Welsbach Light Co v. Cohn.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J.—Motion calendar. 1—Conover v. Penn R R. 2—Jacobs v. Petersen Lake. 3—Genl Elec Co v. Chicago F W & Mfg Co. 4—Williamson v. Ortiz. 5—Harper & Bros v. Kalem Co. 6—Courtney v. Knickebocker Trust. 7—Motion Pictures Patents Co v. Laeinule. 8—Cuming v. Stevens Co. 9—Jacobs v. Petersen Lake. 10—Submarine Rock Breaking Co v. Submarine Co. 11—Anatomik Footwear Co v. Coward. 12—Nygatt v. Gill Co. 13—Enslen v. May. 14—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry Co. 15—Clarke v. Walter. 16—Hodge v. Meyer. 17—U S v. U S F & G Co. 18—Strauss v. Am Pub Ass'n. 19—Auerbach v. Intl, &c. 20—Saeger v. Parks. 21—United Tunnel Imp Co v. Int R T Co. 22—Lovell McConnell v. Willis. 23—Campbell v. Magnet. 24—N J Patent Co v. Workman. 25—Addeig v. Tull. 26—Astruc v. Star Co. 27—C A Mezger v. Grossman. 28—Burlingham v. Ormiston.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 27—McWilliams v. Tug Senff.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ.—Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions and non-enumerated motions. 5—Warner v. Roberts. 11—Hutchins v. Hutchins. 39—McLean v. McMurtry. 40—Havemeyer v. City of N Y. 41—Miller v. Quincy. 42—Matter of Edward Brenan. 43—Steigers v. London. 44—Same v. Meryash. 45—Matter of City of N Y. 48—Butterick Pub Co v. Lindon. 49—Ship v. Fridenberg. 50—Swing v. Burke. 51—Levy v. Toyodo. 52—Rellea Farmer Co v. Watson. 55—Spiro v. City of N Y. 56—Prym v. Peck & Mack Co. 57—City of N Y v. N Y Mail and Newsp Transp Co. 58—Stannard v. Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. 59—Cooper v. Wisselthier. 60—Hammerstein v. N Y Press Co. 61—Prym v. Peck & Mack Co. 62—Bilder v. Ellis. 63—Shapiro v. Foley. 64—Mowbray v. Mowbray. 65—Seeman v. Zechnowitz. 66—Moore v. Reinhardt. 67—Jones v. Armenia Ins. Co. 68—Hooper v. Stachelberg. 69—Matter of Delancey St. 70—Walker v. Knights of Columbus. 71—Foote v. Reid. 72—Bloodgood v. Kings Co Trust Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gerard, J.—Litigated motions. 1—White v. White. 2—Davis v. Robin. 3—Stamford Foundry Co. v. Abendroth Brothers. 4—Soper v. Terry & Tench. 5—Martindale v. Vetter. 6—Martin v. McNaught. 7—In re Ellis. 8—State Bank v. Lawyers T I & G Co. 9—In re Curtiss. 10—Schmid v. McKee. 11—Pabst Brew Co v. Koenig. 12—Lepore v. Lepore. 13—Keough v. Lawrence. 14—La Chicotte v. Buck. 15—Zwerman v. Zwerman. 16—Salkin v. Wolf. 17—Makaroff v. Ferrara. 18, 19—Gross v. Elias. 20—In re Morgenthau. 21—Perceval v. Hudson, &c, R R. 22—In re Mount. 23—Imhof v. Terry, &c, Co. 24—Yerby v. Eilperin. 25—Supplementary Spiral Spring Co. v. St. Louis, &c, Co. 26—Osterhoudt v. Driggs. 27—Strates v. Rogow. 28—Russell v. Lautz Co. 29—Lambert v. Tompkins. 30—Sacks v. Sacks. 31—Alexander v. Gulf Co-op Co. 32—Johnson v. Steers. 33—Tongus v. Ferro Concrete Cont Co. 34—Friedman v. Remsen. 35—Soper v. Terry, &c, Co. 36—Seidl v. Kaempfer. 37—Lundberg v. De Rode. 38—In re Howland. 39—In re Am Surety Co. 40—Brodie v. Towne. 41—Strauss v. Nathan. 42—Osterhoudt v. Driggs. 43—Wellman v. Wellman. 44—Thompson Co. v. O'Hare. 45—Lillienthal v. Sherman. 46, 47—Soter v. Rogow. 48—In re Public Park. 49—Hays v. Lambert. 50—Grodsky v. Nacht. 51—Schlessinger v. Mayer. 52—Lamb v. Hall. 53—Beam v. Van Wromer. 54—Soter v. Rogow. 55—Watstein v. Miskend. 56—Sarchan v. Cohen. 57—Havemeyer v. Zoller. 58—Siemann v. N Y Transp Co. 59—People v. Int Graphophone Co. 60—In re Fordham Road. 61—Guaranty Trust Co. v. Edison, &c, Co. 62—Siemann v. N Y Transp Co. 63—In re Lefi & Co. 64, 65—In re Sparrow. 66—George v. U S Lt & Heating Co. 67—Helderberg Cement Co v. Dillman. 68—Sherer v. Kremer. 69—Merrill v. Nevins. 70, 71—Met Trust Co. v. Skitt. 72—Rosenthal v. Davis. 73—Prym v. Peck, &c, Co. 74—Rosenthal v. Ferriss Av Realty Co. 75—Hogan v. Bippart. 76—Schlang v. Ladies' W. M. Union. 77—Starr v. Selleck. 78—Whitman v. Earnscliffe Worsted Mills. 79, 80—Weinfeld v. Mehler. 81—12th Ward Bank v. Ettlinger. 82—Standt v. Schenker. 83—Stewart v. D'Onofrio. 84—Nicholas v. United Mining Co. 85—In re Gude Brothers.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—Motions. Demurrer: 2404—International Tele Co v. Sims. General calendar: 2642—Moore v. Moore. 2798—Secor v. Tradesmen's Nat Bank. 2528—Carroll v. Kane. 2851—Mincho v. Bankers' Life Ins Co. 3465—Moore v. Colby. 3468—Sherman v. Boylan. 3469—Moore v. Smith. 656—Hayes v. N Y Life Ins Co. 2668—Robinson v. Judson. 485—Graham v. Healy. 2457—Dry Dock A A v. Herlihy. 2524—Barasch v. Damm. 2655—Minturn v. Green. 1753—Hawley v. Levee. 2490—N Y Life Ins Co v. Manning. 1470—Brigante v. De Bellis. 430-431—Miller v. Anthony & Scoville Co. 432—Appleton v. same. 433—Same v. Lamoutte. 2507—Diamond v. Chovia Cong. 2749—Stupel v. Sanitary Devices Co. 1215—Miltenberger v. Wolff. 4630—Mercantile Trust Co v. Gimbernat. 2049—Townsend v. Koehler. 2850—Ryttenberg v. City and County Cont Co. 1716—Candee, Smith & Howland Co v. City of N Y. 3823—Rubenstein v. Radt. 1211—Hirsch Lumber Co v. Hubbell.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Goff, J.—Criminal Term. 1—Morris Kay. 2—Eugenia Nikowski. 3—William Ward.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. 6539—Michael Co v. Cavalieri. 5979—Liebovitz & Sons v. Hieber Co. 6480—McDougall v. Nolan. 6551—Lincoln Trust Co v. Nicholas. 6443—Zimmerman v. Siegel. 6478—Friedman v. Korn. 6472—Kurland v. same. 6528—Hemenway v. Stratton. 6538—Wolter v. Dickey. 6106—Neibert v. Citizen's Sav Bank. 6612—Wolf v. Rudinsky.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—McCall, J. 1529—Butler v. Joline. 565—Szatkowski v. Int R T. 1388—Nyman v. Erie R. R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J. Inquest, 2861—Tully v. Doughty. 155—Hurley v. Butler. 2576—Weintraub v. Baldouf. 2848—Middleton v. Reutler. 2905—Dobrozensky v. Hartford Carpet Corp. 2953—Graham v. Green. 2896—McDermott v. City of N Y. 3025—Steinhardt v. Shapiro. 2842—Modea v. Shaw. 3028—Riordan v. Guinness. 2910—Keller v. Am Bottlers' Pub Co. 6506—Galene v. Fleischman Co. 1273—Pfister v. N Y Cont Co. 6022—Bergstein v. McDonald. 2796—Appleyard v. Lohmeyer. 2216—Geraghty v. Degnon Const Co. 2574—Franklin v. City of N Y. 2062—Leeson v. Vlachos. 2584—Galef v. N Y, N H & H R R. 2699—Child v. Fleischman Co. 2727—O'Connor v. City of N Y. 2777—N Y Taxicab Co v. Joline. 1772—Delabarre v. Mills. 2890—Seiler v. Clancy Farm Dairy and Bakery. 2442—Hart v. Whitcomb. 1220—Hoffman v. Rubens. 2860—Appel v. Epstein. 2876—Donnegan v. Am Hotel Victoria Co. 2291—Danziger v. U S Printing Co. 3007—Favorito v. Nat Ice Cream Co. 1909—Shincofsky v. Cook. 6455—Lather v. rett Co. 2868, 2869—Remes Chatis v. Soloman. 2870—Paul v. Thompson & Starrett Co. 2875—Owen v. City of N Y. 2877—Sisson v. N Y Transp Co. 2879—Beardsley v. Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. 2883—Nader v. Brenstock v Bernier. 2884—Silincsky v. Stolts.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—326½—Herletz v. Loeb. 3757—Strauss v. Dilg. 1237—Butler v. Gould. 597—Lyon v. West Side Transfer Co. 1817—McCormack v. City of New York. 1904—Cochrane Mfg Co v. Galland-Cohn-Hall Co. 1216—Am Colortype Co v. Nat Mfrs Co. 1376—Titusville Agency v. City of N Y. 1433—Met Trust Co v. Kilt. 1434—Met Trust Co v. Pierce. 1435—Same v. Montgomery. 1436—Same v. Parks. 1438—Same v. Irwin. 1591—Met Trust Co v. Maran. 1592—Same v. Payne. 2167—Gross v. Leo. 1761—Baker v. Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Co. 832—City of N Y v. Baird. 2108—Tunnicliff v. Gorman. 1459—Chandler v. Buchanan. 1826—Met Trust Co. v. Houston. 1584—Same v. Truax. 2489—Marx v. Kaye. 2790—Springer v. Summit Proofing Co. 1345—Pullen v. Rogers. 6394—Clement v. Murphy. 3232—Signoretti v. Belfiglio. 4708—City of N Y v. Graham-Chisholm Co. 1903—Deutsch v. Kamisky. 272, 274—Cooper v. Olsen. 1406—Stetson v. Seitz. 1364—Bulman v. Roach. 1716—Caughey v. Smith. 6380—Criswell v. Ewing. 3571—Schreiber v. Rosenthal. 3673—Salter v. Hammerstein. 1739—Searing v. Smith. 3785—City of N Y v. Fisk. 3196, 3197—Weil v. Clark. 202—Hallert v. City of N Y. 3691—Juilliard v. Suffern. 2494—Brewer v. McMahon. 1959—Watson v. City of N Y. 2342—Bedat v. Pullman. 1226—Met Printing Co v. Hyde. 2060—Koehler & Co v. Schachner. 819—Mack v. Welch.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Motion calendar, Oscar F Livingston, Ellen Kemberling, Leopold Friedman, Peter Callan, John Quinn, Leopold Hutter, Lydia Davis, Jacob Ottmann, Oscar W Schafer, Ernest G Stedman, Robert B Kelley, William E Annis, Christian Liebers, Henry A Beyer, Simon Leudan, Daniel McGillin, Charles Z Fox, William H Webb, Joseph Naylor, John Farrel, Ellen Hand, George W Adams, S Newton Smith, Helene May Castell, James C McCormick, Otto Blucher, Marks Silverberg, Johanna C Pelsker, John I Hart, Hannah Schiff, Charles F Wilkens, Joseph Stein, Jacob Laux, Mary Meenan, Joseph W Howe, James Leach, Charles W Phipps, Cora B Rawling, Samuel Matchak, Sarah C Isbell, Martin H Ray, Melatiah E Dwight, Samuel B Clarke. Wills for probate. Christie Kuhl, Wm M Laffan, Elizabeth Hawthorn, Ellen Wily, Sarah E Allison, Emily C Kavanagh, David Christie, Rose Bernstein, Albert Bertuch, Mary Macdonald.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S.—Contested will. Francis C Taylor.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Donnelly, J.; Part II., Smith, J.; Part III., Lynch, J.; Part V., Schmuck, J.; Part VI., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J.—Calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 6009—Rose v. Muller. 6012—Olshever v. Tischler. 3481—Silverman v. Skolney. 2643—Grill v. Gutfreund. 759—Kovner v. Barnard. 463—Ehrensall v. Hirschorn. 5679—Bellmer v. Higgins & Seiter. 780—Feeney v. Jacobson. 5630—Ehrich v. Hammerslough. 4725—Rosin v. Hamil. 3493—Young v. Hubert. 5723—Levittas v. Hart. 6013—Dwyer v. Ess Eff Realty Company. 6021—Berkowitz v. Schlanger. 4986—Korenman v. Blauner. 5477—Sheridan v. Breakwater Co. 6763—Fraser v. Russo. 1643—Stang v. Brekes. 5990—Gollubier v. N Y C & H R R R. 762½—Zets v. Wendler. 6046—Cesa v. Joline. 6047—Mane v. Joline. 6050—Talcott v. Rosenthal. 6051—Bjorkegren v. Kirk. 6052—Wolff v. Frankenstein. 6053—Mezel v. Stifka. 6054—Samuels v. Eckenroth. 6055—Synnott v. Shoemaker. 6029—Delahaye Import Co v. Frawley. 6032—Hoops v. Lamar. 6033—Waldman v. Whitridge. 6035—Atkins v. Peckworth. 6037—B & H Motor Car Co v. Waley. 6040—Alamo v. E & J Marrin Co. 6041—Fonrow v. Bloom. 6042—Fonrow v. Chilton. 6043—Wiederman v. Goldberg. 6061—Goldberg v. Westcott Express Co. 6064—Cushing v. Hahn. 6065—Weisl v. Sheridan. 6066—Schunemann v. Linch. 6067—Herrmann v. Joline. 6068—Cina v. Moulton Stable Co. 6069—Mufson v. Bowery Bank. 6070—Mufson v. Bowery Bank. 6072—Stegman v. Schnitzer.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Green, J.—Short causes. 1733—Roskoph v. Cohen. 1710—Fishel v. Scheftels. 1671—M Bowsky F D & D Co v. Gross. 1705—Mugler's Iron Works v. Schneider. 1729—Sadler v. Lennon. 1519—Thompson v. Levitan. 1732—Greenbaum v. Gerle. 1745—Dempster v. Erkins Co. 1747—Slade v. Siegel. 1653—Bochdam v. Supreme Lodge K of P. 1680—Barbasch v. Poras. 1722—Sill v. Sill. 1750—Beck v. Hammerstein. 1633—Leavitt v. Hessel. 1694—Schenker v. Dressner. 1654—Rendall v. Bloom. 1679—Sachs v. Ongley. 1659—U S Trust Co v. Curnick. 1621—Stephan v. Stephan. 1644—Bruce v. Spencer. 1652—Turner v. Waterman. 1647—Shussler v. Hudson Auto Co. 1640—Simon v. Hamburg. 1570—Briggs v. Middleditch Co. 1693—Sanitary F P & C Co v. Gumbleton. 1598—Schnee v. Mountain Const Co. 1626—Ball v. Weeks. 1696—Calendar v. Kohn. 1698—Schmidt v. Hottenroth. 1706—Terry v. Lucas. 1707—Automobile Utilities Co v. Williams Sales Co. 1709—Levine v. Gallo. 1710—Fischel v. Scheftels. 1623—Davis v. Freudemacher. 1611—Glatzer v. Zimetbaum. 1736—Pendleton v. Jones. 1734—Adlerman v. Phila Casualty Co. 1740—Radin v. Elman. 1510—Trauth v. McAloon. 1748—Schutte v. Watson. 1756—Crawford v. Kobler.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Roth v. Koslow—Frederick R. Rich. Wild v. Marx—Colin McLennan. Best v. Mountshannon Realty Co.—Crowley Wentworth. Heinz v. Harenburger—Frederick S. Rauber. In re Feldhusen Co.—William Klein.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Liebertz v. Haberstral—Denis O'L. Cohalan. In re J. B. Hackett Co.—Daniel F. Cohalan. In re Hare—Paul L. Kiernan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Lyden J. Waite v. Theresa Abelson—Nathan Fernbacher.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, J.—Singer Sewing Machine Co. v. Harry Finkelstein—Robert W. Maloney.

Brooklyn Calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Sutherland, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Kapper, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J.; Part VII., Garretson, J. 7170—D'Agostino v. Moody R E Co. 1808—Hutter v. Immel. 2226—Goldstein v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2230—Zwinge v. Dunn. 2234—Powers v. Levering & Garriguez Co. 2244—Michaelson v. Hogan. 2247—Nicholas v. Atlantic Stevedoring Co. 2248—Griffin v. Higgins. 2250—Francois v. B H R R. 2252—Semptimus v. Nassau R R. 6186—Wetzel v. Siet. 905—Freiss v. L I Traction Co. 7521—Jenkins v. Lafayette Trust Co. 7416—Rubin v. Rubin-Blankfert Co. 1697—Werback v. City of N Y. 7539—Talshoff v. Coyne et al. 6663—Williamsburg Trust Co v. Scharfenberg. 7385—Henry v. Hudson & Manhattan R R. 6397—Humbert v. Empire Wire Co. 3844—Fairfield v. Campbell. 7601—Johanson v. B H R R. 1612—Jones v. same. 6930—Kreusch v. Werther et al. 1815—Monahan v. Orr Co. 1373—Goldberg v. Kronenberg. 1510—Kraemer v. Welz & Zerweck. 2260—Finkelstein v. B H R R. 2261—Brewster v. Board of Education. 2264—Quinn v. Ketcham. 7622—Christensen v. B H R R. 7148—Rosenthal v. Heller. 7375—Atlantic Terra Cotta Co v. Grant. 6321—Culp v. City of N Y. Highest number reached on regular call, 2265. No reserve calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Hirschberg, Woodward, Thomas, Rich, Carr, JJ. 17, N E—Mal v. McNally Co. 37, N E—Oishei v. N Y Taxicab Co. 92, E—Bacon v. N Y & H R R R.

COUNTY COURT—Part II., Dike, J.—Appeals from Magistrates courts. People, &c., v. Sullivan. People, &c., v. Selesnitzky. Actions triable by the courts without a jury: 1185—Carll v. Richman, (continued.) 1186, 1187, 1188—Suydam v. Richman. 1203, 1204, 1205—Ashner v. Manning. 1200—Martin v. Barashick. 1209—McDonald v. Spencer. 1206—Union Bank v. Schneider. 1210—Eastman v. Horne.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J.—29—Smith v. Mount Vernon Heights Realty Co. 61—Lynt v. Lynt. 32—Runyon et al v. Josiah Giffee, M M E Church. 46—Armour v. Fraade. 47—Armour v. Fraade. 48—Armour v. Fraade. 49—Armour v. Fraade. —McNulty v. McNulty. 16—Valentine v. Valentine. —Rae v. Rae.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Frank Sebusky. People v. Henry Lewis.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 605—Fitzgerald v. Cadillac Hotel Co et al. 162—Raffel v. Village of Mamaroneck. 160—Tompkins v. MacDonald. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 186—Taylor v. African M E Church of N Y. 218—Bard v. Carr. 244—Kowronski v. Sheets. 248—Kureca v. Abendroth Brothers.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Police Building, Long Island City—Humphrey, J.—78—Ferber v. Norton. 107—Savine v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 135, 136—Demola v. Hutchins. 137—Hart v. B H R R Co. 139—Firma v. Same. 140—Berner v. Same. 142—Kings Co Iron Foundry v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co. 144—Wexler v. Hand. 146—Beckhaus v. Schickler. 79—Peterson v. B H R R Co. 94—Dotson v. Stewart. Balance of calendar passed for the day. Highest number reached on calendar is 146.

COUNTY COURT—Special Term—Police Building, Long Island City—Humphrey, J.—Baker v. Thurston. Petrucci v. Avaloni. Yeager v. Wilkens.

Richmond.

COUNTY COURT—35—Bachmann v. City of New York.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Capt. H. C. Merriam, Coast Artillery, will visit Fort Jackson and Fort St. Philip to inspect those posts.

Col. R. K. Evans, Twenty-eighth Infantry, is designated as executive officer of the National match for 1910.

Capt. C. W. Wesson, Ordnance, will visit Schenectady to inspect material.

Capt. W. P. Platt, Ordnance, to Fort Winfield Scott to inspect armament.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander E. McCauley, Jr., to the Louisiana.

Lieut. J. P. Murdock to navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Vestal at Guantanamo, Flusser at Knight's Key, Wilmington and Callao at Hongkong.

No sailings.

ONE SURE WAY.

The old method of house to house canvass to find furnished rooms not only takes time, but is doubtful of success in the end. The best way, from every standpoint, to find desirable furnished rooms and boarding houses is to read the advertisements on the Want Page of The New York Times. Or advertise your want.

PLAN FOR LACKAWANNA STEEL

Speyer & Co. to Underwrite a New Issue of $20,000,000 Bonds.

The Lackawanna Steel Company in connection with the provision to be made for its $15,000,000 notes which mature on March 1 has arranged a comprehensive financial plan providing for the issuance of $20,000,000 of new bonds to be offered to stockholders and underwritten by a syndicate headed by Speyer & Co.

A special stockholders' meeting will be held on Feb. 15 to act on the plan. It is proposed to offer $10,000,000 new first mortgage consolidated 5 per cent. bonds and $10,000,000 five-year 5 per cent. convertible gold debentures. The first mortgage bonds are to be convertible into common stock, dollar for dollar, at the option of the holders at any time between March 1, 1912, and March 1, 1922. The debentures will be convertible at the option of the holders on any interest day after March 1, 1912, into 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock.

The $10,000,000 of first consolidated mortgage bonds are to be Series A under a mortgage providing for a total issue of $35,000,000, of which $15,000,000 are to be reserved to take up existing first mortgage bonds and $10,000,000 are to be reserved for future issue for improvements.

This new financing, the bankers interested stated yesterday, will not result in any increase in the company's fixed charges. The statement of earnings for the six months ended Dec. 31 shows total income of $3,271,879, an increase of $1,943,168 over the corresponding period of 1908, and a surplus for the six months, after the payment of interest and other charges, of $1,268,737, an increase of $1,549,514. Unfilled orders of the company on Dec. 31, 1909, amounted to 467,533 tons, compared with 205,236 tons at the close of 1908.

TO EXTEND BOSTON & MAINE.

Massachusetts Legislature Is Asked to Sanction Plans for Changes.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—A petition asking for the creation by the Legislature of a metropolitan commission, which shall take over the stock of the Boston & Maine Railroad now held by the Boston Railroad Holding Company, and the stock of the Fitchburg Railroad now held by the Boston & Maine Company, was filed in the House to-day by Herbert F. Keith. For this purpose it is proposed that the commission shall utilize the proceeds of the three per cent. bonds of the Boston & Maine Railroad now in the State treasury.

By the proposed legislation the new commission would extend the Central Massachusetts-Division of the Boston & Maine through southwestern Massachusetts to make connection with lines to New York and the West; acquire the so-called Park Square property, formerly occupied by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, for terminal purposes; construct a two-track railroad from South Framingham to the State property in South Boston, and plan and construct a system of docks on this property for transatlantic commerce.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THERE IS
ABSOLUTELY
NO SNOW
IN
Atlantic City
Where Bracing Salt Air and Warm Sunshine Await You.
THE LEADING HOUSES:
Galen Hall — Seaside House
Haddon Hall — Hotel Traymore
Marlborough-Blenheim
The Pennhurst — Chalfonte
Hotel St. Charles — Hotel Dennis

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING
Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season.
(EXTENDING FROM DECEMBER TO JUNE)
The house holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and a la Carte dining Rooms. Exquisite music. Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres. Ownership Management
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL RUDOLF
One of the largest and most modern beachfront hotels. American and European plans. No extra charge for sea or fresh water baths. Special Winter rates now in effect.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.
N.Y. booking office, Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway.

HOTEL IROQUOIS
So. Carolina Av. and the beach. Cap. 400. Complete in every detail. Private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Special—$12 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

SEASIDE HOUSE
Directly on the Ocean Front.
Sea water baths. Open all the year.
F. P. COOK'S SONS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

THE EDGEMERE
EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY.
(30 minutes from New York).
An exclusive, refined family hotel, exquisitely furnished; elevator service; telephone and bath with each room or suite; cuisine and service the very best.
W. H. CULBERT, Owner and Manager.

VIRGINIA.

OLD POINT COMFORT,
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN,
THE COMPLETE YEAR-ROUND RESORT.
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Dancing,
Military Drills, Naval Manoeuvres.
The most magnificent sea water swimming pool in America.
A COMPLETE SYSTEM OF MEDICINAL BATHS, RECOMMENDED BY EMINENT PHYSICIANS.
Reservations and all information at Hotel Chamberlin office, 1,122 Broadway, 'phone, 1872—Madison Square; or address
GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

BERMUDA.

BERMUDA
Hamilton Hotel
CAPACITY 600.
Enlarged and Improved. Stone and Concrete Construction Throughout
W. A. BARRON, Manager.
New York Office,
389 FIFTH AVE., also 1180 BROADWAY

NEW YORK—Tarrytown.

Dr. Disbrow Home Rest Sanitarium, Tarrytown, N. Y.—All cases; (nervous, liquor, drug specialty); testimonials.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HERMITAGE
Times Square, 42d St. and 7th Av.
GENTLEMEN'S CAFE and GRILL
and
LADIES' RESTAURANT
SUNDAY DINNER 5.30 to 9 P.M. $1.00
After Theatre Supper Specialties.
EDOUARD VARNIER ORCHESTRA.

EXCURSIONS.

Grand Winter Tours
TO SUNNY
CALIFORNIA
Parties will leave frequently for California and visit Riverside, Redlands, San Diego, Pasadena, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz, Monterey, San José, San Francisco, etc. The return journey includes the Sierra Nevada by daylight, Salt Lake City, the Gorges and Canons of Colorado, Denver, Manitou Springs and the Garden of the Gods. Leisurely sojourns will be made at the various places. Business men and their families and ladies can see all important points without waste of time, traveling luxuriously under escort of experienced conductors the entire trip. Stop-over privileges. Tickets nine months' limit.
OTHER TOURS To Florida, Cuba Nassau, Porto Rico, Mexico, Mardi Gras Carnival, Japan, Around the World, Europe, etc.
Railroad and Steamship Tickets Everywhere. Send for book, mentioning information desired.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.
225 Fifth Ave., New York. Tel. 6270 Madison Sq.
Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Chicago, etc.

CRUISE TO
WEST INDIES
The Quebec Steamship Co.'s Mail Steamship "Guiana" leaves New York February 10 for a delightful Cruise of about 28 days, calling at the islands of St. Thomas, St. Kitts, Barbados and other islands and Demerara.
$130 and up.

BERMUDA
From New York EVERY WEDNESDAY, twin-screw S. S. "Bermudian" (5,530 tons). EVERY SATURDAY twin-screw S. S. "Oceana" (8,000 tons). Perfect Service.
TOURS to the ORIENT
Our Annual Parties are nearing completion. Several dates still open. Telegraphic application necessary.
70 TOURS TO EUROPE and the PASSION PLAY at OBERAMMERGAU.
Usual Independent railroad and steamship tickets everywhere. COOK'S Travelers Cheques Good Throughout the World.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave., (Windsor Arcade), N. Y.

LOUISIANA
Winter Resorts
ON LINE OF
Southern Pacific
SUNSET ROUTE
New Orleans to San Francisco
Choice of Routes from East
L. H. NUTTING, G. E. P. A., 1158-366-1 B'way.

Go To Bermuda
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S.S.Oceana, 8000 Tons
S.S.Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels
Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or
QUEBEC S. S. COMPANY, LTD., QUEBEC.

COOK'S TOURS
Travelling Expenses Included.
FLORIDA — BY RAIL OR STEAMER. — 18 DAYS
CALIFORNIA — TOURS DE LUXE. — 37 DAYS
HAVANA & MEXICO — SEA TRIPS. — 28 DAYS
Returning via New Orleans.
WASHINGTON — 3 to 6 DAYS. — $12 UP
Frequent Departures. Superior Arrangements.
SEND FOR PROGRAM DESIRED.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1,200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave., (Windsor Arcade,) N. Y.
Independent Travel Tickets With or Without Hotel Accommodation.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY R. M. S. P.
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Clyde........Jan. 22 | Nile..........Feb. 19
Ortona.......Feb. 5 | Tagus........Mar. 5
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up.
SANDERSON & SON, G.P.&F.A., 22 State St., N. Y.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 6:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 18, East River.

3 Delightful CRUISES
16 AND 28 DAYS
$85 AND $150 UP
VENEZULA,
SPANISH MAIN,
PANAMA CANAL
BY THE STEAMSHIP MOLTKE
(12,500 TONS.)
LARGEST VESSEL EVER SENT TO THE WEST INDIES
LEAVES NEW YORK
JANUARY 22 —AT— 8 A. M.
FEBRUARY 22
MARCH 24
WEST INDIES
21 years' experience in arranging and conducting cruises insures efficient management.
ALSO CRUISES TO THE ORIENT AND SOUTH AMERICA.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
CRUISES DE LUXE
ORIENT
FROM NEW YORK JAN. 29, 1910
By S. S. CINCINNATI 17,000 TONS.
80 DAYS $325 UP
WEST INDIES
By S. S. MOLTKE 12,500 TONS.
16 and 28 Days $85 and $150 Up
FROM NEW YORK (JAN. 22, 8 A.M.), FEB. 22, MAR. 24, 1910.
South America
By S. S. BLUECHER 12,500 TONS.
From N. Y., Jan. 22, 10 A. M.
81 DAYS COST $350 UP
REGULAR SERVICES
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg
S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS.
Leaving New York Feb. 12, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
*Pres. Lincoln, Jan. 29, 9AM | §Graf Waldersee...Feb. 26
*Pres. Grant.......Feb. 5 | †Kais'n Aug. Vic..Mch. 5
†Amerika.........Feb. 12 | *Pres. Lincoln....Mch. 12
§Pennsylvania.....Feb. 19 | *Pres. Grant......Mch. 19
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.
Italy AND THE Nile
CONVENIENTLY REACHED BY OUR
Mediterranean Service
The splendid, large steamships CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, 10 A. M., HAMBURG, Feb. 15, March 29; BATAVIA, March 8, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa (with occasional calls at the Azores and Madeira Islands). Excellent connection with steamers of Hamburg & Anglo-American Nile Co.'s services up the Nile through EGYPT.
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

Cunard Cruises TO ITALY Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar
Offer the unsurpassed in Luxurious and Comfortable Ocean Travel
By the great 20,000 ton steamers
"CARMANIA" Jan. 22, Mar 5
"CARONIA" Feb. 19.
Largest triple-screw turbine in the World
"SAXONIA" Feb. 5, Mar. 19
Twin-Screw, 14,300 tons
For Full Particulars and Reservations apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
New York, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, Toronto and Montreal, or Local Agents.
CONTINUING TO EGYPT AND FIUME

THE S. S.
BLUECHER
SAILS JAN. 22, 10 A. M.
ON A PLEASURE CRUISE TO
South America
CALLING AT
WEST INDIES
BRAZIL
ARGENTINE
URUGUAY
CHILI AND THE
STRAITS OF MAGELLAN
81 DAYS of delightful travel COST FROM $350 UP
A limited number of passengers will be taken to some of the ports en route.
Send for booklets and information.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Campania......Jan. 26 | Campania.....Feb. 16
Umbria.........Feb. 2 | Umbria........Feb. 23
Mauretania....Feb. 9 | Mauretania...Mar. 2
To Italy & Egypt — THREE SPECIAL CRUISES.
CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Jan. 22—Feb. 19—March 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
SAXONIA TO ITALY; Feb. 5—Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Carmania.Jan.22, noon | Pannonia.....Feb. 12
Saxonia..Feb. 5, noon | Caronia.......Feb. 19
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Philadelphia. Jan. 22 | New York.....Feb. 5
*Oceanic......Jan. 29 | *Adriatic.....Feb. 12
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N.R.
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.
Min'apolis.Jan.29, 9:30 AM | Min'waska, Feb. 12
Minnetonka, Feb. 5, 2 PM | Minnehaha, Feb. 19
Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
New York—Antwerp—Paris
New Mammoth S. S. Lapland
Saturday, Jan. 22, 11 A. M.
Glass-enclosed Promenade, Verandah Cafe, Lounge, Elevator, Orchestra, Shop, Wireless.
Lapland. (new).Jan.22, 11 AM | Vaderland.Feb.9
Finland..............Feb. 2 | Zeeland.Feb. 16
White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic, Jan. 22, 2 PM | Laurentic (new).Feb. 5
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
†Philadel.Jn.22, 10AM | †N.York, Feb. 5, 10 AM
Oceanic.Jan.29, 10 AM | †Adriatic.Feb.12.10AM
†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY & EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.
Cretic..............................Jan. 29, March 12
Celtic, (20,904).................Feb. 2, March 16
Cedric, (21,035 Tons).......................Feb. 16
Romanic..........................Feb. 26, Apr. 2
Canopic..........................March 24, May 4
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

19 DAY CRUISE
TO ITALY BY THE S. S.
CINCINNATI
LEAVING NEW YORK Jan 29, 10 A.M. $95 UP
CALLING AT
MADEIRA Stay 30 hours
CADIZ Stay 10 hours (Seville-Granada)
GIBRALTAR Stay 41 hours
MALAGA Stay 40 hours
ALGIERS Stay 26 hours
GENOA Arrive Feb. 17.
Only a limited number of berths available for this portion of our grand 80-day cruise to the Orient.
An Exceptional Opportunity.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

North German Lloyd
Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.
Kronprinz Wm.Jan. 25 | K. Wm. der Gr.Mar. 8
K. Wm. der Gr.Feb. 8 | Cecilie.........Mar. 22
BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.
Zieten..........Jan. 27 | *G. Washington.Feb. 24
Roon............Feb. 10 | Rhein.........March 3
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
*Berlin (new)..Jan. 29 | K. Albert.....Feb. 12
†Gr. Kurfuerst..Feb. 5 | Barbarossa...Feb. 26
*Omits Algiers. †Orient Cruise.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

24 DAYS' TRIP TO WEST INDIES $135
LEAVES NEW YORK Jan. 21, 2 P. M.
By NEW S. S.
PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH
Calls at Montego Bay, Kingston, Savanilla, Cartagena, Jacmel, Aux Cayes, and Jeremie. Stop-over allowed at Jamaica.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO JAMAICA.
These delightful trips (alternating with a 25-day cruise at $140), leave New York every week. SEND FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK FOR NAPLES, NICE, AND MARSEILLES. DIRECT OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECK. $70 UP. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. SPECIAL MEDITERRANEAN YACHTING CRUISE 59 DAYS. LVE. NEW YORK JAN. 29TH. MARSEILLES, SICILY, ATHENS, SYRIA, HOLY LAND, EGYPT, NAPLES, N. Y., $399.50. WRITE FOR BOOKLET.
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 23 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S 12th ANNUAL CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19.
TO THE ORIENT
By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK.
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions, Hotels, &c. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, &c. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, &c.
Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California, Jan. 22, 3 P. M. | Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A.M.
Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | California, Feb. 19, 3 P. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR, (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

HOLLAND - AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Noordam....Feb. 1, 9 AM | Potsdam.........Feb. 22
Statendam...Feb. 8, 9 AM | Noordam........Mar. 1
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:19 | Sun sets..5:02 | Moon sets..3:47

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:55	4:39	10:28	10:33
Governors Island	4:25	5:02	11:05	11:12
Hell Gate	6:15	6:52	12:00	12:47

Arrived—Thursday, Jan. 20.

SS Matapan, Havre, Jan. 4.
SS Raithwaite, Porman, Dec. 29.
SS Helapan, Santa Marta, Jan. 13.
SS Barnton, Nuevitas, Jan. 14.
SS Oceana, Bermuda, Jan. 18.
SS Indianapolis, Guantanamo, Jan. 13.
SS Telesfora, Clenfuegos, Jan. 13.
SS Proteus, New Orleans, Jan. 15.
SS Concho, Galveston, Jan. 14.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Jan. 17.
SS F. J. Luckenbach, New Orleans, Jan. 12.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Jan. 19.
SS Dunfeld, Boston, Jan. 19.
SS Manzanillo, Mantanzas, Jan. 15.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, Jan. 18.
SS Indrasamha, Boston, Jan. 19.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Manzanillo, Tampico	——	1:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Monroe, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Carmania, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Baltic, Liverpool	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow	——	3:00 P.M.
Lapland, Antwerp	——	11:00 A.M.
Seminole, Haiti	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Bluecher, South America	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Moltke, West Indies	——	8:00 A.M.
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sarnia, Colon	9:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Clyde, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Maracas, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Kenley, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Saramacca, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Iroquois	London	Jan. 4
Clara	Oran	Jan. [illegible]
Atlanta	Oran	Jan. [illegible]
Saba	Trinidad	Jan. 12
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Jan. 13
President Lincoln	Boulogne	Jan. 9
Athinai	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Celtic Prince	New Orleans	Jan. 13
Zeiten	Bremen	Jan. 8
Marianne	Fiume	Dec. 30
Germania	Naples	Dec. 8
Re d'Italia	Palermo	Jan. 8
Panama	Cristobal	Jan. 15
Merida	Havana	Jan. 18
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Jan. 18
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Campania	Liverpool	Jan. 15
Cincinnati	Hamburg	Jan. 13
Touraine	Hamburg	Jan. 13
African Prince	Shields	Jan. 5
Somelsdyk	Rotterdam	Jan. 8
Cuyahoga	Algiers	Jan. 7
Prins Willem IV	Haiti	Jan. 17
Cymric	Liverpool	Jan. 12
DUE SUNDAY.		
Celtic	Liverpool	Jan. 13
Napolitan Prince	Rotterdam	Jan. 8
San Giorgio	Naples	Jan. 10
Marina	Antwerp	Jan. 8
Seguranca	Santiago	Jan. 17
Antilla	Cienfuegos	Jan. 17
Benedict	Para	Jan. 11
Ancon	Cristobal	Jan. 16
City of Columbus	Savannah	Jan. 20
Nueces	Galveston	Jan. 17
El Cid	Galveston	Jan. 17
Jefferson	Norfolk	Jan. 22

Reported by Wireless.

SS Touraine, incoming from Havre, was reported by Marconi wireless 1,145 miles east of Sandy Hook at 2:45 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday morning.

SS Cymric, incoming from Liverpool, was reported by Marconi wireless 725 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, about 6 P. M. Satrday.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Southampton, Jan. 20.
SS Savoie, at Havre, Jan. 20.
SS Cedric, at Naples, Jan. 19.
SS Avon, at Porto Rico, Jan. 20.
SS Foxton Hall, at Valparaiso, Jan. 20.
SS Capac, at Valparaiso, Jan. 20.
SS Delaware, at Liverpool, Jan. 19.
SS Rheinfels, at Batavia, Jan. 19.
SS Katuna, at Taku, Jan. 20.
SS Dacre Castle, at Hodeidah, Jan. 19.
SS Welsh Prince, at Shanghai, Jan. 19.

Sailed.

SS New York, from Queenstown, Jan. 20.
SS Minnetonka, from London, Jan. 20.
SS Hazelwood, from Montevideo, Jan. 19.
SS Prometheus, from Rotterdam, Jan. 19.
SS Vasari, from Rio Janeiro, Jan. 19.
SS Canning, from Santos, Jan. 17.
SS Luisiana, from Naples, Jan. 15.
SS Roma, from Palermo, Jan. 16.
SS Ucayali, from Para, Jan. 17.
SS Napo, from Barbados, Jan. 18.

Passed.

SS Excelsior, New York for ———, passed the Lizard.

SS Duca degli Abruzzi, New York for Naples, passed Sagres.

SS Kroonland, New York for Antwerp, passed Brow Head.

SS Exeter City, New York for Bristol, passed Fastnet.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Ning Chow	Jan. 21	6:30 [illegible]
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Tacoma)—Tacoma Maru	Jan. 23	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Moana	Jan. 23	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—China	Jan. 27	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Jan. 28	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Jan. 31	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Feb. 4	6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Century	Feb. 6	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—An area of low barometric pressure that extends from the lake region southwardly to the Gulf of Mexico has been attended by general precipitation.

This storm is advancing rapidly eastward and the rain area attending it will overspread the East during Friday.

Temperature has risen somewhat in the East and fallen considerably in the Mississippi Valley, but no unusually low temperatures are reported from any part of the country.

The weather will become unsettled and be followed by rain Friday in the Middle North Atlantic States, and the temperature in these districts will be considerably lower by Friday night and on Saturday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk south, shifting to west; Middle and South Atlantic Coasts, brisk and possibly high southeast shifting to northwest.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have brisk and high southeast winds shifting to west and northwest, unsettled weather and rain followed by fair to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Unsettled and probably rain Friday, colder by night; Saturday, fair and colder, except snow in northern portion; brisk, possibly high south, shifting to west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled with rain Friday, colder by night; Saturday, fair and colder; brisk and possibly high south shifting to west and northwest winds.

New England—Unsettled, probably followed by rain Friday; Saturday, generally fair and colder; brisk south shifting to west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	23	30	4 P. M.	40	46
6 A. M.	22	30	6 P. M.	40	45
9 A. M.	23	34	9 P. M.	36	41
12 M.	37	42	12 P. M.	33	40

This thermometer is 106 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 38; for the corresponding date last year it was 31; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 39; at 8 P. M. it was 41. Maximum temperature 46 degrees at 3 P. M., minimum 30 degrees at 1:30 A. M. Humidity 67 per cent. at 8 A. M., 75 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Jan. 13, on Columbus Av., between 92d and 98th Sts., 98th St. to Amsterdam Av., 99th to Broadway, Broadway to 101st St., small mesh purse, containing small amount of change, and two rings; one three-stone jade and one small diamond; reward if returned to J. De Freest, 8 West 92d St.

A.—Diamond chain, set in platinum, lost in or near New Theatre, or Madison, Amsterdam and 76th St., Jan. 14; liberal reward. Apply Hugo Baer, 3 Maiden Lane.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. A139 FOR TEN (10) shares of preferred stock, and Nos. A139, A141, A192 for ten (10), three (3), and seven (7) shares respectively of common stock of the National Rice Milling Company, incorporated under the laws of the State of New Jersey, in the name of E. V. Douglas, not indorsed. Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate certificates should not be issued. M. G. DOUGLAS, Administrator, &c., No. 472 Bullitt Bldg., Philadelphia, Penn.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

LOST—In the neighborhood of Broadway, 6th Av., 44th and 42d Sts., wallet containing letter of credit, steamer ticket, and money, for which liberal reward is offered. Address Room 1,164, Fifth Avenue Building, Madison Square.

LOST—Between 23d and 14th Sts. and 5th Av., small purse containing four rings, solitaire diamond, solitaire pearl, diamond and emerald, blood stone seal ring; liberal reward; no questions asked. Banks, 223 West 49th St.

LOST—A fur scarf, Tuesday night, Jan. 18, on 42d St., between 5th and Madison Avs., or 54th St., between Madison and Lexington Avs.; suitable reward for its return. E. M. Gottshall, Hotel Seymour, 44 West 45th St.

LOST—OPERA GLASSES.
Astor Theatre, Monday, 17th inst., at seat J 101; glasses in green leather case.
LIBERAL REWARD
for return to A. N., 7 Washington Place.

LOST—In taxicab, night of Dec. 5, a brooch; two wings, pearl studded, diamond in centre, between Murray's Cafe and 14th St., Subway, or taxicab at Atlantic Av., Brooklyn; reward. Notify V 147 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Lady's silver purse, cash inside and railroad passes on Erie Railroad and Hudson Tunnel, Saturday evening, Broadway, between 88th St. and 45th St. Reward if returned to Charles E. Otis, 24 Broad St.

LOST—Between East 86th St. and 5th Av. and 90th St. and Madison Av., lady's small handbag marked R. B.; no intrinsic value; prized because of associations; $25 reward. 225 5th Av., Room 1,111.

LOST—On Broadway, between 45th and 46th Sts., gold handbag, containing small purse, silver pencil, and ten trip ticket Erie R. R. G. A. Helms, 100 Washington Square.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, an antique silver necklace, between 31st and 35th Sts., 5th Av., and Garrick Theatre. Reward if returned to Irving Press, 121 East 31st St.

LOST—In Hudson Tunnel train, between 23d St. and Hoboken, on Jan. 19, about 5:15 P. M., a black lynx rug muff; reward. Return to Holmes, 41 Worth St., New York.

LOST—Ermine muff; getting off West Farms express at Grand Central at 6:15 P. M.; $15 reward if returned to office of Bretton Hall, 86th St. and Broadway.

LOST—Gold locket, with solitaire diamond centre and monogram, "L. L. B.," back; mother's picture inside; liberal reward. Bonheur, 114 East 56th St.

LOST—Pearl and diamond earring, 44th St., between Seymour and Algonquin Hotels; $25 reward. Return Seymour Hotel office; no questions asked.

LOST—Bank book No. 22728 on Brevoort Savings Bank, corner Macon St. and Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; payment stopped; please return to bank.

LOST—Probably on Broadway, near 41st St., a gold pin set with a single turquoise. Finder please return to Crosby Co., 1,457 Broadway; reward.

LOST—Monogram fob H. L., between Rogers's restaurant and Hippodrome Theatre. Call at Hotel Wellington and receive reward. Hugo Loewy.

LOST—Lady's silver watch, closed case; inscription inside, "Mabel: Grace be to you, and peace"; reward. M. Doig, 539 East 187th St.

LOST—Alaska sable neck scarf in Macy's about 11 A. M., Thursday. Reward for return to Mrs. Waldo, 302 Central Park West.

LOST—A solitaire diamond, between Martin's and Stuyvesant Theatre. Reward if returned to Apartment 8, 50 East 96th St.

LOST—Pointed fox muff in Wallack's Theatre or hansom to Waldorf-Astoria; $15 reward. Return to Pollock, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Gold chain bracelet, set with three red stones and five small charms attached; suitable reward. V 157 Times, Times Square.

LOST—On Thursday, Spalding's, 42d St., gold mesh bag, containing $8; suitable reward; no questions. Miss Wood, 159 West 45th St.

LOST OR STOLEN—Bankbook No. 918,713 of the Bowery Savings Bank; payment stopped; please return book to bank, 128 Bowery.

LOST—On Saturday, lady's gold watch with fraternity fob; monogram, "E. B. S."; reward. C. W. Millard, 25 Broad St., city.

LOST—Left in Bath Beach train, package of drawings. Return to Malcolm & Hayes, 402 4th Av., New York.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, Grand Central Station. Large reward return Bryan, 308 West 97th St.

LOST—Gold monogram watch fob; liberal reward. C. S. Johnston, Hotel Bristol, 122 West 49th St.

LOST—Black fox collar, between 86th and 89th Sts., 2d Av.; reward. Return to janitor, 245 East 86th.

LOST—Saturday night, Harlem, purse containing $80, some change, key; reward. 4 West 129th St.

LOST—Gold locket, with diamond; "Edna" engraved on back; reward. Strauch, 243 West 14th.

LOST—Lady's belt, openwork silver buckle, Subway; reward. N. White, 532 West 145th St.

LIBERAL REWARD
for return of mink scarf, lost in Subway, between 72d and 103d Sts.; no questions. Return Mrs. Grant, 3,915 Broadway.

$100 REWARD
for return of three-stone diamond ring, lost Jan. 17; valued as keepsake. Crawford, 301 St. Nicholas Av., city.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—White fox terrier, female, in vicinity of 111th St. and 8th Av.; answers to name of "Daisy." Liberal reward if returned to Vedder, 246 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Irish terrier, heavy coat, reddish color, name "Bustle"; liberal reward. Return 106 East 79th St.

Bide-a-Wee Home, 36 Lexington Av. Free clinic, 2-4; advice and treatment to animals of the poor free. Dogs, cats, given to responsible people guaranteeing good homes.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—On Brooklyn trolley car, a silver and enamel watch charm, with gold monogram, date 1899, and name of Russian insurance company. Owner apply "Rossia," 84 William St.

FOUND—Gold watch and fob, gold, open-face; prove ownership; pay for advertisement; communicate. Address J. M., 263 West 125th St.

FOUND, Jan. 19.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Valise, spectacles, spectacle case, pin, gloves, belt. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, eyeglasses, handbag, pin, purse, books, gloves, papers, calendar, belt, collars, beads, rubbers, apron, shirts, &c., package goods, overcoat, trousers, muffs, bags. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, purses, handbag, card case, pin, books, gloves, papers, knife, beads, hat, rubbers, overshoes, can, hardware. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Shirt and collar, overshoes, rubbers, papers, hardware, signs, necklace, cloth, umbrella, crackers. SUBWAY—7 umbrellas, purses, handbag, eyeglasses, railroad ticket, suitcase, gloves, subpoena, plans, magazine, books, skirt, straws, ruching, neckpiece, cards, shoes, scarf, veil, belt, beads, package lead, rubbers.

FOUND, Jan. 20.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: Package.

FOUND, Jan. 20.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Package, umbrella, pair gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 20.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Four umbrellas, 4 packages, large box, cuff button.

FOUND, Jan. 20.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Two pairs cuffs and buttons, hat, cape, comb and brush, pajamas, keys, fountain pen, raincoat, 3 umbrellas, 5 pairs rubbers, handbag, dress suitcase, muff, cap, package, pocketbook. JERSEY CITY STATION: Package. 23D ST. BOAT: Umbrella. LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Two valises, overcoat.

FOUND, Jan. 20.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: Five umbrellas, 4 packages, pair gloves, pair arctics, commutation ticket, loose money, pair rubbers, book.

FOUND, Jan. 12 to 18, inclusive—LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD. Awaiting owners in office of General Baggage Agent, Lehigh Valley Railroad, South Bethlehem, Penn.—Rule, rubbers, memorandum book, umbrella, spectacles, lady's belt, book.

FOUND, Jan. 19.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—2 umbrellas, coat hanger, silk waist, night dress, pair rubbers, pair overshoes, suit overalls.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN of adaptability is needed in the Subscription Department. Apply Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Houghton Mifflin Co., 85 5th Av.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient office assistant; legal experience preferable; state salary and qualifications. W 9 Times, Times Square.

WANTED, by large manufacturing firm, a competent young woman as stenographer and office assistant; must have had some business experience. Address, with statement as to education, business experience, and salary expected, Hagate, P. O. Box 645, New York.

WANTED—First-class woman cook and laundress; small private family; city and country; must be experienced, reliable, and have best personal references; also first-class waitress; permanent position. Answer stating age, wages, and experience. V 152 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Immediately, woman bookkeeper and typewriter, with knowledge of insurance; salary, $60. Address, K 139 Times, Downtown.

WANTED—Young ladies with at least one year high school education to enter nurses' training school. Graham Sanatorium, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY of good address, with business experience and able to deal with high-class people in art business; must have first-class references. Write W 12 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for central office work in Brooklyn; positions for those who qualify; salary of $4 paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOY, American, 18 years, familiar with downtown; references; salary $6. K 140 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT AMERICAN BOY in law office, desiring to study law; $4. Box W 14 Times, Times Square.

CUSTOM CLERKS WANTED.—Custom frauds mean many appointments; examinations in New York coming; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. CU. 53, Rochester, N. Y.

MAN.—$30 a week, your city; postal. Electric Metal Works, 3,504 Woodbridge, Cleveland, O.

SALESMAN.—Wanted at once for Washington trade, an experienced piano salesman; $100 per month. Address Box 33, Takoma Park, Washington, D. C.

NATIVE American boy wanted in office of an importing house. Address Importer Z, stating age, previous experience, K 133 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Dress, cloak, and suit trade, for ornaments and braids. V 33 Times, Times Square.

SPANISH SPEAKING
SOLICITORS WANTED.
EL HERALDO AMERICANO,
366 5TH AVENUE.

STOCK SALESMEN—HIGH-CLASS, DIVIDEND PAYING PREFERRED STOCK ON LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS; EASIEST SELLING PROPOSITION AVAILABLE. LEADS AND OFFICE ASSISTANCE FURNISHED. ROOM 303, 160 BROADWAY.

SWITCHMEN WANTED—EXPERIENCED R. R. SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS. ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, NO. 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED
Expert embroidery stamper used to high-class retail order work. Apply by letter, giving full experience,
R. H. Stearns & Co.,
Boston.

General.

SALESMEN WANTED—No former experience required; hundreds of good positions now open; we place thousands of men in good positions with the best firms in America; scores of our richest men got their start selling goods on the road; hundreds of our graduates who formerly earned from $25 to $75 a month now earn from $100 a month to as high as $100 a day and expenses; if you want to earn from two to ten times as much as you now earn our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 79 Cortlandt St., 101 Park Row, 252 Third Av., New York, N. Y.; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Say you saw it in The Times.

For Those in Search of High Class Help.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—DRESSMAKER—Perfect fitter and original designer; evening gowns, dinner gowns, street gowns, fancy waists, &c.; foulards purchased, wholesale, for customers; rare chance; prompt, reliable and reasonable. Mme. Cully, 138 West 48th. 'Phone 1883—Bryant.

AMANUENSIS.—Expert lady will handle your correspondence or manuscripts at your house; copying wanted. V 92 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER and OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Understands filing and all other office work. E. D., care of Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 339 Broadway.

CHAMBERMAID, with plain sewing, in the country; wages $25; good references. The Finnish, Women's Co-operative Home, 1,040 Lex. Av. Tel. 2614 Lenox.

STENOGRAPHER.—Present employer is looking for position for a reliable, painstaking, and efficient stenographer, who through no fault of her own must find another position, owing to installation of a new system which does away with stenographic work. See H. Ingram, Room 212, 105 East 22d St., forenoons. Telephone 348 Gramercy.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' Wall St. experience; familiar with cotton and stock terms; did market letters, Exchange gossip, stencils, &c.; highest references; $20. Expert, 146 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, accurate, reliable; thoroughly experienced; operate any standard machine; understands office work; best references furnished. Capable, 106 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Remington, Underwood; experienced, competent; willing to perform other office duties; age 22. Miss Colleton, 103 West 80th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable; hours immaterial; $7-$8. Miss Dorothy, 107 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady wants position; three years' good, practical experience; first-class references. V 150 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—(17;) years' experience; attended high school; speaks German; $7. Margaret, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, well educated, capable, desires permanent position. Robson, 546 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well-educated; six years' experience; in wholesale house. W 11 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG GIRL experienced in clerical work wishes to secure a position where strict attention to business will be appreciated; best references. V 151 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A CLERGYMAN, an experienced teacher, living in a suburban village and having some spare time, would tutor a few boys or young men in Latin, Greek, English, or mathematics. W 10 Times, Times Square.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, supervised, closed; monthly audits; systems devised; corporation tax reports prepared. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1204, Telephone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public accountant; audits, opens, closes books; reasonable rates. M., 5 West 125th St.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Man of 50 as nurse and valet to an elderly gentleman; must have experience in catheterizing, and be able to give personal references as to ability and character; wages, $40. Address P. O. Box 29, Red Hook, Dutchess County, N. Y.

WANTED—Boy about 16, shipping and general office work; one with mechanical turn of mind preferred. Apply at 242 4th Av., between 4 and 5 o'clock.

WANTED.—MALE BILLING OPERATORS. APPLY TO REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 325 BROADWAY.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

TEA AND COFFEE AGENTS wanted; experience not necessary. Apply by letter or personally, Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., New York City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
47 W. 42d St. Telephone 3872 Bryant.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

Otto T. Bannard, President;	Jacob H. Schiff,
John R. MacArthur, V. Pres.;	Robert W. De Forest,
Paul M. Warburg, Treasurer;	Frederick G. Bourne,
V. Everit Macy, Secretary;	George Blumenthal,
Francis L. Hine.	

EDWARD W. CARPENTER, Manager.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY BEING REQUESTED TO FURNISH COMPETENT OFFICE HELP, BOTH MALE AND FEMALE. ANY PERSON FILING AN APPLICATION WITH US WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY BE REQUESTED TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER.

A FEE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE FIRST WEEK'S SALARY IS CHARGED FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS, SIX WEEKS' TIME BEING ALLOWED TO PAY SAID FEE, ONE-SIXTH EACH WEEK, IN ALMOST EVERY INSTANCE.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

Domestic Help.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d St. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Gentleman without family wants housekeeper; widow with daughter preferred; must be capable of doing good home cooking, bread, &c.; the place is pleasantly situated on the Hudson; house medium size and well equipped; no laundry; a good position and home for a refined woman; school convenient. Call Mrs. Pillsbury Bureau, 507 5th Av., New York.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill. TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK, Chambermaids, Waitress, Laundress.—First-class help, male and female; very best reference. Rowles Agency 15A West 39th. Tel. 7865 River.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, nurses, helpers; references. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741—Riverside.

KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—First-class cooks, laundresses, chambermaids, waitresses, investigated references. 9348 Riverside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 89 West 134th. Bond, $1,000; guarantees Al help. 'Phone 1119—Harlem.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT—BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Thorough, progressive, and reliable; my aim is to increase efficiency and to decrease cost; interviews solicited. Address R. H., 343 West 58th St., N. Y. City.

ACCOUNTANT.—All lines; books opened, closed, systematized, written up; audits $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. 'Phone 2723—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—Reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent, with highest references for ability, honesty, and sobriety; moderate salary. L. Deery, 230 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—I have five or six hours a day to give to a small set of books. W 3 Times, Times Square.

BOY, (16,) public school graduate, wishes position; has references. W 8 Times, Times Square.

CHAUFFEUR.—A lady wishes to obtain a position from Feb. 1 for her most efficient and reliable chauffeur, who has been in her employ for a long time. Apply Mrs. W. S. Pyle, Hotel Gotham.

COACHMAN.—Account disposing my horses desire to secure position for my coachman; sober, honest, and good horseman. E. J. O'C., Room 1,100, 45 West 34th St.

COFFEE MAN.—I am seeking position as coffee man or lunch counter man after February 1. W 13 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—By Japanese first-class cook in general household; best references; city or country. Takashima, 10 West 21st St.

PAINTER.—American, thorough, experienced painter, tinter, kalsominer, hardwood finisher, enameller, varnisher, desires employment; moderate wages; references. Decorator, W 2 Times, Times Square.

PUBLISHERS.—Experienced editor, proofreader, and printer seeks a position (preferably as business or advertising manager,) of a newspaper or magazine. Journalist, 316 West 28th St.

STENOGRAPHER, capable of taking court proceedings; rapid on Remington typewriter; permanent; in the South. Address V 169 Times, Times Square.

STEWARD.—Hotel or restaurant; experienced; references. Charles Tomkins, 31 Clarke Av., Jersey City, N. J.

TRANSLATER, &c.—By young Italian-American, aged 25, respectable, teacher in evening schools, as translater, salesman, or interpreter in a commercial house; will furnish security if required; best references. K 114 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, reliable, desires position with future; best reference. Victorin, 431 East 81st St.

YOUNG SALESMAN desires occupation four evenings during week; familiar with bookkeeping. K 131 Times Downtown.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidential. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1—ATTRACTIVE suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished large back parlor bedroom, bath, suitable gentleman; other rooms.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, attractive room for two; all conveniences; well-appointed house; reasonable.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Comfortable room; good table; reasonable for couple; all conveniences.

58TH ST., 135 WEST.—Newly decorated large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; references.

71ST ST., 82 WEST.—With board, single room; southern exposure; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; electric light, steam heat.

79TH ST., 116 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished; private baths; references are essential; telephone exchange.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—High-grade rooms, with board.

80TH ST., 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

80TH, 154 WEST.—Large front room, dressing room attached; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Cozy room, bath; steam heat; parquet floors; excellent table; electric light.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Small room, with excellent board, $10 weekly.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Sunny rooms; large, $18; hall, $7; excellent table; table guests; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; Subway; table guests. Telephone 2871—River.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; near Subway and "L."

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable sunny room, with all conveniences; good board; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Rooms with superior board; table boarders; convenient to "L." Telephone 7442—Riverside.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Single and double room; bath; table and house first class.

145TH ST., 349 WEST, (near St. Nicholas Av.)—Southern cooking; elegant room; terms reasonable. Mrs. Scott.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, Near B'way Subway. "THE AUDUBON."
A large room, $18 per week to refined couple or two gentlemen; a small room, $7; excellent board; every comfort; a real home. Booklet on request. Telephone.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square, N. W.)—Suite two large rooms, also single; private bath; steam heat; table excellent.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Elegant, heated, large adjoining rooms; parlor suitable for doctor's office or studio.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 859, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with bath, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,123 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Wanted—By young gentleman of culture and education, who is studying for opera, room and board in private family, on Riverside Drive, between 72d St. and 100th St., or near 5th Av., between 50th and 59th Sts. B. G., 140 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—152D ST., 557 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; private family; near Subway; references.

18TH ST., 26 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms to let, single and double; heated; all conveniences. S. Addieg & Co.

20TH ST., 48 WEST.
Private house; large, also hall rooms; reasonable.

22D ST., 352 WEST.—Comfortable, large front room; running water; exceptionally clean, quiet house; reasonable.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

48TH ST., 69 WEST.—Large front room; steam heated; appointments first-class; terms moderate.

48TH ST., 103 WEST.—Well-furnished, large and single, well heated; excellent board; table guests.

57TH ST., 348 WEST.—Desirable rooms, southern exposure; running water, bath, telephone; near board; "L" and Subway; reasonable rent to permanent tenants.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath; board optional; references exchanged. 'Phone 6666—Columbus.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Very desirable bright, sunny rooms; large, small; well-kept house; nicely furnished dressing rooms; running water; breakfast optional.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Sunny rooms, one with private bath; steam heat, electric light, 'phone.

72D, 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway; references. Telephone 8380 Columbus.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; near "L" and Subway stations.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, warm rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large room and bath; also smaller; newly, elegantly furnished; suitable doctor, dentist, or private; accessible; telephone; moderate.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, sunny room; dressing room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room for physician's office; extension; reception room; service; telephone.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; bath adjoining; dressing room; gentleman; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large, small, handsomely furnished rooms; refined home; convenient Subway; all cars.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors' home; handsome rooms, en suite or single; refined surroundings; private residence; references exchanged; Subway, "L." 'Phone 7063—Schuyler.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; private house; Subway, "L."

81ST ST., 201 WEST.—Warm, sunny room for business woman; call evenings; references. Downing.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite, with bath, or separately; telephone; near Park; reasonable.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

82D ST., 78 WEST.—Two warm, comfortable rooms, single or connecting; ground floor; $3. Russell.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable, warm, sunny; large, small; plenty hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

84TH ST., 108 WEST.—Large front suite, adjoining bath; small, light room; running water. Huber.

89TH ST., 101 WEST.—Finely furnished parlor and bedroom, all conveniences, suitable for two, three. Faire.

90TH, 139 WEST.—Clean, warm single and double rooms; $2.50 up. Call evenings. Burke.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, sunny suite, two rooms; private bath; all conveniences; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, $6; large room, heated, $4.50; telephone; "L."

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Pleasant, nicely furnished, clean room, adjoining bath; one flight; $3. Corwin.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms; select; excellent cuisine; table guests; telephone; reasonable; references.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Excellent location; business people; comfortable, homelike rooms; breakfast optional; reasonable. Scott.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive rooms; high-class apartment; $6; breakfast. Peters. 4998 River.

97TH ST., 120 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, steam heated front room; suitable two; bath adjoining; private entrance; $4.50; board optional. Parmentier.

103D ST., 12 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private entrance; apartment. Stern.

105TH, 100 WEST.—Large, delightfully cozy, warm room, adjoining bath; one flight. Stanclift.

105TH ST., 226 WEST.—Large, airy room; telephone; one block from Subway; all conveniences; private house.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Comfortable single room, $3; private French family; electric light; references. Moore.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; also bath; Subway; 'phone service. Mrs. Buckley.

116TH ST., 214 WEST.—Large, light rooms; bath; steam; Subway and "L." Dignan.

117TH ST., 415 WEST.—Table guests; excellent meals; home cooking.

118TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large room, private family; telephone, running water; reference required. Apply before 10:30 A. M., 6-8 P. M.

121ST ST., 164 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, wash rooms attached; terms moderate.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive outside rooms; refined surroundings; references. Apartment 21. Elevator.

122D, 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; elevator, electric lights, steam heat. Kenyon.

123D, 270 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; steam; private entrance; board optional. Moran.

145TH ST., 544 WEST.—Newly furnished sunny room, overlooking Hudson; closet, telephone, steam heat; private family; in modern apartment at Subway station; moderate. Ogden.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless residential neighborhood; overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; desirable. R 193 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, (southeast corner 148th St.)—Two delightful outside rooms, lavatory connecting; highest class new elevator apartment; Subway express; Apartment 52.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65.—Two large corner rooms, artistically furnished, with Grand Piano; large cupboard, bath, and kitchenette; one block from Subway and "L." Inquire of Superintendent.

CHARLES ST., 10.—Large room, heated; hot water; southern exposure; gentlemen.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (corner 127th St.)—Handsomely furnished high-class elevator housekeeping apartments, four, five, six rooms, $12.50 weekly upward; beautifully furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, $4-$6 weekly.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 116.—Large, light furnished room; heated, homelike. Bissell.

East Side.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Room, with private bath; second floor; every convenience; telephone; gentlemen; references.

47TH ST., 153 EAST.—Sunny front parlor, bedroom; running water; piano; conveniences; reasonable; private family.

62D ST., 100 EAST, Corner Park Av.—Light, well-heated, small room, adjoining bath.

68TH ST., 235 EAST.—In private house, large furnished sunny front room; modern conveniences; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 72d.—Attractive rooms, housekeeping suite, parlor floor with private bath; steam heat, electricity, telephone; $5-$15.

PARK AV., 1,171.—Physician's parlor suite; exceptional; best service and light; private house.

Brooklyn.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge. 3 Montague Terrace.

272 VANDERBILT AV., NEAR DE KALB AV. Private house; heat, hot and cold water; large bathroom. Tel. 3542—Prospect.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

A REVOLUTION IN AUTOMOBILE TIRES. An Auto Tire, just invented, non-puncturable; cannot go flat, even if all air is taken out; easy riding; need never be removed from wheel until worn out; is pneumatic, with all advantages but none of the disadvantages of old system; consists of nothing but rubber and canvas. For the manufacture on large scale one or more partners wanted, who may have salaried positions. S. M. MARCUS, 15 Broad St., New York.

GROCER, BUTCHER, BAKER, &c., NEEDED by rapidly growing population at Broadway, Flushing; 30 minutes from Broadway now, 15 minutes when tunnels open in Spring; fine stores to rent in new brick building; also offices for builders, architects, and others who could find business in active building, high-class residential section. Alfred E. Loyd, Broadway-Flushing, N. Y.

COLLEGE MAN wanted with a little capital to invest and take active interest in established magazine; experience, references. I, Room 422, 1,123 Broadway.

Partner Wanted.—In well-established business; must be thorough business man and invest $5,000; Hebrew preferred. Write Whitehorn, 320 Broadway.

100 typewritten letters, 65 cents; none better; multigraphing, addressing, typewriting. Miss Ruelberg, 45 West 34th. 'Phone 5680 Murray Hill.

Bills discounted, businesses financed; money against security; inheritances cashed; partners procured. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Bargain!—Elegantly furnished 14-room house, all improvements, suitable for boarders; good income; accident cause of selling. 245 West 55th St.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 142 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand, $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

Will buy contents houses, apartments, hotels, books, pianos. 560 Stuyvesant. Barnes, 88 University Place.

Color and commercial printing of all descriptions. Eagle Press, 202 West 34th St. Union label.

Commercial printing work; prompt; moderate. Tobias, 117 W. 30th St. 'Phone 4773—Madison.

Loan of $200 wanted, 30 days; return $250; security worth $700. K 128 Times Downtown.

Non-refillable bottle patent for sale; model for inspection. Block, 231 Broadway.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

MARRIED COUPLE want two furnished rooms, with bath, or one large, furnished room, with alcove and bath; state price and particulars. V 107 Times, Times Square.

GENTLEMAN wishes small, clean, airy room in private family near Madison Sq.; no large boarding or rooming house; reasonable. W 5 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Two large connecting rooms and bath; private house. 210 Lenox Av. Telephone 4404 Harlem.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BEDROOM and alcove, or equivalent, for two young men, located south of 23d St.; private family preferred; $9 a week. Permanent, W 15 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—Two unfurnished rooms, with or without board; references. V 168 Times, Times Square.

PERSONAL.

WILL PERSONS WITNESSING ACCIDENT to young lady at 9th St. Uptown Station, 3d Av. Elevated, Jan. 19th, about 6:45 P. M., kindly communicate with John H. Devine, 132 Nassau St., city?

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of The City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on
SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1910.
Borough of Manhattan.

For furnishing and delivering thirteen hundred (1,300) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for fireboats berthed on the North River.

For furnishing and delivering two thousand five hundred (2,500) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings south of Fifty-ninth Street.

For furnishing and delivering fourteen hundred (1,400) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings north of Fifty-ninth Street.

Borough of Brooklyn.

For furnishing and delivering one thousand (1,000) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for fireboats.

For furnishing and delivering two thousand five hundred (2,500) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings.

Borough of Richmond.

For furnishing and delivering two hundred and fifty (250) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings.

For furnishing and delivering one hundred and seventy-five (175) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for fireboats.

Borough of The Bronx.

For furnishing and delivering one thousand (1,000) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings.

Borough of Queens.

For furnishing and delivering one hundred and fifty (150) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings at Arverne, Rockaway Beach and Far Rockaway.

For furnishing and delivering one hundred (100) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings at Jamaica and Richmond Hill.

For furnishing and delivering one hundred (100) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings at Flushing and College Point.

For furnishing and delivering two hundred and fifty (250) net tons of egg, stove or nut size white ash anthracite coal for department buildings in Long Island City.

For full particulars see City Record.
RHINELANDER WALDO, Commissioner.
Dated January 15, 1910.

SECOND DEPARTMENT.

In the matter of the application of The City of New York to acquire certain real estate at Bayside, in the Borough and County of Queens, in the City and State of New York, for purposes of water supply.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE report of George D. Beattys, William W. Gillen, and Arthur D. Truax, the Commissioners of Appraisal appointed herein, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Queens, on the 28th day of December, 1909, and that said report will be presented for confirmation to the Supreme Court at a Special Term thereof for motions, to be held in and for the County of Kings, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 3d day of February, 1910, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.
Dated December 28, 1909.
FRANCIS K. PENDLETON,
Corporation Counsel.
Borough Hall, Brooklyn, New York City.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS and Electricity, Room 1,536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1910.
Borough of Richmond.

For furnishing, delivering, and storing three thousand five hundred (3,500) gross tons of Anthracite Coal.

For full particulars see City Record.
HENRY S. THOMPSON, Commissioner.
The City of New York, January 13, 1910.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF Parks, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1910.
Borough of Brooklyn.

For furnishing and delivering coal in parks and on parkways, Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens.

For full particulars see City Record.
CHARLES B. STOVER, President;
THOMAS J. HIGGINS,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

JANUARY SALE OF
Exceptionally Fine PIANOS

At Reduced Prices.
(Uprights & Grands)

EVERY PROMINENT MAKE IN AMERICA REPRESENTED

Many are new and include samples sent to us from various factories. Others have come to us from some of the best homes of New York in exchange for new grands or uprights with the world's greatest player (the Tel-Electric) attached.

THE LIST INCLUDES:

STEINWAYS
CHICKERINGS
KNABES
WEBERS
HAINES
IVERS & POND
KRANICH & BACH
SOHMER
WISSNER
FISCHER

and many other reliable makes; also
1 WEBER GRAND PIANOLA PIANO
mahogany case, used but a few weeks, for $500, less than original price.

UPRIGHTS FROM $140 TO $385
GRANDS FROM $450 TO $650

Convenient Monthly Payments Accepted.
Metropolitan Agency for
IVERS & POND PIANOS
(Made in Boston)
and the Original and Genuine
MATHUSHEK PIANOS
(Made in New Haven, Conn.)
You Are Cordially Invited
To Visit Our Warerooms.
If unable to do so
Fill out and send this coupon to
THE TEL-ELECTRIC CO.
Tel-Electric Building
299 Fifth Ave., Cor. 31st St.

A. Mail me catalogue and descriptive lists as mentioned below, with full information regarding your easy payment plan.
Ivers & Pond Pianos.
Mathushek Pianos.
The Tel-Electric Player.
Descriptive price list of used pianos.
Please put an X opposite catalogue or lists desired.

Name ....

Address ....

Splendid Opportunities
IN SLIGHTLY USED
Pianos of Renowned Makes

Kranich & Bach Upright	$150
Weber Upright	165
Sohmer Upright	175
Chickering Upright	115
Steinway Upright	250
Hallett & Davis Upright	190
Steinway Baby Grand	450
Angelus Player & Piano	300

All in good order, stool and cover included.
CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St.

Family must sacrifice mahogany upright piano, $100; cost $450 one year ago; perfect condition. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

INSTRUCTION.

TRINITY SCHOOL
139-147 West 91st St., New York.
Founded 1709. Unexcelled Equipment.
A VERY FEW PLACES WILL BE AVAILABLE ON FEBRUARY FIRST.

BERKELEY SCHOOL
FOR BOYS
72d Street & West End Avenue

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
In great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

Family must sacrifice all their fine furniture, mostly imported; English brass bedsteads, $8; heavy Sloane rugs, $7, $10; mahogany parlor suit, leather library; six leather dining chairs, round table, sideboard, buffet, couch, &c.; large gold mirror, $5; davenport, dishes, mission furniture, paintings, curtains, upright piano, lot other things, together or separately; opportunity for any one starting housekeeping. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 its month; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St. Tel. 5918 Barclay.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.

Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps, cash registers, adding machines, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, multigraphs, neostyles. Nathan's, 4 White.

Jewelry shop; suitable for repairing and manufacturing. Room 7, 33 and 35 John St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

POLICE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF New York, Central Department, Borough of Manhattan.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Police Commissioner of the Police Department of the City of New York, at the Bookkeeper's Office, Headquarters of the Police Department, Broome, Grand, and Centre Streets, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, until 10 o'clock A. M. on
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1910.

For furnishing all the labor and furnishing and erecting all the materials necessary in the installation of new plumbing work and fixtures at the Ninth, Twenty-first, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, and Harbor "B" Precincts, in the Borough of Manhattan; the One Hundred and Forty-fourth, One Hundred and Fifty-second, and One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Precincts, in the Borough of Brooklyn, in the City of New York.

For full particulars see City Record.
WILLIAM F. BAKER, Commissioner.
The City of New York, January 19, 1910.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of The City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1910.
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, Salt, and Flaxseed Meal for companies.

Borough of The Bronx.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, Salt, and Flaxseed Meal for companies.

Borough of Richmond.

No. 2. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, Salt, and Flaxseed Meal for companies.

For full particulars see City Record.
RHINELANDER WALDO, Commissioner.
Dated January 13, 1910.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of The City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1910.
Borough of Queens.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies, paid system, Arverne, Rockaway Beach, and Far Rockaway.

No. 2. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies, Volunteer system.

No. 3. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies in Long Island City.

No. 4. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies in Jamaica and Richmond Hill.

No. 5. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies in College Point and Flushing.

For full particulars see City Record.
RHINELANDER WALDO, Commissioner.
Dated January 13, 1910.

MOTHER'S SACRIFICE DIDN'T SAVE HER BOY

Arthur Shibley Dies in Hospital While Hunt for Murderer Goes On.

MORE USELESS ARRESTS

Persecuted Laborer Asks to be Shown to Detectives So That They Won't Take Him In Again.

The death of 6-year-old Arthur Shibley early yesterday morning in Washington Heights Hospital added a second murder to the record of the supposed madman who, a week ago last Wednesday, shot Arthur and instantly killed 6-year-old Robert Lomas, his coasting chum, in Highbridge Park, near 165th Street. The zeal of the police to catch the murderer has not cooled in the meantime, and yesterday they arrested several more suspects, but apparently got no nearer the real murderer.

The sacrifice of Arthur Shibley's mother, who on Tuesday submitted to the transfusion of her blood to her boy, was in vain. For a week she had been eager for this waiting at the hospital in the hope of saving him.

The boy seemed to grow stronger after the transfusion of Tuesday. More was transfused into his veins the next day. But early yesterday his strength began to ebb fast. His mother and father, who have practically been living in the hospital, were called to his bedside. The lad was conscious and talked freely.

Suddenly he gasped and fell backward. His mother seized his hands, and Dr. Sichel bent down to feel his pulse. He turned away quickly, and the mother fell on her boy's body, knowing that the long fight had been unsuccessful. She grew so hysterical that she was put under the care of physicians.

The hospital doctors certified that the boy had died of failure of the heart's action, resulting from a gunshot wound. Coroner Isaac L. Feinberg sent his physician, Dr. Otto Schulz, to make an autopsy. Ameen Shibley, the boy's father, did not know of this until it was over. He then raged against the action of the Coroner, which, he said, was unnecessary. He charged that the Coroner had ordered it out of revenge because the boy's father and mother fought against his questioning the patient after he had been taken to the hospital. The hospital authorities, however, upheld the Coroner as having done only his duty.

Mr. Shibley has told the police that about six weeks before his boy was shot, his wife, while out walking near the old Jumel Mansion, at Edgecombe Avenue and 161st Street, saw a man who was walking around the grounds, apparently doing the work of an attendant, throw three or four rocks at Arthur Shibley. She has been unable to get out of her head the idea that possibly this man killed her boy and Robert Lomas.

The arrests yesterday occurred in various parts of town. Traffic Policeman Cahill saw a man walking along Thirty-fourth Street, near Fifth Avenue, last night. "Wait a minute," he called, and the man broke into a run. Cahill captured him after a chase, and, pulling out his printed description, which every policeman carries with him nowadays, compared the prisoner with it. A crowd seconded the policeman's suspicions.

The policeman took his prisoner to the Tenderloin Station, where he said he was John Sullivan of 1,204 Second Avenue. He said he had no work, and was going to look for a job when arrested. He had no weapon. He was of medium height, as the murderer was, but he wore neither a black slouch hat nor a short and light-colored overcoat.

Bronx detectives arrested a man who said he was Nathan Aul at Walton Avenue and 161st Street, the Bronx, because they though he resembled the man who shot the two boys, and is also supposed to have shot John Frederick of 817 Gerard Avenue, the Bronx, in the back while on his way home. Frederick, who is still in Lebanon Hospital, said Aul resembled the man who shot him, but could not swear to him. Arraigned in the Morrisania Court, Aul was sent to the Workhouse as a vagrant.

A black-bearded man who was said to be Dr. George McLeod, a Scotchman, was arrested yesterday in the Controller's office on suspicion of being the much-sought murderer. It was said at the Controller's office that he was sent to Ward's Island a long time ago as insane; that after remaining there fourteen years he was discharged as cured; and that then, a few months ago, he put in a claim against the city for $140,000 for medical services rendered while on Ward's Island.

The claim was left for Controller Prendergast, who turned it over to Jeremiah Mahoney of the Bureau of Accounts and Audits for investigation. Dr. McLeod went to the office yesterday to see about the claim. Some one noted his resemblance to the description of the double murderer, and called up the police.

Lawrence Casey, the speedway foreman, who has the best mental picture of the man who is supposed to have shot Robert Lomas and Arthur Shibley, could not identify the suspect. He was arraigned in the Tombs Court, whence he was sent to Bellevue Hospital for observation as to his sanity. Though his claim against the city is made in the name of Dr. McLeod, the prisoner told the police he was George Goldstone of 582 Linwood Street, Brooklyn.

The Astoria, L. I., Police Station informed the Detective Bureau yesterday morning that they had arrested in a vacant house a Hungarian named Harry Koback, who resembled the boy slayer. He was brought to Manhattan, but Casey said that the prisoner was stouter than the man in his mind, so Koback was taken back to Long Island.

George P. Meyer of 82 Bowery, a laborer, went to Police Headquarters yesterday morning and told Lieut. Dunne to line him up so that all the detectives could look at him and satisfy themselves once for all that he wasn't the double murderer. He said he had been arrested twice on Wednesday night, and that his room had been watched all night after he had been set free. He was shown to the detectives.

Giuseppe Piccirilli, Sculptor, Dead.

Giuseppe Piccirielli, Italian sculptor, died yesterday at his home, 467 East 142d Street, aged 67 years. Signor Piccirielli executed the marble carving decorations of the new Customs House, the Chamber of Commerce, and Stock Exchange Buildings. He also designed the monument to the American sailors who died when the battleship Maine was blown up. In his youth he was a Lieutenant under Garibaldi and was wounded in battle.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
2:45—301 W. 14th St.; C. Bridgman	Slight
7:00—32 Thompson St.; B. Henz	$50
10:45—25 W. 114th St.; S. Rosenberg	$300
10:45—1,268 1st Av.; L. Kiefer	$3
11:45—305 E. 101st St.; J. Meth	Slight
P. M.	
3:15—145 Avenue B; Moses Cisian	$200
3:20—504 Lenox Av.; Mr. Schleim	None
4:15—60-62 Macdougal St.; James Mormoly	Slight
5:15—427 E. 105th St.; Anthony Dreck	Unknown
5:30—49 E. 99th St.; Tillie Pitkin	$500
5:45—1,579 1st Av.; Mr. Rosenbush	None
6:55—1,649 1st Av.; Charles Behler	None
7:10—208 W. 106th St.; William Brenther	
7:30—129 9th Av.; Mostman Brothers	$25
9:45—117 Ridge St.; Barnet Cohen	$10
10:00—2,901 3d Av.; Abrahams & Bendt	$1,220

"JACK" JOHNSON JAILED AGAIN.

Negro Pugilist Accused This Time of Thrashing a Poor Consumptive.

"Jack" Johnson, the negro pugilist, was arrested last evening in his dressing room in an Eighth Avenue Theatre by Central Office Detectives after Norman Pinder, a frail negro, weighing not over 125 pounds, who says he is a consumptive and under the care of a doctor, had complained to Lieut. Funston of Headquarters that Johnson had beaten him unmercifully. Pinder's head and face were wrapped in bandages, and his appearance bore out his assertions that Johnson had bruised one eye, had almost smashed his jaw, and had kicked him on the head.

According to Pinder, the trouble occurred in the saloon of Baron Wilkins's place, at 235 West Thirty-fifth Street, a negro sporting resort, where Johnson lives. Pinder said he was drinking there at 1 o'clock yesterday morning when Johnson entered. A friend of Pinder's suggested that they buy Johnson a drink. Pinder, who says he has known the prize fighter for years, was willing, but refused, he says, to buy champagne.

"I never drink anything but wine, and you know it," he says Johnson remarked ostentatiously.

"Don't pull that stuff on me," Pinder says he replied. "I knew you when you drank beer and were glad to get it."

Thereupon, says Pinder, Johnson assaulted him, and finished by piling a table and a chair on him as he lay half senseless on the floor. Pinder says Johnson also half drew a pistol from his pocket.

Pinder got a summons for Johnson in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, but was afraid to serve it, so he complained to Headquarters. Johnson when arraigned said his right name was John Jackson and that he was 31 years old. He said he was a "boxing instructor." According to Lieut. Funston, when he asked the negro why he had struck Pinder, the pugilist replied:

"Hones' to Heaven, Mister, I wish I'd hit him harder. He's been castin' reflections 'bout me ever since I hit town."

Johnson was locked up while his managers hurried out to get bail for him.

LOST PRIZE OUTSIDE PORT.

The Pomeranian Had Towed the Bengore Head Since Sunday.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Jan. 20.—After towing the disabled Head Line steamer Bengore Head since last Sunday, the Allan Line steamer Pomeranian lost her prize seven miles off here this morning when a third hawser broke. The Bengore Head is again adrift helpless.

The Pomeranian proceeded to this port, where she got a new hawser, and returned to seek the crippled freighter. Three other steamers have also departed to look for the rich prize. The weather is clear and no immediate fear is felt for her safety.

The Bengore Head loaded a cargo of freight at Maryport, England, and sailed from that port on Dec. 27 for St. John, N. B. She carried no passengers. Her crew consists of about forty men. The nature of the accident to her is not known. She was sighted by the Pomeranian last Sunday off Virgin Rocks, flying signals of distress.

The Pomeranian, although east-bound, having left Halifax for Havre and London on Jan. 12 with passengers and cargo, immediately sent a line aboard the Bengore Head, and turned back toward St. John's. It is believed that the opportune arrival of the Pomeranian saved the freighter from drifting on the rocks.

Since Sunday the Pomeranian, with her helpless charge, has been making an heroic struggle to reach port. Three hawsers were broken in the effort, and this morning, when in sight of St. John's, she had to abandon the freighter and hurry here to get a new towing line, the last hawser having been caught around her propeller.

ALICE PAUL RETURNS HOME.

No Suffragettes to Greet Girl Released from English Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.—Miss Alice Paul, the young woman of Moorestown, N. J., who went to England two years and a half ago and became a suffragette leader, arrived home to-night. She was met by her mother and brother, but not a single suffragist put in an appearance.

Miss Paul was cast into Holloway Jail in London last October for creating a disturbance at the Lord Mayor's banquet in the Guildhall.

"I did not throw a stone," she said. "I simply rose in the gallery and shouted, 'Votes for Women.' In the prison it was horrible. I had been arrested twice before, once in Scotland and once in London, simply for refusing orders to 'move on' at political meetings. I was released after five days' imprisonment in Scotland and three weeks in London because I refused food. Those were the recognized tactics among the suffragettes. Last October the custom of forcible feeding was introduced and I was one of the victims of the practice."

HURT ON SHIP, DEPORTED.

Farmer Appeals from Order Sending Him from the Country.

In the appeal of Felix Sotille against the sentence of deportation passed against him by the immigration authorities at this port, is involved the interesting question whether a man partly incapacitated because of an accident on shipboard can be debarred from entry into this country.

The man, with his wife, arrived a few days ago on the French liner Lorraine. The vessel met with rough weather, and, according to his story, Sotille fell and injured his knee cap. He was taken to Ellis Island, and there he was ordered deported. Sotille, a farmer, was on his way to settle in Kansas. He has appealed his case on the ground that he was physically all right when he sailed to come here.

SUICIDE ON A DOORSTEP.

Youth with a Pittsburg Trademark in His Hat Shoots Himself.

A well-dressed young man, about 25 years old, was found dead early this morning in the vestibule of the boarding house at 160 West Forty-seventh Street with a bullet wound in his head and a revolver beside him. His right hand was powder stained.

Mary Silventi, a maid, found the man and called a policeman.

The man was about 5 feet 8 inches tall, dressed in dark clothes, and wearing an overcoat of good material. The boarding house is kept by Mrs. Katherine Klein, who until recently lived in Pittsburg. In the man's hat was the name of a Pittsburg hat store.

TURKS EXCLUDED.

If They Admit Belief in Polygamy, as Their Religion Teaches.

Ali Hassan, a young Turk, arrived here from the Mediterranean yesterday on the steamship Oceania. Asked if he believed in polygamy, he replied that he certainly did believe in it, and it was not contrary to his religious belief. He added that he was not married himself, and did not want even one wife. The man was ordered deported just the same, but his case will probably be appealed.

ALDERMEN USELESS, MITCHEL ASSERTS

President Would Wipe Out the Whole Board and Himself, He Tells Jewelers.

NOTHING BUT AN ANTIQUE

Degenerated Into a Body Where Obstruction Can Be Practiced Without Limitation.

John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Aldermen, told 600 members of the Jewelers' Twenty-four Karat Club at their ninth annual dinner at the Hotel Astor last night that he was sorely tempted to go to Albany and ask the Legislature there to abolish as an antiquated and powerless body, not only the Board of Aldermen, but its President as well.

"After some bitter experimenting in diamond mines," said Mr. Mitchel, "which netted me only bush-fever, valuable experience, and lost time, I can now say that in making good at the diamond trade, you people have accomplished a task than which there is none more difficult except that of getting some useful results out of the Board of Aldermen.

"The Board of Aldermen is an ancient institution, and for that reason it deserves some respect, but for no other that I have been able to discover in its history in recent years. I have been connected with it only twenty days, but already I feel sorely tempted to go to Albany and ask the Legislature to wipe out of existence the entire body, including its President.

"It used to be of some power, but all that has now been transferred to the Board of Estimate. The Board of Aldermen has become only a body where obstruction can be practiced and where men who were removed by the Chief Executive of the State can be sustained and ordered reinstated.

"If people will realize that with that power goes also responsibility, they will presently find that the Board of Aldermen is now on trial; and if the next few months do not demonstrate that it can rise to a place of usefulness and respect, I firmly believe its days will very soon be numbered."

Mr. Mitchel concluded by briefly outlining some of the features of the municipal programme for the next four years, including a twofold budget to be adopted annually as a check upon wasteful expenditure of city funds; the appointment of a committee to confer with the Public Service Commission for subway construction; the standardization of supplies purchased which, he said, would alone save from 25 to 40 per cent. annually. He said that the Mayor and the Fusion ticket elected with him were in accord in their desire to study the question of equalization of salaries for teachers, and would act together in this matter throughout their term.

United States Senator Norris Brown, of Nebraska, taking as his subject "Plated Ware," discussed humorously for the jewelers, "the paste, gold brick, and plated goods" in politics and legislation, which, he said, the Senators perennially hand out, not only to the public, but also frequently to each other.

He said that the proposed amendment authorizing an income tax was an exception to this gold-brickery of legislation, and denounced as unpatriotic the New York objection to it on the ground that it fails to exempt from taxation State and municipal bonds.

United States Senator Jefferson Davis of Arkansas, speaking for the first time in New York City, said that 35 per cent. of the entire wealth of the Nation is in the hands of fifty-one favored men in this city, and that as long as this was the case the laborer could not hope to receive his just recompense.

"Do you believe that any man can make $600,000,000 honestly?" he asked. "I don't. If he made it he trampled on the homes and heads of 600,000,000 people. This money was not made in the sweat of the brow, but through favorable legislation which this small crowd of men procured. They obtained from Congress the right to coin money; they fathered a tax of 10 per cent. on small State banks to drive them out of business; procured the withdrawal of greenbacks from circulation, and the taxation not for revenue, but for themselves, of everything the laborer wears and eats."

Other speakers and their topics at the dinner, at which David Kaiser, President of the club, presided, were: Walter M. Chandler, "Our National Peril; or, As Europe Sees Us"; the Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, "Jewels and Barley Corns"; the Rev. Stephen S. Wise, "Business Honor," and Admiral Joseph B. Murdock, U. S. N., "The Modern Battleship."

Among the guests were Justice Proctor Clarke, Louis P. White, James S. Blake, Steele F. Roberts, Mayor Henry Fletcher of Providence, R. I.; J. P. Archibald, Col. Charles H. Luscomb, and Postmaster Edward M. Morgan.

GOT HIS "YES" BY TELEPHONE.

From the Girl and Papa—Wedded Quickly and Sailed Away.

Miss Josephine Holzman of 1,024 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, received a telephone message last Saturday from Morris Blau, a young lawyer, of 58 West 105th Street, who had called frequently at the Holzman home, and was an old friend of the girl, her father, and her brothers. Her mother is dead.

"I must sail for Europe on Wednesday," said young Blau, "on a business trip of several months. Will you go, too?"

When Miss Holzman finally comprehended the young man's meaning, she told him to ask "Papa" and hung up. Blau did, and on Tuesday they were married in the girl's home. On Wednesday they set sail on the Lusitania, and at present they are enjoying their honeymoon on the ocean.

In our showing of new Spring and Summer SHIRTINGS we have many new materials for the soft cuff effect

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SHIRTMAKERS
34 WEST 34th STREET
NEW YORK

PATRICK OPENS FIGHT AGAINST DISBARMENT

Prepares Case in Sing Sing and Starts Habeas Corpus Action to Do Battle in Person.

GOES OVER MURDER CASE

Associate Counsel Believes Nothing Can Stop His Appearance in Court—New Technical Points Raised.

Albert T. Patrick in his lifer's cell at Sing Sing, yesterday declared he would fight to the last the disbarment proceedings against him. He had just been served with the papers. He instructed William L. McDonald of 49 Wall Street, of his counsel, to appear for him and apply for a writ of habeas corpus so that he might appear to combat the proceedings in person. Mr. McDonald says he has the unquestioned right to appear in his own behalf.

In case the action to disbar him on the plea that he has been convicted of a felony should be decided against him, it is expected that Patrick will continue an ingenious legal battle on the issue. Mr. McDonald said last night that so long as Patrick does not employ an attorney he may continue to appear in his own behalf. There is a distinction between being employed as an attorney by Patrick, he said, and being associated with him as counsel, Mr. McDonald's present position.

Mr. Patrick has prepared an answer and cross-petition in the disbarment case. In the answer he sets up that he was not duly convicted, and urges all the grounds on which he has fought the conviction for eight years and on which he obtained a commutation of his sentence of death to life imprisonment. He also argues that the so-called certificate of conviction is not properly certified. Various new technical objections are urged with great skill. The judgment roll of conviction is attacked for the first time on the ground that the People of the State of New York do not appear on the papers as plaintiffs. The composition of the court and the constitutionality of the proceedings are also questioned at length.

Section 11 of the cross-petition is a sensational account of the third degree administered to Jones. After a reference to District Attorney Osborne's sweat box, the section proceeds:

"Jones was subjected by divers of said conspirators to a process of mental torture known as the 'third degree,' and on one occasion after having terrorized him by threats they held him in a dark room at the District Attorney's office for some time and then suddenly flashed lights upon a wax mannikin showing Rice's features, whereupon Jones fell into a faint, and they falsely and fraudulently represented to him that they were able to prove his guilt of murder and forgery."

Patrick also urges the two appeals on writs of habeas corpus now pending before the Court of Appeals as reasons for dismissing the disbarment case.

Elnar Chrystie, as attorney for the Bar Association, served the notice on Patrick that an application would be made at 10 o'clock this morning to the Appellate Division, First Department, in this city, on a certified copy of Patrick's conviction eight years ago of the murder of William M. Rice.

The object of the application is to strike Patrick's name from the roll of attorneys. The law in this respect is mandatory. It provides that when an attorney is convicted of a felony he shall cease to be an attorney. It further provides that upon production of a certified copy of the conviction the court shall strike his name from the roll.

William L. McDonald of 49 Wall Street, of counsel for Patrick, said last evening on his behalf:

"I am satisfied that this proceeding by Mr. Chrystie does not represent the attitude of any considerable portion of the membership of the Bar Association, but that it is instigated by the corrupt special interests which brought about Patrick's unjust conviction, under cover of which they looted the Rice estate of over $8,000,000, so that the Rice Institute, in Houston, Texas, has nothing left except the lands, which are being sold off for money to fight Patrick. The institute has not been able to build one stone upon another even after all these years, a remarkable proceeding to be taken at this time. After Mr. Patrick was convicted by most unusual means and without any legal proof, THE NEW YORK TIMES voiced the general sentiment when it said editorially that it was doubtful if the ends of justice were promoted by the conviction."

Col. William C. Church, editor of The Army and Navy Journal, who was foreman of the Grand Jury which indicted Patrick, said last night at his home on Irving Place:

"I believe the punishment Patrick is now undergoing is the result of a gross miscarriage of justice, which the representatives of the State of New York, in whose name he was convicted, should endeavor to correct so far as possible. His conviction was the result of methods of administration of the District Attorney's office with which I was thoroughly familiar, and of which I might have a great deal to say if I felt at liberty to speak. Speaking from thorough familiarity with the case I can say with positive assurance that not only was Patrick not guilty of murder, but there was no murder in the case. The Grand Jury which indicted Patrick was led to believe that the case of the valet Jones would be attended to after the Patrick case was disposed of."

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Friday and Saturday AT 95 cents for $1.50 grades

A few hundred CRAVATS of our regular 55c grades still on sale at 25c

VALUES that only we know how to give.
WEBER AND DAVID
New York's Foremost Haberdashers
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CALLS WAHL SUIT BLACKMAIL.

Counsel Denounces Action of William Guggenheim's Divorced Wife.

Supreme Court Justice Gerard reserved decision yesterday on an application by Aimee Steinberger Guggenheim, the wife of William Guggenheim, to restrain Grace B. Wahl, who obtained a divorce from Guggenheim in Chicago in 1901, from continuing the proceeding to review the Chicago decree in order to get that divorce set aside.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel for Mrs. Guggenheim, in asking the court to continue the temporary injunction, characterized Grace B. Wahl's action as "blackmail pure and simple" and as a "proceeding to destroy the legal marriage of the present Mrs. Guggenheim and to declare the child of that marriage illegitimate." Max D. Steuer, counsel for Mrs. Wahl, contended that while the court had jurisdiction to enjoin Mrs. Wahl, it should not interfere with the proceeding in Chicago, as Mrs. Guggenheim had the right to apply to be made a party to the suit there.

Justice Gerard intimated that if he could do so he would put a stop to the action of the defendant in the present proceeding, which he said could under no circumstances be excused or palliated, and he believed was brought in order to make the marriage of Guggenheim to the plaintiff bigamous and the issue of the marriage illegitimate.

He took the papers in the case and permitted counsel to file briefs on the law of the case.

PENSIONS FOR RAILROAD MEN.

New York Central and Rock Island Set Aside Funds for This.

The New York Central and the Rock Island Railroad systems made public yesterday their intention of granting pensions to old employes. The New York Central has appropriated $437,000 for a fund which is to be operated along the lines similar to those now in force on a number of other railroads.

Any employe over 70 years who has been in the company's service continuously for at least ten years, or a man under 70 who has been in continuous employment with the system for twenty years or more, is entitled to a pension equal to 1 per cent. of his monthly pay for the ten years next preceeding his retirement multiplied by the number of years of his service. The granting of a pension is contingent upon the retirement of the employe, who must be passed upon by a Board of Pensions.

The Rock Island pension system is practically the same. One of the features of it is the exception from the continuous employment clause of employes who have been suspended because of a reduction in force or for discipline, or who have been laid off on account of injuries. Only by voluntarily leaving the company or by being discharged for good cause is an employe disqualified.

LAST FEW DAYS

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Old-Established High Grade
MEN'S SHOP
38 New St., One Block Below Wall.
(Furnishing Goods All Sold.)
Balance of the High Grade Stock of hand-tailored Clothing must be disposed of at once. Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At Less Than ½ Former Prices.
$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50.
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $10.
$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, (silk lined,) $12.00.
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $35.
$50 Fur Lined Coat, $20.
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Bath Robes, Raincoats, etc. } ALL AT LESS THAN ½ FORMER PRICES.
YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST.,
Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West. 62-63 Sts. Tel. 3800 Col.
NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES
THIS WEEK:
SATURDAY MAT. & EVE.
SEATS IN ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE NOW ON SALE.
Tickets Ordered by Mail or Telephone Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
Sheridan's Classic Comedy THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
Rudolf Besier's Comedy DON Is uncommonly bright—Post. An Unalloyed Delight.—Press.
Edw. Sheldon's THE NIGGER A Drama of the South of To-day.
To-night, 8, (Opera)....Fra Diavolo
Sat. Mat. 2:15....The School for Scandal
Sat. Evg., 8:15....The School for Scandal
Next Week:
Mon. Evg., Strife; Tues. Evg. (opera), The Bartered Bride; Wed. Aft. (opera), Pagliacci and Histoire d'un Pierrot; Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg., Don; Wed. (Premier), Thurs. & Sat. Evgs. & Sat. Mat., Twelfth Night.
Seats at box office for all performances. Prices—Drama, $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1.
At Brooklyn Academy of Music. Tuesday Eve., Jan. 25, STRIFE.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.
HIPPODROME Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 25c to $1.50. A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
HACKETT 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. ANDREW MACK in THE PRINCE OF BOHEMIA. with CHRISTIE MACDONALD.
DALY'S Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15. Last 3 Times This Theatre. MARGUERITE CLARK with Wm. Norris in The King of Cadonia. Beginning MON., JAN. 24, Seats on Sale. MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.
Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8.15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Last 2 Nights. Last Mat. Tom'w. 2:30. Laurence Irving and Mabel Hackney in THE AFFINITY (The Incubus.) WED., JAN. 26, THE WATCHER By Cora Maynard. Seats on Sale.
LYRIC 42d st., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th st. Evs. 8.15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
BIJOU B'way & 30th st. Evs. 8.15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. LEW FIELDS as OLD DUTCH
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. FRANK DANIELS, THE BELLE OF BRITTANY. Next Wk.—Marguerite Clark—King of Cadonia.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
GRAND OPERA SEASON, 1909-10.
TO-NIGHT at 8, TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, Duchene, MM. Renaud, Lucas, Nicolay, Villa, Crabbe; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Mat., BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. John McCormack, MM. Sammarco, Gilibert, Laskin, Daddi; Dir., M. Anselmi. Sat. Night (popular prices), AIDA, Mmes. Mazarin, D'Alvarez, Miss Gentle, MM. Zerola, Crabbe, Vallier; Dir., M. Anselmi. SUNDAY, 8:30, Grand Operatic Concert. Artists: Mlles. Cavalieri, Gerville-Reache, Miranda, Trentini; MM. Sammarco, Crabbe, Carasa ("Rigoletto" Quartette, "Lucia" Sextette); Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente.
—NEXT WEEK—
Mon., GRISELIDIS, Miss Garden and regular cast. Wed., BOHEME, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Mr. John McCormack, MM. Sammarco, Gilibert, Huberdeau, Daddi. Fri., SAMSON and DELILAH, Mlle. Gerville-Reache, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Crabbe, Vallier, Venturini; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Aft., GRISELIDIS, Miss Garden and regular cast. Sat. Eve. (popular prices), TROVATORE, Mlles. Baron, D'Alvarez, MM. Zerola, Sammarco, De Grasia.
Seats All Above Now Selling.
SPECIAL—ELEKTRA. First performance postponed until Tues., Feb. 1. Prices for Elektra, $10 to $2.50. Seats Selling.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Orfeo. Mmes. Homer, Gadski, Gluck, Sparkes. Cond., Toscanini. Sat. Aft., First Time in America, Germania. Mmes. Destinn, Heliane, Sparkes; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini. Sat. Evg., Faust. Mmes. Noria, Maubourg; MM. Jadlowker (debut), Gilly, Didur. Cond., Podesti. Sun. Evg., GRAND CONCERT, 50c to $1.50. Mmes. de Pasquali, Gluck, Flahaut; MM. Martin, Gilly, de Segurola, Gianoli-Galetti, Lecomte. Metr. Op. Orch. Cond., Podesti.
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg., Trovatore. Wed. Evg., La Boheme. Thurs. Evg., Elisir d'Amore. Mme. de Pasquali; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Podesti. Fri Evg., Germania. Sat. Mat., Orfeo. Evg., Haensel und Gretel and Cav. Rusticana.
At the New Theatre.
To-night, Fra Diavolo. Mmes. Alten, Maubourg; MM. Clement, Regis, Devaux, Reiss, Bourgeois. Cond., Hertz.
WEBER PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
This Afternoon at 2:30 o'clock
Fifth Concert of the First Series.
GUSTAV MAHLER
Conductor.
Tschaikowsky Symphony "Pathetic."
WAGNER, Vorspiel und Liebestod, "Tristan and Isolde."
SMETANA, Overture, "The Bartered Bride."
Seats 75 cts. to $2. Boxes $12, $15 and $18.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
WALTER DAMROSCH....Soloist
Third Concert Sat., Jan'y 22, at 2:30
French Composers
Rameau, Berlioz, Thomas, Gounod, Debussy.
Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34th St. & at Box Office.

ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.
MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.
JACK JOHNSON ALL THIS WEEK.

COLUMBIA B'way, cor. 47th. Burlesque. Evs. 8:15. Prices 25c. to $1.00. Smoking. Daily Mats. 15c. 25c & 50c | Fred Irwin's Big Show | Sunday Concerts
EDEN MUSEE | WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Capt. Jack Crawford, Monologist.
ICE HOCKEY NEW YORK A. C. vs. CRESCENT A. C. | To-night at 8:15. St. Nicholas Rink, 66th St. & Columbus Av.
HAMMERSTEIN'S "PARIS BY NIGHT." Bedini & Arthur, Maggie Cline, Expos. 4, Al Jolson, others.
GRAND —THE HARVEST MOON. Next Week—The Candy Shop.
Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. FOLLIES OF N. Y. & PARIS
MURRAY HILL Thea. | Mat. To-day. Smoking. | BON-TONS

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.
Flat Sett Derby, 1.90 Worth 3.00
A new block rather full crown.
A rich deep black. Skeleton finish.
Flexible Derbys (self conforming) 2.40
Easy as a soft hat.
"Tyrolean" Hats 1.90 & 2.75
Stylish Soft Hats with the rakish Alpine touch; a dozen new colors.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w. & Wed. 2:15. 3 EVENINGS & 2 MATINEES ONLY. SIR CHARLES WYNDHAM MISS MARY MOORE and their London Co. in 11 performances THE MOLLUSC. MONDAY, JAN. 31. Seats Next Thurs. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Pinero's Mid-Channel.
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mo'w. & Wed. 2:15. "COLLIER'S LUCKY FIND."—Herald. WM. COLLIER in A LUCKY STAR "COLLIER NEVER FUNNIER."—Times
HUDSON THEATRE—Special Matinees MON., TUES., THUR. & FRI. AT 3, BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY, RUTH ST. DENIS IN HER HINDOO DANCES.
SAVOY B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs., 2:15. HENRY MILLER in THE FAITH HEALER by the author of The Great Divide.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w. & Wed. 2:15. "As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram. OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant. By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy FRANCIS WILSON and 3 times as funny. THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Last Matinee To-m'w. 2:30. LAST 2 NIGHTS MARIE TEMPEST in W. Somerset Maugham's PENELOPE. NEXT MONDAY. SEATS NOW. MISS BILLIE BURKE in MRS. DOT.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. To-m'w. at 2. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS
Charles Dillingham's GLOBE THEATRE. B'way, 46 St. | Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. MONTGOMERY & STONE in THE OLD TOWN
BURTON HOLMES | EGYPT | SUN. EVE. 8:30. CARNEGIE HALL. MON. and TUES. MATS. at 3. LYCEUM THEATRE.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday 2:15. Rex Beach's Thrilling Story THE BARRIER | with THEODORE ROBERTS.
LIBERTY W. 42d St., Eves at 8. Mats. To-m'w. & Wed. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
NEW YORK THEATRE EVES. 8:15. MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15. HITCHCOCK IN COHAN'S AMUSING MUSICAL HIT THE MAN WHO OWNS B'WAY
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. THE FORTUNE HUNTER EVES. 8:15 MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15. WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY WITH JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Sat. 2:15. HENRY E. DIXEY in the new comedy MR. BUTTLES

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50. THIRD MONTH. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Evs. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c. Last Week MAY ROBSON Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary. Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Nxt Wk. Chauncey Olcott in Ragged Robin.
WALLACK'S POSITIVELY TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 OPENING H. B. WARNER in Paul Armstrong's New Play ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
GARDEN Thea. Mad. Av. & 27th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE BEN GREET PLAYERS in "THE LITTLE TOWN OF BETHLEHEM" By KATRINA TRASK.

SYMPHONY Society of New York.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Next Sunday Aft., Jan. 23, at 3, at the NEW THEATRE.
Debussy Program
Soloists: Julia Heinrich, Mezzo-Soprano; Geo. Harris, Tenor; Geo. Barrere, Flute; Musical Art Chorus, Frank Damrosch, Cond.
and
Next Tues. Ev'g, Jan. 25, at 8:15, at CARNEGIE HALL. REPETITION OF THE ANNUAL
Wagner Program
Tickets 50c to $2, 1 W. 34th St. & Box Offices.

Open From 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Daily Except Sunday.
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"WEARING APPAREL SHOW"
at
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
See Nugent's Educational Style Exhibit of Women's Gowns in the Assembly Room. For buyers only.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | Adelaide Keim & Co., Margaret Moffat & Co., Herbert Clifton, others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. | Irene Franklin, Jas. Thornton, Schoolboys & Girls, Gracie Emmett, etc.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | Princess Rajah, Futurity Winner, High Life in Jail, Simon & Gardner, others.
THE BELASCO STUYVESANT 44 St. nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LAST 2 WEEKS IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?
PLAZA Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c. 50c. The J. J. CORBETT, R. A. ROBERTS, Bertie Fowler, Those 3 Fellows, 59th, Mad. Ave. The Zancigs, others.
AMERICAN W. 42d St. Daily Mat., 25c. MA GOSSE Empire City Quartet, Svengali Trio, others.
ELEKTRA A LECTURE RECITAL. AMY GRANT, Reader. Chas. L. Safford, Lecturer and Pianist. MISS GRANT'S STUDIOS, 78 W. 55th St. Sundays in January at 3:30. Lillian Pray, Soprano, will sing on Jan. 23.
Mendelssohn Hall, Tuesday, Jan. 25, at 3 P.M. SONG RECITAL for the benefit of Friendly Aid Society by MR. HERBERT WITHERSPOON of the Metropolitan Opera Co. Seats $2.00, now on sale at Box Office.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. | Valeska Suratt, Ryan & Richfield, Four Huntings, Hoey & Lee, The Quartette, others.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE. | Every Eve., 8:15, The Great Comic Opera Success, "THE FOERSTER CHRIST'L." Sat. Mat., pop. prices. Wildenbruch's "Die Haubenlerche."

To-Day
Advertisements for Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building by NOON TO-DAY to obtain desirable positions.
The New York Times in 1909 printed more high-class display advertisements than any other New York newspaper.
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Some $18, $20, $22.50 and $25
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Where to find Lost articles. See Page 17.